"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day; increasing cloudiness, warmer to-morrow; southeast and south winds.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,332. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark, TWO CENTS. Elsewhere,

STATE G. O. P. IS MADE OVER NEW

Convention Breaks Away from the Reactionaries and Routs Old Guard.

BARNES POWER WANES

Werner for Chief Judge and Hiscock for Associate of Court of Appeals.

WANT CHANGE IN NATION

Resolution Urges a Special National Convention to Consider Reforms in Representation.

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals,
WILLIAM E. WERNER.

For Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals,
FRANK H. HISCOCK.

The Republican State Convention held two sessions in Carnegie Hall yesterday. It concluded its business at the night session when it nominated its candidates for the Court of Appeals and adopted a radical resolution urging an early national convention at which the subject of a change in the basis of representation should be considered. There were many evidences that the reactionaries had lost control of the party.

William E. Werner of Rochester, Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, was named for Chief Judge of that court, defeating ex-State Senator Edgar Truman Brackett of Saratoga. Judge Werner received 447 votes, to 151 cast for Mr. Brackett. His selection was then made unanimous.

Justice Frank H. Hiscock of Syracuse, who is sitting as a designated member of the Court of Appeals, was nominated for Associate Judge, defeating Justice Frederick E. Crane of Brooklyn, the only other man placed in nomination. Justice Hiscock received 444 votes and Justice Crane 157. Both designations were ratified later by the Republican State Committee, as required by the new election law in "off years."

The selection of the two Court of Appeals candidates came as the culmination of a convention that will be remembered in Republican annals because of its breaking away from many of the reactionary tendencies that almost caused the downfall of the party when Col. Roosevelt left it and formed a party of his own.

The "Old Guard," headed by William Barnes, Jr., was routed in several particulars, and it was predicted by many leaders that the end of the Barnes rule was in sight. Even Senator Elihu Root, who was the backbone of the Republican National Convention that nominated William H. Taft, broke away from Barnes.

Radical Resolution Is Adopted.

The most radical action of the convention was the adoption of a resolution which, if carried out in the nation, is expected to go far toward rehabilitating the party. This resolution, which was adopted unanimously by the convention after Barnes had opposed it in the Committee on Resolutions, puts the State Convention on record as favoring the holding, at the earliest possible date, of a special Republican National Convention, to take up the question of adopting new rules for representation in future National Conventions.

The resolution recommends that in the call for further national convention's delegates shall be chosen in each State in the manner preferred by the Republican voters of the States, but it favors nevertheless, the Congressional district as basis of representation.

It urges that representation in future shall be based more nearly on the Republican vote actually cast in the several States and Congressional districts. The effect of this recommendation would be to cut down Southern representation in the national convention.

Platform is Less Radical.

The convention adopted a platform which is less radical. It condemns the recall of Judges and judicial decisions; says that Tammany has become a State issue, denounces the control of the State by the Democrats, indorses the Mayoralty candidacy of John Purroy Mitchel and the Fusion Board of Estimate candidates; indorses the preferential primary planks of the party's 1912 platform, and advocates a protective tariff and denounces the proposed national Currency bill.

Tammany Hall Attacked.

Not the least interesting feature of the convention was a scathing attack made at the night session upon Tammany Hall by Senator Root. District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, who also spoke at the night session, had an enthusiastic reception. In fact, the delegates showed that they considered Mr. Whitman the star orator of the convention. At the day session Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University, presided as Temporary Chairman and delivered a long speech, much of which was devoted to an attack upon the Progressive Party and the Democrats.

Senator Root, as permanent Chairman, called the convention to order at 8 o'clock last night. He was cheered to the echo and said in part:

"At this time the election of Judges of the greatest court of the greatest State in the Union is of greater importance than the election of any Governor."

Referring to Tammany Hall, Senator Root said:

"Tammany is no longer a local issue.

Continued on Page 3.

PRICE OF THRONE FOR SON.

Terms Demanded by the Kaiser from the Duke of Cumberland.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Sept. 23.—The Tägliche Rundschau claims authority for stating that the forthcoming elevation of the Kaiser's son-in-law, Prince Ernest Augustus of Cumberland, to the throne of the Duchy of Brunswick will be conditional on the Prince's father, the Duke of Cumberland, agreeing to the following terms:

1. To refrain from any attempt to obtain possession of the throne of Hanover and from machinations designed to imperil the integrity of the territory of Prussia.

2. To disavow all connection with any movements which "affect the peace and quiet of Prussia."

3. To renounce all his rights in favor of his son.

The journal adds that when the Duke subscribes to these conditions he will cease to have any political status so far as Germany is concerned and have only the character of a "private person."

Prince Ernest Augustus has already formally assented to the conditions.

DR. RICE'S DISCOVERIES.

English Geographers Eager to Hear the American Traveler.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 24.—Geographers anticipate with great interest the arrival in London of the American traveler, Dr. Hamilton Rice, who will, it is expected, give a full account of his recent exploration of little-known regions in South America to the Royal Geographical Society.

Among other important results, says The Times, Dr. Rice states that, coupled with the results of his former journey, his new observations enable him pretty well to clear up the geography of the Northwest Amazon basin.

In addition to an extensive series of observations for the determination of positions, Dr. Rice obtained many interesting medical, anthropological, and ethnological data.

BUSH'S YACHT HIS COFFIN.

Scuttled at Sea with His Ashes, the Crew Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 23.—A story which for novel features has few parallels, is told by the crew of the schooner yacht Lydia, scuttled about ten miles off this port late in August, with the cremated body of her owner, James Freeman Bush, a wealthy paper manufacturer, resting on a table in the cabin. The sending of the handsome craft to her final anchorage with the ashes of Mr. Bush aboard was the result of a dying request made by him to his wife in a hospital here, where he had been operated on, and where he died Aug. 24.

According to the story told by members of the crew and not denied by Mrs. Bush, the Lydia, aboard which Mr. Bush had spent a great deal of time in late years, left Portland late in August with all sail set and towing a motor boat. Mrs. Bush was aboard. So were two close friends of Mr. Bush.

On a table in the cabin lay the ashes of the owner. Capt. Frank M. Skolfield, of Cundy's Harbor, who had sailed the vessel for Mr. Bush, was at the wheel. About five miles off the port the vessel was headed into the wind, the persons aboard were placed in the motor boat, and with an axe a hole was cut in the craft. Slowly she filled and sank to her grave.

THIEF BAFFLES COLONEL.

Refuses to Admit Knowledge of the Roosevelt Watch Charm.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Sept. 23.—Disappointment followed the visit of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and two Burns detectives to the Nassau County jail, for the purpose of wringing information from George F. Barker, arrested several weeks ago for stealing $10,000 worth of jewelry from Sagamore Hill.

Parker was the Roosevelts' second butler. A valuable watch charm, carrying the coat of arms of the Roosevelt family, has not been recovered. It was the hope of the Colonel to get sufficient information from Parker to be able to trace the charm.

On his arrival from Oyster Bay by auto Col. Roosevelt was taken direct to Parker's cell. Though he talked, and the detectives talked, and Theodore, Jr., talked for an hour and a half, they were unable to get anything further from Parker. He reiterated that he had confessed all he had to confess. He did not remember what he had done with all the booty, and had no recollection of the watch charm.

LOST WIFE AND SILVER.

Dunn Charges That Brother-in-Law Knows About Both.

The lobby of the Hotel McAlpin was enlivened last evening by the sight of two men in a scuffle that ended in the one leading the other off to the West Thirtieth Street Station and there lodging a complaint of grand larceny against him. The accuser was Alexander Dunn, a real estate dealer of 305 Fifth Avenue, and his prisoner said he was Edward C. Barry, but declined to give any address. Dunn said the real name was Fred C. Du Barry.

The prisoner, he said, was his brother-in-law, who had lived with him at 720 West 181st Street until Jan. 1 last, when he went away and at the same time Dunn said, $125 worth of the Dunn silver went, too. On the strength of this story, the man was taken to the St. Nicholas Avenue Station and will be arraigned to-day in Harlem Court, but the story grew stronger as Dunn told it outside to reporters.

"My wife left me on Jan. 16 and I have never seen her since," was his informal complaint. "He knows where she is, and I intend to charge him with kidnapping unless he tells me. I have evidence that he demanded $2,500 of me to tell of Mrs. Dunn's whereabouts and return her to me."

French Army Airman Drowned.

MOGADOR, Morocco, Sept. 23.—A French military aviator coming here from Casablanca was plunged into the sea in deep water when his aeroplane capsized to-day, at a distance of 300 yards from the beach. The airman was fastened to the seat of his machine, and did not come to the surface again.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—SS Bremen, Bremen, Sept. 13. Arrived—SS Oceanic, Southampton, Sept. 17.

A pony glass of Dr. Siegert's ANGOSTURA BITTERS before meals, a delicious appetizer.—Adv.

CLEARING HOUSE ACTS ON MONEY BILL

Special Committee Appointed to Determine Its Practical Effect on Banking.

GOING THOROUGHLY INTO IT

And It Will Express an Opinion That Out-of-Town Bankers Have Long Been Demanding from Here.

At a special meeting of the Clearing House Committee yesterday afternoon a committee was appointed to consider the Currency bill as passed by the House, to make a study of the practical working of the banking system proposed in the bill, and to report its findings to the annual meeting of the Clearing House Association on Oct. 7. This will be the first formal consideration to be given by the Clearing House to the Currency bill in its present form. The committee includes representatives not only of the national banks but of the State banks and trust companies as well.

The committee consists of Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank; A. Barton Hepburn, Chairman of the Chase National Bank; Alexander Gilbert, President of the Market and Fulton National Bank; Edward Townsend, President of the Importers and Traders' National Bank; William A. Nash, Chairman of the Corn Exchange Bank, and Otto T. Bannard, President of the New York Trust Company.

This step is being taken by the Clearing House with no preconceived purpose of opposing the bill, but to make a formal and authoritative account of its provisions from the point of view of active bankers, and to determine just how the proposed law would work in actual practice. It was the desire of the Clearing House Committee in turning the matter over to the special committee yesterday to ascertain in a practical way just how the bill would affect the business interests of the country at large.

The members of the committee include the heads of some of the banks which hold a great number of accounts of out-of-town banks, national and State. Among the questions which the committee will have to consider will be the probable effect of the bill on the banks which now have deposits in this city as well as its effect upon the banks holding these deposits. The system which it is proposed to establish would include not only national banks but State institutions as well, banks and trust companies, and the committee will also have to consider the Currency bill from the point of view of those institutions.

One of the members of the Clearing House Committee said yesterday that the Clearing House was taking the matter up in this form in the spirit of the fullest co-operation with the framers of the Currency bill. The purpose was to set forth, so far as the Clearing House Association can do so, the probable workings of the new banking machinery proposed. There have been many conflicting expressions of opinion regarding the effect of a number of the provisions of the bill, but so far there has been no formal consideration in so authoritative a way as this committee will deal with the subject.

There are questions of the highest importance as to just how the cash reserve provisions of the Currency bill would affect the position of the banks and the credit situation as a whole. These questions, it is understood, are among those to which the committee will give close attention. Some of the members of the committee have already given long and careful study to the general question of currency reform, as well as to the specific provisions of the Administration's Currency bill. It is expected that they will have the assistance of active banking officers who will be able to make suggestions regarding the probable operation of the bill in the several departments of banking.

Bankers from the interior who have recently visited New York have, in a number of instances, expressed the view that an expression of opinion by the New York banks would be distinctly helpful in formulating sentiment in Congress, and throughout the country in favor of such amendments as might from the practical banking point of view be deemed necessary to make the Currency bill a thoroughly workable measure. The step taken by the Clearing House yesterday was regarded in banking circles here as promising such an expression of New York opinion regarding the bill as bankers elsewhere in the country have been calling for.

BUSINESS MEN URGE DELAY.

Call Measure Burdensome and Say Bill Hits Country Banks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—An attack on the Owen-Glass bill was begun to-day before the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency by a delegation of merchants, business men, and country bankers from Minnesota. Edward P. Wells, President of several companies in Minneapolis; Charles W. Harrington, an elevator operator of that city, and F. E. Kenaston, a manufacturer of farm machinery, who spoke, urged that legislation be postponed until the committee could tour the country and ascertain local sentiment against the measure. The burden imposed on the country banks was too heavy, they said, and this burden would fall in the end with equal weight upon farmers, manufacturers, and merchants.

Mr. Harrington asserted that in rural communities the bill would cause a contraction of credit through the transfer to regional banks of part of the local banks' reserves and deposits and the requirement of the segregation of savings accounts. He also expressed doubt whether a bank would be willing to indorse sufficient paper in its possession to enable it to compensate itself with the new notes to be procured by rediscounting at the regional reserve bank.

Though Senator O'Gorman of New York is counted as an opponent of the bill, he thought this objection weak. A bank would be willing to indorse any paper, he said, that it was willing to discount.

Mr. Wells pointed out, however, that the paper of the country banks would be of little use for rediscount, as it was all drawn for long time and matured in the Fall. Its Autumn maturity, he said, would prevent its rediscount even in the last ninety days of its life, as the needs of the farmers came earlier in the year.

Mr. Wells said that in talking with 300 country bankers in the Northwest he had not heard one expression in favor of the bill.

Complete revision of the framework of the currency bill was proposed by Senators Reed, Hitchcock, and Bristow during the examination of Samuel Untermyer in the morning.

The Hitchcock plan would eliminate from the bill the entire plan of regional reserve banks and substitute a Government issue of currency to individual banks on commercial paper backed by a 50 per cent. gold reserve up to 75 per cent. of the capital stock of each bank. That would be in addition to the present bank note issue.

Mr. Untermyer opposed this proposal as not offering enough security to the Government for the issue of currency.

Rotogravure Portrait of Mayor Gaynor

A likeness that any one will find worthy of framing, done by the newest process in reproduction, on heavy paper, will be given free with

NEXT SUNDAY'S NEW YORK TIMES.

LOUIS WINDMULLER'S SANITY QUESTIONED

Son Asks for Committee of Person and Estate of Mayor Gaynor's Old Friend.

Louis Windmüller, for years a distinguished figure in New York affairs, will be brought before Supreme Court Justice Kelby in Long Island City to-day for inquiry into his mental condition. Very quietly yesterday representatives of the law firm of Peale & McLaughlin of 64 Wall Street, Manhattan, initiated the proceedings to determine whether a committee should be appointed to take charge of the person and property of Mr. Windmüller, who has been a notably successful merchant in this city for more than half a century, and whose high posts of responsibility have included the Treasurership of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, which he helped to found, and the Treasurership of the Legal Aid Society, a philanthropic organization in which he was always deeply interested.

Mr. Windmüller is now in his seventy-ninth year, and, according to the affidavit submitted by Dr. Herman Bosch of 25 East Sixty-fifth Street, he has been suffering for three weeks from an incurable form of senile paresis, marked by loss of memory and understanding.

The petition for the order which Justice Kelby signed was made by Mr. Windmüller's only son, Adolph C. E. Windmüller of 52 East Sixty-sixth Street, but that the action was not his work alone is attested to by the presence of affidavits of waiver from Mrs. Louis Windmüller and her daughter, Mrs. Clara Louise Heynen of 203 West 108th Street.

In the son's affidavit it is set forth that the father is possessed of personal property worth not less than $25,000—he is reputedly the possessor of very large means—and that his bank account with the Title Guarantee and Trust Company is not less than $2,000. No value is set upon the partnership in the commission house of Windmüller & Roelker of 20 Reade Street.

Mr. Windmüller's unmarried daughter, May, died in the Spring of 1912. The tragic nature of her death, which he witnessed, was a shock from which the father probably has never thoroughly recovered. Her gown caught on fire in the kitchen of the Windmüller home in Woodside Heights, Queens, and, though her father sought to smother the flames with a rug, they gained such headway that she died of her burns.

But since that time he has been out and active in affairs. Only last Summer he accepted from the hands of the late Mayor Gaynor the charge of the funds for the safe and sane Fourth of July celebration in Queens, and earlier in the year his fame as a pedestrian brought him to public attention as the man who had suggested the "most exclusive, distinguished, and enthusiastic" walking club in America, a whimsically organized association of veteran hikers that included among its charter members such men as Mayor Gaynor, Joseph H. Choate, William B. Hornblower, and John E. Parsons. Louis Windmüller was called the noblest walker of them all, for he always tramped the long way to and from his office, to say nothing of an hour every morning before breakfast and an hour every night after dinner.

"To enjoy walking," so his reflections have run, "a man must use his eyes and his brain as much as he does his legs. I prefer looking at the faces of people to looking at the buildings and into shop windows. A good rule to make your tramp a really enjoyable pastime is to be careful and not walk too fast. My speed is about a mile every twenty-five minutes, or a bit more than two miles to the hour. You should see what is about you as you go. Don't let the automobiles frighten you: Learn to dodge like I have. They nearly got me once, but they can't any more, and I am 78 years old."

It was in February last that Mr. Windmüller said that.

6 HURT IN TROLLEY SMASH.

Ralph Avenue Car Hits Hamburg Avenue Car on Bridge Plaza.

Six persons were injured and traffic over the Williamsburg Bridge was tied up for half an hour at 8:40 o'clock last night when a New York-bound trolley car on the Ralph-Rockaway Avenue line jumped the track on the Williamsburg Plaza switch and ran into the front end of a Hamburg Avenue car. The injured:

BLOCUP, MINNIE, 24 years old, 224 South Bird Street, Brooklyn; contusions of the back; sent to her home.

BROWN, LEONARD, motorman of the Rockaway Avenue car, 9,285 Foster Avenue, Brooklyn; cut about face, arms, and head.

GOLDINGER, Mrs. SARAH, 28 years old, 430 Meriden Street, Boston, Mass.; contusions of forehead and lacerated arm.

HAHN, MAX, 23 years old, 118 McKibbon Street, Brooklyn; fractured knee cap; Williamsburg Hospital.

KRAMER, Mrs. BENJAMIN, 30 years old, 433 Hamburg Avenue, Brooklyn; cut on the forehead and wrist; sent home.

SALZMAR, Mrs. SARAH, 35 years old, 387 Marcy Avenue; contusions on forehead, cuts on arm and shoulder; sent home.

The Ralph-Rockaway Avenue line car, which was in charge of Motorman Brown and Conductor Leo Foley, 588 Ridgewood Avenue, had nearly completed the turn at the switch at Broadway and Havemeyer Street when its rear truck left the track and hit the Hamburg Avenue car. The motorman of this car, Thomas Murta, 332 Snyder Avenue, escaped injury, but Brown of the other car was hurled through his window to the pavement. The conductor of the Hamburg Avenue car was Patrick Matthews of 3,544 St. Nicholas Avenue.

The passengers of both cars were jostled, but only those in the Rockaway car were injured. They were hurt by being thrown from seats and falling upon each other.

Reserves from the Bedford Avenue Station dispersed a large crowd, and permitted traffic over the bridge to move.

CARL SCHOONMAKER, NOTE BROKER, 716 Tribune Bldg. Tel. Beekman 5535.—Adv.

DENIES FILING OF BLAKE-MACKAY SUIT

But Mr. Battle Refuses to Deny Service of Papers, Saying: "Draw Your Own Inference."

George Gordon Battle, attorney for Mrs. Catharine Ketcham Blake, wife of Dr. Joseph A. Blake, who on Monday said, "I can say positively that no legal papers in connnection with Mrs. Blake's differences with her husband have been prepared or filed," was again questioned by a TIMES reporter yesterday about the matter in view of the circulation of very definite reports that a suit had been begun, and said:

"No suit has been begun. There have been no papers filed."

Upon the publication this morning of a story alleging that Mrs. Blake had sued, not her husband, but Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay, wife of the head of the Commercial Cable and Postal Telegraph Companies for $1,000,000 damages, and that papers in the suit had been served on Mrs. Mackay through her attorneys, Mr. Battle was again questioned.

"No such information came from me," he said. "I can only repeat what I have said before, that no papers have been filed."

"Will you deny that papers have been served in such a suit!" he was asked.

"No; I will neither affirm nor deny that," he answered, and added: "You can draw your own inference."

With the consent of the defendant it is not necessary to file papers in such a suit at the time of service. All that is necessary is to serve copies of the summons and complaint on the defendant or the defendant's attorney.

In February this year announcement was made that Mr. and Mrs. Mackay had signed a joint deed of trust conveying to their six-year-old son, John William Mackay, the $6,000,000 Mackay estate at Roslyn, not only one of the show places on Long Island, but one of the most magnificent residences on this continent. Should the boy die without issue or before attaining his majority, the Roslyn home will go to the two Mackay girls, Katherine and Ellin.

In June Mr. Mackay and the three children sailed for Europe on the Imperator, departing so quietly that there was much talk of "secret sailing" in an effort to create the impression that he had made an anonymous departure, which he took care to deny when he reached the other side.

On June 24 Mrs. Mackay leased for a year a residence in Portland, Me.

Dr. and Mrs. Blake have been living apart for some time. Dr. Blake resigned early this Summer his posts as surgeon of the Presbyterian Hospital and Professor of Surgery at the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

OLDEST UNIVERSITY FOUND.

Ancient Tablets Prove One Existed in Nippur Temple 3200 B. C.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—The discovery of the existence of the first temple of learning in the world, where the first exponents of the liturgical system congregated, has just been made by Prof. Stephen Herbert Langdon, Professor of Assyriology in Oxford, who is now investigating the Nippur collection of the University of Pennsylvania. The tablets were collected in three expeditions to Nippur in the southern part of Babylonia.

"I have ascertained from my examination of the tablets that priests had a school in the temple at Nippur as early as 3200 B. C., and that this school existed about 1,000 years," said Dr. Langdon.

"To these priests is due the liturgical system which spread throughout Babylonia and Assyria and influenced Greece and Rome. They were exponents of a great university, the most important centre of learning. I believe it was the first school of learning, and for that reason the University of Pennsylvania's collection, which discloses the presence of this university, is of the greatest value to scholars.

"The discovery will establish more clearly in the minds of scholars the fact that the origin of religious orders existed in ancient antiquity, and that a very important religious order existed at the temple near Nippur."

SERVIANS ADMIT DEFEAT.

Withdrew After Fierce Battle with Albanians, Who Took Dibra.

BELGRADE, Sept. 23.—An official account of the capture of Dibra, Albania, by the Albanians, says that a large force attacked two companies of Servians in the vicinity of that town yesterday morning.

After a fierce battle of two hours the Servians withdrew toward Retchevo, and the Albanians entered Dibra. They numbered 6,000, and were commanded by foreign officers, whose nationality has not been established. According to some reports they were Austrians and Bulgarians.

Servian reinforcements have been dispatched to Dibra.

MILITANTS' $400,000 FIRE.

Much Damage Done by "Arson Squad" to Building Near Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 23.—Militant suffragettes last night set fire to Seafield House at Seaforth, four miles to the northwest of Liverpool, and caused damage estimated at $400,000.

The members of the "arson squad" left a quantity of suffrage literature strewn about the lawns. Cards addressed to the Government bore the typed message "Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin."

The building, which was formerly used as a convent, was undergoing reconstruction at a cost of $130,000 and was to be turned into a home for imbeciles. The entire institution is valued at nearly $1,000,000.

Givens Sanitarium for nervous diseases is located at Stamford, Conn. Telephone 78.—Adv.

TWELVE INDICTED IN PRISON INQUIRY

Great Meadow Graft Charges Supported by Grand Jury—Big Politicians Involved.

THOUSANDS LOST BY STATE

Payrolls Padded, Invoices Forged, Contracts Let Without Bids, Says Presentment.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, Sept. 23.—Twelve sealed indictments were returned and a presentment setting forth charges of graft in connection with the construction of the Great Meadow Prison at Comstock was handed down to-day by the Special Grand Jury there. Thousands of dollars are said to have been misappropriated. Absolute secrecy is being maintained regarding the names of those indicted, but it is said several are prominent politically. The Grand Jury adjourned to Oct. 4, at which time it is thought the indicted persons will be taken into court.

C. V. Collins was Superintendent of Prisons at the time the institution was constructed. The buildings were made ready for occupancy largely under his direction. He resigned his position after a former investigation of the prison.

The E. A. Merritt, Jr., Contracting Company, which is mentioned in the presentment, was headed by the Congressman of that name, who now represents the Thirty-first District. He was Speaker of the Assembly.

The Grand Jury in its presentment charges that a total of $500,000 was paid to the Hudson Valley Construction Company of Troy for work on two buildings, the actual value of which was only $200,000. It alleges that the State paid $11,175 for the use of the company's plant when the company paid only $5,000 for the entire outfit.

Contract's Form Changed.

The presentment also states that when the work was almost complete the form of contract was changed from a percentage to a lump basis, and labor and materials paid for by the State on the percentage contract were used by the contractor in the lump amount contract. The original contract was on a basis of 5 per cent. profit on the cost, with 2 per cent. additional if the work were completed in 100 days and an allowance of $75 a day for the use of the contractors' plant.

The prison site was bought in 1904 from Isaac V. Baker, now dead, a former member of the Republican State Committee, who shortly before its purchase by the State voted with Gov. Odell to wrest the control of the State Committee from Thomas C. Platt. The cost to the State was $90,000.

Some of the charges made in the presentment are that:

There was no advertising for bids nor was the contract let for a specified sum.

Contracts were let to personal and political friends. The cousin of E. A. Merritt, Jr., who introduced the original bill providing for the work in the Assembly, received the stone contract. Companies recommended by politicians received contracts. Foremen were defied by employes whom they sought to discharge, and were informed that they had received their positions through Collins and would remain.

Payrolls were padded, and laborers' wage receipts were forged. Upon many invoices the approved signature of the Resident State Inspector was forged. Others, aggregating approximately $128,000, were approved by the State Architect for payment without having been previously approved by his Inspector at the prison.

Hay raised on the prison farm was sold, houses and barns were rented out, workmen were charged 25 cents a day for standing their horses on prison land, double rates were charged teamsters for horseshoeing at the State expense, and the Hudson Valley Construction Company collected hospital fees from its employes for services for which the State paid a physician $50 a week and hospital expenses.

Delay Penalty Not Enforced.

Many other forms of graft and favoritism were alleged, among them being that the $25 per diem delay penalty never was enforced against the contractors, and that about $13,000 was paid by the State which should have been met by the contractors.

The Grand Jury recommends that the State Prison Department be taken out of politics and supervision of contracts be placed in the hands of a man familiar with construction work. It is stated that "for some of the offenses herein enumerated we have returned indictments, others are not indictable," the presentment continuing, "they involve moral rather than criminal turpitude. Others who are indictable cannot be successfully prosecuted, owing to the lack of time.

"We believe the people are entitled to know the outline of the whole shameful story, and they should be informed of the schemes by which the State has been defrauded out of hundreds of thousands of dollars," the Grand Jurors add.

Cornelius V. Collins and Charles P. Boland, both of Troy, N. Y., on May 13, 1911, while the Hudson Valley Construction Company was still conducting building operations at the Great Meadow Prison, appeared as two of the original incorporators of the Eastern Motor Sales Company, with James Feeney and W. E. Sheehan, two of the original incorporators of the Hudson Valley Construction Company, who are now Directors of the Feeney & Sheehan Company of Albany, from whom a considerable quantity of the material used in the percentage contracts on the Great Meadow Prison were purchased.

"In the time at our command, we have been unable to consider in detail the lump sum contract of the Hudson Valley Construction Company which called for $128,000 and the Pasquini lump sum contract of about $800,000, upon the latter of which work is now in progress."

Fourth Inquiry Into Prison.

ALBANY, Sept. 23.—The Grand Jury investigation of charges of graft in the construction of Great Meadow prison is the first to result in the finding of indictments, although the institution, not yet finished, has been the subject of three previous inquiries.

The first was ordered by John A. Dix when Governor. He appointed a commission to investigate the administration of Supt. Collins. That inquiry was conducted by William Church Osborn, then counsel for the Governor; George R. Van Kennen, the present Chairman of the State Conservation Commission, and John D. McMahon of Rome. Their report censured State Architect Ware for alleged failure to take sufficient precautions to guard against quicksand.

George W. Blake, appointed by Gov. Sulzer to investigate prison affairs, reported as a result of his inquiry that the State had lost approximately $500,000 "through carelessness or graft" in building Great Meadow Prison. Called before the Frawley Investigating Committee and asked to prove his assertion, Blake was unable to do so, but he asserted a Grand Jury investigation would bear out his charges.

At the request of Gov. Sulzer, State Architect Pilcher next looked over the institution, but he is said to have failed to report serious irregularities.

DICTOGRAPHS FOR SULZER.

Getting Evidence Against Senators from Underworld, Albany Hears.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 23.—Dictographs are being installed in the Executive Mansion, according to a report which is causing all sorts of gossip and uneasy speculation among the Tammany men at the Capitol, some of whom are sitting with the High Court of Impeachment trying William Sulzer.

The report first reached the very extensive circles in which it is furnishing food for talk and apprehension to-night through the medium of a Tammany Senator. The Senator first received his information from a Burns detective and dictograph expert who is said to have been busy installing the new invention in the Sulzer official domicile.

No obvious reason has as yet been advanced for installing the dictograph. According to one report, however, Mr. Sulzer was having it done with a view of obtaining a record of his talks with some New York confidence men who are said to have told Mr. Sulzer recently some amazing stories about Tammany lawmakers, and who are supposed to have succeeded in obtaining ample expense allowances on the pretense of getting legal evidence to back up their stories and thus bring about the unseating of one or more Senators now sitting on the High Court of Impeachment.

In connection with this it was reported that a certain character from the New York underworld, who was a witness for the prosecution in the case against Police Lieut. Becker and the gunmen, had been seen about the Capitol to-day and that he had promised Mr. Sulzer to "deliver the goods" against a Tammany Senator who figured prominently in the earlier stages of the fight between Mr. Sulzer and the Tammany Organization.

This man left to-night for Stockbridge, Mass., where Louis A. Sarecky, Mr. Sulzer's former confidential clerk, is said to be in hiding.

John A. Hennessy, Mr. Sulzer's special investigator, also made a flying visit to the Capitol to-day, and then took his departure, according to the report to-night, to join Sarecky.

LOCKJAW UNEXPLAINED.

Woman Dies in Hospital with No Apparent Cause for Disease.

After suffering great agony for two days, Mrs. Elizabeth Edgeton, 20 years old, of 634 Bergen Avenue, the Bronx, died in Lebanon Hospital last night from tetanus. It was said that Mrs. Edgeton's case was the most peculiar that the physicians in the hospital ever had to contend with. There were no cuts, lacerations, or bruises on the woman's body, nor was she addicted to drugs, which have been known to produce tetanus.

Since her admittance to the hospital the woman had been fed through tubes, her jaws being firmly locked. In an effort to alleviate her suffering several teeth had been extracted. Coroner Healy was notified of the death and will perform an autopsy to-day.

RAN TO MEET PAPA AND DIED

Six-Year-Old Girl Lived 20 Minutes Under a Bergen Street Car.

Hundreds of persons saw Margaret Lee, 6 years old, struck and mortally injured in front of her home, at 90 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, early last night by a west-bound Bergen Street trolley car. The child was crossing the street to meet her father on his way home from work. She was carried ten feet on the fender of the car before she dropped to the tracks. Her screams brought her mother to the door of her home, where she fell in a faint when she saw what had happened.

The car was crowded. The passengers hurriedly alighted and made a vain attempt to lift the forward trucks off the child. A wrecking crew finally jacked up the car enough to remove the child, who was still alive after lying under the car wheels for twenty minutes. She died in the ambulance as she was being taken to the Long Island Hospital.

COUNTESS LOSES WATCH.

Newport Visitor Missed Timepiece While in New London.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Sept. 23.—Countess de San Esteban de Cañongo, wife of the Secretary of the Spanish Legation, who is visiting Newport, advertised in a local newspaper to-day the loss of a valuable platinum bracelet watch in this city on a recent visit here. A reward of $50 is offered for the return of the timepiece.

The watch, which was set with several diamonds, was lost either on the street or at a theatre where the Count and Countess Esteban occupied a box.

NEWPORT, Sept. 23.—Countess de San Esteban de Cañongo, wife of the Secretary of the Spanish Legation, stated to-night she had lost a bracelet watch of platinum set with small diamonds as she had left the steam yacht Vixen at New London last Wednesday en route to New York with her husband and a party of friends, including Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Van Buren of Newport and John D. Archbold, owner of the Vixen.

The Countess felt assured the watch had been lost in New London after leaving the Vixen, and in the hopes of finding it she advertised in New London papers.

LOSES ESTATE IF HE REWEDS

Husband Gets the $17,000 Property of His Wife on Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Sept. 23.—The will of Mrs. Isabella Marie Howell of Central Valley, probated to-day, provides that her husband is to have her estate, valued at $17,000, unless he marries again, in which case it will go to their son, James Cox Howell.

Mrs. Howell, while driving to West Point two weeks ago was thrown from her carriage and the lamp, pinioning her neck, strangled her to death.

HEN TO BE NATIONAL BIRD.

Earns Title by Producing Billion in Eggs Every Year.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The hen that will lay an egg a day will soon replace the eagle as the national bird, according to officers of the National Poultry, Butter, and Eggs Association, that ended its annual convention here to-day. One billion dollars worth of eggs a year are sold and $75,000,000 worth broken in transit, according to W. R. F. Priebe, Executive Committeeman from Illinois.

Kansas City was chosen for the 1914 meeting of the association. Harry Dowie of New York was elected President.

Lily Drinking Cups are ideal for office use. They are made by the Public Service Cup Co., B'klyn.—Adv.

CLEAR WAY TO-DAY FOR TESTIMONY AGAINST SULZER

Court to Decide Final Protest of Defense and Begin Hearing Witnesses.

TO EXAMINE 60 IN ALL

Schiff, Morgenthau, and Elkus to Testify Concerning Campaign Contributions.

DAY OF FERVID ARGUMENT

Herrick and Associates Contend That Acts Before Taking Office Are Not Impeachable.

BRACKETT FLAYS SULZER

Stinging Allusions to a Governor "Wholly Unfit Before, Ripe for State's Prison."

SULZER BOWS TO COURT

Will Not Seek Further to Act as Governor Pending Impeachment Verdict.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 23.—The indications to-night were that the taking of testimony in the Sulzer impeachment trial would be begun some time to-morrow. The High Court of Impeachment to-day heard arguments from both sides on the motion to dismiss the three articles of impeachment dealing with campaign funds on the ground that the acts therein charged against the Governor were committed, if committed at all, before Mr. Sulzer took office, and therefore were not impeachable.

The arguments, it is expected, will be completed soon after the reconvening of the court to-morrow at 10 A. M. An immediate decision by the court is expected. Following that, it is anticipated, the taking of testimony will be begun.

Except for the preliminary witnesses, Jacob H. Schiff, if the contested articles of impeachment be sustained, will be the first to take the stand. He will be followed by Henry Morgenthau and Abram I. Elkus. All these are expected to give testimony concerning contributions made to Mr. Sulzer's campaign fund and not accounted for by him in his sworn statement filed with the Secretary of State.

It was stated to-night again that Mr. Sulzer would not personally appear to enter his plea to the charges. Whether a blanket plea of "not guilty" would be entered on his behalf to all the charges, or whether he would plead to the articles one by one, his lawyers were not prepared to state to-night. Eugene Lamb Richards will make the opening address for the prosecution.

Summon Witnesses for 10 A. M.

All the witnesses subpoenaed by the Impeachment Managers have been instructed to be on hand at 10 o'clock tomorrow forenoon. These witnesses, or some of them, will be called upon to establish the charges made against Mr. Sulzer in the first, second, and sixth articles of impeachment—that he failed to account for many of the contributions received to his campaign, that he committed perjury in the oath attached to his statement in which he declared it to be a complete statement of all his receipts, expenditures, and liabilities in connection with his campaign, and that he used some of the funds not accounted for in stock speculation, thus committing an act which in the Articles of Impeachment is characterized as larceny.

Isidor J. Kresel, who with Eugene Lamb Richards has had charge of the preparation of the case, said to-night that sixty or more witnesses had been or would be subpoenaed for the prosecution and that the presentation of the case for the Board of Managers would require at least a week.

The testimony of Mr. Schiff is expected to deal with the circumstances under which Mr. Sulzer obtained from him a check for $2,500 to help defray the expenses of his campaign. Mr. Morgenthau contributed $1,000 and Mr. Elkus $500. The Schiff check was deposited to the personal account of Louis A. Sarecky, Mr. Sulzer's confidential secretary.

A report reached the Capitol to-night that Mr. Sarecky, who recently left Albany presumably to escape, arrest for contempt

ing the determination of the impeachment charges." He added that, prior to the formal decision, "there had been some doubt in the Governor's mind, and in the minds of his legal advisers, as to the legality of the proceedings."

According to suggestions made in some quarters, Judge Herrick, in his argument to-day, indicated what might be the defense to some of the charges. If what Mr. Herrick said may be taken as a basis for prediction, the lawyers for the defense will present their client to the court in the guise of a sinner who has experienced a change of heart and who, as a result of true repentance and the fruits thereof as reflected in his official conduct as Governor, has become the victim of "blackmailers and scandal mongers, political and otherwise, unscrupulous political leaders who placed him in public office and then with threats of exposure endeavored to coerce him to abuse the power of his office, and, failing in that, caused him to be impeached."

All day the legal heavy artillery representing both sides was on the firing line continuously, arguing the question whether the three articles dealing with campaign funds should be quashed. Judge Herrick and Austen G. Fox spoke for Mr. Sulzer, while Edgar T. Brackett, Alton B. Parker, and Isidore J. Kresel presented the other side.

What Brackett Said of Sulzer.

Mr. Brackett, whose argument dealt broadly with the general proposition of impeachable offenses, made many harsh allusions to the respondent. For example, he said:

A man may be wholly unfit to be Governor of the Empire State some little time before he is really ripe for State prison.

This is no trial for disgusting manners, nor for lack of dignity, nor for immeasurable boastings—all of these may be offensive to the last degree, but they are not in the charges here, nor impeachable.

Shall it be said to students of our system of government that securing the highest office in the States purges of such loathsome crime that the way to avoid a punishment for perjury is to be elected to high office?

When the members of the high court of last resort, sitting in and a part of this august tribunal come to the courtesies of the next holiday season, must they feel that they are clasping hands with a perjurer and a thief, because the admitted perjury and larceny were committed fifteen minutes before 12 o'clock noon of Jan. 1, 1913?

He who exercises the functions of this great office must himself be clean. He must not have committed crime, nor anything in the nature of crime, that unfits him for association with the great mass of decent and God-fearing men and women over whom for a time he exercises authority.

The burden of Mr. Brackett's argument was that an official to be impeachable need not necessarily have committed a felony. He contended that acts and conduct unfitting a public official for associating with decent men were quite sufficient.

Announces Sulzer's Compliance.

The court met promptly at 10 o'clock this morning. Twelve Senators were absent. Presiding Judge Cullen announced:

"The motion of the respondent to dismiss the articles of impeachment on the ground that the Assembly had no right to prefer them at an extraordinary session has been overruled. It now becomes incumbent on the respondent to make answer."

D Cady Herrick of counsel to Mr. Sulzer arose.

"Bowing, of course, as me must, to the ruling of the court," he said, "we now appear generally for the respondent—the same counsel as appeared specially. When these articles were first presented, the Governor was advised that inasmuch as there was some doubt as to the legality of the impeachment it was his duty not to surrender the functions of his office until that question had been determined. After the decision of Mr. Justice Hasbrouck he ceased to perform any active functions, and it is unnecessary perhaps for me to say that he will not perform any in the future until the termination of this trial."

Judge Herrick then announced that he would argue his objections to the first, second, and sixth articles of impeachment, which he asked Louis Marshall to read to the court. The first article charged Mr. Sulzer with filing a false statement of campaign contributions and expenditures, in violation of the election law; the second charged him with perjury in making oath for the correctness of that statement, and the sixth charged larceny in his having converted campaign contributions to his own use.

The defense moved that the charges be quashed on the ground that the offenses charged, if they occurred at all, occurred prior to Mr. Sulzer's accession to the Governorship, and, therefore, did not constitute "willful and corrupt misconduct in office." The respondent further pleaded that there was nothing in the law of the State requiring a candidate to make a statement that set forth all contributions received by him, that there was nothing in the law at the time stirring him to make oath to the correctness of any statement setting forth his receipts, and that the statement mentioned in the articles of impeachment was not required by law to be made by the respondent.

Must Answer to Public.

Judge Herrick then began his argument in support of these contentions. He read from his printed brief in a slow, well-modulated voice, seldom using a gesture. From the outset he made it plain that, whatever constitutional rights were insisted on in the defense of the accused Governor, it was realized that Mr. Sulzer sooner or later must meet the charges against him and answer them at the bar of public opinion. But this was a government of laws, he said, and under the laws of the State a public official could be impeached only "for willful and corrupt misconduct in office."

In his peroration Judge Herrick pleaded with the court not to set a precedent whereby an honest official who might have had dark spots in his past, but who had atoned for is sins, could be made the subject of blackmail by unscrupulous political leaders who placed him in office, and then, with threats of exposure and impeachment, tried to coerce him into abusing his power.

"While we are concerned for Mr. Sulzer," said Judge Herrick, "we have a graver and higher duty to perform than merely to prevent his being compelled to give an explanation of the charges contained in these several articles. We are concerned for the proper administration of the law. We are concerned for the Governor of the State and all other executive officers who are subject to impeachment, for the precedent now to be set by you will not only control all future proceedings in this State but will be vastly influential in controlling and directing similar proceedings in every State of the Union."

The power of impeachment, said Judge Herrick, unless carefully guarded and restrained, was admitted by Jefferson and Hamilton to be exceedingly dangerous—an "awful" power. If the Assembly could impeach for any cause it saw fit, for acts done by an official before as well as after he took office, the doors would be thrown open for the removal by an unscrupulous majority of any public official whose conduct in office had offended by being upright and honest and who by any chance, "before coming into office, had been guilty of some indiscretion or worse." In that case, he contended, impeachment could be degraded into a means of protecting from pursuit and exposure "influential and powerful men who are not holding office, but who are directing public affairs."

Quotes a Cullen Decision.

"While there is nothing in the Constitution providing for what causes the Court for the Trial of Impeachments may remove an official from office," said Judge Herrick, "yet this court, like every other court, is governed by the law—it is not a law unto itself—and when that law is not specifically set forth in the Constitution we must look elsewhere for it."

He quoted a decision by Presiding Judge Cullen in the Court of Appeals on the making of law by the courts in declaring a disqualification not enacted by the Legislature, and added: "So, for this court to declare what acts a public official may be impeached for is not to declare the law but to make it."

Considering the question for what acts a public official could be impeached, Judge Herrick asserted that no case had been brought to the attention of counsel wherein a public official had been impeached for acts committed while a private citizen, or prior to his assumption of office. All, he said, were cases of misconduct in office. He made citations to show that the primary purpose of an impeachment was to remove an unfaithful official from office, and that impeachment extended to cases in which the ordinary courts had no jurisdiction.

"The acts alleged in the first, second, and sixth articles of impeachment here presented," he said, "are none of them acts of an official and are all acts cognizable by the ordinary tribunals, where no one may sit in judgment upon him who has been engaged in procuring evidence against him, who has prejudged his case and declared him guilty without a hearing, or who is actuated by political feeling or partisan animosity, and when, if the accused is found guilty of the felony charged against him, his removal from office follows automatically."

Since impeachable offenses were not defined in the statute, Judge Herrick contended that the Court of Impeachment was not a law unto itself, but must look elsewhere, to parliamentary practice or the common law, for definition of impeachable offenses. The only function of the Court of Impeachment, he held, was to determine whether the offenses charged were impeachable offenses as defined by the law.

Not Indictable Offenses.

Judge Herrick then took up the charge that Mr. Sulzer had filed a false statement of his campaign expenditures and receipts, and had committed perjury therein. If these two offenses were crimes, he contended, they were not indictable offenses. The statements referred to, he insisted, were voluntary and not required by law. He added:

"That is to say, if made under Section 776 of the Penal Code, there was nothing that required him to include in his statement any list of contributions received by him, but only contributions made by him. That is all that is required by the Penal Code.

"If it is claimed to have been made in compliance with provisions of the Corrupt Practices act, then there is nothing in the provisions of the Corrupt Practices act that requires him to make oath to that statement. So if made under the one, there is no obligation for him to make a statement of any receipts, only of payments made by him or contributions made by him. If made under the other, he was not required to verify it."

The language of the Corrupt Practices act, said Judge Herrick, gave reason for the inference that the statement required of candidates for office was not expected to be as complete as that required of Treasurers of political parties. A candidate's statement, he maintained, need not include any money expended by him for personal expenses, and such expenses had been defined as including traveling expenses, writing and printing documents, stationery, postal, telegraph, and telephone expenses and the like. Moreover, he said, the act specifically stated that notice be given to a careless candidate to correct his omission before he could be punished in any way.

"A failure, therefore, to file a correct statement as provided by this act," said Judge Herrick, "is not an offense of any kind, as declared by laws of this State. The act plainly recognizes the possibility, perhaps the probability, of a candidate, during the excitement which follows a campaign, forgetting to file a statement within the stipulated time, or if he does file a statement, of making many errors in it. It is to avoid such forgetfulness and errors that the act provides that notice of such failure and a demand for correction shall be made in the first instance. The act recognizes that without such a notice and demand the omissions or the errors might be innocent and unintentional.

"In view of these provisions of this law it cannot be argued that the act of a candidate in failing to file a statement or in filing an incorrect statement when he has received no notice of these mistakes and no adequate demand has been made upon him to correct them constitutes a violation of these statutes.

False Swearing and Perjury.

"William Sulzer, in swearing that his statement was complete and accurate, did not commit perjury," contended Judge Herrick. "The attempt is made to accuse him of the crime of perjury because a portion of his statement containing items not required by the statute was incorrect. The entire question of perjury rests on the materiality of the statement in the affidavit. Falsely swearing in an affidavit upon any matter required by the statute would constitute perjury, while falsely swearing upon matters which are not required under the law would be no crime. Inasmuch as the Corrupt Practices act does not require a candidate to swear that his statement is 'correct,' false oath that it is complete and correct does not and cannot constitute perjury, and a candidate could not be indicted therefor."

Judge Herrick summed up these eight reasons why Mr. Sulzer's alleged filing of a false statement as to the contributions made to him did not constitute a crime under the laws:

First—The election law does not require a statement of contributions made to a candidate.

Second—The failure of a candidate to file a statement required under this act is not an offense, but subjects him to a peremptory demand by a court to perform this duty.

Third—There is no allegation that William Sulzer ever received such a demand.

Fourth—The statute recognizes a candidate's right to be given notice of errors in his statement and his right to an opportunity to correct them. The State cannot call him to account until first it has accorded him these rights that the statute affords.

Fifth—The Penal Code does not require a candidate to file a statement of contributions made to him, and there are no other statutes on this subject.

Sixth—Incorrect statements of facts, inserted in an affidavit but not material thereto, do not constitute perjury.

Seventh—Perjury cannot be based on an oath which was neither required nor authorized by law.

Eighth—As the election law does not require the statement to be verified and as neither the election law nor the Penal Code requires the candidate to insert contributions made to him, there is no ground for the charge of perjury nor for the charge of neglect of duty.

Mere Words of Solemnity.

The filing of a false sworn statement of receipts and disbursements by a candidate, Judge Herrick contended, had no connection with the office to which the candidate had been elected or to his performance of the duties of that office, and as such could not be made the basis of a charge of "willful and corrupt misconduct in office." As for the charges of "high crimes and misdemeanors" contained in the Articles of Impeachment, he quoted authorities to show that there was no warrant in law for those words and that they were admittedly used merely as an indefinite means of lending greater solemnity to the language of indictments.

Judge Herrick concluded by pleading with the court not to interpret the law governing impeachable offenses so as to include those committed before Mr. Sulzer took office.

"To so extend it," he exclaimed, "is to make the impeaching power a truly awful power. No statute of limitations will run against it. An upright and honest official may have an unfortunate past not known to the general public, a past that has been lived down and atoned for, that yet may be dug up by partisan malice, by an unscrupulous majority, and made use of to at least suspend him from public office indefinitely; which may be known to corrupt and unscrupulous political leaders who place him in public office and then with threats of exposure endeavor to coerce him to abuse the power of his office, and, failing in that, cause him to be impeached, in form, for crimes and offenses committed out of office, but in fact for his refusal to commit crimes while in office.

"I cannot, I will not, believe that this great court will set a precedent that will extend the law beyond what is written and place the honest public official who may have erred at the mercy of blackmailers and scandal mongers, political or otherwise, but will confine the power of impeachment to its primary purpose of removal from office of an unfaithful public official for misconduct in office only, leaving to the ordinary tribunals of justice his punishment for crimes committed while he was a private citizen."

Vann Concludes for Defense.

The argument for the defense was concluded in a short brief prepared by ex-Judge Irving G. Vann, but read in his absence by ex-Senator Harvey D. Hinman. Judge Vann, it was explained, was ill at his home in Syracuse with ptomaine poisoning.

Judge Vann asserted that the Legislature had power to enact all legislation except as restrained by the Constitution, and that the Constitution did not expressly restrain it from defining impeachable acts. He questioned the power of the Court of Impeachment to do so.

"The Legislature could have provided that misconduct wholly outside the functions of office should be cause for impeachment, such as habitual drunkenness, gross immorality or the commission of any crime involving moral turpitude. It did not do so, but, on the other hand, under its power to define and regulate the exercise of the power conferred, it limited impeachable offenses to wilful and corrupt misconduct in office.

"We are under government by law, and the Legislature is the law making power. Should we be under a government by law in the power to define impeachable offenses, involving such grave consequences, were left wholly to the arbitrary discretion of a court? There is no middle ground. Either the Legislature has power to make law on this subject, as it has on most others, or the court is a law unto itself, not simply in matters of procedure, but in matters of substance, also. It could convict the Governor of the State, and remove him from office because he stole cherries when a boy or spat on the sidewalk when a man. It could convict for acts not criminal, either in law or morals, and there would be no remedy, for there is no appeal from the judgment of the Court of Impeachment.

"Have we a court in this State which is wholly beyond the reach of Legislation and which cannot only enforce law but make it? Its power, if without restraint, extends in both directions, and it can at will lawfully adjudge that the wholesale theft of money from the State Treasury or the sale of appointments, or even treason and rebellion are not impeachable offenses. Either there is no limit to its power, or the Legislature within reasonable limits can define its power, as it has by a statute which, as re-enacted without substantial change, has stood for more than thirty years with no complaint or question, although a constitutional convention has been held since its passage."

Brackett Takes the Floor.

Ex-Senator Edgar Truman Brackett of counsel for the Board of Impeachment Managers, in a ringing speech replete with legal citations and twisting, with bitter denunciation of the impeached Governor, answered the arguments of the defense. He had prepared a printed brief, but, while adhering to it, seldom looked at it to read. He spoke with fervor, emphasizing his points with frequent and vigorous gestures, turning now to the Presiding Judge and now squarely about to the assembled Senators and Judges.

An adjournment was taken by the court when Senator Brackett barely had started his argument, but he continued it upon the resumption of the session at 2 o'clock. It was manifest, he said, that impeachable offenses were not limited to indictable crimes, that impeachment could be had not only for statutable crimes but for anything in the nature of a crime that showed unfitness to exercise the functions of office or to associate with decent people who must meet officials doing the work of the State.

"But in these articles," he said, "certainly in all save the eighth, crime is charged—perjury, larceny, violation of the election law and of the criminal code, all matters punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, which brings them exactly within the definition of crime. This is no trial for disgusting manners, nor for lack of dignity, nor for immeasurable boastings. All of these may be offensive to the last degree, but they are not in the charges here, nor impeachable. The defendant is charged with crimes. So the controversy that has raged around the point whether crime must be charged against the defendant made or a mere violation of duty, positive or negative, sufficient to convict is not here at all."

Shortcomings of Indictment.

Mere indictment by a Grand Jury, Senator Brackett contended, would not suspend the Governor in the case of offenses charged as committed before his term of office; only impeachment could do that and pass his functions immediately to the Lieutenant Governor pending the result of his trial before the Court of Impeachment. Moreover, if an indictment were found, the Governor, finding the District Attorney too zealous in prosecuting him, could calmly remove that official and substitute a less zealous one.

"The Judge about to hold the term where the trial is to be had," Senator Brackett continued, "is regarded as too upright and fearless; another is assigned by the defendant to take his place. In conviction is had, the question of punishment is put upon the trial Judge, whose whole future may be made or marred by the man upon whom he must impose sentence. And, having been sentenced, the defendant thereupon pursues himself to pardon. Can such a situation be calmly considered?"

The provision for a court of impeachment, said Senator Brackett, was intended from the first to provide a tribunal that would be free from fear, favor, statecraft, dignity, and independence to insure that justice should be done to the most powerful official when necessary to protect the State.

"The defense," he said, "in resting upon the proposition that impeachment may not be had, must claim that the people have a right to elect a criminal to high office, and that, having done so, there is no relief; that such election purges the offender from the taint of crime and leaves him free to assume the role of an honorable man among honorable men.

A Criminal As Governor.

"What is the result of holding that a person guilty of, for example, perjury, who, successfully concealing his criminality, chances to be elected Governor of the State, is immune from a prosecution or proceeding to remove his baleful presence from the Executive Chamber and residence? Shall it be said to students of our system of government that securing the highest office in the State purges of such loathsome crime; that the way to avoid a punishment for perjury is to be elected to high office, and that such election retains the occupant in association with decent men in high places? If so, then what is the result when, having been thus elected Governor, the individual at once after his election, but before his inauguration, before his official term begins, commits the perjury? Surely it may not then be claimed that the election previous to the commission of the crime effects any purge of the criminal taint."

Senator Brackett quoted the decision in the case of the impeached Judge Barnard to prove that offenses committed before inauguration into office were impeachable.

"In the Barnard case," he said, "the Justice was impeached and convicted during his second term upon articles charging offenses (some of them certainly not crimes at all) committed in his first term. If the doctrine of condonation invoked by the defendant has any relevancy at all here, its application would have acquitted Barnard, for all of his offenses were committed during his first term.

"When the members of the high court of last resort, sitting in and a part of this august tribunal, come to the courtesies of the next holiday season, must they feel that they are clasping hands with a perjurer and a thief, because the admitted perjury and larceny were committed fifteen minutes before 12 o'clock noon of Jan. 1, 1913, and therefore he cannot be impeached for their commission, whereas, if committed fifteen minutes after noon he might be?

"Must it be that every justice of our trial courts is subject to direction and appointment and assignment at the hands of a man who is subject to be justly convicted of crime before one of them?

"When, at the next regular session of the Legislature the Senate sends its committee to notify the Governor of the State that it is convened, must the message be taken to a criminal or one with criminal characteristics? And must such a man be permitted to send to the houses of the Legislature his views on public affairs and be allowed to approve or disapprove legislation here passed?

"When it comes to the dread issue of life and death, must the criminal feel that he is applying to a fellow-criminal for reprieve or pardon, and, if denied, go to his doom with the just feeling that he has been judged by an unclean man—a fellow-criminal with himself.

A Fallacious Reasoning.

"The questions are their own answer. None of these things must be, or can be. A course of reasoning that leads to any such results as necessary under our system is fallacious and based on a misconception of the genius of our institutions. He who exercises the functions of this great office must, himself, be clean—not necessarily free from fault, not blameless or every one of the venal offenses that afflict our common humanity—but he must have committed no crime nor anything in the nature of crime that unfits him for association with decent, and God-fearing men and women over whom for a time he exercises authority."

Senator Brackett took up the argument of the defense as to historical definitions of impeachable offenses in legislation, but drew different conclusions. From that he took up the argument that, besides antedating Mr. Sulzer's actual assumption of office, the offenses complained of were also disconnected with that office.

"From the time a person is nominated for office," he said, "he comes under the provisions and directions of the law. He is not yet an officer, but he is seeking to become one, and, in order to become one, he is required to conform to these directions of the statute. There has thus been prefixed to the office what we may call an official vestibule, so placed that a person entering into the office must pass through it. And it is no stretch of language to say that the law practically makes an officer of a candidate and of an officer-elect. He is certainly subject to the direction of the law from the moment he is nominated.

"The object of all this is patent. Misconduct as a candidate corrupts public duty in office. Wickedness in a candidate is as surely inherited by the official as any hereditary taint by the child from the parent. While the act of filing the statement of expenses is required to be done before the official takes his office, its purpose is to insure pure conduct in the preliminary struggle for the office, and it has become a matter of the deepest concern to all the people of the State that the various candidates shall comply with this provision, fully and completely.

"Not once since this policy embodied in the Corrupt Practices act has been entered upon has there been any variableness or shadow of turning with respect to it. Every step in legislation has been to strengthen and complete the scheme and to make stronger its provisions. It was attempted to make forfeiture of office one of the results of failing to file a statement as prescribed by law, but this was held to be unconstitutional as creating an extra constitutional test for office.

The Charge Against Sulzer.

"The charge made here (among others) is that the defendant, William Sulzer, made and filed a grossly false statement under these provisions of the statute, and then corruptly swore that it was true. The statement thus filed showed receipts by the defendant from sixty-eight contributors to the amount of $5,460, and expenditures aggregating $7,724.09. It is charged that contributions, enumerated in the article, to the amount of $8,500 were made to the candidate and not reported.

"By such corrupt practices the position of the Governor is equally indissolubly linked with that of the official. It is as much required that he shall make this statement of the amounts received by him and the expenditures as it is that he shall take the official oath as Governor when inaugurated. The one cannot be separated from the other. And one is as positive a direction as is the other. The making of a false statement of receipts and expenditures is just as much a violation of duty and the commission of a crime as is the violation of the oath of office taken upon induction into office.

"The falsity of a statement of receipts and expenditures is as surely a violation of official duty, just as much scandalizes the State, and is just as much evidence of moral unfitness for the office as the violation of the inaugural oath taken at the beginning of the term. He who deliberately fills out a false statement in November is not fitted, nor fit, for public office in January; he who commits larceny in October may not be intrusted with the responsibilities of high office three months later.

"In all this there is nothing of effort to convict the defendant for lying. The world hates a liar, but it is not for lying that we ask the conviction of William Sulzer. In pursuance of the imperative directions of the statute he is charged with filing a false statement of contributions made to him. In doing so he violated the law and committed a crime. Appended to this false statement, thus filed, is an affidavit, duly sworn to before a Magistrate, attesting the correctness of the statement. The question is not here made as to whether for the crime of perjury or whether on a quibble that finds its congenial atmosphere in the Old Bailey or the Tombs Court he shall escape judgment for that loathsome crime, but as to his intention to commit perjury and believed that he was committing it in subscribing this oath. All the blackness of heart, all the intention to do wrong, all the revelation of infamous character that are demonstrated by the falsity of false oaths are demonstrated by this intention, as, too, by the certificate itself, the violation of the statute designed to prevent corruption at the polls.

As Essential as His Oath.

"To repeat, varying the phrase very slightly, no man may now legally become Governor of the Empire State unless and until he shall have done two things: one, certified to his receipts and expenditures while a candidate and appended thereto his affidavit that it is correct; the other, the oath he takes upon his inauguration, the instant that he becomes the highest official of the State. Both are connected with his office, one as much as the other; both precede his actual investment with the powers and duties of the position, the one by a few weeks, the other by a single instant."

Senator Brackett concluded by saying that it was admitted that the filing of a false certificate of expenses and contributions was a misdemeanor. Bribery itself, he said, was not mentioned as an impeachable offense. It would be an absurd to condone bribery as an unimpeachable offense because committed before the term of office began as to condone the filing of a false certificate of receipts and expenditures connected with such election.

After Mr. Brackett had finished, Presiding Judge Cullen accorded a hearing to Isador J. Kresel of counsel for the Board of Managers. Mr. Kresel, who was an Assistant District Attorney in New York County under William Travers Jerome, had prepared a brief dealing with the objections filed by Mr. Sulzer's lawyers against Articles I. and II. in the impeachment. These articles charge, respectively, (1) That William Sulzer, in direct violation of the Corrupt Practices act, filed a false sworn statement with the Secretary of State with regard to his campaign receipts, expenditures, and liabilities, and (2) that he was guilty of perjury in swearing that this statement was correct in every particular. Said Mr. Kresel:

"The learned counsel for the respondent say that the candidate need make no such statement here. The provisions of the statute would indicate that as long as the contribution is made to a candidate or to an agent of a candidate the burden is thrown upon such candidate to report such contribution. The whole history of the legislation upon the subject of campaign contributions and campaign expenses merely shows that the one purpose of it was to give the widest possible publicity to such contributions and expenses. The public wants to know and is entitled to know who gave money to help elect our public officials.

"The acts charged here would make the respondent liable to a fine of $1,000 and imprisonment for one year. Can it possibly be argued that this high court is to be stripped of power to punish for such an offense and that the offender is to go free, merely because a contempt proceeding was not brought in the precise manner and within the precise period required by the statute? Surely the power of a sovereign people is weak, indeed, if such an offender can be restored to the executive chair of this State.

"The respondent certainly professed and intended to swear a false statement of his campaign receipts. That he was required to file such a statement of receipts by the election law, Section 546, if not by the penal law, cannot be questioned."

Kresel Quotes Herrick.

Mr. Kresel outlined the history of the provision making a sworn statement of campaign contributions mandatory and the origin of the form of statement used for that purpose under the Corrupt Practices act. He pointed out that D. Cady Herrick, Chief Counsel for Mr. Sulzer, as Counsel for the Law Enforcement League, had passed on the form of official blank on which such statements are made.

"It will be noted," said Mr. Kresel, "that the printed form contains a copy of Section 776 of the election law, which, it is contended by the learned counsel for the respondent, their client did not violate when he made his false statement, and that it contains the form of affidavit made by Mr. Sulzer. Thus the learned counsel at that time at least was of the opinion that Section 776 did require a candidate to make report under oath of all money received, contributed, or expended by him.

Mr. Herrick interrupted to declare that he had not been counsel for the league, and that the form had not been submitted to him.

"I think it is wiser not to go into it," said Presiding Judge Cullen. "You can refer to their decisions, but I think it is wiser not to refer to these particular gentlemen on the one side or the other as having decided anything; and surely there is no law of estoppel that counsel, having argued a point in one case, may not argue the reverse of it in another case."

Mr. Kresel then continued his argument.

"Granting for the sake of argument," he said, "that the respondent's conduct just escapes by a technicality the legal crime of perjury, does it not merit unishment? May the offender be heard to argue upon such a flimsy basis that he is still fit to administer the affairs of the State and to receive and deserve the public confidence and respect without which no Executive could properly fill that high office?"

Alton B. Parker, in a brief statement, amplified the arguments made by Mr. Brackett and Mr. Kresel. He denounced as fallacious the contention that Section 12 of the Penal law placed restrictions on the Assembly as the impeaching body from the High Court of Impeachment as the trial court in determining what offenses were impeachable.

Fox Speaks for Sulzer.

Austen G. Fox of counsel for Mr. Sulzer attacked the contention made by counsel for the Board of Managers regarding the sweeping powers of the Assembly in the matter of impeachment, and at the very outset took issue with Mr. Parker.

"If the doctrine he has enunciated is correct," said Mr. Fox, "then it seems quite impossible to escape the conclusion that an act, innocent or lawful, when done, might be declared wicked and impeachable by the Assembly, and that the person who did the act might be convicted by this honorable court. The counsel for the respondent are not here to argue in favor of immorality. But we contend that, far above the question of this man's guilt or innocence, is the question of the usurpation of power by the Assembly."

Mr. Fox quoted Justice Benjamin Robbins Curtis as holding that Congress did not have power to adjudge guilty a man for acts which did not represent the violation of any law extant when the acts were committed. He quoted Justice Curtis further as declaring that it would be incredible that a constitution that had made a bill of rights for American citizens on one hand should vest with such imperial powers a lawmaking body that, when it could not find a law to fit the case at hand, it could say: "I am law unto myself by which I shall govern this case."

"But the learned former Chief Judge feels it necessary, in order to sustain this impeachment, to maintain a principle now never found in any law book extant, that the Assembly can impeach your Governor for anything that it sees fit. The question, reduced to its final analysis—is it not this:

"Shall the Constitution of this State, at the request of seventy-nine members of the Assembly, be amended so as to read as follows: 'The members of the Assembly shall have the power of impeachment, not only for wilful misconduct in office, but also, in its discretion, for any misconduct before taking office which, to the majority of the members of the Assembly, shall seem to establish unfitness for public office.'

"If this court has any function whatever to perform it is to withstand assault upon the Constitution and prevent usurpation of power. The newspapers have been flooded with talk that the Governor has been usurping power and ought to be impeached therefor. What shall be said of seventy-nine members of the Assembly who have assumed a power and usurped a power they never had?"

Mr. Fox's argument of Mr. Fox was interrupted by final adjournment for the day. He will resume when the court reconvenes at 10 o'clock to-morrow.

JAILING OF GARRISON LEGAL.

Justice Upholds Assembly Warrant —Another Hearing on Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, N. Y., Sept. 23.—James C. Garrison, William Sulzer's press agent, who was arrested on the floor of the Assembly last week and committed to the penitentiary for contempt of the Assembly in refusing to answer questions in connection with his charges that four of the votes for the impeachment resolution in the Assembly were bought, was brought here to-day on a writ of habeas corpus, returnable before Supreme Court Justice Aaron V. S. Cochrane.

Gilbert E. Roe of New York and Judge John T. McDonough of Albany, his counsel, entered a demurrer against the warrant of Garrison's commitment. Mr. Poe held that the commitment was insufficient because it contained nothing to show what Garrison had done to warrant arrest; that there was a question as to the legality of the Assembly investigation, and that the arrest of Garrison violated the law in that he had no opportunity to obtain counsel.

Aaron J. Levy, the majority leader of the Assembly, held that the very statements of Mr. Roe proved the sufficiency of the commitment, and said he could see no use of further argument. Justice Cochrane, agreeing with this view, decided the warrant was valid and overruled the demurrer.

At the request of Garrison's counsel, the case was adjourned until Saturday morning, when Justice Cochrane will conduct a hearing in chamber at Hudson, and the facts behind the warrant will be attacked by Garrison's lawyers.

Garrison, after his brief airing in the excursion to Troy and back, was locked up again in the hospital ward.

Objection to Part Time Plan.

The Public Education Association has sent a memorandum to the members of the Board of Education upon the part-time situation in the public schools. It urges the Board of Education to reconsider the resolution passed at its meeting on Sept. 10 approving the recommendation that for pupils of the first-year grade a school day providing four hours' instruction be considered full time and reported as such until the alternative plan by which nearly every child in the first-year grades may have a school day of five hours has been tried and fuller information as to practice and experience elsewhere has been obtained.

NEW JERSEY NAMES FIELDER AND STOKES

Democratic Primaries Give Governor 20,000 More Than Katzenbach on Early Returns.

COLBY FOR BULL MOOSE

Republican Returns Show ex-Gov. Stokes In the Lead, with Judge Carey Second.

Scattering returns from all over New Jersey indicated at midnight that Gov. James F. Fielder had been nominated as the Democratic Gubernatorial candidate at the primaries by a plurality of 20,000 over Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., his opponent. Gov. Fielder at his home at 139 Gifford Avenue, Jersey City Heights, refused to make any comment upon the returns, which were slow in coming in.

The returns indicate that Fielder had carried Monmouth County by from 1,000 to 1,500 majority, and five districts in Burlington County showed that he was leading his opponent by about two to one. In Essex County the returns indicated that Katzenbach had carried Newark by a large majority, but the suburban districts apparently placed the county in the Fielder column. In Bloomfield, for example, the scattered returns indicated that Fielder led Katzenbach by three votes to one. In Mercer County Katzenbach's home county, he was successful, and received a majority of about 1,500.

The returns in Hudson County made it apparent that a total Democratic vote of between 30,000 to 35,000 had been cast, and the returns at an early hour presaged a victory for Fielder by a majority of 15,000. In Jersey City, Fielder was beating his opponent in the returns by about six to one.

Indications early this morning were that ex-Gov. Stokes had received the Republican nomination for Governor, and that Everett Colby had been named as the head of the Bull Moose ticket. The returns from the first fifteen districts in Newark, which were all that had been tabulated up to midnight in the Republican contest were:

Stokes, 407; Carey, 42; Fowler, 41, and Pearce, 17. The Progressive Party returns for the same districts showed that Colby had received 51 votes to Osborne's 21. The same ratio was maintained in the scattered returns from suburban districts.

In Essex County Nugent was easily chosen State Committee man by the Democrats over Gregory, fourteen districts at midnight showed that the vote in that contest stood 504 to 189, indicating that Nugent would win over his opponent by a probable majority of 3,000. In Hudson County Assemblyman Thomas F. Martin, the candidate of the anti-Wittpenn Democracy, appeared to have won an easy victory over Charles M. Egan for the nomination for State Senator. The Wittpenn candidates, judging from the early returns, have all been defeated in Hudson County.

Secretary of War Lindley M. Garrison and Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, left the train which had brought them from Washington at about 2 o'clock at the Manhattan Transfer, and came into Jersey City over the Hudson and Manhattan line. They left the tube at Grove Street and hurried to Montgomery Street, where Mr. Garrison cast his ballot in the polling place of the third district of the Fourth Ward. Then they walked to Varick and Bright Streets, where Mr. Tumulty cast his vote in the Fifth District of the Fourth Ward. They left for Washington on the 3:33 train, promising to return again and vote on Election Day.

At 1:20 o'clock this morning the returns from 100 districts out of 315 in Essex County showed an overwhelming victory for ex-Gov. Stokes as the choice of the Republican Party for Governor. The vote stood: Stokes, 3,161; Carey, 357; Pierce, 309; Fowler, 171.

The Bull Moose returns showed an exceptionally light vote, but made it apparent that the indications of the earlier returns were correct in presaging a Colby victory. The vote stood for 100 districts: Colby, 458; Osborne, 206.

WILSON VOTES AT PRINCETON.

The President Then Puts In a Few Hours Making Visits.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 23.—President Woodrow Wilson came home to vote in the Democratic primary to-day, and, after depositing his ballot for Gov. James F. Fielder for Governor, put in three hours visiting old acquaintances, sightseeing and shaking hands. Late in the afternoon he boarded his private car for the return trip to Washington, where he was due to arrive at 9:35 o'clock to-night.

The President stopped to visit his next-door neighbor, Mrs. Eliza Ricketts, 87 years old, a lifelong friend. Next he took Dr. Grayson to the gymnasium and proudly pointed out the red footballs that Princeton had won from Harvard, and the blue pigskins wrested from Yale. A trip to the power house was also made, and during the visit the President motored to the Cleveland Memorial Tower and Graduate College. He also visited the Lawrenceville School.

Just before the President went to his train he took a short stroll again through the campus near the station. John Grier Hibben, President of the university, happened along on horseback. He dismounted and shook hands with Mr. Wilson. The meeting was brief and formal. It was the first time many people had seen the two men together since the controversy arose over the Graduate School at Princeton, in which Prof. Hibben was not among the supporters of the Wilson policy.

GARDNER WINS IN BAY STATE.

Congressman Named for Governor in the Republican Primary.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 23.—At a late hour tonight the indications were that Representative A. P. Gardner had been nominated in the Statewide primary as the Republican candidate for Governor over Everett C. Benton, and that E. P. Barry of Boston, anti-machine candidate, had triumphed over Richard H. Long as the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

Returns from 300 out of 353 cities and towns, including Boston, give these figures:

Republican—Governor, Benton, 16,758 Gardner, 22,778.

Democratic—Lieutenant Governor, Barry, 23,710; Long, 20,395.

Lieut. Gov. David I. Walsh of Fitchburg was nominated for Governor without opposition by the Democrats, and Charles S. Bird of Walpole will again head the Progressive ticket. There was no contest in the Progressive Party.

CANNON WILLING TO RUN.

Admits He Is Listening for Call to Return to Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

DANVILLE, Ill., Sept. 23.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon, ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, in a speech at the County Horse Show in Westfield today, intimated that he might become a candidate for re-election to Congress if the Republican voters of the Eighteenth District made it plain that they wished him to stand for office. That was taken as confirming yesterday's announcement of his candidacy.

Mr. Cannon has been busy rebuilding his political machine, but Representative Frank T. O'Hair, who wrested his House seat from him last Fall, has kept his fences in good repair. The ex-Speaker has alienated the Progressive Republicans of his district by calling them "followers after strange gods," but he has faith in the regulars, and persists in his belief that his defeat was due to a political accident connected with the Wilson landslide.

He left Westfield for Washington to attend a meeting of the Lincoln Memorial Committee on Thursday next.

HARTMAN TAKES HIS SEAT.

Friends Greet New Municipal Justice and Give Him an Ivory Gavel.

Municipal Justice Gustave Hartman, who was appointed by Mayor Kline last Friday to succeed Justice Leon Sanders, found a great horseshoe of flowers over the bench in Part II. of the Second District Municipal Court at 264 Madison Street yesterday morning when he appeared to take up his duties, and the courtroom was crowded with his friends.

Justice Frederick Spiegelberg introduced his fellow-Justice, and told of their many years of friendship. Deputy Attorney-General Black made an address, in which he reviewed Justice Hartman's record as a lawyer, as an Assemblyman, and as a promoter of social reforms on the east side. William Welss, President of the Federal Club, the Republican organization of Samuel S. Koenig's district, then presented Justice Hartman with an ivory gavel.

Justice Hartman responded, saying he was determined to do everything in his power to protect the rights of both poor and rich alike, without favor or discrimination.

"WILL WIN," SAYS MURPHY.

Tammany Boss Makes a Prophecy —Ready to Testify at Albany.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, said yesterday that the death of Mayor Gaynor, in his opinion, would make no difference in the result of the election.

"We will win," said Mr. Murphy. "The death of Mayor Gaynor will make no difference in the result."

Mr. Murphy was asked if he had any comment to make on the report that he would be forced to testify in the Sulzer impeachment trial.

"I am always ready to testify," said the Tammany boss.

Asked if he knew that Norman Hapgood had said that Tammany methods had hastened Mayor Gaynor's death, Mr. Murphy smiled wearily and said:

"Oh, they might blame me because it has been raining the last few days."

Vass Re-elected Chairman.

Alfred E. Vass was re-elected Chairman of the Republican General Committee of Kings County at the annual meeting of that body last night in the Johnston Building, Brooklyn. Resolutions on the death of Mayor Gaynor were adopted

JEROME REVEALS THAW INDICTMENT

Shatters Main Argument of Fugitive's Counsel in Plea to New Hampshire Governor.

TRACES 'TRAIL OF SCANDAL'

New York Determined to Prevent Triumph of Thaw Money, He Says, Flaying Prisoner.

EXTRADITION GRANT LIKELY

Hearing Closed, but Thaw's Lawyers Will File Briefs—Dutchess Grand Jury Report Secret.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 23.—Beginning in the tamest fashion, the hearing to-day before Gov. S. D. Felker on the application of New York State for the extradition of Harry Kendall Thaw took a sensational turn this afternoon.

Stung by the charges of bad faith made against him by Thaw's lawyers, William Travers Jerome put aside his prepared brief, and, after first shattering much of his opponents' arguments by stating that an indictment against the fugitive had been found by the Dutchess County Grand Jury, launched forth into a bitter attack on the prisoner and the efforts of his wealthy relatives and friends to prevent his reincarceration at Matteawan.

Ex-Gov. W. A. Stone of Pennsylvania of Thaw's counsel replied in as severe language as he could muster on the spur of the moment, and the hearing closed, the lawyers for the prisoner obtaining permission to file supplementary briefs on or before Monday.

That Gov. Felker will grant extradition is generally thought likely to-night. If he does, Thaw's case will then go to the Federal courts on the habeas corpus writ.

Jerome's assault came as a complete surprise to every one in the Senate Chamber, and he held his audience spellbound by his eloquence. Gov. Felker was the only person who seemed unaffected. His stolid face never changed its expression. That was about the only crumb of comfort Thaw found.

Throughout the bitter arraignment, during which Jerome drew a vivid word picture of Thaw, referring to him as a "homicidal lunatic" and a "vicious degenerate," the prisoner moved about nervously in his chair, an expression almost of terror in his eyes. His mother, who was seated directly behind him, leaned forward and laid a consoling hand upon his shoulder. Thaw spoke a few words to her in an excited tone and then returned his gaze to the face of Jerome. Once when Jerome struck a hard blow the prisoner turned to his mother and tried to smile, but he found tears in her eyes.

Thaw's Counsel Stunned.

Ex-Gov. Stone, Thaw's personal counsel, sat hunched up in his chair, drinking in the words of Jerome and trying to collect his thoughts for a reply. He had made the charge of bad faith that roused Jerome, firm in the belief that no indictment had been found and that therefore the assertion of counsel for Thaw that New York was outside of its rights in seeking to extradite a man declared legally insane was beyond dispute.

"I had supposed, Sir, that the last thing that the State would have to do would be to stand at the bar of a sister State upon a charge of bad faith. Mr. Stone of Pennsylvania denominates this application as a subterfuge. Mr. Morris goes even further, insinuating dishonesty and dishonor. His words that the State employs lawyers to get up some subterfuge can be nothing less than such a charge. It is not easy to rest patiently without a fitting reply, and I think sober judgment will make Mr. Morris regret the use of such language.

"We are also asked why we are not looking after Roger Thompson, the man who drove the car in which Thaw escaped from Matteawan. We are looking after Thompson. We expect Thompson will come back to the United States and turn State's evidence and tell all he knows of this thing. I have had a long, personal conference with Mr. Thompson."

Calls It "Trail of Scandal."

Then, his voice rising slightly to emphasize the attack, Mr. Jerome began his arraignment of Thaw.

"Finally," he said, "let me say in reply to Judge Chase as to why the New York authorities are so anxious to obtain Thaw. The simple reason, Sir, is this: From the very hour that Stanford White lay dead on the roof garden in the City of New York, his life taken either by a murderer or a lunatic, from that time to this minute, it has been said repeatedly and repeatedly that in the end the Thaw money would defeat the ends of justice.

"So far it has not entirely accomplished it, but wherever this case has gone and wherever it has rested, it has left a trail of ignominy, disgrace, filth and scandal behind it that has been absolutely appalling, and the State of New York, Sir, will not permit its justice to be defeated by the corrupt use of money if it can prevent it. And that is why the State of New York wants a man back whom it regards as a homicidal lunatic, when influenced by his insane delusions, and a vicious degenerate at other times—a man criminal in his lucid intervals and dangerous in his insane ones.

"And I say, Sir, so far as the Attorney General of the State of New York can speak through me, the State of New York through him can pledge its course as the best evidence of good faith by saying that if this man be returned to the State of New York he will be put on trial before a jury, and by every fair and decent means that the State of New York can exert, it will exert its power to have him convicted of the crime which we believe him to be guilty of.

"It will rest with the State of New York to show that the Thaw money cannot corrupt forever, although for a time it may. The State of New York will show this. And that, Sir, is why New York wants Thaw back in its jurisdiction. That statement, gentlemen, is no subterfuge, nor am I employed or willing to consent to be employed by any one to manufacture subterfuge."

When Mr. Jerome sat down and calmly began to collect his papers and strap them in a brown leather case a buzz of conversation swept over the chamber. The men and women, about 200 in all, who had been admitted by ticket, had been astounded by the bitterness of the attack and seemed relieved that it was over.

Thaw trained his eyes on Jerome, staring at him so intently that he attracted the attention of many of the spectators. Finally the suspense was ended when Mr. Morris of Thaw's counsel, rose to his feet and stated that ex-Gov. Stone would reply. Before the Governor could speak the venerable ex-Justice, William Chase of the Court of Appeals, addressed Gov. Felker.

"The peroration of the distinguished counsel for the State of New York," he said in his low voice, which, however, did not lack a note of sarcasm, "merely shows that there is an ulterior purpose in this conspiracy proceeding brought to return Thaw to Matteawan. It apparently is not for the purpose of protecting the public. These gentlemen here, (and he pointed a scornful finger at Jerome and Deputy Attorney General Kennedy,) want to take that man, who they say is a lunatic, back to New York State and punish him. Is that the way the intelligent people of New York treat the insane?"

Stone in Sarcastic Rejoinder.

Ex-Gov. Stone, who followed, spoke ironically of the "oratorial powers of Jerome."

"Why was this reference made to the Thaw millions, if not for a purpose?" he said. "Why is Thaw's money different than the money of the State of New York. All people love a fighter, and a man who would not fight for his liberty would not stand well in their estimation."

A huge man, the ex-Governor made a striking picture as he leaned over the counsel table and shook his great fist at Jerome. His voice rose to a high pitch as he continued:

"If this young boy in a fit of terrible pressure slaughtered a man who wrecked his home, is it necessary that he and his poor old mother should be hounded down year after year because of the modest fortune left to him by his father, who is now in the grave?

"He is here on a charge that is a subterfuge. Mr. Jerome says that they are going to try him on this charge. If they do, how easy it will be to whip him back into Matteawan for the same reason that he was there before. If they do try him it will be a formal affair, and there is no better proof of that than the threats and boasts which have filled the papers for the past month."

Mr. Jerome had no reply to make and Mr. Morris then asked that further action be put off until Monday, so that counsel could file briefs. Jerome raised no objection.

In a statement issued after Jerome's address Mrs. Thaw said:

"It was typical of Jerome to bring in the question of money. But while he was talking of money, why didn't he tell the truth about the millions that are behind him in this fight to keep Harry in the mad house?"

Crowd Gathers to See Thaw.

The hearing before Gov. Felker opened at 11 o'clock this morning, and with an interruption of one hour for dinner lasted until 4 o'clock. Mr. Jerome, Mr. Kennedy, and Bernard Jacobs appeared for New York. A few feet away, about another table, were the seven lawyers retained by Thaw, his staff having been supplemented since last night by J. F. Ringwood of Poughkeepsie. A great crowd gathered about the State House to see Thaw and his mother and brother, Josiah Thaw, as they entered. The floor of the Senate chamber was assigned to the counsel, correspondents, and about seventy-five members of the New Hampshire bar. In the gallery were about 100 women.

Gov. Felker occupied the chair of the President of the Senate, and on either side of him were Secretary of State Pearson and Attorney General Tuttle.

Jerome was first called upon, and said that the documents asking for extradition spoke for themselves. He then sat down, and, giving no intimation that there had been an indictment, permitted opposing counsel to make much of their assumption that no indictment had been found.

The opening argument for Thaw was made by ex-Justice Chase, a white-haired man whose voice could scarcely be heard. He went deep into the technicalities of the case, to show that New York had no legal right to ask for the extradition of Thaw, an adjudged insane man, on a charge of conspiracy, as an insane man was not able to commit a crime, in the eyes of the law. Insanity, he said, afforded a complete defense against the crime. He argued that Thaw, confined in an asylum, had no opportunity to conspire, and said that the fact that he made his escape did not prove that he had conspired to get away.

During Judge Chase's address, Thaw stared most of the time at Jerome, who was directly across the Senate Chamber with an open space of a dozen feet between them. Jerome did not return the gaze.

When the Judge in conclusion described Thaw's desire to return home with his mother, the fugitive was much affected and repeatedly wiped his eyes with his handkerchief.

Ex-Gov. Stone, who followed, held that the extradition papers were irregular, and that even in the affidavits of District Attorney Garner of Dutchess County, on which the conspiracy warrant was issued, no statement was made that the charges were brought in good faith. The paper, he said, showed that Thaw was being held at Matteawan under due process of law as an insane person, and that, therefore, it devolved upon New York State to prove that Thaw had lucid intervals, if it wished to give the charge any legal standing.

"There is no law to punish a lunatic for escaping from an asylum," he went on. "Such a law would be ludicrous. Now, since there is no such law, there can be no conspiracy to break such a law.

"It is not only the right, but it is the plain duty of the Governor of New Hampshire to determine whether there had been a crime committed subject to the process of extradition, or whether a charge had been trumped up against the accused."

Mr. Stone based a sensational charge of bad faith on the reported fact that there was no indictment. Jerome did not attempt to interrupt him.

"The gates of Matteawan are wide open to Harry K. Thaw," said the ex-Governor in conclusion. "For some reason they are very fond of him."

Mr. Stone introduced as evidence the proceedings before Judge Aldrich of the Federal Court in which the question of Thaw's status as an insane man was raised.

Talks of New York "Subterfuge."

Mr. Morris began the arguments in the afternoon. One charge that he made was that New York State employed lawyers to get up some sort of subterfuge so that Thaw might be returned to Matteawan. "He said that no effort was being made to lay hands on Roger Thompson, the chauffeur.

"The answer is plain," he added. "They are trying to do indirectly what the law says they cannot do directly."

He spoke also of the public sentiment for Thaw, saying that if offered him an excuse to ask the Governor to use his discretionary power in the direction of getting Thaw free.

Mr. Jerome in his legal discussion of the case said that the United States Supreme Court held that the Governor had ministerial power in matters of extradition. He censured Morris for raising the question of public sentiment, which he spoke of as fraudulent and nothing more than hysteria.

The decision of Justice Mills in the last habeas corpus proceedings, he said, showed that Thaw was suffering from a form of insanity in which he had lucid periods. That point the counsel for Thaw had failed to bring out, he said. To say that Thaw could escape from Matteawan without conspiring, he said, was an insult to the Governor's intelligence. As Thaw gained his freedom from Matteawan in an illegal way, there must have been conspiracy to prevent the due administration of justice.

Pending the filing of briefs on Monday and the decision of the Governor, Thaw will remain at the Eagle Hotel, where he enjoys a measure of liberty. That he is not under very close restraint was illustrated by an incident after the hearing to-day. He returned to the hotel with his mother, and they by mistake got on the wrong floor. Thaw opened the door of Room 53, the room occupied by Jerome, and walked in. Jerome was sitting in a chair, smoking. Thaw gazed at him in blank amazement.

"I must be in the wrong pew," he said, as he hurriedly backed away.

NO JURY REPORT ON THAW.

Dutchess County Indictment, If Found, Is Kept a Secret.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 23.—If the Grand Jury of Dutchess County has found an indictment against Harry K. Thaw, as stated by William Travers Jerome at Concord to-day, it has not been made public here or handed up in any court. The District Attorney's office explained this afternoon that the jury had made no report on the case and had adjourned for two weeks. It was added that it was possible, however, that an indictment had been found and kept secret.

When the Grand Jury came into court yesterday Foreman William Dean, who appeared much perturbed, told Judge Hasbrouck that "the case they were considering," presumably the Thaw case, was to be taken away from them and given to the next Grand Jury, which he thought was not right, as they had been working hard on the matter.

District Attorney Conger told the court that the case had not been finished because all the witnesses desired could not be found at present. The District Attorney, however, agreed to a suggestion from Foreman Dean that the Grand Jury adjourn for two weeks, and after an absence of half an hour the jury returned to court with a batch of indictments and with the information that they had decided to adjourn for two weeks and then finish "the case."

IF YOU ARE TROUBLED WITH
DEAFNESS
THE HARPER ELECTRIC ORIPHONE will greatly assist your hearing. Free demonstration. 303 Fifth Ave., cor. 31st. 396 Washington St., Boston.

300 AMERICANS ARE PENNED IN TORREON

Notify the State Department That Many of Them Are Anxious to Leave.

TRAINS TO SALTILLO STOP

Refugees from Durango on the Way Here—400 Coming from Tampico.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The State Department was advised to-day by Americans in Saltillo, Mexico, that there still were in Torreon more than 300 Americans, and conditions there were improving so slowly that many of the colony were anxious to get away. There are many revolutionists between Saltillo and Torreon, and the caravan of American refugees that came out last week was met by several revolutionary commanders and helped on its way. At no time did any revolutionary force interfere with the refugees' progress.

From Saltillo it was learned that there had been no railroad trains from or to San Luis Potosi since last Friday. A southbound train returned from Vanegas Sunday afternoon, having been dynamited sixty-five miles south of Saltillo by two mines connected with a battery. The engine and tender passed over the mine before it was exploded. The baggage and express cars were damaged badly and two second-class coaches were destroyed. Fifty passengers, it was said, were killed or injured. Of those killed, forty were Federal soldiers.

After the explosion, a band of revolutionists appeared on the scene and began firing into the wreck, looting the baggage car and robbing passengers. Only one American is known to have been on the train. He is W. W. Merrian of San Francisco. He was not hurt, but was robbed of $90.

Consul Miller in Tampico telegraphed the State Department that since Aug. 23 he had forwarded to Laredo and Galveston more than 400 American refugees. Most of the number were sent to Laredo. The Consul said there were only a few more to be sent to the United States. Consul Lesher in Vera Cruz advised the department that the steamer City of Tampico, due at Galveston to-morrow, carried twenty-eight refugees.

Many refugees are on the way from Durango to Nueva Laredo. All those who gathered in the latter place have proceeded to their homes in the United States. Passengers are arriving in Nueva Laredo by rail directly from the City of Mexico. North of there several bridges have been burned and communication is interrupted. Each division of the railroad is operated separately and no train is run through.

Seized In American Uniform.

EL PASO, Texas, Sept. 23.—James J. Kenney of Waterbury, Conn., a discharged Sergeant from the Fifth United States Cavalry, on his way from Fort Huachuca, Ariz., was arested by Mexican soldiers in Juarez to-day because he appeared in uniform. He was paroled in the custody of T. D. Edwards, American Consul.

100 Federals Killed in Battle.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS, Mexico, Sept. 23.—Constitutionalists have captured the City of Jerez, State of Zacatecas, killing or wounding more than 100 Federals, according to a report brought by a rebel courier to their lines in Aura. The insurgent losses were not given. The courier reported the Constitutionalsits took four cannon and three machine guns.

INSANE PATIENT MURDERED.

Slayer Sought Among Inmates in Kings Park Asylum.

Dr. W. A. Macey, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Kings Park, L. I., and other officials are working with Dr. William B. Gibson of Huntington, Coroner of Suffolk County, to place the responsibility for the murder of Joseph Hallot of Brooklyn, a patient in the institution.

Hallet was found dead in his room on Monday night. In his breast was a knife wound, said to have been inflicted by another patient. As patients are not permitted to carry knives, and as the table cutlery is all accounted for after each meal, the officials are at a loss to understand how a fellow-patient could have obtained a weapon.

Dr. Gibson, following an autopsy, said that the stab-wound was not sufficient of itself to have caused death, and that Hallet succumbed to a blow dealt over the heart. Dr. Macey examined yesterday a number of nurses and other employes, as well as some of the patients.

BRING HOME A PERIPITUS.

South American Explorers Say They Have Snake's Ancestor.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Sept. 23.—Dr. Alexander G. Ruthven, curator of the University of Michigan museum; his assistant, Frederick K. Gaige, and Dr. A. S. Pearse of the University of Wisconsin have just returned from two months spent in the mountains between Venezuela and Colombia.

Much of the region had never been studied by scientists, it is claimed. The professors returned with many valuable specimens of reptiles, insects, and crustaceans, some of them regarded as extremely rare.

Among other specimens found was an insect sort of a creature known as the peripitus, supposed to be the ancestor of all the snakes and insects. The expedition also brought back a pair of large boa constrictors.

BARBARY COAST BARREN.

San Francisco Police Ordered to Clean Up City's Tenderloin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—The "Barbary Coast," a conglomeration of dance halls and dives known to most Californians, was ordered stripped of its attractions, and in effect abolished, by the Police Commission last night.

The commission adopted a resolution providing that after the end of this month, dancing will not be permitted in that district in any saloon or restaurant where liquor is sold, nor will any women patrons or employes be permitted in such restaurants or saloons.

Scheidemann Sails to Lecture Here.

BREMEN, Sept. 25.—Philip Scheidemann, who for a short period in 1912 was Deputy Speaker of the Imperial Parliament, sailed to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie for the United States, where he is to make a month's lecture tour. He will spend the first two weeks of his sojourn in New York and New England and will then go as far West as Denver. His trip was undertaken on the invitation of a group of American Socialists. The lectures will be in German.

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STATE G. O. P. IS MADE OVER NEW

Continued from Page 1.

She controls the Democratic Party in the State. She reaches out her hand to control that great court upon which the protection of our liberties depends."

Senator Root placed the blame of the police scandal and the situation at Albany directly upon Tammany.

"There can be no possible outcome of the impeachment proceedings in which Tammany Hall as an organization will not be convicted," said Senator Root impressively, and he continued:

"I don't care so much because Tammany Hall has squandered millions of dollars of the taxpayer's money; I don't care because she took control of the State pledged to a policy of economy and retrenchment and then promptly increased the salary roll $1,900,000 a year, but I do care that we of the State of New York are disgraced and lowered in the estimation of the rest of the world."

The Senator added that the people had it in their power at this election to say whether or not they approved of the Tammany Hall stewardship.

After Job E. Hedges had read the platform and Harold J. Hinman had made a lengthy speech about it, the delegates, who showed signs of getting tired, suddenly became interested as District Attorney Whitman walked out on the stage. A roar went up, and even the women in the galleries cheered themselves hoarse. After about two minutes of cheering Mr. Whitman was permitted to speak. He said in part:

Whitman Stirs the Delegates.

"The Senate Chamber at Albany offers a spectacle to the people of this State and of this nation of which we are not altogether proud, but which nevertheless to-day is impressive and is instructive. Whatever may be the merits of the controversy, however unworthy may have been the motives which prompted the actions of those responsible for the present proceeding, whatever lack there may have been of dignity and decorum, and even of sincerity, on the part of the popular legislative body of this State which brought the indictment, throughout New York to-day there is manifest confidence, trust, and faith that the people of the State of New York are going to be treated fairly and that the man whom the people have elected Governor of the State of New York is going to be treated fairly, that justice and right and law are going to prevail, that the truth is going to come out, that after all it is a matter of little concern to the people of the State who brings these charges, but it is a matter of vital concern that it should be determined whether these charges be true or not."

Mr. Whitman said that whatever suspicion had existed in the public mind regarding the integrity of the Court of Impeachment had been dispelled. He referred to the fact that the people of the State were called upon this year to elect two members to the Court of Appeals, and he added that the Republicans had many candidates who were well fitted to render full service to the people. He said that the Republican Party was needed in the nation and State, and he made a veiled attack upon Col. Roosevelt that was appreciated by the delegates. He said:

"A defect in a system of jurisprudence is not demonstrated by the failure of some official incumbent to perform his duty. Just what the expression 'recall of Judges' or 'recall of judicial decisions' may mean depends, it would seem, largely upon the opinion of the individual whom you may happen to hear advocating the recall and the time and place of its advocacy, and it is hardly fair to charge any one individual with the extreme notions and doctrines advocated by the unreasoning, the overzealous, and the self-seeking, for whom he may be in no way responsible, but the Republican Party has set its face against any change in our system of jurisprudence, which change would restrict or hamper the freedom and independence of the bench, or which would impair the validity of judicial decisions, or which would render other than final the determinations or constitutional questions of the nation's court of last resort."

Mr. Whitman carefully refrained from making any reference to his indorsement by Tammany Hall, but in alluding to the fact that the party showed signs of getting together again he said with emphasis:

"He serves his party most who serves his country best," he was wildly cheered.

Naming the Ticket.

The convention after unanimously adopting the platform and the resolutions favoring the calling of a special National Convention moved to the business of nominating Court of Appeals candidates. Eugene J. Dwyer of Monroe County presented the name of Judge Werner and thereby started another demonstration. Joseph Rockwell of Saratoga nominated ex-Senator Brackett. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, seconded the nomination of Judge Werner in response, he said to the wishes of many of the delegates.

President Butler paid a glowing tribute to the character, scholarship, and experience of Judge Werner, and after Mr. Brackett's nomination was seconded the voting began by Assembly districts. New York County cast almost a solid vote for Judge Werner. Mr. Rockwell, who had nominated Mr. Brackett, then moved that the vote for Judge Werner be made unanimous, and this was done.

Justice Hiscock as easily led Justice Crane in the balloting for Associate Judge as Judge Werner had led Mr. Brackett. His selection likewise was made unanimous, and at 11:25 o'clock the convention adjourned. Immediately the meeting of the State Committee and it ratified the selection of the convention.

SETBACK FOR STANDPATTERS.

Plan for Special National Convention and Change in Representation.

The "stand-pat" element in the Republican Party in the State received a decided setback yesterday when the Committee on Resolutions met in the College Room of the Hotel Astor and adopted resolutions favoring the calling of a special Republican National Convention to take up the question of changing the method of representation at National Conventions.

Chairman Barnes and his supporters have been opposed all along to the idea of calling a special National Convention as well as to the plan of having each State decide upon its own method of representation. The proposition first came up yesterday when the convention met in Carnegie Hall. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Henry L. Stimson, and William Chilvers, Republican leader of the Twenty-ninth Assembly District, all introduced resolutions having for their main purpose a special National Convention to take up the representation matter.

Dr. Butler's resolution favored the calling of a national convention "if necessary," and this was objected to by the anti-Barnes men. Mr. Stimson's resolution went more directly to the point by saying that a convention should be "called immediately and held within the next four months." The Chilver resolution was along the same lines.

The three resolutions were referred to the Committee on Resolutions, of which Job E. Hedges was elected Chairman, and of which Senator Root, Samuel S. Koenig, Herbert Parsons, William M. Ivins, Henry L. Stimson, Jacob Gould Schurman, and Mr. Barnes were members. As soon as the committee met at the Hotel Astor the fight on the resolutions began.

All three resolutions favored the changing of the party rules and provided that delegates to a national convention should be chosen in accordance with the provisions of State laws governing such election where such laws existed, and that the representation should be based upon the vote cast in each Congressional district. Dr. Butler spoke for his resolution, first saying that it represented brevity and clarity. The party, he said, should conform to new conditions. A change, he said, would be beneficial to the Republican Party and greatly increase the party's strength.

While Dr. Butler's resolution favored the calling of a national convention, it contained the qualifying clause "if necessary," and the anti-Barnes men objected to this.

Senator Elon R. Brown of Watertown made the point that the present method of representation from Congressional districts should be retained; otherwise New York State Republicans would lose prestige.

"This attempt to stifle the Congressional district unit of representation is a step backward," he said. "I shall fight to have the Congressional district recognized no matter what the others say about State laws prevailing. Any attempt to do these things in the name of the people which are intended to stifle the will of the people will fail."

Senator Root spoke in behalf of Mr. Stimson's resolution, and his remarks drew forth sharp rejoinders from Barnes. Mr. Root argued in favor of calling a special national convention to take up the question of representation, for it ought to be settled, he said, before the next regular national convention. It was a matter, he said, that could be decided properly only after the representatives from all the States had discussed it thoroughly.

"We have reached the point where the Republican States have the right to elect their delegates in a way they see fit," said Senator Root. "We cannot think of changing the rules unless a special convention is held. I think a special convention should be called so that we can discuss and consider these changes. It is not for us to make the changes. The whole convention must do it. I have talked with Republicans from all parts of the country on this subject, and the trend of thought is in favor of changing the rules. In my opinion, there ought to be a change in the basis of representation. Opinions will differ as to how it is to be done, but every State should be permitted to determine for itself the way in which it wants to choose its delegates."

Chairman Barnes then said that, as there seemed to be unanimity of feeling in favor of calling a special National Convention, he would not oppose the plan.

"The matter naturally concerns me as National Committeeman," he said. "Senator Root has pointed out the fundamental facts, but he did not say that we may be confronted with a movement which may mean the party's destruction. I am opposed to that a National Convention should be called by the National Committee and then hold that convention subject to the laws of the various States. Men from all over the country will be contending against each other. I am for all that stand by along, and it will continue to be my stand unless the Republican organization wishes me to take another stand. If it does so wish, and I can take that stand, I will do so, but if I cannot take that stand I will resign."

It was finally decided to turn the matter over to a sub-committee made up of Senator Root, Dr. Butler, and Mr. Stimson. This committee moulded the three resolutions into one, but there was considerable opposition when the resolution was presented to the full committee.

Mr. Barnes suggested an amendment to the effect that New York State preferred representation by Congress districts. Finally, Robert Parsons offered an amendment and the resolution as finally adopted read:

We instruct the representative of New York State on the National Committee to urge that a National Convention be called as soon as practicable to change the party rules as

First—To provide that in the call for future National Conventions, delegates are to be chosen in each State in the manner preferred by the Republican voters of such States, we, however, urging the Congressional district as a unit of representation; and

Second—To insure that representation in the National Convention shall hereafter be based more nearly on the Republican vote actually cast in the several States and Congressional districts, which just principle received the unanimous support of the delegates from New York to the National Convention in 1908; and

Third—To amend the rules relating to party procedure in such other subjects as may be requisite.

The resolution was adopted unanimously in the convention last night.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Attacks Currency Bill, Assails Tammany, and Indorses Mitchel.

Here is the Republican platform as adopted at the State Convention in Carnegie Hall last night:

The Republican Party of the State of New York will, by its action here to-night, present to the voters its candidates for Chief Judge and Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals. They will be selected by a convention composed of delegates elected directly for that purpose in a free and open primary of all the voters of the party in the State.

It is confidently believed that such candidates will represent the true principle which should control in the selection of public officers, and that the men chosen will be men who, by long and conspicuous public service, have proved that they are able, upright, faithful, and pre-eminently fitted for judicial duty in our court of last resort.

They should, and will, represent the Republican doctrine which maintains the independence, authority, and dignity of the judiciary.

The Republican Party believes that popular obedience to the control of law and the impartial, unintimidated and courageous administration of justice lie at the foundation of our peace, order, security, and freedom.

The Republican Party believes that States, like individuals, should be governed by principles rather than by impulse, by laws rather than by men. It believes that the great rules of right conduct and justice contained in our Constitution should continue to control and limit the powers of government to the end that individual liberty may be preserved and our Constitutional Government endure. If the statement of those rules be found at any time inadequate or wrong, then the statement of the rules should be changed in due and orderly manner as prescribed by the Constitution. The Republican Party condemns all proposals to intimidate Judges in the discharge of their duty by threats of a recall in case of an unpopular decision and all proposals to nullify the decisions of the courts at the will of a temporary popular authority through the recall of decisions.

Tammany's Malign Control.

The coming election will have a special significance because the election of the Republican candidates now presented offers the means—and the only means—for the people of the State to repel and reject the malign control of Tammany Hall over the politics and Government of the State and over the highest judicial tribunal of the State. Tammany is no longer a local issue. It grasps the State, it controls the Democratic Party of the State, it controls absolutely the Democratic State Committee.

The candidates about to be nominated by the Democratic State Committee will be named by Tammany Hall. Taking advantage of a bad law, passed by a Democratic Legislature and signed by a Democratic Governor, no Democratic State Convention has been called; no Democratic Primary has been held; but the Democratic State Committee, controlled by Tammany Hall, is to name the candidates whom Tammany selects. To elect those candidates would be to give approval, prestige, and added power to Tammany and perpetuate the present condition in the Court of Appeals of six Democratic Judges and only one Republican.

The Republican Party believes that the government of our State ought no longer to be controlled by the Democratic Party as at present constituted. That appears when we consider the wretched and humiliating spectacle presented by the Democratic administration at Albany during the past three years. Never before in the history of our State has there been such a record of waste, inefficiency, and corruption. Public duty and public interests have been forgotten amid the undignified and petty quarrels of party factions, and, while the taxpayers' money has been squandered, the honor and good name of our great State have been lowered in the estimation of the world.

There has been great waste in the hundred million dollars appropriated for the improvement of highways, while the highways still remain in a deplorable condition; great extravagance in the creation of at least fifty commissions during the last two Democratic Administrations; in the unnecessary and wasteful increase of public offices and the salary list; the moneys of the State have been wasted in the reconstruction of the Capitol—until the people of the State despair under the present Administration of the restoration to the reasonably safe and efficient administration of the financial affairs of the State which characterized Republican Administrations.

In view of the immediate interest in the whole State in checking the control of Tammany Hall over State politics, we consider it within the province of this convention to urge upon all Republicans of the City of New York and upon all the lovers of good and honest Government in that city, not merely that they vote for the judicial candidates now presented, but that they make every effort within their power to secure the success of the anti-Tammany local ticket in New York City. The most effective place to strike Tammany is at home. The Mayoralty and the control of the great revenues of the city should by all means be kept out of Tammany hands. The only way to do that is to vote and work for the Republican ticket headed by Mr. Mitchel, and no Republican who fails in this will do his duty to his State or to his party.

Calls Election Law a Disgrace.

Our election law is a disgrace and a menace to popular government. It was intentionally made complicated and repressive; the work of a crafty, unscrupulous Tammany domination. Every Republican in the Legislature voted against it. We commend the Republican minority in the Legislature for its strict devotion to the pledges made by the Republican Party in the platform adopted at Saratoga in 1912, and for its gallant struggle in both branches of the Legislature against the recklessness, rapacity, and baseness of motive which constantly characterized the attitude of the Democratic Party.

The record of the minority has been so open and consistent that it must be apparent to the people of the State that at the coming election such minority should be transformed into a majority. Thus only can effective barrier be established against the demoralization of the State Government.

We pledge anew our representatives in the Legislature to the enactment of laws which shall afford the electorate of the States the safest and surest means for the expression and fulfillment of the will of the people.

We reaffirm the declaration of the Saratoga platform of 1912 in the following words:

"The purpose of the Republican Party to repeal these statutes, to relieve the people of the State from the worse than useless expenditure of money and time which they cause, and to substitute simple, direct, economical, and convenient methods by which the voters of the State may express and make effective their wishes. To this end we favor the short ballot, surrounding the primary election with the same safeguards as the regular elections, the direct election of primary committees, the direct nomination of party candidates to Congressional, Senatorial, Assembly, county, and municipal subdivisions, and the direct election of delegates to the State Convention, with the right of party electors to directly express their preference for nominations for State officers if they so desire."

We also affirm the other declarations of the Saratoga platform of 1912.

At a time when we are approaching the submission to the people of the advisability of holding a constitutional convention, in failing to provide for which the Democratic Party violated its pledge, it is of the utmost importance that the Republican Party should demand the election of delegates to such convention who will represent the views of the people of the State and not the views of the bosses of any political party.

We reaffirm our faith in the Republican principle of protection to American workingmen, American industries, and the American farmers. We believe that the promises made by the Democrats to reduce the cost of living by constructing a tariff on a different principle will be falsified by experience in the near future. Inevitably the Democratic tariff will destroy or injure many industries, though the party is endeavoring to minimize these evils under color of a banking and currency act which, through its provisions for an inflated currency, is calculated to give an artificial stimulus to business.

Currency Bill Denounced.

In its history of achievement the Republican Party has done two great, undying services for the American people—it saved them from national disruption and it prevented financial disaster. Combating these pernicious and disloyal principles, it preserved our national existence and our national solvency and probity. To the leadership and legislation of the Republican Party the nation owes the gold standard and the national banking system.

For two generations the Democratic Party has given aid and comfort to every movement for fiat money, for the free coinage of silver, and for unsound and unscientific banking.

"We denounce the Democratic Banking and Currency bill which has passed the House of Representatives and is now under consideration by the Senate as menacing the business interests of the country and as inimical to the interests of the whole people, because it rests upon and embodies these false principles:

(1) That the interests of the owners and managers of banks and those of business men and the public generally are in conflict. In fact, all these interests are identical.

(2) That paper money should be issued by the Government and should involve the Government's credit. This is unsound, unscientific and condemned by experience. It is but a short step from this to greenbackism.

(3) That the control and administration of the banks should be taken in large part from those who have established and own them, and lodged in a board of political appointees. This is a new, radical and most dangerous departure from American practice. It is as unwise as it is unnecessary. Government supervision and inspection of national banks have been highly successful for half a century, and have afforded ample protection to the public interests.

Should this bill be enacted into law in its present form, it would be easily possible for the people to lose all that they gained by the vetoes of inflation measures by President Grant in 1874, by President Hayes in 1878, by the successful fight against the compulsory purchase of silver led by President Cleveland in 1893, and by the victory of President McKinley on a gold standard platform in 1896.

The powerful support of William Jennings Bryan has been secured for this pending bill by the surrender, in form or in fact, of the sound money principles for which Presidents Grant, Hayes, Cleveland and McKinley stood, and in favor of which the entire intellect which Mr. Bryan made his own in 1896, and which has been overwhelmingly rejected by the American people.

The words of President Cleveland, written to the Congress on Aug. 8, 1893, are as pertinent now as on the day they were written.

This matter rises above the plane of party politics. It vitally concerns every business and calling and enters every household in the land. One of the greatest statesmen our country has known, speaking more than fifty years ago, when a derangement of the currency had caused financial distress, said:

"The very man of all others who has the deepest interest in a sound currency and who suffers most by mischievous legislation in money matters is the man who earns his daily bread by his daily toil."

In this situation, with the many important matters pressing for decision by the citizens of the State and Nation, the Republican Party would be neglectful of its duty to its members and to the voters generally, if it should fail to emphasize the need of careful study and a right and sound determination.

WHO THE CANDIDATES ARE.

Werner 20 Years on Bench—Bar Association Praised Hiscock.

Judge Werner of the Court of Appeals, who has been nominated as the candidate to succeed Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen, has passed nearly his entire professional life on the bench. Born at Buffalo in 1855 and forced, through the death of his father, to earn his own living as a lad as an errand boy and doing chores for a farmer, he was admitted to the practice of law while he was working as a clerk and bookkeeper in Rochester.

Four years later, in 1884, he was elected Special County Judge of Monroe County, and he held that appointment until 1894. He was then elected to the Supreme Court bench on the Republican ticket, with Democratic indorsement. He distinguished himself by his rebuke of a Monroe County Grand Jury for failing to indict for Raines law offenses, and in 1900 was nominated by Gov. Roosevelt to fill a vacancy in the Court of Appeals. Four years later he was elected to the same position for a term which will not expire until Dec. 31, 1918.

Frank Harris Hiscock, also nominated by the convention for the Court of Appeals, has been a member of that court by designation since 1905. He was born at Tully, N. Y., in 1856 and was graduated from Cornell in 1875. He is now a Trustee of that university. He was admitted to the bar in 1878, and was a member of the Republican State Committee in 1894 and 1895. He was elected to the Supreme Court in 1896 and served on the Appellate Bench of the Fourth Division from 1901 to 1905, being designated to the Court of Appeals in December of the latter year.

The Judiciary Committee of the New York Bar Association had this to say last year about the record of Judge Hiscock and Judge Chase in the highest court of the State:

"They have, in the opinion of your committee, clearly furnished unmistakable evidence of capacity and fitness within the rule of the association, and especially of qualification to serve as Judges of the highest court of this State."

Hilles Makes No Prophecy.

Charles D. Hilles, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, said yesterday, when he heard of the action of the State Convention in favoring a special National Convention, that the proposition would be brought before the Republican National Committee early in December. Mr. Hilles did not venture to say what action he thought the National Committee would take.

ARMED MEN IN CAPITOL.

Speaker of Tennessee House Accuses Governor of Coercion.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 23.—A climax in the bitter prohibition fight in Tennessee was reached in the lower house of the General Assembly assembled in extra session to-day when Speaker Stanton said that he had been warned to render on the law enforcement bills only such rulings as would favor their passage and that Gov. Hooper had brought seven armed guards into the House to intimidate him.

Several inflammatory speeches followed, but the House voted down a motion providing for an investigation. Representative McFarland, first removing his coat to show he was unarmed, denounced the man who "rams down weapons in his pocket" as a coward. Representative Stone, who threw back his coattails to display his vacant hip pockets, similarly characterized "any man who would call a set or armed men to guard the door of the legislative hall."

The presence of a suitcase, filled with revolvers, and the seven guards locked in the office of the Superintendent of the Capitol, was discovered by Senator Hubert Fisher, who entered the door down, despite warnings from those inside not to enter. Senator F

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

DIVORCE IN A YEAR FROM FRENCH COUNT

Former Mrs. Batchelder Finds Their Points of View in Hopeless Conflict.

MAKES NO ACCUSATION

Married Him for Love and Admits His Behavior Is Perfectly Correct as a French Count Sees It.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—What is believed to be a record for brief duration in international marriages has been established by Countess De Bois Lucy, formerly Miss Julia O'Neill of New Orleans, and later Mrs. J. D. Batchelder, who has entered divorce proceedings in the Paris courts. The suit will come up for hearing in a few weeks. If the case is not delayed in the courts and a divorce is granted, less than a year will have elapsed between marriage and divorce.

The suit shows the difficulties that American women find when they become the wives of foreigners, even where the marriage is based on love. Last year Mrs. Batchelder, who lived for some time in Chicago and was the widow of a wealthy lumberman, broke off by mutual consent her engagement to marry Prince John Kodenski of Austria in order to wed Count André Hayoit De Bois Lucy, a member of one of the oldest and richest families of France.

It was a union of pure affection. Mrs. Batchelder, having rejected an Austrian Prince in order to marry a French Count, could not be regarded as seeking a title, while the Count on his part was so little inclined to regard the monetary side of the marriage that he entered into a contract providing for a separation, which under the French law means that each party to the marriage retains full possession and control of his and her own property.

The wedding was celebrated in Paris last Dec. 22. The honeymoon was spent in Cairo.

The Countess was soon convinced that she had made a mistake—that an American woman's ideal of married life clashed hopelessly with that of a French nobleman.

The Count's behavior was perfectly correct from the French point of view. The Countess alleges neither misconduct nor physical cruelty. Disputes, however, disclosed irreconcilable attitudes, and finally the Countess took preliminary steps to obtain a divorce.

She has discussed the matter recently with friends in Paris. She does not charge her husband with doing anything improper. Her case, she says, simply illustrates the impossibility of an independent-minded American woman finding happiness as the wife of a Frenchman.

The Countess to-day discussed with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent the whole question of international unions. "My own experience," she said, "fully convinces me that American girls cannot be happy as wives of European noblemen. In my own case I was not seeking a title, nor was the Count marrying for money, for my fortune is not great. We just married for one another, only to find that the divergent outlook upon life of Americans and French made happiness impossible.

"Perhaps some young American girls might be able to adapt themselves to European ideals, but it is doubtful. This generation of American women is too keen in its sense of rights and liberties to do it.

"Certainly no American girl ought to marry a title. What is a title, anyway? I believe a foreign title is the greatest handicap that can be placed in a man's way

"American men have brains, go out, get things done. They are men doing useful things all the time. It is for us American women to respect them and estimate them at their true worth."

After obtaining her divorce the Countess will visit America in order again to mix in the society of "real men and women." She will then return to Paris and probably make her home here. "I love France" she said. "I think the women adorable, but, speaking of Frenchmen as a whole, they are not to be compared with Americans."

NO DARIEN INVASION.

Pearson Concession Will Not Violate the Monroe Doctrine.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 24.—The Times yesterday gave prominence to a dispatch from its Washington correspondent to the effect that the report of the Pearson concessions in Colombia had aroused American objections, especially the statement that the concessions included the building of a harbor on the Gulf of Darien, which, said the correspondent, would be considered an infraction of the Monroe Doctrine. The correspondent added that another reason why the Government at Washington would be likely to view with disfavor any foreign exploitation on a large scale in the neighborhood of Darien was the fact that the possibility of using the Atrato River in the construction of an interoceanic canal was still a moot point.

Discussing this dispatch, The Times this morning says:

"There can be no doubt that the views thus expressed will raise questions of most momentous interest, but so far as the Pearson concessions are concerned they are based on inaccurate information and are in any case premature. Neither from Colombia nor Ecuador have the Messrs. Pearson yet actually obtained any concessions at all, for in both cases the contracts have still to be ratified by the respective Congresses.

"Apart from this, however, there is no truth in the report that the contract with Colombia contains any such concession as that which has seemed to excite the susceptibilities of Washington. The actual terms of the contract are not available, as they are still under discussion, but we understand that they closely resemble those of the contract with Ecuador, of which the full abstract was published in the financial section of The Times on Sept. 6."

The Times then quotes Article 2 of this contract, which, it says, is the only article which has any possible bearing on the questions raised in the United States. The Times points out that there is no mention of harbor works, or indeed of any works not strictly necessary for the enterprise itself.

BRITISH POSTMEN MAY QUIT.

Threaten Strike—9,000 Colliers Out —Irish Rioters Wound Police.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—That the strike fever is not entirely allayed is indicated by the strike of 4,000 colliers to-day because a company policeman insulted a miner's wife. The company refused to dismiss the policeman and will close the pits to-morrow. This will bring the number of idle men up to 9,000.

The Postmen's Convention adopted a resolution to-day declaring that the statement of the Postmaster General to the effect that the wages of postal employes would be raised $5,000,000 in the course of the year was false, and that a decade would expire before the amount would reach that sum.

If at the end of six weeks nothing was done to meet the men's grievances the convention declared the question of a general strike of postal employes would be put to the vote of the union.

DUBLIN, Sept. 23.—A report that Premier Asquith is coming to Dublin is believed to indicate that an effort will be made to settle the strike, as the determination of the Trades Union Congress to send supplies to the strikers is frustrating the employers' plans to win by starvation, and may lead to the reopening of the negotiations.

Serious rioting occurred to-day at Fermanagh, the centre of the farm laborers' strike. The crowds used sticks, stones, and bottles, wounding several of the police, who retaliated with the free use of their clubs.

ROSPIGLIOSI STORY DENIED.

Prince Joseph Did Not Go Through Marriage Ceremony on Deathbed.

ROME, Sept. 23.—Prince Joseph Rospigliosi, who died yesterday at Stresa, did not marry in a religious ceremony Mrs. F. H. Parkhurst of Bangor, Me., (formerly Miss Marie Jennings Reid of New Orleans.) This statement is made by his brother, Prince Camillo Rospigliosi, ex-Commander of the Papal Guard, who was at Prince Joseph's bedside till his death.

Prince Camillo issued an emphatic denial of the published reports, saying that, apart from other considerations, such a marriage was impossible, as the annulment of Mrs. Parkhurst's marriage to Col. Parkhurst had never been admitted by the Church.

Send-Off for Cyril Maude.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—In honor of Cyril Maude, who will sail with his company for Canada to-morrow, there was one of the biggest gatherings of theatrical managers that ever assembled in London at a dinner to-night. Sir Herbert Tree presided. Mr. Maude said he first went to Canada at the age of 20 and worked on a farm for a year. The farmer for whom he worked was now keeper of a cemetery at Toronto.

FLIES 558 MILES ACROSS THE SEA

Garros Reaches Tunis from France, Crossing the Mediterranean in 7 Hours 45 Minutes.

ATLANTIC FLIGHT NEARER

From Ireland to Newfoundland About 3 1-2 Times the Distance Garros Went Yesterday.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—The aviator Roland G. Garros to-day crossed the Mediterranean from Frejus, near Cannes, to Bizerta, near Tunis, adding another record to the list of French aerial achievements.

Garros had contemplated the flight for some time, despite the efforts of his friends to persuade him to abandon the idea. He disdained the offer

ROLAND G. GARROS.

of the French Admiralty to assist him with a chain of torpedo boats, and, without saying anything to any one but a few friends, arranged to make the attempt.

At 6 o'clock this morning in a Morane-Saulnier monoplane fitted with a Gnome engine, he flew south on his 558-mile journey over the sea. The weather was fine.

For some time after Garros had disappeared his friends were without news. Then, between 7 and 8 o'clock, a wireless message from Ajaccio, Corsica, announced that the monoplane had passed there, heading for Tunis. Ajaccio is about 112 miles from the French coast.

Shortly afterward Garros was reported over the coast of Sardinia, and at 1:45 P. M. a message from Bizerta announced that he had landed there, having made a no-stop flight.

Garros's flight ranks as one of the most notable feats in aviation. He did not actually fly 558 miles without passing land, but two stages, one of 112 miles and the other of 125 miles, were over the sea, without the possibility of rescue had he fallen. His actual flying time was 7 hours 45 minutes.

There were scenes of wild enthusiasm in Bizerta when Garros landed. The crews of the warships in the roads joined the townspeople in giving him a magnificent ovation.

BIZERTA, Sept. 23.—Garros's flight to-day was the longest in an aeroplane over sea that has ever been accomplished.

The aviator refused to accept the advice offered him that he affix floaters to his aeroplane as a precaution in cas he should be forced to descend on the water. He also declined the offer made by the French naval authorities to station torpedo boat destroyers at intervals along his route from France to Tunis.

The flight is regarded by aviators and military men as an amazing performance of motor, aeroplane, and airman.

Garros has a world-wide reputation as an aviator, having won some of the famous long distance races in Europe, taken part in flying meets in many countries, and made several altitude records. He flew in the United States in 1910 and 1911.

[illegible] April 5 Lord Northcliffe, the Eng[illegible] publisher, who has offered a $50,000 prize to the first aviator to cross the Atlantic Ocean, to or from any point in the United States, Canada, or Newfoundland, from or to any point in Great Britain or Ireland, indicated in a dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES a route about three and one-half times as long as that which Garros traversed so easily yesterday in crossing the Mediterranean. This route is from Newfoundland to the west coast of Ireland, a distance of 1,900 miles. At the rate Garros flew yesterday he could cross the Atlantic in about twenty-seven hours.

Lord Northcliffe also pointed out in his dispatch to THE TIMES that the route suggested to him by Count de Lambert, an associate of the Wrights, closely followed steamship tracks, and that an aviator using it would scarcely ever be out of sight of a liner. He said that at a height of 1,000 feet vision was much extended and that he had clearly seen a church 65 miles away while at that height. The actual distance of the horizon from an aviator flying at a height of 1,700 feet would be about fifty miles.

Joseph Brucker, a German balloonist who formerly lived in Milwaukee and Chicago, equipped a balloon last Spring for a drift across the Atlantic from the Canary Islands to Florida or Cuba. The minimum distance of his calculated flight was 1,550 miles, said to be the shortest practicable route for air travel, and practically the line followed by Columbus on his first voyage. This route of course would not comply with the terms of the Northcliffe prize, which makes the British Isles one point in the flight. Brucker had difficulties with fellow-members of his expedition and abandoned his attempt on April 17, taking his balloon back to Germany.

ATTACKS PORTS COMPANY.

Cuban Attorney Declares Menocal's Decree Constitutional.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 23.—Assistant State's Attorney Bidegaray took up the defense of the Government this afternoon in the Cuban Ports Company appeal to the Supreme Court against President Menocal's recent decree suspending from payments the customs funds to the Ports Company according to the terms of their concession. His speech closed the arguments, and the Supreme Court's decision is expected within ten days.

Attorney Bidegaray declared that the constitutionality of the law of February, 1911, creating the concession, was not under discussion. What was under discussion was the act of President Gomez in considering the Ports Company of Cuba as the concessionaire referred to in that law when the said Ports Company had not previously shown its existence and organization in conformity with the Cuban laws when the said law granting the concession was passed. Mr. Bidegaray then showed that President Menocal's decree against which the Ports Company appealed was not opposed to the Constitution, as it did not dissolve the concession, but merely suspended payment of Custom House funds, and at the same time started a suit in the courts, charging the company's illegality, so that if the concession was ultimately annulled, it would be by the courts and not by the President.

SHARKS GET A PASSENGER.

Believed to Have Devoured Man Who Fell from the Campania.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—When the Cunard liner Campania, which arrived at Queenstown to-day, was in mid-Atlantic, an Irish third-class passenger, John Fagan, jumped or fell overboard.

The engines were stopped and a boat rowed quickly to the aid of the drowning man, but a number of sharks were seen in the water, and by the time the boat arrived at the spot there was no trace of him. It is believed that Fagan was devoured by the sharks.

The Campania was stopped for about an hour.

King to be Roxburghe Sponsor.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—King George will, it is expected, act as a sponsor for the heir to the Duke of Roxburghe, born a few days ago. Queen Alexandra will be one of the godmothers. The infant, who will be known as Lord Bowmont, will be christened Henry, the name borne by the last four Dukes of Roxburghe. The christening ceremony will be next month, probably in the Chapel Royal, St. James's.

Scientists Applaud Dr. Noguchi.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—Dr. Hideyo Noguchi of the Rockefeller Institute, New York, the only scientist not of German nationality invited to attend the German Nature Investigation Congress, today described before an audience of distinguished scientists and doctors his researches and discoveries regarding paralysis of specific origin. He was warmly congratulated on his brilliant work, which includes the isolation of the rabies germ.

SEES NO DECADENCE IN ENGLISH SPIRIT

London Telegraph Says Olympic Games No Longer Meet British Ideals.

AROUSED BY COMMENT

Admits Nation Is Lukewarm Toward $500,000 Fund—Answers New York Times Editorial.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Sept. 24.—The Daily Telegraph, whose New York correspondent yesterday quoted THE NEW YORK TIMES's editorial on Great Britain's attitude toward the Olympic games, to-day publishes a leader on the subject.

"American critics," says The Telegraph, "imply that the so-called 'slackness of Britishers' is a sign of degeneracy, that the situation requires a new Kipling of different calibre from the man who spoke so disrespectfully of 'muddied oafs,' the general moral being that Great Britain must wake up and revive her ancient spirit of emulation and competition.

"Of course, any comparison between our attitude toward the Olympic games and that toward the Panama Exposition is absurdly wide of the mark. If our manufacturers decline to take part in the forthcoming exhibition, their reason is a purely commercial one. In this matter the Germans are inclined to agree with us, and naturally the abstention of two such important commercial communities from the Panama enterprise grieves and saddens the American public.

"But the Olympic games slackness demands wholly different considerations, and is concerned not with trade but with a peculiar and individual spirit."

The Daily Telegraph admits that the temper of the nation is decidedly lukewarm on the question of raising a $500,000 fund in order to send a specially picked and trained body of athletes to Berlin. It fails, however, to see in that anything of national decadence, but only that Englishmen and Americans are animated by wholly different ideals, adding:

"The question is whether athletic prowess as such, when made a matter of business, is or is not helpful to the national welfare. America thinks it is. So, too, to a large extent do both Germany and the Scandinavian races. But we of this country have had very long experience in matters of this kind, very much longer experience, obviously, than any of our rivals, and if some of us think our own ideals are to be preferred, at least we have the right to hold such an opinion."

NOT SO AFRAID OF GERMANY.

Britain's Change of View Shown by Her New Naval Plans.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The announcement by the Admiralty that a fleet comprising eight battleships, three battle cruisers, eight cruisers, and eight light cruisers will be sent to the Mediterranean early in November, coupled with the dispatch of four large armored ships which will have their base in the future at Bermuda, indicates a radical change in the British naval policy. Great Britain, on account of the friction with Germany, has kept practically all the fighting units within home waters for several years past.

The Mediterranean Fleet, after manoeuvres, will cruise as far as Alexandria. With the vessels already in those waters, the visiting fleet, under Vice Admiral Sir Stanley Colville, will make the most imposing naval demonstration ever attempted by Great Britain in the Mediterranean. The visit will precede that of the American Atlantic Fleet.

The Fourth Cruiser Squadron, leaving England Sept. 29, will proceed direct to Bermuda. It is due there on Oct. 10, after which the ships will scatter, to visit various ports in the Caribbean.

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Fine soft French cotton, sheer linen and pure silk cloths made with the elegance of finish requisite for evening dress.

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THINK of getting a Hardman Piano that we, its makers, consider every bit as good as new for as little as $250.

Regularly you cannot buy a Hardman for less than $450.

But these are reconstructed instruments—made new in every respect by the workmen who made them originally. And their prices run as low as $250.

Then, too, this Sale includes Hardman and Harrington instruments (Pianos and Player-Pianos too) that have been returned from rental.

Every one has been refinished and regulated and really you cannot tell them from brand new instruments.

Their prices as little as $175.

We also offer some pianos and player-pianos of standard makes taken in exchange for Hardman Pianos or Autotones at prices which begin with $100 for pianos and $275 for player-pianos.

A few outside players, Hardmans, Pianolas and Cecilians, begin at $40.

To say that this is a tremendous opportunity for you who want a piano or player-piano is putting our case all too mildly—

But to realize just how big it is, you must come and see the instruments offered.

Best come to-day—this Sale ends on Tuesday, September 30th.

As to Terms: You can pay us a small part of the purchase price of any of these instruments and we will deliver it at your home immediately—then you can complete your payment in small weekly or monthly installments just as you wish.

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Three Special Purchases Are Combined in This

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2,800 High-Class, Fashionable

Business Suits — Full Dress Coats and Trousers — Suits for Dress Wear

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Cutaway Coats and Vests

Choice, Today, at

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Garments That Range in Value to $25 Each

Talk about saving money! YOU NEVER HAD A BETTER OPPORTUNITY AT THIS TIME OF THE YEAR THAN IS AFFORDED IN TODAY'S SALE. First and most important please take into consideration the fact that all of these garments were made for regular selling for this fall and winter.

There are entirely too many styles and materials to describe in so small an advertisement. But this much we will say: That there isn't a man or a youth in New York or surrounding territory that we cannot satisfy on the all-important points of STYLE, FIT and MATERIAL.

EVERY NEW PATTERN, FABRIC and WEAVE is included. The wonderful assortments in this sale include:

Youths' and Young Men's New Model Suits—values to $25; Today, at $11.85

Patch pockets, soft-roll suits, coat and trousers suits, Norfolk suits; newest patterns in every size and style. Also:

Youths' and Young Men's Fall Model Tuxedo Suits and Full Dress Coats and Trousers; Black and Oxford Cutaway Frock Coats and Vests all made by one of New York's best tailors. Handsomely finished and silk-laced; today, at $11.85

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MAIN BUILDING

Women's $20 to $27.50 Fall Suits—at	$16.50	25c Dresden Taffeta Ribbon 5¼ inches wide; per yard	17c
Women's $3 and $3.50 Sample Shoes—at	$1.69	75c Rosebud Trimmings—at	50c
Service Pieces of Sterling Silver—value $2.95; at	$1.65	$4.25 Silk Bridal Hoods and Veils—at	$2.69
Jewelry—Dainty Trinkets—values to $1.25; choice, at	50c	10c to $1 Articles Stamped for Embroidery—clearances of small lots; at	3c to 50c
Women's 50c 16-Button-Length Chamoisilsle Gloves—a pair	28c	27-Inch Chinchilla Cloth—a yard	25c
75c to $1 Volle Flouncings—a yard	39c	12½c Printed Flannelettes—a yard	7½c
75c to 98c Shadow All-Over Laces—a yard	39c	49c and 75c Sleeveless Net Blouses—at	39c
$1.50 Imported Semi-Made Corset Covers—at	89c	79c Crib Blankets—each	59c
69c Bed Pillows—each	39c		
100 "La Lucbana" Cigars—first quality; for	$2.45		
Girls' $1.50 "Middy" Blouses at	69c		
Girls' $1.25 Plaid "Middy" Skirts—at	89c		

Sale of Caldwell Pianos and Player-Pianos.

September Sale of Notions and Dressmakers' Supplies.

Special Sale of Dress Goods.

Clearance Sale of "Odd" Towels.

Pure Food Show Grocery Specials. Wines and Liquors.

GREENHUT BUILDING

Parlor Furniture — in gold, Rookwood, Vernis-Martin, &c., at ONE-THIRD LESS THAN REGULAR.

Associate Sales of Seamless Tapestry Brussels Rugs, Scrim and Bonnaz Curtains, Imported and Domestic Chinaware, Housewares, &c.

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Complimentary Stamps FREE, Today

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We Are Equally Well-Equipped With Dashing, Snappy College Men's Shoes and Those For His More Conservative Brother.

In this great store, containing more high-grade shoes than any other retail shoe store in the world, will be found a most generous assortment of styles.

WE OFFER YOU ON THE COLLEGE LASTS:—Black Wax Calf Blucher Lace, Black French Kid Blucher Lace and Tan Russia Calf Blucher Lace Models.

FOR THE CONSERVATIVES:—Black Wax Calf Blucher Lace, Black Gun Metal Calf Lace, Black French Kid Lace and Tan Russia Calf Lace.

All of these styles at the extremely low price of $6.50.

"Cammeyer" Hosiery Is Sold on a Basis that Gives You as Big a Value as "Cammeyer" Shoes.

Cammeyer Stamped on a Shoe means Standard of Merit 6th Ave at 20th St

A Postal Will Bring You Our New Fall and Winter Catalogue.

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see the October number of

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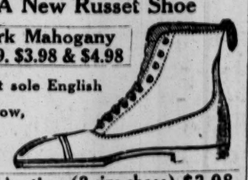

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Low instep, wide ball, broad shank, in Vici Kid and Russia Calf.
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$300 Pianos AT $125

OTHER PIANOS $75 UP

to make room for our new pianos. Call at once and secure one of these extraordinary bargains.

CHRISTMAN SONS,
35 W. 14th St., bet. 5th and 6th Avs.

$13,700 FIREWORKS TO GO TO DAVY JONES

Fire Department First Wets Them Down So Mermaids Won't Get Singed.

TAKEN IN CHINATOWN RAIDS

Celestials Got a Tip and Hid 137 Cases in a Stable, Whose Owner Got Arrested.

Raids on Chinatown by Inspectors of the Division of Combustibles yesterday led to the discovery and confiscation of 137 cases of imported fireworks which had been stored in a stable at 73 Pike Street. This stable is owned by Abraham Seidermann, a truckman. According to the estimate of Dr. K. Sellers Kennard, who conducted the raids at the direction of Deputy Chief William Guerin, in charge of the Bureau of Fire Prevention, the value of the goods confiscated is $13,700, or at the rate of $100 a case.

The raids were the direct result of a fire that occurred at 28 Mott Street on Sunday. The fire was a small one because of the prompt arrival of the apparatus. Investigation, however, showed that it had been caused by the accidental setting off of fireworks stored in the cellar. Following the policy of Chief Guerin to prevent fires, twelve Inspectors were sent to make a clean-up of the Chinatown rookeries.

The Inspector worked quietly, examining the buildings on Pell, Doyers and Mott Streets and making a thorough search of each from cellar to garret but without finding any fireworks. Later they were informed that Seidermann had been seen driving wagonload after wagonload of boxed fireworks to his stable on Pike Street. Somehow the Chinamen had got wind of the proposed clean-up and hastily cleared their buildings of the contraband articles.

Headed by Dr. Kennard, the Inspectors raided Seidermann's stable shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. In the cellar, partially concealed by straw and old feed bags, the Inspectors found the 137 cases. Each case was about 5 feet high, 5 feet wide, and 4 feet through.

Inspector Henry J. Hille took Seidermann to the Madison Street Police Station, where he was held in $500 bail. He is 39 years old and lives at 1,878 Seventh Avenue. His office is at 8 Chatham Square. Later he was taken to the Tombs Court and admitted to bail. He will be arraigned before Magistrate House this morning for examination on a charge of having stored and kept high explosives without a permit from the Fire Commissioner.

While Seidermann was being taken to the station house the cases were removed to the yard in the rear of Fire Headquarters, in East Sixty-seventh Street. There the boxes were opened and their contents dumped on the ground in a heap, when a hose was turned on the pile until it was thoroughly soaked. This morning carts of the Street Cleaning Department will take the ruined mass of fireworks from Fire Headquarters to a scow, in the East River. The scow will be towed out to sea and the fireworks dumped overboard.

The cases contained a wide variety of fireworks, from firecrackers half an inch long to bombs heavily charged with black powder. There were pinwheels, flying devils, skyrockets, nigger chasers, roman candles, giant cannon crackers, pigeons, and the more intricate designs used by the Chinese in their religious festivals and New Year's celebration.

"Prior to the establishment of the Fire Prevention Bureau," said Dr. Kennard to a TIMES reporter last night, "fireworks were used all over the city, but with the coming of the safe and sane Fourth and the rules against their improper use, they were stored away in attics and cellars. This was especially true in the Chinatown district, where the presence of such material made a constant fire hazard. Chief Guerin decided to clean the district up as soon as he learned that fireworks were the cause of the fire in Mott Street on Sunday."

Inspectors of the Division of Combustibles will continue their raids in Chinatown until every case of fireworks has been discovered and confiscated.

MRS. BALCH DEAD.

Passes Away in Los Angeles and Litigation Over Estate Ends.

A report of the death of Mrs. Georgia C. Balch, widow of Collins L. Balch, a celluloid manufacturer, was confirmed yesterday by Fletcher, Silcocks & Leahy, attorneys for the estate of Mr. Balch. Mrs. Balch died last Saturday of blood poisoning in the Clara Barton Hospital at Los Angeles. She was 75 years old.

Mrs. Balch went to Los Angeles to contest the trusteeship of her own property, which was appraised at something like $50,000. This property was held in trust by Harland Sweet, a cousin, and Mrs. Balch had sued Sweet to have the trusteeship set aside, alleging oral, written, and bodily threats and coercion to gain the trusteeship. The case was to have come up next month in the California Supreme Court, and sensational developments were expected. It is said litigation is likely to end now.

Mr. Blach, the celluloid manufacturer, died of cancer in the Red Cross Hospital on Sept. 24, 1910. While he was in the hospital his wife, who had lived with him and a daughter, Miss Grace Balch, at 37 East Fifty-third Street, was committed to the Bloomingdale Asylum. Mrs. Balch was not permitted to see her husband on his deathbed, and news of his death reached her in the asylum.

After Mr. Balch's death a will in favor of his daughter was probated and upheld by the Surrogates' Court. This will, it was found, had been made a short time before Mr. Balch's death to supersede a will made as early as 1892, which was in favor of his wife.

The jury threw out the deathbed will after five hours of deliberation, and found that Miss Balch was guilty of "employing fraud and undue influence in causing her father on his deathbed to draw a will in her favor." The jury also held that Mr. Balch had not been mentally fit to draw the second will.

With her case completely won, and in the face of the testimony at the trial showing strained relations between Mrs. Balch and her daughter, a private arrangement was made after the trial whereby the new will went into effect after all. This was signed by Mrs. Balch, Miss Balch, and relatives in Providence.

According to the terms of the trusteeship, it was said yesterday, the income of Mrs. Balch's personal estate will go to her daughter, and after Miss Balch's death it will revert to Sweet and other relatives on Mrs. Balch's side. The total income of Mr. Balch's estate, which is held in trust by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, for which Fletcher, Silcocks & Leahy are agents, will now also go to Miss Balch, the principal to go to the relatives on Mr. Balch's side after Miss Balch's death. Miss Balch is 44 years old.

STILL ANOTHER BIG LINER.

A Twin to the Columbus to be Built for the North German Lloyd Line.

Carl von Helmolt, General Manager in America of the North German Lloyd Line, was among the arrivals from Bremen on the Kronprinz Wilhelm of that line yesterday. Mr. Helmolt said that the company's giant new liner Columbus would be launched in November next, and that a contract had been signed for the construction of another liner equal to the Columbus for the New York-Bremen service.

Concerning the reported differences of the Hamburg-American Line and the North German Lloyd, Mr. Helmolt said that while the North German Lloyd was not at all anxious to get out of the North Atlantic Conference, it was ready, nevertheless, to meet any emergency that might arise.

"We are well prepared," he said, "and are ready to fight if necessary. The business of the line has been very good, and the outlook is better than it has been for some time."

CLUE TO FORGERS OF EXPRESS CHECKS

American Counterfeiters Working Europe—$1,200 of Bogus Paper Gets Here in One Mail.

WATERMARK NOT ON IT

Company Cables to Representatives Abroad to Put All Banks on Their Guard.

The United States Express Company has received ample proof in its latest batch of mail from Europe that the counterfeiters who have been circulating largely bogus $50 travelers' checks, are American crooks of international reputation. In consequence, the company has warned its agents and its secret service organization in all parts of the worl to be on the lookout. So far checks to the value of $1,200 are known to have been cashed at Carlsbad, Lugano, and watering places in France, all of them of the denomination of $50, and made with such skill that their fraudulent character could not be detected on a casual examination.

The counterfeit checks arrived on the Lusitania last Saturday, and represent a single week's work of the gang. They were cashed at different times between Aug. 22 and 29, and were signed in each instance by Robert T. MacDonald and William T. Riley. Several of them were put through a branch of the Wiener Bankverein of Vienna, at Carlsbad, and from this institution came the only clue to which the company has to work upon in apprehending the counterfeiters. An officer of the bank sent a cable dispatch yesterday to J. S. Bigger, Manager of the company's foreign department, saying that one of the men was an elderly American, smoothly shaven, slight in build, and with a broken nose.

Checks passed since Aug. 29 have not been received in this city and the company is apprehensive of a deluge of them when the next mail comes in. As travelers' checks to the extent of several millions of dollars a year are issued by the United States Express Company, officers of the company believe that large amounts might have been collected on spurious checks before the warning could be sent broadcast.

Mr. Bigger said yesterday that owing to the rapidity with which the bogus checks were detected after the mail was received the company hoped that the work of the gang would be quickly stopped.

"Within eight hours after the mail bags were received in the office," said he, "cable messages had been sent to our representatives abroad, and the 20,000 banks which honor our checks were requested to notify the police as soon as fraudulent checks were presented. The easiest method of telling whether checks are genuine or not is to look for the United States Express Company's watermark in the paper. The spurious checks received here did not have this mark. There are other defects in reproduction also. The "6" in the figure "50" is smaller than in our engraving, and the various foreign money equivalents are also reduced in size.

"The checks forged were all $50 in denomination, because the $100 checks would be exceedingly hard to get rid of at European banks without the holder being identified, while the smaller issues would not yield profits commensurate with the risk taken. The $50 check is the one in most common circulation, and the banks scarcely ever question them when they are presented.

"The Lusitania brought a large amount of checks that had been used by American travelers during the Summer. On Saturay forenoon the German bank, which cashed the first two to come to the attention of our foreign money order department here, was notified by cable, and a general warning was sent out to our agents to carefully scrutinize all the company's travelers' checks presented for payment. They were told about the watermark particularly. All of our checks are printed on what is known as safety paper. By holding up a genuine check to the light the company's mark can be plainly observed. In addition to the reduced numerals and the absence of the watermark, the false checks can be detected by means of the paler ink, both red and black, used in their manufacture than the genuine checks."

Mr. Bigger said that he expected to learn by cable to-day of any further work of the counterfeiters, and of the progress the company's detectives had made toward running them down.

FIRE IN NEWSPAPER PLANT.

Bad Blaze In Press Room Threatens Chicago Inter Ocean.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—A fire of mysterious origin and of great ferocity, threatening for a time the demolition of one of the most valuable blocks in the "Loop" district of Chicago, attacked the paper, ink, and press rooms of The Chicago Inter Ocean at Monroe and South Dearborn Streets this afternoon, necessitating the sending out of a call for fire-fighting apparatus from all portions of the city.

The fire was first discovered in some bags of waste paper in the storage room. Soon afterward there was an explosion, as the flames reached large cans of ink, and there was a panic among the women employes in the business office, who crowded to the windows and staircases in a rush to escape. The members of the editorial staff and those employed in the daytime in the composing room also made a hurried exit. All escaped safely.

The Inter Ocean Building is fireproof, large cement arches immediately above the flames preventing them from spreading to the upper stories, and the fire practically burned itself out. The Inter Ocean has a $150,000 electric lighting plant, which supplies power and light to a considerable section of the Loop district. This plant was put out of commission for a time, and The Inter Ocean also lost all its telegraph and telephone wires. These were gradually restored, together with the lighting plant, although for a long time The Inter Ocean staff worked by the light of tallow candles, unmindful of smoke and water, in the loyal endeavor to get the paper out on time.

Other publishers came to the rescue of Herman H. Kohlsaat and volunteered the use of their presses to get out The Inter Ocean, but a force of men was put to work cleaning up the presses when the water was pumped out, and Mr. Kohlsaat declined with thanks all offers of assistance.

N. Y. U.'S BIG YEAR.

Hall of Philosophy Finished — Largest Enrollment at the Heights.

New York University will open to-day its new hundred-thousand-dollar Hall of Philosophy, the gift of Mrs. John Stewart Kennedy. It has in its basement a large geological museum and laboratory. The exercises wil be held in the college auditorium, and Chancellor Elmer E. Brown, Dean Stoddard and Dean Snow, and Prof. Archibald F. Bowton will speak.

The freshman class of this year at University Heights is the largest in the history of the college. Fully 300 new men have enrolled. This is 60 per cent. as large again as last year's enrollment. The School of Commerce shows an increase of 65 per cent. over last year's enrollment, the number of freshmen reaching 1,200. This is an increase of 100 per cent. in two years.

So great has been the influx of students that new facilities at University Heights have been greatly needed, and as a result the qualitative and experimental chemical laboratory has been completely remodeled.

14 More Typhoid Cases on East Side

Announcement was made at the office of Dr. Ernst J. Lederle, Commissioner of the Department of Health, yesterday, that fourteen new cases of typhoid fever had been reported to the department for the day, making in all 255 persons suffering from that ailment on the east side south of Fortieth Street.

GIRL'S GUARDIAN SOUGHT AS SLAYER

Police Suspect He Shot Young Italian Found Dead at 17th Street and Third Avenue.

ACCUSED BY GIRL IN CAR

Admitted Crime, Witness Tells Police, and Said That He Should Have Killed Her, Too.

The police are searching the lower east side for a man who is suspected of having killed an unidentified young Italian at Seventeenth Street and Third Avenue on Monday night after a quarrel over a seventeen-year-old girl. The police believe the slayer was either the father or a near relative of the girl, and that he took vengeance because she had been ill-treated.

The killing was done in the broad glare of a busy corner, and, while many persons saw the victim quarreling with the young girl and a middle-aged woman, presumably her mother, no eye-witnesses to the actual shooting have been found.

The police are working on a clue given to them by a man who said he had followed the slayer. This man, according to the police, was walking in Third Avenue near Seventeenth Street shortly after the shooting, which occurred at 9:25 o'clock. A passerby, whom he did not know, pointed to a man about 50 years old who was walking on the opposite sidewalk and said:

"There's the man that shot that fellow."

The witness followed the suspect, he says. The man boarded a Third Avenue car at Nineteenth Street, and at Fourteenth Street two women joined him. The women tallied in description with those seen quarreling with the Italian who was killed. The trio took seats together and were soon involved in a quarrel.

"You killed him," the girl is quoted as having said to the man.

"Yes, and I ought to kill you, too," the man replied. The police informant says the man then took an empty cartridge shell from his pocket and showed it to the women.

The dead man was not a laborer. He was well dressed, but there was nothing in his pockets by which he could be identified except two business cards, one that of Moses T. Barrows, a lawyer, of 320 Broadway, and the other that of a barber, Andrew Loguerio, of 200 Seventh Street. Mr. Barrows looked at the body, but could not identify it.

R. H. Macy & Co

will open to the public an EXHIBITION of authentic IMPORTED COSTUMES shown on Living Models and portraying

The Trend of Fashion

for Fall and Winter 1913-14

Original Costumes designed for every requirement of the social season by Worth, Paquin, Drecoll, Doucet, Beer, Paul Poiret, Premet, Callot-Soeurs, Bernard, Havet-Agnes *and other French Master Designers.*

10 to 11 A.M. Wednesday, September 24th 1913 Thursday, September 25th 1913 2 to 3.30 P.M.

American-made copies of the Imported Gowns will be shown between 11 & 12 A.M. and between 3.30 & 4.30 P.M.

Paris Dancing Dresses forming a Notable Group in R. H. Macy & Co's Importations will also be displayed in the EXHIBITION and will be of Especial Interest to the Debutante and the Younger Set.

Imported Evening Wraps

Paris & Berlin Models in the most gorgeous of the new fabrics & colors are included in the EXHIBITION together with Fur Wraps & Sets, Imported Hats and other Accessories.

We are in a position to duplicate any of these models accurately at far less than the cost of the originals. A number of duplicates that have already been made will be displayed in the Exhibition, together with the originals, so that their effectiveness may be fully appreciated.

Closing hours during September:
5 P. M. daily; 12 o'clock noon on Saturdays

B. Altman & Co.

direct attention to a very unusual exhibit of

Women's Paris Lingerie and Infants' and Little Children's Fine Hand-made Apparel

now being displayed in the new French Room on the Second Floor. This exhibit comprises a remarkable collection of dainty garments, made of exquisitely fine materials and representing the quintessence of skill in needlecraft

B. Altman & Co.

have received additional shipments of the newest weaves and textures in

Autumn and Winter Dress Fabrics.

The following are specially noteworthy: Cashmere velours, the supple finish of which renders it particularly adaptable to the draped effects now in vogue; Velours de laine; Baby Lamb cloth; Diagonal Cashmere; Plaid and checked Broadcloths; and French Broadcloths, which are being extensively used for Autumn Gowns and Suits.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

The advantages of traveling in distinguished company

Consciously or otherwise, in society and in business, a man picks his own company.

And right here it is worthy of note that there is nothing snobbish about the man who chooses to travel with winners.

On the contrary, it is a commendable attitude, it is wisdom of the sanest sort, and it is distinctly an American quality.

And in business, above all things, no man can afford to overlook the advantages and the moral stimulus to be derived from locating his business in distinguished and prosperous company.

To be still more specific, a man cannot afford to overlook the advantages of locating in the Equitable Building which, in addition to the fame of its size, will be identified with the biggest and most prosperous company of firms and individuals ever assembled under a single roof.

Leases now being made from May 1st, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed two or three months ahead of this date.

Equitable Building
Temporary Office
27 Pine Street

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Ave., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX
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BROOKLYN
Graham Ave., cor. Debevoise St.
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½ PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS

Request the honor of your presence at a *Style Review*, introducing the FALL and WINTER Fashions for *Women* and *Misses*

Wednesday and Thursday

A superb but practical exhibition wherein Gowns, WRAPS, SUITS, DRESSES, HATS, and other apparel will be shown in a most attractive way.

Second Floor, Central Building

INCORPORATE GIRLS' FUND.

Vacation Headquarters to be Opened by Well-Known Women.

Papers for the incorporation of the Vacation Headquarters for self-supporting girls and women were filed yesterday at Albany. The incorporators are Miss Gertrude Robinson-Smith, Miss Maud Rives Borland, Miss Anne Morgan, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. R. H. Bason, and Mrs. Caroline Shippen. These women, who belong to the Vacation Committee of the Woman's Department of the National Civic Federation, planned the Vacation Headquarters.

It is planned to open a new building about the first of the year. It will contain a restaurant, library, rest room, and dance hall for the girls. The committee plans eventually to erect a building of its own for the members. The headquarters is designed for the women who belong to the Vacation Savings Fund, which has 12,000 depositors.

REISENWEBER'S
58th St. and Columbus Circle.
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
Maurice and Florence Walton
in the latest and newest Parisienne craze,
THE BRAZILIAN MAXIXE
Nightly in the GRAND BALL ROOM
Beginning
Saturday, Sept. 27, 1913,
Afternoon Tea Dances—THE DANSANT
From 4 to 6:30 P. M.
DANCE and DINE under the VINE

Don't make the mistake of thinking you can't be fitted in ready clothes. It is sometimes quite a costly mistake: you'll pay a good deal more to have your clothes made-to-measure than for equal quality, ready: and you can get just as good a fit in ready clothes as a custom tailor can give you.

There's an easy way to prove it: because fit is something you can see for yourself. Go to some good clothier where our clothes are sold: ask to see a suit or overcoat at $25: make some comparison of style, material, tailoring, with the made-to-measure suit or overcoat at $40. If it doesn't fit, don't buy it.

You'll find suits and overcoats of ours at $18 and $20 and up to $50.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

These good clothes for sale in New York by

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
246-248 West 125th St.
Third Av., Cor. 122d St.

THE "SAFEGUARD"
Six to eight drops in warm water morning and night. Rinse the mouth thoroughly.
Price 50 Cents. All Druggists.
No Reliable Druggist Will Offer a Substitute
GEO. BORGFELDT & CO.
NEW YORK CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO

TO PACIFIC COAST
$55
Lackawanna Railroad
TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway Cor. Wall St. " Howard St. " 28th St. " 42nd St.

INSTANT POSTUM
Never disappoints the palate.

CARPET CLEANSING
RUGS AND ALL FLOOR COVERINGS
Largest in the World. Every detail.
43 Years' Experience.
THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.
B'way, cor. 46th St., N. Y. Phone 3896 Bryant.
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ADVERTISEMENT.
SKIN AND HAIR HEALTH.
Resinol Soap tends to keep the complexion free from redness, roughness, pimples and blackheads, to clear the scalp of dandruff, and to maintain the lustre and health of the hair. Sold by all druggists.

SIGNALS AND MEN BLAMED FOR WRECK

North Haven Collision, Commission Finds, Due to Bad System and Reckless Employes.

TRAINS TOO CLOSE IN FOG

Both Engineers Drove Dangerously —Elliott Visits Washington to Consult Commerce Board.

HARTFORD, Sept. 23.—Lack of an adequate signal system, the bunching of six trains in a ten-mile stretch of track, and reckless driving by the engineers in a fog are given as causes for the collision between the Bar Harbor and White Mountain expresses on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad at North Haven on Sept. 2, resulting in twenty-one deaths, by the Public Utilities Commission in its report on the accident made public to-day. Six specific causes are assigned as follows:

Lack of an adequate signal system; had Signal 23 been connected with a distant signal the engineers of the Bar Harbor second section and the White Mountain express first section would have been warned of its position when half a mile or more distant.

Bunching of six passenger trains, during a fog, (with the signal system then in use,) in the ten-mile section between Wallingford and the Air Line Junction.

Reckless running in a fog on the part of Engineer Wands, (of the Bar Harbor express,) who passed Block Signal 23 when it indicated stop and the consequent clearing of Signal 25 for the first section of Train 95 following.

Failure of Flagman Murray of the Bar Harbor express to go back a sufficient distance to offer any protection whatever to his train.

The indifference of Conductor Adams (of the Bar Harbor) who did not show sufficient interest in the safety of his train, knowing that a train was following, to see that his flagman was doing his duty, and for stopping his train and calling in the flagman, who otherwise would have been left to flag the White Mountain express.

Engineer Miller's reckless running (of the White Mountain) in a fog and his failure to control his train and be prepared to stop before passing Signal 23.

Miller, Murray, and Adams are under bonds, awaiting trial, as a result of the finding of Coroner Mix of New Haven County, fixing criminal responsibility for the wreck on them.

WINSTED, Conn., Sept. 23.—Patrick F. O'Brien, a brakeman, is held by Coroner Samuel A. Herman to be criminally responsible for the death of Mrs. Caroline S. Olin of Falls Village, hurt in a collision at Canaan June 28, between a southbound combination train on the Berkshire line of the New Haven Road and a local freight on the Central New England, on the cross-over of the two lines.

Mrs. Olin was in a passenger car of the combination train, which, with two others, was standing on the main line while the engine was switching. Those cars were backed into by three other cars of the train. Mrs. Olin was one of several passengers injured. O'Brien was brakeman on the cars in collision.

The Coroner says O'Brien did not apply brakes as he should have done when the cars were being "kicked" back, and that he should have known the semaphore signal was set against his train. Switching practices at that point also are condemned.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Howard Elliott, President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, had talks to-day with members of the Interstate Commerce Commission and Attorney General McReynolds. Mr. Elliott explained to-night that in calling on the Commerce Commissioners he merely had been following a pratice begun by him when he was President of the Northern Pacific, of meeting them occasionally to discuss in an informal way questions affecting railroads.

His talk with the Attorney General, he said also, was informal. It related to the railroad situation in the whole country and in New England, but there was no effort to reach any conclusion in regard to questions arising out of the report concerning the New Haven system made by Interstate Commerce Commissioner Prouty in June. Mr. Elliott added:

"My visit to Washington had no significance other than this:

"When I was President of the Northern Pacific I tried to know personally the members of the Interstate Commerce Commission and of the State Railroad Commission, to meet them occasionally and to discuss with them informally questions of interest affecting the railroads, their employes and their patrons, and to exchange views about railroad methods.

"I want to do the same in the East, and I have been trying to call upon the Interstate Commerce Commission ever since I took up my new work on Sept. 2. The dreadful accident that morning, the discussion with the Massachusetts Public Service Commission about the issue of debenture bonds for the New Haven road and certain questions of organization have prevented my coming to Washington until to-day.

"My call on those members of the commission who are in town, Messrs. Clark, McChord and Marble, was purely informal, and I saw them individually in their respective offices. I also called to pay my respects to the Attorney General, and discussed with him, in a wholly informal manner the general railroad situation in the United States and in New England. There was no attempt or intention on his part or on mine to reach any conclusion about any of the questions that have been discussed since the report made by the Commerce Commission and issued by Mr. Prouty late in June.

"I hope to call on some of my friends in Congress—those from the West as well as some in the East—and to return to New York to-morrow afternoon."

WRECK INQUIRY BEGUN.

Witnesses Testify in Private—Two Others Planned.

An investigation was begun yesterday into the head-on collision of two Long Island trains on a curve 500 feet east of the College Point Station early last Monday morning, when three employes of the Long Island Railroad were killed and more than fifty passengers were injured.

At the same time work was begun on two new signal stations to prevent another accident on the single track line between Whitestone junction and Whitestone Landing.

J. B. Austin, Jr., General Superintendent of the Long Island Railroad, presided at an inquiry begun yesterday at Jamaica. A. F. Duffy, Joseph Brownley, and James S. Hawley represented the Interstate Commerce Commission before him, and Inspectors E. D. Hutchinson and J. Freeman of the New York State Public Service Commission were also present. Several witnesses were examined privately, and it was announced that no statement would be given out by the investigators until after the conclusion of their inquiry.

Coroner Albert S. Ambler of College Point said yesterday that he would hold a public investigation a week from to-day in the Jamaica Town Hall, and President Ralph Peters of the Long Island Railroad has ordered an independent investigation by the railroad officials.

An investigation will also be undertaken by the Public Service Commission of this district. Commissioner Maltbie will preside, and the first hearing has been set for Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Walter R. Maize, the towerman, who was arrested on a charge of homicide and is accused of criminal negligence, spent the day yesterday in the Queens County Jail. He refused to talk except to deny that he was to blame for the wreck. It is expected that he will be called as a witness before several of the investigating committees.

John Hackman of 40 Twenty-eighth Street, Whitestone, who was seriously injured in the wreck, is still in Flushing Hospital, and it was said yesterday that, although his condition was all that could be hoped for, his recovery was by no means certain. George Boeckel, Charles Hoenlein, and Frederick Loder, the three employes killed in the wreck, will be buried from their homes to-day. The first two named lived in Whitestone, while Loder lived in Beechhurst.

HOGARTHS SHIPPED WEST.

Ex-Senator Clark's Secretary Explains Absence of Paintings.

The Secretary of ex-Senator William A. Clark issued a statement yesterday to explain the absence of twelve Hogarth paintings that were sought at the Clark home on Fifth Avenue by creditors of the Tomlinson-Humes Company, Incorporated, of Chicago. Last Spring Seymour J. Thurber, an agent, called on Mr. Clark and offered the pictures for sale, it was said at Mr. Clark's office. At the time the ex-Senator examined two or three of the paintings at his home, and, without discussing the price, or even causing the whole dozen to be unpacked, he declined to buy them. This is the last he has heard of them, as he has been in Europe since.

The paintings were not, however, at once removed from Mr. Clark's home, but were left there by Thurber in the care of W. H. Roecroft, Superintendent for Mr. Clark, who agreed to keep them for a few days until a proper place for their storage could be found. No storage place was found, and the Superintendent refused to sign a receipt for them, but the pictures remained in the house until some time before the middle of this month.

When he left the paintings in Mr. Clark's house, Thurber said that Eli P. Clark of Los Angeles, Cal., was their owner, and he did not mention the name of the Tomlinson-Humes Company, according to the statement issued at Mr. Clark's office, accordingly, when Roecroft received early in September a letter from E. C. Bennett, in Chicago, stating that the writer was Eli P. Clark's nephew and agent, and directing that the pictures be sent to the owner in Los Angeles at once, and when this letter was confirmed by one from Eli P. Clark, the Superintendent, glad to have the pictures off his hands, shipped them to Los Angeles.

Now that the Tomlinson-Humes Company is the object of proceedings in bankruptcy in Chicago, it has appeared that it is supposed to be the owner of the pictures, and the paintings are, therefore, wanted by counsel for the creditors. It was when Attorney Michael Gesas of counsel for the creditors came to New York to get the pictures that their disappearance was noted.

ARREST KENNERLEY ON COMSTOCK WRIT

Publishing House Invaded and Copies of Novel Dealing with Social Evil Seized.

CLERK ALSO IN CUSTODY

Book Praised by Critics and Has High Purpose, Says Kennerley—To Demand Reading to Jury.

Anthony Comstock, in the rôle of a literary critic, descended yesterday morning upon the publishing house of Mitchell Kennerley at 2 East Twenty-ninth Street and arrested the publisher upon a writ issued Monday by United States Commissioner John A. Shields. Federal Marshal William Henkel executed the writ and took Mr. Kennerley before Commissioner Shields as a prisoner.

Mr. Comstock next caused the arrest of William Cleary, a clerk, 22 years old, of Mamaroneck, N. Y., who was seized upon a warrant issued Monday afternoon by Magistrate Schulz at the East Fifty-seventh Street court. The warrant charged the clerk with selling an immoral book, and he was taken to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station by Patrolman John P. Fitzgerald, who had been called in by Mr. Comstock to serve the warrant. Then a patrol wagon removed all the copies of the alleged objectionable book from the premises and armed with an order signed by the publisher Mr. Comstock hastened to the bookbindery of the Butler, Ward Company and took charge of 2,000 additional copies.

The book which caused all this commotion is entitled "Hagar Revelly," and deals with the problem of life as faced by two poverty-stricken girls in New York City. It was written by Daniel Carson Goodwin, the author of "Unclothed."

At 11 o'clock in the forenoon Mr. Comstock, the United States Marshal, and a uniformed policeman entered the bookstore while Mr. Kennerley was seated at his desk in his office at the rear. Mr. Comstock pointed to Cleary and exclaimed:

"That is your man, officer. Serve the warrant."

The patrolman informed the clerk that he was under arrest, and in the ensuing excitement Mr. Kennerley walked forth from his office and inquired what the rumpus was about.

"There is your man, Marshal," said Mr. Comstock, and the publisher was likewise taken into custody.

Before leaving the store Mr. Kennerley telephoned to his attorney, John L. Lockwood, and the latter was on hand when the publisher appeared before Commissioner Shields in the Federal Building. The writ upon which Mr. Kennerley was arrested was issued upon an affidavit made by Mr. Comstock, which charged that he "did unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited in the mails of the United States for the purpose of mailing and delivering a certain book entitled 'Hagar Revelly.'"

While waiting in Mr. Kennerley's office for the purpose of allowing the publisher to notify his attorney, Mr. Comstock announced that he was going to the bookbindery and seize all the ready copies of the novel. Mr. Kennerley assured him that this was unnecessary, and that he was quite willing to write an order on the binders to hold all the books subject to Mr. Comstock's orders. Mr. Kennerley wrote out the desired order, and Mr. Comstock promptly presented it at the binders and took charge of the books.

Mr. Comstock was unable to attend the arraignment of the publisher, as he was obliged to hurry to the East Fifty-seventh Street Court to press his complaint against Cleary.

When the latter was arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan Mr. Comstock burst forth into an eloquent denunciation of the book which he charged the prisoner with selling. He testified that one of the agents of his society had purchased a copy of "Hagar Revelly" from Cleary at the book store on Sept. 18.

"Here it is," said Mr. Comstock, handing the volume to Magistrate Corrigan. The book was opened to a certain page, where several passages were underlined in pencil. Magistrate Corrigan read the paragraphs indicated, and then asked:

"Have you read this book all the way through?"

"No, Sir," replied Mr. Comstock, explosively, "a little was enough for me."

The Magistrate expressed the opinion that the context was necessary to decide whether or not the book was objectionable, but when Cleary waived examination he held the prisoner in $500 bail for trial in Special Sessions. Bail was furnished by an attorney representing Mr. Kennerley.

In the meantime, in the Federal Building, the publisher's attorney had requested an adjournment of the preliminary examination before Commissioner Shields until Oct. 1, and this was granted. Mr. Kennerley being admitted to bail of $1,500.

"It is absurb," asserted Mr. Kennerley later. "The book has been praised on all sides by competent critics as a strong piece of fiction and one deserving of praise. I published 'Hagar Revelly' in January, 1913, at the time of the height of the discussion relating to low wages paid in department stores and its effect on the morality of the girls employed.

"This book is the life history of two girls, sisters, one Hagar Revelly and the other Thatah Revelly, and it portrays Thatah as a girl of high character and Tagar as a girl of an unmoral nature. If a young girl read this book from beginning to end and was asked its effect upon her, she would undoubtedly reply that the book had brought her to tears, and to an awful sense of the danger of life to an unthinking girl who had to make her own way. The fact that the girl of right instincts, with knowledge of the world but without money, can go straight is the shining thread that runs throughout the book.

"'Hagar Revelly' can only offend those who have not passed beyond the narrow limits of provincialism in politics, literature, art, and knowledge of life. I have received no complaint regarding the book from any source whatever, but have received letters from all over the country commending its publication. Mr. Comstock's action was a complete surprise to me and the only way in which I can explain his action is by his own confession that he has not read the book through."

Both Mr. Kennerley and his attorney said that it was their intention to summon competent and recognised literary critics to testify before Commissioner Shields and before the jury which will try the clerk as to the merits of the book and its purpose.

"We will demand that the book be read throughout from cover to cover to the jury," said Mr. Kennerley.

"This may entail some hardship upon the jury," he added, smiling, "for the story is a long one, but we are determined that the work shall not be judged by a half dozen carefully culled paragraphs."

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	Mantles	Robes.	Coats.	Blouses.
Henry Bendel	6	55	6	—
(Models sent in May).	—	2	1	—
W. T. Hardy	—	58	2	—
L. Thurn	5	25	6	1
MacNelly	32	26	9	—
Lichtenstein	—	20	4	—
Shanaham	32	18	2	—
John Wanamaker	—	14	1	—
Haas Brothers Co.	—	15	—	—
Seaton O'Hara	4	11	—	—
Simcox	—	10	—	—
J. Remond-Beaufils	—	8	—	—
Louise & Co.	12	6	1	1
Charles & Heller	32	4	1	—
Bergdorf Goodman	—	7	—	—
Butler	—	7	—	—
Max M. Schwarez & Co.	2	5	—	—
(Models sent in June).	16	11	1	—
Julius Stein Co.	1	6	—	—
(Models sent in June).	3	—	—	—
Lord & Taylor	—	6	—	—
Mange	—	6	—	—
Filines	1	4	1	—
Altman	—	5	—	—
A. Beller	2	3	—	—
(Models sent in June).	32	25	—	—
Blanche	—	5	—	—
Bonwitt-Teller	2	3	—	—
Stern Brothers	—	5	—	—
BALTIMORE.				
B. Fuschl	—	6	—	—
A. Hall	—	4	—	—
O'Connor	—	2	—	—
Schoen & Co.	—	1	—	—
BOSTON.				
Ruby	1	11	2	2
Hollander	—	4	1	—
Driscoll	—	3	1	—
E. M. Wilson	—	3	—	—
Geo. Bradley	—	1	—	—
Devlin	—	1	—	—
Gardner	—	1	—	—
Howey	—	1	—	—
Jordan-Marsch Co.	—	1	—	—
Rosenbaum	—	1	—	—
Slattery	—	1	—	—
Solow Hinds	—	1	—	—
Wernet	—	1	—	—
BROOKLYN.				
Abraham Strauss	—	2	1	—
Frederic Loeser Co.	—	3	—	—
Hackett	—	1	—	—
MacBirnee	—	1	—	—
CLEVELAND.				
K. Black Co.	2	3	—	—
Murphy	—	1	—	—
Alice Wasser	—	1	—	—
Hichson Co.	—	4	1	—
Armand Durante	—	4	—	—
Franklin & Simon	1	3	—	—
L. P. Hollander	—	4	—	—
Jacqueline	1	3	—	—
Van Schmith	—	4	3	1
Anderson Warner	—	3	3	1
Gamson	—	3	3	1
Gimbel	—	3	2	—
Faber & Hein	1	3	—	—
Helene	—	3	—	—
Hope & Co.	—	3	—	—
Jane Dimelow	—	3	1	—
Marshall Field	—	3	2	1
Maurice	—	3	—	—
Monte-Sano	—	3	—	—
Pursell	—	3	—	—
Adolphe	—	2	—	—
Aitken Son Co.	—	2	—	—
L. P. Allebone	—	2	—	—
Arnold Constable	—	2	—	—
Balcom	—	2	—	—
Burroughs, Inc.	—	2	—	—
L. Cerlian	—	2	—	—
Giddings & Co.	1	2	—	—
Hitchings	—	2	—	—
Holston	—	2	—	—
Jean	—	2	—	—
Loran	—	2	—	—
CHICAGO.				
Carson-Pirie-Scott Co.	1	6	—	—
Staples	—	6	2	—
Marshall Field	—	6	—	—
K. W. Hartigan	—	4	—	2
Mendel Brothers Co.	—	3	—	—
A. Kipley	1	3	—	—
MacAvoy	—	3	—	—
Marguerite Sokal	—	3	—	—
H. E. Strickland	—	3	—	—
Hosse	—	1	—	—
DETROIT DE MICHIGAN.				
Hock	—	2	—	—
Owan	—	2	—	—
Anderson	—	1	—	—
Bigsby	—	1	—	—
Walton Co.	—	1	—	—
DULUTH.				
Winifred Burns	—	1	1	—
INDIANAPOLIS.				
Wasson & Co.	—	1	1	—
L. S. Ayres & Co.	—	1	—	—
KANSAS CITY.				
Emery-Bird-Thayer Co.	1	—	—	—
LOS ANGELES.				
Terrill	4	—	—	1
LOUISVILLE.				
Kauffman & Strauss	—	2	—	—
The Stewart	—	1	—	1
MONTREAL.				
Lemieln	—	2	—	—
Leonard O'Neil	—	2	—	—
R. H. Macy	—	2	—	—
Max Pocker	—	2	—	—
Newburger, Morris & Co.	—	2	—	—
Rohn Rienzo	—	2	—	—
Rosenfeld	—	2	—	—
Sullivan	—	2	—	—
Birth	—	1	1	—
Buxbaum & Morese	—	1	1	—
Hamilton	—	1	—	—
Axtman	—	1	—	—
Eugenie	—	1	—	—
Genaburg	—	1	—	—
Halle	—	1	—	—
Hannan	—	1	—	—
Ida M. Smith	—	1	—	—
Kilroy	—	1	—	—
J. Lengel	—	1	—	—
MacCarthy	—	1	—	—
MacEvoy	—	1	—	—
MacGuire	—	1	—	—
O'Connel	—	1	—	—
E. O'Donovan	—	1	—	—
Robb	—	1	—	—
Rose B. Marx	—	1	—	—
Samuel Floersheimer	—	1	—	—
Sandefer	—	1	—	—
Whelen	—	1	—	—
Yovin	—	1	—	—
MINNEAPOLIS.				
Boyd	—	9	1	—
Helen C. Jertson	—	4	1	—
Morissey	—	2	—	—
PHILADELPHIA.				
Meely	—	7	1	—
Brooks	1	5	—	—
Nash Burk	1	4	1	—
Ralston Morisson	—	3	—	—
Graham	1	4	—	—
Gimbel	—	4	2	—
Francesca Herbest	—	3	—	—
Strawbridge Clothier	—	3	2	—
Joseph Darlington	—	2	1	—
F. N. Degerberg	1	1	—	—
Challenger	—	1	1	—
S. G. Altemus	—	1	—	—
Fitzpatrick	—	1	—	—
Kaier	—	1	—	—
PITTSBURG.				
Crallsheimer	—	3	—	—
Boggs Buhl	—	1	—	—
Garvin	—	1	—	—
Joseph Horne Co.	—	1	—	—
SAN FRANCISCO.				
Cox	1	7	—	—
City of Paris	—	3	1	—
Raphael Weil	—	1	1	—
Baer	—	1	—	—
ST. LOUIS.				
Scruggs, Vandervort, Barney	—	1	—	—
SYRACUSE.				
Mame R. Costello	—	1	—	—

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CROSS English Novelties—

Safety Billfolds of Pigskin	$2.75	Smelling Salts in Cases	$7.00
Desk Clocks	$2.75	Hot Water Bottles in Cases	$7.50
Cuff Button and Stud Sets	$3.50	Manicure Sets for Ladies	$7.50
Crystal Flasks in Leather Cases	$2.75	Photograph Frames	$2.00
Bottle Sets in Cases	$4.75	Needle and Pin Cases	$2.75
Emergency Cases	$2.75	Fitted Bridge Cases	$2.75
Sewing Boxes	.85	Glove Boxes	$5.75
Ladies' Watch Bracelets	$6.75	Tie Cases	$4.00
Men's Watch Bracelets	$3.00	Cigarette Cases	$1.25
Ladies' Jewel Boxes	$4.25	Wallets	$1.75
Engagement Pads	$1.50	Cigar Slips	.75
Poker Patience Sets in Cases	$2.75	Nested Ash Trays	$4.75
Remember to Pack Lists	$3.25	Tobacco Jars	$7.50

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THE REAL GAYNOR

There were times when the late Mayor of New York was intolerant toward men less brilliant than himself, petulant to his critics, or bitter in assailing his enemies. But none of those moods did him justice. The William J. Gaynor whose memory New York honors was a philosopher, a master of epigram, and a tireless worker.

It has been difficult to find, among all the hundreds of his photographs, one which shows the real Gaynor. Probably there is only one such picture—a camera portrait of the man always forceful, generally well poised, often witty or whimsical.

This photographic portrait THE NEW YORK TIMES has selected for reproduction by the wonderful rotogravure process, as a special section of next Sunday's edition. The picture will be worth while both for its merits as a product of artistic printing and its unequaled value as a likeness. It will be etched on paper of fine quality, in form suitable for framing, and on the lower margin will be a facsimile signature and a characteristic Gaynor epigram, reflecting the comfortable philosophy of contentment.

Next Sunday's TIMES will include, also, the first high-class pictorial reproductions of impressive scenes at Mayor Gaynor's funeral—remarkable pictures of what has been called the most striking ceremonial witnessed in America since the funeral of Abraham Lincoln.

The rotogravure portrait, 10½x16½ inches in size, will be a section all to itself—a separate example of the newest and best in the printing art. The funeral scene pictures, each distinctive, will cover three full pages of supercalendered paper in the regular Pictorial Section.

To make sure of getting the Sunday issue it will be necessary for TIMES readers to order their papers in advance, as the edition will be exhausted early.

THE NEW YORK TIMES NEXT SUNDAY

YANKEES WIN AGAIN --- FOOTBALL --- TROTTING --- BOXING --- GOLF --- ATHLETICS --- TENNIS

NAPS LOSE FINAL GAME TO YANKEES

New York Wins While Falkenberg Is in the Box—Slim Caldwell Invincible.

The Yankees have learned, after more or less experience this season, that the only way to win a baseball game is to grab it quickly before the other folks suspect their intention. Following this general line of argument, the Yanks quarreled with the Clevelands at the Polo Grounds yesterday, and won the game in the early moments of the first inning before Cleveland recovered consciousness. The score was 3 to 1.

Last place still hungers for the Yankees, but Mr. Chance, the Czar of the outfit, insists that he will fool the yawning cavern at the foot of the league.

The Yankees won the game while Cy Falkenberg was tossing. Outside of his six feet six, of noticeable thinness, Falkenberg didn't have a thing. Hits rattled about his upper story, but none of the shots hit him. He lasted two-thirds of an inning, Boy Manager Joey Birmingham keeping him in the game so long through kindness.

The Giants had a day off yesterday, and most of them were in at the ball game, disguised in stylish clothes. When ball players have a day off, instead of going to the "movies" or playing an exciting game of Kelley pool, they crowd to a ball game, if it is within a 100-mile radius.

It was a fearfully tragic day at the Polo Grounds. Gilhooley twisted his leg sliding into the plate, and had to retire to Old Doc Barrett. Gossett got his finger smashed with a wild pitch and had to go to the operating room, while a stray foul hit a young lady in a green coat in the upper tier, and when the megaphone announcer bellowed, "Is there a doctor in the house?" about twenty-five M. D.'s rushed to her assistance. She wasn't badly hurt, because the lady with the green coat came back and saw the Clevelands get trimmed.

The general plan of action adopted by the Yankees in subduing the Naps was something like this: Fitz Maisel singled to centre in the first inning and Holden walked. Cree shoved them both up a corner with a sacrifice, and up comes Hank Williams and plasters out a single to left, which sent Maisel and Holden home. Zeider singled to right and went to third when Gilhooley rapped Falkenberg for a single to left.

Pause for a moment, please, while several willing hands assist Mr. Falkenberg to the bench. Vanus Gregg at this point carried his left arm into the pitcher's box, and, after taking off several red flannel bandages, began to pitch. Peckinpaugh, the first Gotham citizen to face him, poked a single to left, scoring Mr. Zeider. Gilhooley tried to score as the ball was relayed in from the wilds, but he was exterminated at the plate. Carisch planting the ball on him with such enthusiasm that Gilhooley had a rough collision with the earth and had to retire.

Slim Caldwell pitched such good ball that the Naps didn't have a chance. He kept them buckled to four hits. Two of these were grouped in the ninth. With one hand down, Joe Jackson singled to right. He boldly and with malice loted second base, and not only that, but third base likewise.

Lajoie then skied a foul to Maisel and Johnston belted a single to left, scoring Jackson. The inning closed in the twilight. Manager Joe Birmingham then took matters into his own hands and decided to take up his bat in his own cause. He hoisted a floater to Whiteman in right, and it was all over. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'sel. 3b.	2	1	2	1	2
H'den, cf.	1	1	0	3	0
Cree, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Wi'ms, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0
Z'der, 2b.	1	1	1	1	1
Gilh'y, rf.	1	0	1	0	0
W'm'n, rf.	2	0	0	4	0
F'p'gh, ss.	4	0	1	2	4
G'sett, c.	1	0	0	7	0
Sw'y, c.	2	0	0	6	0
C'well, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total.	23	3	9	27	8

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
L'bold, cf.	4	0	1	0	0
Ch'm'n, ss.	4	0	0	4	1
J'kson, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	1	3	4
J'ston, 1b.	4	0	1	7	2
Bates 3b.	2	0	0	0	1
†B'm'ham,	1	0	0	0	0
Graney, lf.	3	0	0	1	2
Carisch, c.	2	0	0	7	4
*Lellvelt,	1	0	0	0	0
O'Neil, c.	0	0	0	1	0
‡K'h'g, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Gregg, p.	2	0	0	0	5
†Ryan	1	0	0	0	0
Bl'ding, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total.	32	1	4	24	20

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

*Batted for Carisch in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Gregg in the eighth inning.
‡Batted for Bates in the ninth inning.
Error—Williams.
Two-base hits—Gossett, Maisel. Sacrifice hits—Cree. Whiteman, Williams. Stolen bases—Bates, Jackson, (2.) First base on error—Cleveland. Left on bases—New York, 7; Cleveland, 5. Struck out—By Caldwell, 8; by Gregg, 4. Bases on balls—Off Falkenberg, 1; off Gregg, 6; off Blanding, 1; off Caldwell, 1. Passed ball—Gossett. Hits—Off Falkenberg, 4 in two-thirds of an inning, (at bat 4;) off Gregg, 4 in six and one-third innings, (at bat 16;) off Blanding, 1 in one inning, (at bat 3.) Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours.

WORLD'S SERIES PLANS.

National Commission to Decide Details To-morrow at Philadelphia.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 23.—Chairman August Herrmann of the National Baseball Commission, announced to-day that he had called a meeting for next Thursday morning at 10 o'clock of the commission, to take up the matter of the next world's championship baseball series. The meeting will be held in Philadelphia.

Chairman Herrmann will leave to-morrow for the East. He stated that no dates have been set for the opening of the series, and that none would be set until the meeting in Philadelphia.

Notes of the National Game.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 23.—President Somers of the Cleveland American League Club to-day sent a challenge to President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburgh National League Club for a post-season series of games. The challenge had been held back until it was definitely decided that the Cleveland team would not get a chance at the 1913 world's series.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The first game of the series to decide the baseball championship of Chicago will be played on the National League grounds on Tuesday, Oct. 7, and the games will alternate until one team has won four games.

National League Postponed Games.

President Lynch of the National League of Baseball Clubs announced yesterday the following dates for playing off postponed or tie games:

At Boston—Sept. 29, with New York, 2 games; Oct. 2, with Brooklyn, 2 games.

At New York—Oct. 2, with Philadelphia, 2 games, preceded by the unfinished game of Aug. 30; Oct. 3, with Philadelphia, 2 games.

At Philadelphia—Sept. 24, 25, and 26, with Boston, 2 games each day; Sept. 29, with Brooklyn, 2 games.

At Pittsburgh—Sept. 26, with Chicago, 1 game.

At Cincinnati—Sept. 28, with Chicago, 2 games; Sept. 29, with Pittsburgh, 1 game.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 3; Cleveland, 1.
Philadelphia, 21; Detroit, 8.
St. Louis, 5; Washington, 3.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 2.
Chicago, 3; Boston, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn, 6; Pittsburgh, 1.
Brooklyn, 1; Pittsburgh, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	To Play.	P.C.
Philadelphia	94	49	10	.658
Cleveland	83	62	8	.572
Washington	82	63	9	.566
Boston	73	66	14	.525
Chicago	74	72	7	.507
Detroit	62	84	8	.425
New York	53	88	12	.376
St. Louis	55	92	6	.374

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	To Play.	P.C.
New York	93	46	13	.669
Philadelphia	81	54	17	.600
Chicago	83	62	8	.572
Pittsburgh	75	68	8	.525
Boston	62	77	14	.446
Brooklyn	62	78	12	.443
Cincinnati	63	85	6	.426
St. Louis	49	98	4	.333

Where They Play To-Day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia—2 games.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

TWO GAMES FOR BROOKLYN.

Superbas Down Pirates in Both Contests of Doubleheader.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 23.—The Brooklyns took both ends of a double-header from Pittsburgh this afternoon. They won the first on timely hits off Shenn, a Virginia recruit, and Mamaux, an Ohio State League youngster, but five glaring errors made the trials of the men hard. The score was 6 to 1. Yingling pitched a fine game throughout and was accorded good support.

Nap Rucker won the second game, 1 to 0, pitching brilliantly against Conzelman, an Atlanta recruit, who kept Brooklyn shut out until the ninth. With one man out in the last inning Smith tripled to left. Conzelman struck out Shortstop Fisher, but Catcher Fischer placed a single in left, bringing Smith across with the only run of the game. The scores:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	3	1	1	0	0
C'sw'y, lf.	4	0	0	6	2
St'gel, cf.	5	1	3	1	0
Wheat, lf.	4	1	0	1	0
D'bert, 1b.	5	0	2	7	0
Smith, 3b.	5	1	3	2	5
Fisher, ss.	3	0	0	2	0
F'cher, c.	4	1	1	5	2
Y'ling, p.	4	1	2	1	3
Total.	37	6	12	27	12

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	4	0	1	1	1
Dolan, 3b.	4	0	1	1	4
Miller, ss.	4	0	0	2	3
Viox, 2b.	4	0	1	3	5
Wilson, rf.	4	0	2	2	0
Miller, 1b.	3	0	0	7	2
M'ch'l, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Simon, c.	3	1	2	5	2
Shenn, p.	2	0	1	1	3
Mam'x, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total.	32	1	8	27	17

Errors—Carey, (2.) Britton, Miller, Shenn.

Brooklyn	0	0	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	—6
Pittsburgh	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Daubert, Wilson. Stolen bases—Smith, Fisher. Sacrifice hit—Moran. Sacrifice fly—Cutshaw. Bases on balls—Off Shenn, 1; off Mamaux, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Mamaux, (Moran.) Struck out—By Yingling, 4; by Shenn, 1; by Mamaux, 2. Hits—Off Shenn, 10 in six innings; off Mamaux, 2 in three innings. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 4; Brooklyn, 10. Double plays—Yingling, Cutshaw, and Daubert; Dolan, Simon, Britton, and Viox. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 4. Wild pitches—Yingling, Mamaux. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Brennan.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	4	0	1	0	4
St'gel, cf.	3	0	1	2	0
Wheat, lf.	4	0	2	4	0
D'bert, 1b.	4	0	1	10	1
Smith, 3b.	4	1	1	2	2
Fisher, ss.	4	0	1	1	2
F'cher, c.	3	0	1	6	2
Rucker, p.	4	0	2	0	1
Total.	34	1	10	*28	12

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Dolan, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0
W'g'r, ss.	4	0	1	2	2
Viox, 2b.	4	0	0	1	0
Wilson, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
Miller, 1b.	4	0	0	7	1
M'ch'l, cf.	4	0	1	4	1
Gibson, c.	2	0	1	6	1
†Kelly	0	0	0	0	0
F'rm'n, p.	3	0	0	0	2
‡Butler	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	0	5	27	7

*Wagner out, hit by batted ball.
†Ran for Gibson in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Conzelman in the ninth inning.
Errors—Cutshaw, Fisher.

Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Wagner, Wilson. Three-base hit—Smith. Stolen bases—Carey, Gibson, Cutshaw. Sacrifice hit—Gibson. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 10; Brooklyn, 8. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 2. Bases on balls—Off Rucker, 3; off Conzelman, 2. Struck out—By Rucker, 10; by Conzelman, 5. Wild pitch—Rucker. Double play—Cutshaw, Fisher, and Daubert. Time of game—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Eason.

Even Break at Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 23.—Three to two were the scores of both games to-day, Boston taking the first and Chicago the second. The latter victory gave the visitors the season's series, 11 games to 10. Walsh, who began the second game as Chicago's pitcher, started a game for the first time since July 19. He did not finish, however, being taken out after the fifth inning. The scores:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'oper, rf.	4	1	3	0	0
Engle, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0
Sp'ker, cf.	3	0	0	3	1
Lewis, lf.	2	0	0	1	0
Ga'ner, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
Yerkes, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2
Ja'rin, ss.	4	1	1	5	3
Th'mas, c.	3	0	0	7	2
R.Co'ns, p.	2	0	0	1	4
*Rehg	1	0	1	0	0
Total.	31	3	6	27	15

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ver, ss.	4	1	0	2	0
Lord, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
C'lins, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	2	11	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Sch'k, c.	2	1	1	7	1
P'ger, 2b.	3	0	1	0	3
Walsh, p.	2	0	0	0	0
R'sell, p.	1	0	0	0	4
Total.	32	2	4	27	11

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	—3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	—3

*One out when winning run was scored.
†Batted for Thomas in the ninth inning.
Errors—Weaver, Chase, Janvrin, (2.)

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2
Boston	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	—3

Two-base hits—Hooper, 2. Three-base hits—Hooper, Yerkes. Sacrifice hits—Chase, R. Collins. Stolen base—Engle. Double Plays—Chappell and Daly; Collins and Engle; Janvrin, Yerkes, and Engle. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Boston, 7. First base on balls—Off Scott, 3; off Collins, 2. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Boston, 1. Struck out—By Scott, 5; by Collins, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Ferguson and Evans.

SECOND GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'ver, ss.	4	0	0	4	2
Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	3	2
C'lins, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Chase, 1b.	4	2	2	7	0
Bodie, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
Ch'p'l, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
Sch'k, c.	2	1	1	7	1
P'ger, 2b.	3	0	1	0	3
Walsh, p.	2	0	0	0	0
R'sell, p.	1	0	0	0	4
Total.	31	3	6	27	13

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	3	0	2	0	0
Engle, 1b.	4	0	2	11	0
Sp'ker, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
Rehg, lf, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
G'dn'r, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Y'kes, 2b.	4	1	1	0	1
P'rin, ss.	3	1	0	1	5
Cady, c.	4	0	2	10	1
Bed't, p.	2	0	0	0	3
*N'm'r, p.	1	0	1	0	0
†Mundy	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	2	11	27	12

*Batted for Bedient in the ninth inning.
†Ran for Cady in the ninth inning.
Errors—Collins, Schalk.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hit—Yerkes. Hits—Off Walsh, 5 in five innings; off Russell, 6 in four innings. Sacrifice hits—Schalk, Rehg. Stolen bases—Schalk, Bodie, Engle. Double plays—Berger, Weaver, and Chase; Schalk and Weaver. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Boston, 7. First base on balls—Off Walsh, 1; off Russell, 1; off Bedient, 1. Struck out—By Walsh, 3; by Russell, 2; by Bedient, 10. Passed balls—Cady, 2. Wild pitches—Walsh. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Ferguson.

Jim Thorpe to Wed Indian Maid.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 23.—Confirmation of the reported engagement of James Thorpe, world's champion all-round athlete, to Miss Margaret Irma Miller, a Cherokee Indian maid, was given out to-day by the bride-elect, who is visiting her brother at Inglewood. Miss Miller was graduated last year from the Carlisle Indian School. She will leave in a few days for Carlisle, where the wedding will take place on Oct. 15.

YANKEES TO STAY AT POLO GROUNDS

Agreement with Giants to Remain in Force Next Year—New Field Ready in 1915.

The Polo Grounds will be the home of the New York American League Club again in 1914, as it has been during the present season, according to an announcement made yesterday by President Harry N. Hempstead of the New York Giants. Negotiations to that end were begun several weeks ago by President Ban Johnson of the American League, and the Board of Directors of the New York National League club, through President Hempstead, notified President Johnson yesterday that they were glad to accede to the request. Both parties stipulate that the privilege must end with the close of the 1914 season. The terms are not announced in figures, but are similar to those in effect for the present season.

In making his request for the use of the Polo Grounds next season, President Johnson announced that conditions have arisen which makes it inadvisable, for the present at least, for the New York Americans to proceed with the construction of their stands at the new park. It would be necessary to secure title to property which will be of no material benefit after the plant is completed, thereby causing unnecessary and unwarranted expense. It is expected that this condition will be overcome within a short time, and then work will be resumed at the new Yankee home. The new park is finished at any time before the season of 1914 is completed, the Yankees will occupy it immediately. In asking the favor President Johnson announces himself as opposed to joint occupancy of baseball parks by clubs of the different leagues, but adds that the American League is ready to join now with the National League in prohibiting such joint use in future, excepting in extreme emergency cases.

President Hempstead, although assuring President Johnson that the New York National League club is pleased to assist Owner Frank J. Farrell of the Yankees through a trying period, announces himself as strongly opposed to the use of a common playing field. The attitude of the New York National League club is expressed in the following extract of President Hempstead's letter to President Johnson:

In this connection would advise that it is the opinion of myself and of my associates on the Board of Directors that, as a permanent proposition, it would be exceedingly detrimental to baseball as a sport to permit two competing leagues to play upon the same grounds. Without we are glad to offer you this opportunity for the season of 1914, we wish to be placed clearly on record that this will be the last year in which we will consider such a proposition. This will allow us ample approximately two and a half years for building your stands and grounds, and we feel that this should be eminently satisfactory.

If the using of a common playing field were to go into effect in New York, similar conditions might arise to make it appear beneficial in other cities, and, even assuming that it were satisfactory for a time, I can see how, due to "community interest," keen competition would be lost. This use of the grounds by two teams has already been proposed in two of our other cities.

Baseball is bigger than any one league, and my belief is that present conditions with two major leagues and sixteen separate parks make for great competition and intense public interest, and to stop Smith as quickly as possible—maybe in the first round. Langford boxed Kubiak, Tony Ross, Jim Smith, and Jim Barry, and whipped them all in spite of rumors that he didn't intend to try. It will be the same thing over again with Gunboat Smith. If Langford can't stop him in ten rounds it will be a setback for us—for Sam believes he can whip Jack Johnson or any other heavyweight in the world, black or white."

Buckley seems to think that Langford is not invulnerable—and points out the fact that Porky Flynn put him down for eight seconds in the first round of their recent mill in Boston. Buckley thinks that if Smith, who is a harder hitter than Flynn, reaches Langford's jaw the bout will end right there.

Gibson will have both fighters examined by a physician to-morrow so that there will be no room for doubt as to their fitness.

Heavyweights at St. Nicholas Rink.

Charlie Miller and Al Palzer will be seen in action to-night at St. Nicholas Rink. Palzer is anxious to redeem himself for his poor showing with Frank Moran, and the Fighting Motorman looked to defeat Palzer in order to be matched with Arthur Pelky at San Francisco, the latter part of October. Palzer realizes that this is his last chance, and if he fails to make a good showing he has little chance of another bout in New York. Miller is practically getting a tryout in his first contest in the East, and a good bout should be the result. Manager Johnson has arranged a good preliminary bill.

Smith to Challenge Jack Johnson.

Negotiations are already under way for a championship match between Jack Johnson and Gunboat Smith, the latter's manager, Jim Buckley, having cabled to Vienne, the French promoter, stating that he will be in Paris within a few weeks to challenge Johnson for the title.

Buckley realizes that a win over Langford will put Smith in a position to clean up $100,000 in a year's time with theatrical engagements and a title match with Johnson, and the fact that Frank Moran has refused to meet Smith in this country gives Smith the better chance for the big match.

Incogniti Cricketers Beat Quakers.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—Splendid bowling on the part of the Englishmen enabled the Incogniti Club of London to win its match from the Philadelphia Cricket Club eleven to-day by 70 runs. The visitors, who made 138 runs in their first inning yesterday, completed their second turn at bat for 129. The Philadelphians put together 128 runs in their opening inning, and were all out in the second for the small score of 61.

Hartford Goes to Pieces.

HARTFORD, Sept. 23.—After playing superior ball for ten innings, Hartford went to pieces in the eleventh session of to-day's game with Lowell, and the visitors bagged three runs in that one chapter, getting a lead that the Senators could not overcome in their half. The game was tight from the start to the last of the tenth inning, when Hartford gave a poor exhibition of baseball. Hartford scored in the fifth inning on a hit by Kauff, a sacrifice by Hoey, and a fielder's choice. The Senators scored again in the eighth inning on a hit by Rieger, an error by Thomas, and a single by Hoffman. This gives Lowell three wins and Hartford one in the New England series. The teams play in Lowell to-morrow.

Senators Lose the Rubber.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—St. Louis made it two out of three in its last series of the season with Washington by winning to-day, 5 to 3. Two wild pitches and an error were responsible for four of St. Louis's runs. Although they batted Groom hard, the visitors earned only one run. Taylor and Mitchell held Washington safe, the former giving way in the eighth for a pinchhitter. Agnew was put out of the game in the ninth for disputing a decision of Umpire Dineen. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'en, cf.	3	1	1	1	0
Austin, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2
Pratt, 1b.	4	0	2	12	1
Wi'ms, lf.	3	0	1	5	0
Sloan, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Bisl'd, ss.	4	1	1	1	1
Wares, 2b.	4	1	1	1	3
Agnew, c.	3	1	1	4	2
McA'er, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Taylor, p.	2	0	0	0	4
Mito'ell, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Cov'ton	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	5	9	27	13

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mo'ler, rf.	4	1	1	0	1
Milan, cf.	5	1	2	1	1
Foster, 3b.	4	0	2	1	2
Gandil, 1b.	4	0	1	10	0
M'gan, 2b.	3	0	0	3	3
Henry, c.	2	0	0	10	3
Gedeon, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
McE'e, ss.	4	0	0	1	3
Groer, p.	3	1	2	0	3
†Scha'er	1	0	0	0	0
*Williams	0	0	0	0	0
‡Alm'th	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	33	3	8	27	16

*Batted for Taylor in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Gedeon in the ninth inning.
‡Batted for Groom in the ninth inning.
¶Ran for Williams in the ninth inning.
Errors—Pratt, Morgan (2.)

St. Louis	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	—5
Washington	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Pratt, Wares, Austin, Foster, Groom. Three-base hit—Milan. Hits—Off Taylor, 7 in 7 innings; off Mitchell, 1 in 2 innings. Stolen bases—Shotten, Austin, Agnew, Milan, Ainsmith. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; Washington, 8. First base on balls—Off Taylor, 2; off Mitchell, 3; off Groom, 3. First base on error—St. Louis, 1. Struck out—By Taylor, 4; by Mitchell, 1; by Groom, 9. Wild pitches—Groom, 2. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Sheridan.

Gold Medals for Newark Players.

Next Saturday has definitely been decided upon as the day on which the Newark team, winners of the International League pennant race, will be honored by the fans of their home city. A committee of fifty citizens has been appointed to take charge of different phases of the celebration. A field day will be held at Wiedenmayer's Park in the afternoon and an automobile parade at night. Funds are being sent to James M. Reilly, Secretary of the Newark Board of Trade, with which to purchase gold medals for the members of the championship team. The surplus money will be divided among the players.

SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, 2:30 P. M. Glenview, Brooklyn.

GERMANS LEAVE FOR HOME.

Members of Imperial Athletic Commission Sail on Kaiser Wilhelm II.

Prominent members of the Amateur Athletic Union and the several athletic clubs in this vicinity participated in the real farewell to the members of the German Imperial Athletic Commission, which sailed for home yesterday morning on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. Among those who were at the pier were noticed James E. Sullivan, American Commissioner to the Olympic games; Judge Bartow S. Weeks, Matthew P. Halpin, Paul Pilgrim, and Rudolph J. Schaefer, who have all been prominent in making the five weeks' stay of the envoys pleasurable.

Dr. Kreanzlein was accompanied by his wife and daughter, who will make their home in Germany for the next three years, this being the length of Kreanzlein's contract, which will be fulfilled with the expiration of the games in 1916. In speaking of the prospects for a proper competitive defense by the men over whom he will have control Kraenzlein said: "I am thoroughly familiar with the conditions which obtain in Germany, and it will probably take me some time to arrange my plans after my arrival in Berlin. I know that there is plenty of excellent material available and hope to be able to report favorable progress in the development of a strong team within the next twelve months."

The members of the commission sent the following wireless to James E. Sullivan via the Sayville Station:

"To you and the Amateur Athletic Union we offer our sincere thanks for your many courtesies."

PHIL CROSS LOSES BOUT.

East Side Boxer Meets More Than His Match in Kid Alberts.

As the star attraction last night at the Atlantic Gardens A. C. the bout between Johnny (Kid) Alberts and Phil Cross at the welterweight limit was one of the best contests seen this season at almost any weight. From almost start to finish Alberts, who came into the ring with a knockout registered against him, as delivered by Cross the last time they met, managed to wipe out in the most convincing fashion the former win of his opponent, whom he beat in nearly every session of the ten rounds decided.

Battling Levinsky beat in six rounds Frank McGuinness, who scales 119½ pounds. He proved to be a demon for punishment. In the fourth round he was put down with a right to the jaw for nine, and soon after received his quietus with a similar punch. It required five minutes to bring him out of dreamland.

Fighting Eagen made such an impression on Charlie Farrell that the referee took pity on the latter and stopped the bout early in the second round. Johnnie Reis and Johnnie Carroll boxed four rounds to a draw in the opening bout.

GIBSON SIGNS JEANNETTE.

Colored Heavyweight Will Box Winner of Langford-Smith Bout.

Manager Gibson of the Garden A. C. signed Joe Jeannette yesterday to meet the winner of the Gunboat Smith-Sam Langford bout, which will take place in Madison Square Garden Friday night. Gibson announced Oct. 24 as the date for the battle. Gibson also received the following statement from Langford's manager, Joseph Woodman, which should stop enemies of the Boston negro from trying to injure the match.

"Langford will be trained to the minute for Gunboat Smith. He has been working quietly for two weeks and will weigh less than 180 pounds. Sam will try to stop Smith as quickly as possible—maybe in the first round. Langford boxed Kubiak, Tony Ross, Jim Smith, and Jim Barry, and whipped them all in spite of rumors that he didn't intend to try. It will be the same thing over again with Gunboat Smith. If Langford can't stop him in ten rounds it will be a setback for us—for Sam believes he can whip Jack Johnson or any other heavyweight in the world, black or white."

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CONGRESSMEN'S ASSESSMENTS.

We don't know that the Democratic Congressmen would be especially pleased to find that the assessment of $100 each for their Congressional Committee is legal. The Chairman of the committee, Mr. DOREMUS of Michigan, does not make a very strong argument in defense of its legality. The text of the law certainly seems to prohibit the levying and the payment of the assessment.

But we are persuaded that the civil service law, from which the provisions of the Penal Code are taken, was not aimed at political contributions by Congressmen to their own committee. The vice of political contributions usually is that they are virtually the price paid for the attainment or retention of places under the Government. Congressmen should not collect them from employés, because they can influence appointments, promotions, demotions, and dismissals. But no Congressman can influence substantially the political or personal fortunes of another Congressman, or would be tempted to do so by the payment or withholding of contributions. We think the Republican leader, Mr. MANN, was ill advised in attacking the assessment.

MONOPOLY OF LABOR.

We wish that sensible and sincere labor leaders could be persuaded to study the article by Prof. J. LAURENCE LAUGHLIN in the October Atlantic. It is a candid, temperate, and acute examination of the aim, implied or expressed, of the labor unions to secure as far as may be a monopoly of the supply of labor, in order that they may exact higher wages and better conditions.

Prof. LAUGHLIN holds that this aim is illegal, as contrary to the Federal anti-monopoly act; that it is immoral, as involving injury and oppression to non-union workingmen, and that it is impracticable, because the nearer it is achieved and the higher wages are forced, a rise as great, or greater, will follow in the cost of living, so that real wages will not be raised or will be depressed. It is this consequence of union ambition that is most important and significant. The Professor says:

> There is no question whatever in my mind that the rise of prices of almost all articles of general consumption during the last decade or two has been due, as much as to any one thing else, to the rise in money wages paid for the same, or even less, labor effort. Moreover, the effect is cumulative. In the expenses of producing raw materials such as coal, ore, wool, and the like, into whose processes labor enters more largely than machinery, the general rise of wages raises out of all proportion the prices of materials from which finished goods are made.

The road to higher wages and better conditions by the artificial monopoly of the trades unions is thus in practice a blind alley with no issue. What is the alternative? It is the substitution of what Prof. LAUGHLIN calls "the 'principle of 'the natural monopoly' 'of labor." That is, the right of each man to do the best work he can and to get the best wages he can "under "conditions of entirely free and unrestricted competition." If wages were raised under these conditions, it would not increase cost of production, because productive capacity would be increased also. This would be to the advantage of the workmen because their real wages would advance in the ratio of their earning. To the objection that grasping employers would not give the higher wages due to increased efficiency Prof. LAUGHLIN replies:

> Then organize and get it. Organization of labor is of vital importance. There is no objection to the union as a form of organization; but there is objection to the wrong use of the union. The principle of "artificial monopoly" of labor may be all wrong, but the principle of organizing labor in a union may be all right. * * * If admission to a union were based on efficiency tests, and the members held a natural monopoly due to superior skill, those outside the union could not compete with them, and there would be no more need for the "closed shop" or for dynamite.

This involves a change in the spirit of some employers as well as in that of most of the trades unions. There are those of the former class who are bent on using their men as they do their machinery and getting all they can from them for the least pay. They invite pressure and should have it. And it is a way as false economically as it is inhumane. But with rational and fair co-operation from both sides, here unquestionably is the sane and effective mode of solving a vexed problem.

He pays scant respect to the agitation for a minimum wage and especially to that "hysterical" agitation based on the theory that low wages produce vice. He calls attention to the fact we have repeatedly urged that a law which forbids employers to pay less than a fixed rate is necessarily a law to forbid workers to work for less than that rate, and he asks: "If $5 is "no protection from vice, how much "less is no wages at all?" The only way to increase the wages of workers is to increase their wage-earning capacity. Then no law will be needed. He says:

> The wrong situation—of which low wages, possible starvation, and the temptation to vice are only symptoms—is due primarily to the fact that women thrown on their own resources know no trade and crowd each other in the market for unskilled labor. The remedy lies in the creation of places of instruction where any woman (no matter how poor) shall be taught a trade and have skill given her by which she can obtain a living wage. The remedy lies in preventing a congestion of unskilled feminine labor by industrial education. There is no other rational or permanent or human way out of the present wretched situation, if we have the real interest of the workers at heart—and are not interested chiefly in getting some cheap political notoriety.

This also is a view we have long urged in regard to the true function of the public schools in an industrial democracy.

THE GULF BETWEEN THEM.

After all, pride of rank and birth is a human failing quite as understandable and perhaps even as excusable as the disposition of susceptible youth to misplace its affections. Like SHAKESPEARE'S Juliet, KEATS'S Isabella, she of that uncanny pot of basil, and so many other unhappy young women of history and romance, the late SOPHIA, Princess of Saxe-Weimar, might have filled out her life happily and respectably because royally, if she had never met a certain young man. It is to think gently of her to think that, being of ancient royal blood and of a nature that knew no compromise, there was nothing for her to do, after she had met the young man, but die by her own hand. It is a mean and shameful sort of way to die even if you happen to be a Marcus Brutus and fall on your sword after the battle is lost as an alternative to a hero's death in battle. The trouble with suicide at its best is that cowards and lunatics have taken away from it the heroic and romantic qualities it seems to have possessed in a simpler and sterner age.

But the self-destruction of the Saxe-Weimar Princess will seem as near to the old romantic ideal of suicide as possible, if we assume that she took her royalty very seriously, that she believed as firmly as her unrelenting father that "all the money "in the world would never suffice "to bridge over the gulf between a "Princess of Saxe-Weimar" and a mere Baron who worked for his living in the banking trade. It would have been so easy for her, considering the wealth of the young man, to snap her fingers at the imaginary gulf, defy her royal parent, and marry her Baron in the spirit in which certain daughters of wealthy American families have married chauffeurs and coachmen, and fared little if any worse than their more conventional sisters who have married foreign noblemen.

If we are not persuaded that this daughter of a house of Princes was as firm as her sire in the belief that a Princess should not marry a commoner, we must assume that she was a weak creature, and the victim of a bigoted old father who even after her death is obstinate enough to insist that there was a "gulf" between this poor girl and a young man of decent life, high capacity, and large fortune, who loved her and was loved in return.

As a matter of fact, of course, the Prince of Saxe-Weimar is a benighted German, who has not yet awakened to what is going on in the world outside his gates. His mind is mediaeval. But there is a certain sort of respect due even to bigotry when it is sincere, and in an age when other German Princes so far forget their dignity as to involve themselves publicly in questionable financial transactions, there is even an odd sort of austere interest in the spectacle of a father who would rather have his child dead than married to the man she loves because of the "gulf" between utterly futile and dependent royalty and a banker with a title of nobility.

A STEEL TRAIN COLLISION.

The head-on collision of steel trains at College Point station on the Long Island road proved again, according to certain authorities, that all that is needed to make collisions perfectly safe and customary is steel cars. Only three employés were killed, and of passengers only fifty or more were injured. The colliding trains, although the forward cars were pretty well ripped up, deposited their passengers beside the rails somewhat violently, but alive and breathing.

Some cavilers will still insist that the steel cars and the mechanical safety devices, of which the road seems to have had enough, did not suffice to prevent a collision. They will blame a member of the Brotherhood of Railway Signalmen who sat in the signal tower at Whitestone Junction and failed to obey this rule of the road:

> At the end of double tracks, where signalmen are on duty, signals will not be given to trains to enter single tracks until all superior overdue trains have arrived or orders have been given permitting inferior trains to proceed.

Of course, if Signalman MAIZE had simply flagged the Long Island train which passed him on the single track, the public would have missed this notable demonstration of the safety of steel cars. On the New Haven Railroad the Engineers' Committee is asking that Manager BARDO resign because he insists that the rules be strictly obeyed by road operators, and protests against "holding up at the pistol point" Managers and Superintendents who attempt to discipline the men convicted of running past signals. Signalman MAIZE, on the other hand, complains that he had been "reprimanded for holding up overdue trains." We had not heard that the Brotherhood of Railway Signalmen on the Long Island road lacked a Grievance Committee. It is something new on an Eastern railway that a signalman should be cowed by a mere Superintendent into disobeying the rules and permitting a collision.

MAYOR HUNT'S ACHIEVEMENTS.

We have our own problems in plenty here in New York, but comfort and the inspiration of a good example may be had from a brief consideration of the way in which the Mayor of another city went about his administrative tasks. Mayor HENRY T. HUNT of Cincinnati has been renominated by the Democrats. He is not the candidate of a party only, but has the support of all classes of citizens opposed to the old Republican organization dominated by Boss Cox, which was not only powerful, but corrupt, selfish, and gluttonous. The men who have renominated Mayor HUNT have put out a platform that may be described as something new in municipal politics. Entirely devoid of the traditional rant and fustian of platforms, it tells the voters succinctly and clearly what Mayor HUNT has done.

It is a remarkable record. First, during the year he has dealt successfully with two strikes. The street railway strike was a particularly ugly one, but having determined that the people of Cincinnati should not be compelled to walk, he settled the strike in ten days. There was no loss of life, and property loss was small. There was a strike of the ice men and much consequent suffering in the Summer heats. The Mayor called upon the Board of Health to authorize him to seize and operate the ice plant, which he did. City operation continued until the parties to the controversy reached an agreement, and the Mayor is ready to pay a reasonable rent for the use of the plant. This platform record of Mayor HUNT'S service in behalf of the defenseless and unfortunate is more eloquent than columns of preachment about social uplift. He established tenement house inspection, rooted out many abuses and sources of disease in the densely populated parts of the city; appointed school nurses; provided for food inspection for school children and for dental service to them; separated the dependent children from the delinquents in the House of Refuge; saw to it that all the children had a chance to go to school and to Sunday school, and fell upon the loan sharks and smote them until they were driven from the city. The vicious and disorderly elements that had been the prop and stay of corrupt administration under Boss Cox he put under stern regulation and control. Many evil resorts were closed and gambling suppressed. Some of this work was accomplished in spite of the injunctions granted by the Judge who is now the opposition candidate for Mayor.

Among other good things Mayor HUNT undertook a scientific rerouting of the street railway lines and the construction of a terminal boulevard and belt line of surface cars, and both of these improvements have been authorized by the Legislature. Grade crossings were abolished and plans of sewer improvements drawn up for which the people have voted an expenditure of $3,000,000. Throughout the municipal service business methods have been introduced. For one thing, "city employés now work from "8 A. M. to 5 P. M., like other people, "instead of keeping the former plu"tocratic hours of 9 A. M. to 4 P. M." Efficiency has been promoted by the faithful application of civil service principles, appointment and promotions now being made for fitness determined by examinations. The working force is more loyal, for it knows that it will be protected so long as it renders good service. The Council has been transformed from a body of dummies controlled by the boss into a deliberative body considering with care and intelligence matters that come before it. Mayor HUNT has treated the public utilities corporations with "even-handed justice," but he has demanded of them a faithful performance of their contract obligations. He has even had the courage to begin a campaign for the "reduction and ulti"mate elimination of the smoke nui"sance," which is a large undertaking in Cincinnati.

In short, Mayor HUNT has made it his business to promote the comfort, the convenience, and safeguard the health and the property interests and other interests of the citizens of Cincinnati. Of the showing made in this remarkable platform it might be said that it is a restraint of the trade of politics, since it leaves the intelligent and well-intentioned voters of the city no choice save to re-elect Mayor HUNT.

THE DRIFT IN FRANCE.

In an article full of the fruits of observation, in The American Political Science Review, Prof. SCHAPIRO of the College of the City of New York discusses the drift of French politics. He is of the opinion that the republic is facing a considerable change in the matters engaging political interest and action, of which the disintegration of the "bloc," which has been dominant for more than a decade, is the chief sign:

> Perhaps the great underlying reason for the disintegration of the bloc is the fact that it had exhausted the stock of ideas bequeathed by the French Revolution which, now at last, has really ended in France. That great upheaval has been like a power house of ideas which continually sent revolutionary currents throughout the nineteenth century. But now that royalism is routed, the Church disestablished and cowed, the army and schools republican, the electorate democratized and the republic safe, the bloc, which brought to fruition this programme outlined in '93, has been struck with political sterility. Its ventures into the new field of social politics were marked by excessive timidity, and anxiety lest it alienate the middle classes on whom it relies for support.

As parties now stand the most interesting movements outside the Republican combination are that of the Catholics and that of the Socialists. The former is organized under the name of the "Action Libérale Populaire." It commands some 1,200,000 votes and sends thirty-four Deputies to the Chamber. It recognizes the permanence of the republic and indorses the principles of the French Revolution. Its definite political aims are proportional representation and the division of the school funds to religious as well as lay schools. Prof. SCHAPIRO expects it to swallow up the Royalists, Imperialists, and Moderate Republicans and so form a powerful conservative party. At the opposite end of the field is the Unified Socialist movement, which tends to influence the Government, though its aims are now extreme. It polls about the same number of votes as the "Action," but has seventy-six seats in the Chamber.

The author does not predict what will happen as the result of the new contest. He thinks it will turn on the effort "to apply the principles "of the French Revolution to the "social structure, to do for the "working classes what 1789 did for "the bourgeoisie." In such a contest it is our impression that the stubborn conservatism in matters of property that prevails in all classes of Frenchmen except the working class would ultimately incline the scale against the Socialist movement now so much in evidence. And this impression is confirmed by the fact that at present the Socialist spirit is violently anti-patriotic.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Rhabdomancy Again Investigated.

Of all superstitions, probably none has either more supporters at once sincere and intelligent than the one by which certain persons are credited with the power of finding hidden things, especially water, through the use of a forked twig held in the outstretched hands. Belief in this power still exists all over Europe and both of the Americas, and those who hold to it are by no means all ignorant people. Many, indeed, are of some scientific pretensions, and there is hardly a town in which somebody cannot be found who can tell tales, undoubtedly true, of successful divination by means of the divining rod.

When witch-hazel twigs are available they are always used in this rhabdomancy, to give it the classic name, but the douser, or dowser, as he used to be called in England, performs his miracle just as well with a forked switch from a peach tree—a fact the significance of which neither he nor his followers can see.

Yesterday's dispatches told of a "congress of scientists" now holding in Halle for the purpose of giving this subject another investigation, and it was said that so many and so brilliant have been the demonstrations already made that the members of the congress are much impressed. They have seen the finding of potash veins, of coal deposits, and one magician—who must have been a humorist desirous of testing to the very limit the credulity of these "scientists"—discovered a leak in a city water main!

The whole thing is, of course, a wild absurdity, not that the reality of all the feats described can be denied, but because the so-called divining rod has nothing to do with them. As for the water finders, most of them are presumably self-deceived, but their successes are due either to the fact that water is to be found almost everywhere by digging deeply enough or to recognition of faint indications disclosing to eyes sufficiently trained the near presence of moisture. It is when the douser sees these signs that the twig turns in his hand, and to no psychologist is the turning at all mysterious.

However, disbelief in dousing is not necessarily a sufficient reason for refusing to pay the douser his fee. He often really is an expert revealer of places where water is near the suface, and the mere fact that he does it in one way while pretending or thinking that he does it in another does not detract from the value of the results. He is not the first nor will he be the last to reach a right conclusion from a wrong premise. That is a common triumph, in spite of what the logicians say.

Explaining Away a Defeat.

Through the British chorus of magnanimous congratulation that first hailed the defeat by young OUIMET of VARDON and RAY there are now beginning to be heard slightly discordant sounds—the noises made by those who minimize a loss, first, by explaining how it happened, and then by proving that it wasn't such a wonderful victory, anyhow, or so dreadfully hard to win with circumstances as they were. Our dear cousins are doing this, not because they are worse losers than anybody else, but because to do it is human nature and because humiliation is so hard to bear that some means of escaping from the worst of it simply must be found if a body is to sleep o' nights.

They cheered OUIMET generously just after he had conquered their champions at what not long ago was their own game, and that was all that could be expected of them. Now, however, they are saying that, as the boy had nothing to lose and everything to win, he was in a position very different from that of veterans who were heavily burdened with their own reputations and with responsibility for their country's glory, if not their country's honor. Naturally, therefore, the strain upon the boy's "nerve" was vastly less than upon that of his antagonists, and he played with an advantage over them—oh, a perfectly fair one, but none the less real or great.

Our friends have suddenly remembered, too, that it is one thing to win a championship and quite another to keep it. As a statement of fact that is undoubtedly true, but one does not follow them easily when to illustrate this rather obvious verity they say that to mount a ladder is less difficult than to remain at the top when it has once been reached. That statement—like many another as gravely propounded—would be as plausible with an inserted "not," and little risk would be involved in denying it altogether.

For the present, the Britons are pardonable for forgetting, or at least for not mentioning, the generally recognized disadvantage under which youth and inexperience labor when they battle with hardened warriors. That is what OUIMET had to overcome, and that his "nerve" stood the test shows something as to its quality. Perhaps our overseas relatives would be better advised if they contented themselves with such consolation as they can find in OUIMET'S lineage, which is French-Canadian, and therefore English, after a fashion, in spite of his "American" birth. There's no denying that we are indebted for him, though rather remotely, to the British Empire.

A Case of After, Not of Because.

Anti-vaccinationists will doubtless leap gladly at, and make all they can of, the news from Trenton that two children have just died there of tetanus and that the infection "followed" enforcement of the law by which public schools are protected from smallpox. There is not, however, the slightest reason for believing, and no more excuse for saying, that the lockjaw was the result of vaccination.

The fatal germs entered the wound made by the vaccinator precisely as they would any other break in the skin's continuity, and the only conclusion legitimately to be drawn from the deaths of these children is that they should have been, and others should be, more carefully protected when any gate is open to this particularly terrible invader.

The bacillus of tetanus is widely distributed, but it is abundant to a notably dangerous degree only in a few localities. There is one such over on Long Island, and there every little scratch should be promptly cleansed and rigorously covered. It has not been stated that Trenton is equally infested, but evidently there is peril there, too.

Never but once, so far as can be recalled, has any real relation between vaccination and lockjaw been proved, and even in that case the relation was accidental and mechanical, not essential.

CAUSE OF MEAT FAMINE.

Raising Live Stock Is Not Profitable to Farmers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been reading more advice given to the farmer, who is supposed to be so short-sighted that he refuses to make money. He, the small farmer, is told to raise two steers each year. In the first place it takes at least two years to get one ready for market. The expense of the two years is as follows:

Value of calf, $2; pasture for first Summer, $5; for second Summer, $10; hay for first Winter, $20; for second Winter, $40.

To fatten him costs 50 bushels of corn at 50 cents a bushel, $25. And he drinks about $10 worth of milk the first six weeks.

So you can understand why the big dairy farmers bury new-born calves. And now with cheap meat coming into the country, what chance is there of making a profit? It is the same with the pigs that the thrifty housewives desire the farmers to raise. It is all too expensive.

The end of it will be that conditions will become like those in Europe, where the meat is much dearer than here, but the people eat more vegetables and grain, and suffer no lack of strength thereby. Americans must stop living entirely on meat, and must learn to make the cheap portions palatable. The days of wastefulness are nearly over. We have much to learn. SARAH E. TECHT.

New York, Sept. 23, 1913.

Medical Autopsies.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is very evident to me that "B. J." is of an intensely selfish disposition. He says in part: "I find it easier to dispose thus of my own remains than to consider doing so with those I love." Those he loves! Little he knows of the meaning of the word, else he would not sacrifice the feelings of those dear to him, requiring of them something which he would not do himself, in order that he may satisfy his morbid desire to have at some time, even after death, his name in print as doing a great thing for science.

The time is past when science demanded of individuals co-operation in this direction. The prisons and the morgues supply all the practical material necessary, and it is clear to any one who has followed the remarkable strides that medical science has made in recent years that it has progressed beyond the study of the construction of the body and has taken up the problem of life itself. "B. J." would cause needless pain and anguish to his own, and would not advance science one iota. CHARLES STUART.

New York, Sept. 20, 1913.

The World's Golf Title.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

No one will begrudge Mr. Ouimet the laurels he won so brilliantly at Brookline on Saturday last. In fact, the more one analyses the achievement the more wonderful it appears. But I must be allowed to take exception to the title of world's champion so generously bestowed on him by the New York press. If there is such a thing as a champion of the world in golf, then that title must go to this year's winner of the open tournament in England. For that field not only included Vardon and Ray, but also Braid and Taylor, who have repeatedly beat them. Hilton, the present amateur champion of England, and McDermott, the American 1912 holder, also competed. Braid and Taylor have, like Vardon, each won the open championship five times. Edward Ray is a great player, but his record of one championship hardly puts him on the plane of the other three men SIDNEY W. HUGHES.

New York, Sept. 22, 1913.

Open Cars in Rainy Weather.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is there no help for the long-suffering public? To-day, the third day of heavy and continuous rain, at 8:30 A. M., an hour when business people cannot afford to wait for a possible closed car, the Amsterdam Avenue line was running open cars, the closed ones being the exception. The rain was beating in with such force that there was not a dry spot on any seat. Why not have comfortable, modern cars with cross seats like those of the Third Avenue line, which are always ready for any emergency of weather?

A SUFFERER.

New York, Sept. 22, 1913.

UNITED WITH JAPAN IN PEACE MOVEMENT

Japanese-American Group at Hague Formed Organization to Preserve Amity.

ANOTHER MEETING SHORTLY

Congressman Alney, Secretary of Alliance, Tells of Aims of Delegates' Committees.

The greatest advance yet made in the way of an oragnized movement toward the maintenance of peace between Japan and this country was accomplished at the meeting of the delegates of the two countries at the Interparliamentary Union at The Hague last Summer, according to Congressman William D. B. Ainey, a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs and one of the six United States delegates to the peace conference.

Mr. Ainey represents the Fourteenth Congress District of Pennsylvania. He arrived from Europe late Monday night on the Finland and went to the Hotel Astor, where he outlined to a TIMES reporter yesterday the method by which the Japanese and American parliamentary delegates to The Hague hoped to solve all the difficulties, such as the California controversy, that have arisen or may arise.

"One of the principal questions that was settled," Mr. Ainey said, "at the conference, as far as America is concerned, was the unanimous adoption of Secretary of State Bryan's peace treaty proposition.

"But to my mind the question of most interest to this country, and one that was not worked out during the meetings of the union, was the organization of a Japanese-American group to consider the solution of questions affecting both nations. This group was organized at a meeting brought about between the delegates of the two countries by the exchange of reciprocal notes, and at this meeting two committees were appointed consisting of three members from the delegates of each country.

Ainey Elected Secretary.

"The meeting was called to order on Sept. 5. The Hon. Ichitaro Shimizu was elected President and I was elected Secretary. The members of the Imperial Japanese Parliament present were, besides Mr. Shimizu, the Hon. Saitzi Shindo, the Hon. Wachi Seki, a graduate of Harvard; the Hon. Takao Saito, a graduate of Princeton, and the Hon. Zembei Horikiri.

"The American parliamentarians present were Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, Congressmen Richard Bartholdt of Missouri, James L. Slayden of Texas, Fred C. Stevens of Minnesota, Lynden Evans of Indiana, and myself.

"The committees appointed consisted of Messrs. Shimizu, Seki, and Shindo for the Japanese and Messrs. Slayden and Burton and myself for the United States. The delegates met for a two-fold purpose—to evidence to the peoples of their respective countries, in a more tangible way, the continuance of the friendly relations which for many years have existed between the great nations and which their delegations in a sense have severally represented, and to furnish a means for presenting and considering in an informal, yet very effective, way, those questions and problems touching more peculiarly and particularly the relations between Japan and the United States of America, properly the subjects for interparliamentary discussion.

"This meeting really marked the first voluntary peace alliance that has ever been formed to consider the great international questions between the two countries. The idea originated over there among the delegates themselves without the State Departments of either country having anything to do with it. However, the Japanese delegates considered the formation of this group of such importance that they wired their home Government full particulars, and also sent statements to the principal newspapers of Japan.

Minutes Sent to Bryan.

"A copy of the minutes of the meeting was sent to Secretary of State Bryan, another to the Imperial Japanese Government, a third to Archives of the Interparliamentary Union at Brussels, and I have a fourth in my possession.

"The two committees I have designated will utilize the time up to the next meeting of the union at Stockholm in September, 1914, to formulate such questions as affect Japan, and the United States in particular, with a view to having these presented in a concrete form at the Stockholm conference.

"The Messrs. Horikiri and Shimizu will be in Washington next month to meet the American committee and elaborate some of the questions to be considered. Undoubtedly the California question will be taken up at Stockholm if it has not been settled by that time, as I trust it will be. But I must make it plain that a question like that will not be considered in a concrete form, but in the light of obtaining some method by which such problems can be adjusted.

"Secretary Lange of the Interparliamentary Union, whose offices are at Brussels, was wonderfully elated at the 'getting together' of the Japanese and American delegates. He called on me at my hotel and offered every assistance of the union itself toward the working out of the problems that confront the two nations.

"Mr. Carnegie was also very much pleased with what had been done, and with the outlook for the future."

Mr. Ainey said that he believed the Japanese diplomats to be wholly sincere in their desire to promote peace and that they fully appreciated the importance of the group conference.

Mr. Ainey was a delegate to the peace conference at Geneva last year, and will be on hand when the union meets again at Stockholm.

Upside-Down Flights by Eagles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos Pegoud's upside-down flying, did you ever see an eagle chase a fishhawk until the latter dropped his fish? I have. The eagle dives after the fish, passes below it, turns wrong side up so that the fish falls into his claws, rights himself, and flies away with his stolen meat.

Ask any old farmer in Monmouth County, N. J., where this feat was not unusual forty years ago. E. M. F.

New York, Sept. 23, 1913.

ALL MOONSHINE.

I've written a note to the world that I love—
A book with the best of me in it;
I've trodden the boards with the poise of a dove
And warbled my song like a linnet.

I've painted a canvas all nations would claim;
I've hewn a great marble of "Power";
I've won a red heart and a famous old name,
With nothing but love as my dower.

I've marched at the head of a crusading band
That murdered the thing behind crime;
I've opened the eyes of this graft-shackled land
And changed the whole world for all time.

But just as each laurel and chaplet are won,
And all the brave deeds that I would do are done,
I wake with the sweat on my damp, useless head—
And Mother is smoothing my infidel's bed!

JANE BURR.

SAFETY CONGRESS OPENS.

Motion Pictures Show How to Avoid Street Cars and Autos.

Accidents due to street cars and automobiles in Chicago were shown yesterday at the Hotel McAlpin, where motion pictures of the "right and wrong way to cross streets" and the "right and wrong way to get off and on cars" were exhibited before the Second Safety Congress of the National Council for Industrial Safety.

The motion pictures, according to H. L. Brownell, Safety Inspector of Chicago, who exhibited them, represented about 50 per cent. of actual accidents taken by the Public Safety Commission of Chicago from November, 1912, to August, 1913. Practically every kind of street car and automobile accident was shown in the motion pictures, one right after the other.

The pictures are to be used by Inspector Brownell in a Fall and Winter campaign among the 400,000 school children of his city. Chicago is to have a "Safety Day," when forty members of the Public Safety Commission, with 500 business men, will visit the schools and give talks on safety to the children. "Safety Day" is to be followed by "Safety Sunday," when the message will be preached from the pulpits all over Chicago.

The first session of the congress was opened at 10 o'clock by Arthur Williams of the American Museum of Safety. He said that human life had always been valued cheaply in social and industrial development, and attributed more than 70 per cent. of industrial accidents rather to the carelessness of the individual workman than to any defect in machinery.

The plans of the Museum of Safety were discussed by Dr. W. H. Tolman, who recently attended a congress at the Holland Museum of Safety. He discussed the safety movement in Holland and in Europe generally.

A round-table discussion followed the regular addresses, and ideas were exchanged by C. Connelley of the Carnegie Institute of Technology of Pittsburgh, Alvin E. Pope of the Panama Exposition Committee, David Van Schaack of the Aetna Life Insurance Company, and W. H. Doolittle of the National Metal Trades Association.

At the afternoon session H. F. J. Porter of the Efficiency Society discussed fire escapes and fire exits, and Lewis T. Bryant, Commissioner of Labor of New Jersey, discussed fire drills and fire protection. At this morning's session "Organized Safety" will be discussed by Dr. C. P. Neil, and the "Pennsylvania Department of Labor and Industry" by Dr. John Price Jackson.

BRYAN AIDED BOYS IN ASIA.

Thinks, However, Public Is Not Interested in Personal Expenditures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Secretary Bryan read with a good deal of interest to-day the statement made in the Senate yesterday by Senator Martine of New Jersey that there was a drain on the Secretary of State's income due to the fact that he was engaged in educating some Japanese boys and also contributing to the expenses of missionaries in foreign countries.

When he was asked as to the truth of the Martine declaration, Secretary Bryan sent for a copy of The Congressional Record, in order that he might read what the New Jersey Senator had said before making any reply. After reading it Mr. Bryan denied that "we," by which it was understood he meant Mrs. Bryan and himself, were educating any boys in Japan. He declined to give any particulars of his charities in this direction, however, except to say that a Japanese student had lived with him for about five years, and that he had assisted students in other parts of Asia.

The Japanese who lived at the Bryan home for five years is Bryan Yamashita, mentioned in a Washington dispatch printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day. Secretary Bryan would not be interviewed in regard to what Senator Martine said, but he gave out a statement of all he cared to say in connection with the matter.

"We are not educating any boys in Japan," the statement read. "A Japanese student lived with us for about five years, but returned to Japan in 1904. Senator Martine's remarks probably refer to students whom we have assisted in other parts of Asia, but I do not consider it necessary to discuss the matter. I have discussed the sources of my income, but I am not yet convinced that the public requires me to discuss each contribution which I see fit to make to a worthy cause.

"I may add that I answer these questions with reluctance and with the feeling that the newspapers represented by those who ask the questions feel more curiosity than the general public does in regard to my private affairs."

DEFENDS TROOPS IN HAWAII.

Mrs. MacLennan Resents Alleged Attack by School Head.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—If investigation shows that Perley Horne, Superintendent of the Kamehameha School in Honolulu, Hawaii, actually said, as alleged, that American soldiers in the islands contributed to the delinquency of native girls, Mrs. Russell M. MacLennan, President of the Society for the Protection of the Dignity and Honor of the Uniform of the United States, wishes the War Department to withdraw Lieut. George E. Turner, on duty in the school as military instructor.

Mrs. MacLennan has protested to the War Department against what she terms the slander of American soldiers by Supt. Horne. She bases her protest on information supplied by Sergt. M. Distler of the Second Infantry stationed in Fort Shafter, Hawaii. She says Hawaiian youths should not receive military instruction if disrespect for women is a distinguishing characteristic of the American soldier.

The War Department has promised to consider the protest.

WATER TOAST WITH BRYAN.

No Champagne, Merely Old-Fashioned Cocktail, at Dinner to Frenchmen

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—A toast to President Wilson and President Poincaré and the traditional friendship between France and the United States was drunk in water last night by Secretary Bryan and the visiting French commission selecting a site at the Panama Pacific fair.

The news transpired to-day when Major J. J. Dickinson, who was host, made a hot denial of a published story that Mr. Bryan had not drunk when the champagne glasses were raised for the toast, and that the French visitors were offended. Major Dickinson explained that there was no champagne at the dinner, merely an old-fashioned cocktail, which the Frenchmen had expressed a curiosity to taste, and that, as Mr. Bryan proposed the toast near the end of the dinner, it was drunk in water.

AFTER WOMEN DRINKERS.

May Imbibe in Washington Restaurants, but Only with Meal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The Excise Board of the District of Columbia, appointed under a new liquor law intended to be drastic, to-day issued regulations for the control of the liquor business. Among the new rules is one that no woman shall serve as a bartender or otherwise dispense intoxicating drinks. The regulations provide that barroom licenses may be granted to women, but liquor cannot be served to women in restaurants unless with a meal costing not less than 25 cents.

Under the law women are forbidden to enter barrooms, and shall not be served with drinks in a restaurant unless accompanied by a man. The regulations issued to-day provide that private dining rooms in hotels and restaurants shall not be permitted.

TARIFF CONFEREES MAY FINISH TO-DAY

Report to the House Likely To-morrow, Though Many Differences Remain Unsettled.

COTTON FUTURES A PROBLEM

Smith-Lever Proposal, Modifying the Tax Plan, Will Probably Cause Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—When the Tariff Conference Committee adjourned this afternon the hope was expressed that all disagreements would be settled to-morrow night in time for a report to the House on Thursday. But it was admitted that great progress in reaching agreements must be made to accomplish this result. Many disputed points in the administrative clauses and the income tax section and eleven customs rates are yet to be settled.

To-day the committee went over the administrative clauses with the exception of the customs regulations. The retaliatory section, anti-dumping clause, convict labor clause, and the provision for a 5 per cent. discount on goods imported in American bottoms were passed over for later consideration.

An agreement was reached retaining the Senate amendment prohibiting contingent lawyers' fees in customs litigation.

The House provision for rigid inspection of foreign manufacturing methods, which the Senate eliminated, was rewritten. Instead of prohibiting the importation of the goods of offending foreigners the new paragraph imposes penalties for refusals to give information when requested. It was stated that the provision permitting the manufacture of imported tobacco in bonded warehouses, had been modified to satisfy Florida interests.

An important agreement will retain the provision of existing law for a drawback fee of 1 per cent., as carried in the House bill. Senator Simmons of North Carolina, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, said this afternoon that he did not think supplementary legislation would be required to prevent retaliation on the United States by foreign nations. President Taft's proclamations of minimum rates will lapse when the bill becomes a law, said Mr. Simmons, but the rates in the bill are themselves minimum rates, levied against goods from all countries.

Secretary Bryan seemed to think, however, that a joint resolution would be necessary to inform other nations that negotiations would be begun to continue existing arrangements. The State Department was at work to-day preparing a resolution of that character if desired.

MAY MODIFY TAX ON FUTURES.

Proposed Substitute Would Make It Nominal on Some Conditions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The Conference Committee on the Tariff bill will take up to-morrow for adjustment the differences of the Senate and House of Representatives over the proposed cotton futures tax amendment, inserted in the measure as the Clarke amendment by the Senate.

This amendment proposes a tax of $50 a hundred bales of cotton, of 500 pounds each, on each sale, or contract for sale, of cotton for future delivery on any Exchange.

The House leaders want this amendment modified. If the idea of a tax on cotton futures is retained in the bill by the Conference Committee, it is likely to be along the lines of a substitute for the Clarke plan, submitted to the committee by Representative Lever of South Carolina, Chairman of the House Committee on Agriculture, and Senator Smith of Georgia, a member of the Committee on Agriculture.

This proposed compromise retains the penalty features of the amendment, but adds a section setting forth conditions, rules, and regulations to be imposed as to the character of the futures contracts and the grade of the cotton to be delivered on such contracts. The compromise provides that when these conditions are complied with the tax shall be only 50 cents a hundred bales of cotton, whereas the tax is to be $50 a hundred bales if the conditions as to contract and delivery are not met.

The first paragraph of the substitute amendment reads as follows:

> That on and after the first day of September, 1914, upon each sale, agreement of sale, or agreement to sell any cotton for future delivery made in the future contract market, as now or hereafter defined, of any Cotton Exchange, or Board of Trade, or similar place, or by any person acting in substantial conformity to the rules and regulations governing such future transactions, or market quotations of such Exchange, Board of

NEW PLAY BRINGS LIMIT OF ABSURDITY

And Audience Is Moved to Laughter in Crucial Situation of 'The Smouldering Flame.'

MOTHERHOOD ITS THEME

Though Some of the Types Are True, the General Effect Is Mostly Wearisome.

THE SMOULDERING FLAME. Play in three acts by William Legrand Howland. Forty-eighth Street Theatre.

Mary McCrane.....Maud Sinclair
Hannah McCrane.....Marie Day
Dr. Stiles.....Forrest Robinson
Matilda Thomas.....Fernanda Eliscu
Retty Stiles.....Helen Millington
Mrs. Smithers.....Amy Lee
Edith McCrane.....Ethel Gray Terry
Bridget.....Josephine Williams
Harry Bourne.....Conway Tearle
Nora.....Gertrude Millington
Charlie.....Norris Millington

When the crucial situation of a play is so far removed from human experience that a polite assemblage cannot restrain its mirth, the sincere intentions of the writer matter little. And in Mr. Legrand Howland's play, "The Smouldering Flame," there is evidence enough of earnestness. Mr. Howland's cardinal fault, however, is the assumption that a reasonable proposition may be exploited by means of an unreasonable example. His supplementary fault lies in the rather common assumption that because a thing is worth saying the theatre is the place to say it. Or, perhaps, the second should be first.

No enlightened person will contend at this late day that discussions of important human matters should be barred from the stage. But these discussions are only valuable there when they are projected in a form which will interest, hold, convince, or move an audience. Mr. Howland's play does neither of these things.

He discusses the abnormalities that may be the result of repression of normal instincts, taking the grand passion of motherhood as the specific interest. And for the greater part of two acts the thing is very wearisome. Then it becomes absurd.

The two old women who have pulled down the blinds on life, excluding every ray of light, are possibly true enough studies. So, too, it is altogether likely that there have been counterparts of the unfortunate Mathilda Thomas, neglected, a wall-flower, old before her time, yet with a woman's yearning, and now advised by the family doctor that but a little time remains in which she may hope to "fulfil woman's highest mission." But in the supposed great moment of emotion the noble passion seems strangely mixed with purely feminine pique. Also, it gets funny.

Mathilda overhears her pretty cousin arranging a, midnight rendezvous with the man to whom she is engaged. They must wait two years to marry, or the cousin will lose the fortune inherited from her father. The man is for fleeing from temptation—he cannot stand the strain. The pretty fiancée urges him to come back to her late at night, when the rest of the household has retired. Whereupon Mathilda reads her cousin a moral lesson, then turns out the gas and waits for the latter's lover in the dark.

When the curtain rises again, "ten years later," Mathilda has an "adopted child," and the long arm of coincidence is cracked at the joint in order to stretch it far enough to bring the father to his own. Mr. Howland is a playwright, and the authorities he quotes make no provision for the manifest impossibilities in the tale. It is not to be wondered at that the audience laughed.

As far as seemed humanly possible Miss Fernanda Eliscu made Mathilda interesting. This actress now plays with comparatively little variety as to means in the simpler passages but an abundance of genuine emotional expressiveness.

The two crabbed old aunts were particularly well done by Maria Day and Maud Sinclair, and the doctor, who seemed not without fault in putting certain ideas into Mathilda's head, was sympathetically done by Forrest Robinson. Norris and Helen Millington, adorable children, added a few bright moments, and Conway Tearle, Ethel Grey Terry, and Maude Knowlton were others who did good service in a generally efficient cast. In Canada the play, then known as "Deborah," was the subject of serious discussion and threats of censorship. There seems little probability that "The Smouldering Flame" can be fanned into any sort of life. Nor is there any reason why it should.

"LA GIOCONDA" AT CENTURY.

Second Opera of New Opera Company's Season Sung in English.

La Gioconda.....Lois Ewell
La Cieca.....Kathleen Howard
Alvise Badoero.....Alfred Kaufman
Laura.....Mary Jordan
Enzo Grimaldo.....Gustaf Bergman
Barnaba.....Kreidler
Zuane.....Hugh Schussler
A Pilot.....Hugh Schussler
Isepo.....Vernon Dalhart
Conductor, Alfred Szendrei.

The Century Opera Company moved on to another stage of its history last evening, when it made its first change of bill. The second opera of its repertory was Ponchielli's "La Gioconda," one that has become pretty well known to New York operagoers in the last few years. It is far from being as well known or as popular as "Aida," however, as it is far from being as great a work, and there was not quite the public response to this second offering of the Century management that there was to the first.

The audience last evening, however, was a large one. And there is enough in "La Gioconda" in its theatrical effectiveness and superficially striking musical features to stimulate applause at the right moments—the aria, chief of which is "Heaven and Ocean," as it was sung last evening; the duets, trios, quartets, choruses, and the brilliancy of many orchestral passages. These were not exciting in their effect, nor was the handsome scenic outfit, again reminiscent of the Metropolitan Opera House.

It is easy to think that "La Gioconda" must necessarily be a work of great popularity, with all its obvious bids for popularity. Whether it will appeal to the Century Opera public for a week will soon be determined. For many listeners the music has lost much of its freshness, and there are many passages in it that now seem cheap and tawdry. Nor does the libretto shoot horror as it once did into the hearts of spectators, and it is difficult, if not impossible, to find any character in the opera to sympathize with.

A brave attempt was made to produce an impression with "La Gioconda." There had evidently been care put into its preparation, and there was much that was highly creditable in the performance. The principal singers all deserved praise in various measure. Miss Ewell's voice had quality that was agreeable, and she made effective most of the music given to La Gioconda. The Laura was Miss Mary Jordan, whose voice has considerable power of the sort called dramatic, but she has yet something to learn as to dramatic expression in action. So has Mr. Gustaf Bergman, the Enzo, whose voice has excellent quality, but would have more if he would find more varied nuances of expression in it. Mr. Kreidler gave a full measure of melodramatic villainy to the part of Barnaba, and Mr. Kaufman as Alvise was one of the most competent of the cast. Mrs. Howard's singing of the music of the blind mother deserved much commendation.

The chorus sang at least with more volume than it did; the orchestra still needs improvement in the precision of its ensemble. The ballet did its best in the "Dance of the Hours," and won a round of applause. Mr. Szendrai's conducting again showed skill and authority. It was doubtful if quite as much of the English text was intelligible in this performance as in the previous ones. There might be a question whether this was a loss or not, for what was intelligible was depressingly poor English. But this is only a phase of that greater question which is going to be settled by the Century Opera by and by.

'WOMAN PROPOSES' AMUSES

One-Act Comedy by Paul Armstrong Acted at the Union Square.

A one-act comedy by Paul Armstrong called "Woman Proposes" is being presented at Keith's Union Square for the first time this week. It is a demonstration in an amusing vein of the theory that it is not man after all who does the choosing in the matrimonial stakes, but the woman.

The aunt of three débutantes and a widower are arguing at a dance on this theory. They agree to abide by the events of the evening and secrete themselves in a conservatory where, one after another, three girls bring the men of their choice and get them to propose, the women really directing the course of the affair, but the men thinking it is all their own initiative. Finally the widower proposes to his companion, who accepts him with the remark that if he had not volunteered she would herself have set about making him.

Walter Hitchcock and Ruth Allen were seen in the principal rôles. The playlet was well received.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

The Henry B. Harris Estate has leased the Harris Theatre to the New Era Producing Company for a term not stated. After the production there of "The Love Leash," Joseph P. Bickerton, Jr., Director of the concern, plans to bring out Guy Bolton's farce, "The Rule of Three."

Suffragettes in a large party attended last night's performance of "Her Own Money" at the Comedy Theatre, and during the acts made speeches that were listened to with mixed emotions by the regular members of the audience.

Walter Damrosch, director of the Symphony Society of New York, is due from abroad Sept. 30, bringing with him the rights to the first performance in America of Sir Edward Elgar's new symphonic poem, "Falstaff," and other novelties.

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RAH-RAH FOR HOME TALENT.

Coney Island Couple Wins Out Against an Imported Novelty.

Say the programme and the bills on the fences: "Mlle. Anne Dancrey is a famous French actress and a beauty." And, both fame and beauty being relative terms, who shall deny the allegation?

Says the gentleman who provides information for the newspapers: "Burt and Whiting come from a cabaret in Coney Island."

That may have been in the long ago, but nevertheless the patriotic soul that must beat in the heart of the reviewer jumps an extra beat or two.

For, though unheralded and unannounced, the more or less local vaudeville team undoubtedly put it over the Imported Novelty in the revised Winter Garden show yesterday.

Mlle. Dancrey first appeared in the sort of man's garb that adds piquancy to a Vesta Tilley or Katherine Clifford, but is not quite so fetching on a larger woman. But Mlle. Dancrey isn't in the soubrette class. And by way of introduction she sang a florid selection from "The Paradise of Mahomet"—sang it rather well, too, though without creating any particular impression. Subsequently she offered selections in both French and English. By this time they were whispering that the fame rested on her dancing. If that is so, it demonstrates the fact that fame isn't always particular about lighting in a substantial place. For the Winter Garden management would not have to look further than its own chorus for a dozen girls who could outpoint the newcomer in grace, style, and execution. And this again serves to emphasize the fact that having to stay in the chorus must be mighty discouraging at times.

The other new performers, Miss Burt and Mr. Whiting, did three songs. They are really clever in the best music-hall sense, and the woman has magnetism, personality, and a seeming sense of characterization that suggests bigger possibilities.

One of the Dolly Twins—it's never quite safe to say which—sat in a box. Speaking of dancing—but, then, everybody knows about those Dolly Sisters.

FREMSTAD HERE WITH PRIZE

Opera Singer Brings Bavarian Medal —Frances Alda Returns.

Several opera singers arrived yesterday on incoming steamships. On the Kronprinz Wilhelm, from Bremen, were Olive Fremstad and Frances Alda, the latter the wife of Giula Gotti-Casazza, the director of the Metropolitan Opera House. Antonio Pini-Corsi, basso-buffo of the Metropolitan, was on the Taormina of the Lloyd Italiano. Mme. Fremstad brought with her the Bavarian Medal of Arts and Sciences which had been presented by the Bavarian Prince Regent. She sang during the Summer at the Munich festival in "Tristan and Isolde" and spent most of her time in the Austrian Tyrol. She goes to the Maine woods until the opening of the opera season.

Mme. Alda is to start shortly on an eight weeks' concert tour. On the ship with her were Guilia Cassini, 'cellist, and Frank La Forge, pianist, who will be heard with her on the tour. She will sing the title rôle in Victor Herbert's new opera with English text, called "Madeleine." Besides singing at the Metropolitan Opera House she will make several appearances with the Boston Opera Company, appearing as Eva in the first performance of "Die Meistersinger" by that organization. She also sings Mimi in "La Bohème," with Bonci, with the Chicago Opera Company in Chicago. Her annual song recital takes place at Carnegie Hall on Nov. 25.

Mme. Alda divided her time between Paris and Rappolo, where she demonstrated her aquatic prowess by winning a swimming match. She said she had reduced her weight twelve pounds by the exercise of swimming.

Signor Pini-Corsi will make an operatic and concert tour before the opening of the Metropolitan season, under the direction of Max Rabinoff. The feature of his programme will be the one-act comic opera, "Il Maestro di Capello."

Jane Addams to Speak.

A talk by Miss Jane Addams and a dance will mark the close of the suffrage school, organized by Mrs. Chapman Catt, on Saturday night of this week. Miss Addams will be the last of the evening speakers at the Hotel McAlpin, and will tell the students of the school "How Votes Could Help." Following this there will be an informal dance under the auspices of the Fifteenth and Seventeenth Assembly Districts of the Woman Suffrage Party at Broadway and Eighty-third Street. Dress will not count at the dance and street suits or ball gowns can be worn. Tickets for the dance are 50 cents.

DR. HYAMSON HERE TO TAKE UP WORK

Noted Rabbi Comes from England to Head the Congregation Orach Chaim.

LONG SERVICE IN LONDON

Was a Candidate for Chief Rabbi Against Dr. Hertz, Whom He Succeeds Here.

The Rev. Dr. Moses Hyamson, for years one of the best-known rabbis in England, who was called to New York to take the place of rabbi of the Congregation Orach Chaim, at Lexington Avenue and Ninety-fifth Street, arrived from England on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm yesterday morning. He was accompanied by Mrs. Hyamson.

Rabbi Hyamson was the rival candidate for the office of Chief Rabbi of Great Britain, to which office the Rev. Dr. Joseph H. Hertz, Dr. Hyamson's predecessor as rabbi of the Congregation Orach Chaim, was elected. When Dr. Hertz resigned, his old congregation promptly elected Dr. Hyamson, who was then the Senior Dayan, or Chief Judge, of the Ecclesiastic Court of the United Synagogue of London. The congregation here, which is small in numbers, doubled its subscriptions, so as to make certain the coming of the noted British rabbi. It was announced that the election was for life, an unusual procedure and a compliment never before paid by the congregation to a rabbi.

Dr. Hyamson was born in Suwall, Russia, on Aug. 25, 1868, and was educated at the University College and Laws College, London, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1892. He also holds the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He is one of the recognized Hebrew scholars of the world, being the author of many essays and treatises. Among his best-known works is a volume of sermons, published by the Oxford Press under the title "Collato Mosaicarum et Romanarum Legum." He is also a Zionist, in so far as favoring the agricultural and industrial development of Palestine is concerned, but is not a believer in what is known as Political Zionism.

For ten years following his graduation Dr. Hyamson was the rabbi of synagogues in Swansea, Wales, England, at the end of which period he went to London as rabbi of the Dalton Synagogue. During ten years there he helped to found many Jewish educational and philanthropic institutions, including religious classes, the London Canvassing Committee for the Jewish Board of Guardians, the Committee of Visitors Among the Poor, the North London Mikoah, a kosher kitchen at the German Hospital, and many other communal organizations.

Some fourteen years ago, at the urgent request of the late Chief Rabbi, Dr. Hyamson accepted the office of Senior Dayan, or Judge, of the United Synagogue. As such, with two other Dayanim, or Judges, he formed the Beth Din, or Ecclesiastical Court, which decided all questions relating to ritual or usage in the synagogues, and to which cases were referred by the law courts in Great Britain for authoritative decision.

During the declining years of the late Chief Rabbi much of the specific work of the British Chief Rabbinate fell upon Dr. Hyamson, including the functions of Provincial Visitation, in which he traveled throughout the provinces as the representative of the Chief Rabbi, and the Talmudic Discourses from the pulpit on the Cathedral Synagogue of London on certain Sabbaths of the year.

Dr. Hyamson and his wife were met by several of the prominent members of the Congregation Orach Chaim.

ELMSLIES ON HONEYMOON.

Former Miss Constance H. Pulitzer and Husband at Colorado Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Sept. 23.—Mr. and Mrs. William G. Elmslie of New York City, who were married in Lake Tahoe, Cal., last Saturday, arrived here to-day to spend their honeymoon and are at the Antlers Hotel.

Mrs. Elmslie was until her marriage Miss Constance Helen Pulitzer, a daughter of the late Joseph Pulitzer of The New York World. Mrs. William S. Moore and her sister have lived in Wood Avenue, but they spent much of their time on the Touzelaine Ranch, a few miles out.

Among many Colorado Springs friends made by the Pulitzers, Mr. and Mrs. William Irving Howland attended the wedding at Lake Tahoe as guests of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Moore of New York City.

The honeymoon will be spent mainly in this vicinity, including the Touzelaine Ranch, but other portions of Colorado will be visited. Mrs. Elmslie has not formed definite plans for his future, but will spend much of his time in Colorado, California, New York, and England.

Ralph Pulitzer, a brother of the bride, said yesterday that his sister had been engaged to Mr. Elmslie for more than a year, but owing to her frail health no date had been set for the wedding. She had gone to California to recuperate, he said, and her health had improved so fast that ten days ago the couple decided to get married, which was with the full consent and knowledge of her family. Mrs. Pulitzer, her mother, is ill at Bar Harbor. Mr. Pulitzer was unable to go West for the wedding owing to business engagements.

MISS GUGGENHEIM TO WED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Guggenheim Engaged to R. W. Straus.

The engagement is announced of Miss Gladys Guggenheim, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, to Roger W. Straus, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar S. Straus. The news comes from Paris where both families are temporarily sojourning.

Miss Guggenheim celebrated her eighteenth birthday on Aug. 15. Mr. Straus was graduated from Princeton in June.

Miss Martinez to Wed Dr. Flourney

Mr. and Mrs. Miguel R. Martinez of 25 West Tenth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Carmen E. Martinez, to Dr. Thomas Flourney of Pittsfield, Mass. Miss Martinez is well known in Pittsfield, where she has spent several Summers with her parents. Dr. Flourney, who is a graduate of the University of Michigan, was for some years pathologist at Bellevue Hospital, this city. Miss Martinez has two brothers, John M. R. and Edward L. Martinez, who are attending Williams College. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Helen Granberry Engaged.

The Rev. and Mrs. Stephen H. Granberry of St. Barnabas Church, Newark, announce the engagement of their daughter, Helen, to Edgar F. Waterman of Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. C. J. Bonaparte Much Better.

Charles Joseph Bonaparte, former United States Attorney General, left this city last night and returned to his home in Baltimore. Mr. Bonaparte came here Saturday on account of the condition of his wife, who has been ill at the Holland House. Mrs. Bonaparte has been improving since the arrival of her husband. Last night she was reported to be much better.

Congressman Roddenbery Very Low

THOMASVILLE, Ga., Sept. 23.—Representative S. A. Roddenbery is at the point of death to-night. Attending physicians said he had been in a state of coma since early last night and hope of reviving him had practically been abandoned.

After a nervous breakdown a week ago, Congressman Roddenbery's condition first became serious Sunday.

FRENCH INVESTORS ANXIOUS

Paris Official Visits Washington to Look Into Frisco Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Henry de Peyster, Secretary to the Minister of Finance of France and representative of the French bondholders of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, conferred to-day with Attorney General McReynolds and the Interstate Commerce Commission regarding protection of the extensive French interests in the receivership of the road.

Although not inclined to discuss the probable effect of the receivership on American securities abroad, Mr. de Peyster said to-night that if such things happened over and over again they would be bound to shake the confidence of the French in American investments, and close the Paris Bourse to them. Attorney General McReynolds was unable to convey any information on the receivership, as it was in the courts and beyond his jurisdiction.

The Commerce Commission explained to Mr. de Peyster and the Chargé d'Affaires of the French Embassy that it had begun an investigation of the affair.

"I came to the United States not in an official capacity," said Mr. de Peyster, "but as an investigator for the French holders of $23,000,000 of general lien 5s of the St. Louis & San Francisco system and of $5,000,000 of the New Orleans, Texas & Mexican Railroad. I was assigned for this purpose by the Minister of Finance. Most of these bonds are held by Frenchmen of moderate means, and any great impairment of their value would mean serious loss to them.

"The interest on the five-million-dollar investment was not paid on Sept. 1, when due, and I have been investigating the probability of an interest payment on the $23,000,000 when due in November. My mission is one of investigation, and I have discussed the situation with the receivers and attorneys. After some conferences in New York, where I will go to-morrow, I expect to sail for Paris on Oct. 1, to make a report and recommendations to the bondholders."

SUFFRAGE PARK DAY.

50 Outdoor Meetings Held in City —Speeches in Many Tongues.

The first annual Suffrage Park Day was celebrated under the auspices of the Woman Suffrage Party yesterday with great success. Meetings were held in fifty parks in the five boroughs of the city. Central Park is never opened for this purpose, but there were meetings in several places in Prospect Park, Brooklyn. There were some hundreds of speakers, and 100 pretty young women sold buttons and copies of the suffragist magazine, The Woman Voter.

Speeches were made in Italian, German, Yiddish, and Bohemian, and one little talk was given in French. Many of the parks are those given over largely to children's playgrounds, and there the speakers talked over the heads of crowds of little people to their elders beyond, but big and little, they were all attentive. At Union Square there was almost a solid mass of men forming the crowd, and men also made up the greater part of the audience at Madison Square.

The women leaders of the districts in which the parks were presided at the meetings, and the borough Chairmen for the party made the rounds from park to park in their respective boroughs. With Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw of the Borough of Manhattan were Miss Alberta Hill and Mrs. Crystal Eastman Benedict. They carried with them in the automobile the large and beautiful silk party banner. Other borough Chairmen were Mrs. Marianna Dowe of the Bronx, Mrs. Edward H. Drier, Brooklyn; Mrs. Alfred J. Eno, Queens, and Mrs. William G. Willcox, Richmond.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor, her mother, Mrs. William Force, and her sister, Miss Katherine Force, who are at La Selva, Bar Harbor, Me., plan to remain there as long as the weather is favorable before coming to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker Newton have returned from Europe and are visiting at Millbrook, N. Y.

Col. Robert M. Thompson and Mr. and Mrs. Blaine Elkins have entered horses for the annual horse show at Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, which will open soon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Scott Cameron of Southampton, L. I., are at the Hotel Gotham for a visit. Emanuele Messeni-Petruzzelli of Bari, Italy, who has spent the Summer at Newport, is at the hotel for the season.

Miss Eleanor Davis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Davis of 814 West Seventy-seventh Street, is to be a débutante of the coming season. Her mother will give a large dance for her at the St. Regis on Jan. 2.

Gen. J. A. Buchanan, U. S. A., and Gen. James Allen, U. S. A., with the Misses Buchanan and a party of young people, are at the Hotel Astor for a few days before returning to Washington, D. C., after spending the Summer at Southampton, L. I.

Wedding Notes.

Miss Frances Dixon, daughter of Mrs. Isaac Dixon of Baltimore, Md., is to be married to Childs Frick, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clay Frick of this city, on Oct. 14, at the home of the bride's mother. Miss Helen Frick, a sister of the bridegroom, is to be maid of honor.

The wedding of Miss Blanche Stahl, daughter of Mrs. Lina Stahl of 200 Riverside Drive, to Myron A. Finke, is to be celebrated to-day at the St. Regis.

Miss Hazel M. Rhinock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Rhinock, and William H. Williams, are to be married on Oct. 15 at the home of the bride's parents, 210 Riverside Drive.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of Those Sailing on Lusitania and Provence—Arrivals.

Among the passengers who sailed for Liverpool on the Cunarder Lusitania at 1 o'clock this morning, and some of those who will sail for Havre on the French liner Provence at 10 o'clock this morning, are:

LUSITANIA.—Edward Bell, Second Secretary American Embassy in London; Lord Eustace Percy, First Secretary British Embassy in Washington; Allan Balfour, S. Cooper Bayne, John Borie, Joseph Byrne, Miss Brockwill Calder, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. J. Wilbur Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Irwin E. Cobb, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. John Fairweather, Dr. and Mrs. W. B. Featherstone, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Grace, Mrs. Douglas Grant, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Hagenah, J. P. Henry, Gouverneur Hoffman, M. P. Hyland, Mrs. William Kenefick, George G. Lockwood, William L. Marshall, Louis B. Metcalfe, Sir John Miller, Lieut. Col. A. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Morton, Stephen W. Pratt, Mrs. N. W. Pratt, Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Scanland, S. W. Stratton, George Van Santwood, S. G. Vaughan, H. G. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. S. Warwick, and Capt. J. T. Wigan.

PROVENCE.—Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence F. Abbott, Miss Abbott, Thomas H. Broadwater, Henry L. Boulton, John L. Boulton, Jr., the Rev. Father Bruno, Hollis Corbin, C. G. Faget, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Grenier, E. D. Hunter, Robert Jacobson, the Rev. Mother St. Lazarus, Robert Lloyd, Count Leon de Mortiseus, J. B. Mordaunt, Count de Quercize, the Rev. Mother Valerian and S. M. Wilson.

Among the arrivals from Europe on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinz Wilhelm yesterday were:

Mr. and Mrs. Walter F. Ainsworth, Mrs. Giulio Gatti-Casazza, Mr. and Mrs. Watson B. Blair, Mrs. A. S. Bridges, William H. Brooks, Robert D. Brooks, Dr. J. M. Buckley, Miss Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Cutres, Dr. F. H. Davenport, Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. David Dessau, Mrs. William Dickson, Mr. and Mrs. William Drayton, Mrs. Thomas Dwight, Miss Dwight, Prof. Henry B. Fine, Mr. and Mrs. Richard P. Finsley, Miss Olive Fremstad, Mr. and Mrs. George Hamlin, Miss Hamlin, Mr. and Mrs. Carl von Helmolt, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Hillebrand, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Moses Hyamson, Dr. and Mrs. Charles Gilmore Kerley, Mr. and Mrs. David Lehman, Mrs. William Loomis, Prof. and Mrs. John A. Mandel, Dr. and Mrs. Charles May, the Rev. William de la Forte, Mrs. D. C. Reed, Prof. Alba B. Serrances, Miss Edith Sloan, Hobart Smith, and Dr. and Mrs. M. Uhlan.

FRANCE TO BE AT THE FAIR.

Returning Delegates Promise Complete Exhibit at San Francisco.

Albert Tirman, head of the French delegation to the Panama-Pacific Exposition, arrived here yesterday, after having made arrangements for space in the exposition grounds at San Francisco. With the other members of his party he will sail to-day on the Provence. The delegation came from Washington, where they were received by President Wilson and entertained at dinner on Monday by Secretary of State Bryan.

M. Tirman, who is a Director of one of the departments of the Ministry of Commerce, was accompanied by M. Pollerin de La Touch, Director of the Paris Subway; R. Sandez, General Secretary of the Committee on International Exposition, and A. Savy, a civil engineer. M. Tirman being unable to speak English, told the reporters of the arrangements he had made, through Vicomte Dejean, Attaché of the French Embassy in Washington. He said:

"I am very much pleased with my trip to the United States, and I am entirely satisfied with the arrangements I made in San Francisco. General Manager Moore extended every courtesy to us and assisted us in selecting a space for the exhibit of our Government. We only regretted that the area for the exhibit was not as large as we desired."

M. Tirman said that the French Government would send over a complete exhibit. While he explained that he could speak officially only for the French Government, he said that French industry and art was sure to be well represented. M. Tirman could not say how large an appropriation France would make for the exhibit.

SPAIN WILL EXHIBIT.

Premier Says She Will Take Part in San Francisco Fair.

MADRID, Sept. 23.—Count Alvaro de Romanones, the Spanish Premier, informed the Associated Press to-day that Spain would participate officially in the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco in 1915. He said he had returned from San Sebastian especially to preside over the meeting of the Cabinet this afternoon, at which the decision to participate would probably be voted. The necessary funds are to be provided by a special bill to be introduced in Parliament.

The decision to participate, it is understood, was due greatly to the influence of King Alfonso, who particularly desired to see Spain officially represented.

ADAMS ADVISER TO CHINA.

University of Michigan Professor Accepts Government Fiscal Post.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Sept. 23.—Henry Carter Adams, Professor of Political Economy at the University of Michigan, to-day confirmed a Washington report that he had accepted a position with the Republic of China.

He said that he would act as adviser to a Government commission appointed for the standardization of records and accounts of Government railways. He will sail Oct. 9.

MRS. QUINN GETS DIVORCE.

Former Mabel Hopkins Wins Decree from Louisville Turfman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Mabel Hopkins Quinn, granddaughter of the late Mark Hopkins, a pioneer railroad builder and founder of the Mark Hopkins Art Institute in this city, obtained a divorce to-day from Charles J. Quinn, a Louisville turfman. The charge was extreme cruelty.

Mrs. Josephine B. Hopkins, mother of Mrs. Quinn, was her corroborating witness. The defendant was not represented in court.

The couple were married in this city in 1903 against the wishes of the Hopkins family, and lived in New York until two years ago.

SISTERS AT MAYOR'S GRAVE.

Mrs. Lynch and Miss Mary E. Gaynor Among Visitors at Greenwood.

Mrs. Anthony V. Lynch and Miss Mary E. Gaynor, both of Utica, N. Y., sisters of the late Mayor William J. Gaynor, visited his grave in Greenwood Cemetery yesterday. Both the sisters are advanced in years. As they approached the grave they met Policeman John F. Archipoli of the Fourth Avenue Station, who had been on duty there since 8 o'clock in the morning, when he relieved a patrolman who was kept on guard all night. They told the policeman that the late Mayor had always been proud of the police force of this city.

Two other visitors to the grave were George C. Farrar of 673 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, a civil war veteran, and an aged German woman, who had been a servant in the Gaynor family. Farrar said he and the late Mayor were schoolboys together. The woman said she had been a servant in the Gaynor household for twelve years.

TELL OF SULLIVAN'S END.

Nurses and Trainmen at District Attorney's—May Exhume Body.

The nurses who attended "Big Tim" Sullivan in his last days and the trainmen who found his body on the tracks of the New Haven Railroad were examined by Assistant District Attorney Groehl yesterday afternoon in the District Attorney's office.

After the inquiry Mr. Groehl refused to discuss the matter. It was learned, however, that the trainmen had stuck to their previous assertion that the body was cold when they found it. An inquest into "Big Tim's" death will be held next Monday. If the testimony at the inquest warrants it, the body will be exhumed and an autopsy performed to determine the exact cause of death.

SIR W. F. HELY-HUTCHINSON

Ex-Governor of Cape Colony Dies in London, Aged 64.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The Right Hon. Sir Walter Francis Hely-Hutchinson, Governor and Commander in Chief of Cape Colony from 1901 to 1910, died today.

Walter Francis Hely-Hutchinson, the second son of the fourth Earl of Donoughmore, was born in Dublin Aug. 22, 1849. He was educated at Harrow and Trinity College, Cambridge, and in May, 1881, married the eldest daughter of the late Major Gen. William Clive Justice. The couple had four sons and a daughter.

He held many high official positions, being Colonial Secretary of Barbados, 1877-83; Lieutenant Governor of Malta, 1884-89; Governor of Natal and Zululand, 1893-1901. He inaugurated the system of "responsible Government" in Natal in 1893, and in 1909 was High Commissioner for South Africa during the absence of Lord Selborne. He retired from the Governorship of Cape Colony in 1910.

Sir Walter F. Hely-Hutchinson was an ardent golfer, and belonged to the Carlton, Travellers', and Beefsteak Clubs.

At DUTTON'S to-day

An interesting exhibit of volumes of

MEMOIRS

of people prominent in the political or social life of their day.

On To-day's Special Table at
681 Fifth Avenue,
Opposite St. Thomas's Church.

PATRICK FORD DEAD AT 76.

Editor of The Irish World for Forty-three Years.

Patrick Ford, editor of The Irish World, died yesterday at his home, 350 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn. He was known on both sides of the Atlantic as one of the foremost champions of the Irish cause. In England he had been regarded for a generation and more as the personification of Irish opposition to English rule. In the United States he took an important part in American politics. Under his leadership thousands of voters in 1884 broke away from the Democratic Party and cast their ballot for Blaine. How Burchard's "Rum, Romanism, and Rebellion" saved the day for the Democratic Party is a matter of history.

James G. Blaine, who was a close friend of Patrick Ford, in a published letter made a handsome acknowledgment of his services.

Born in Galway, Ireland, April 12, 1837, Mr. Ford emigrated to America with his parents in 1846. Boston was the field of his early activities. As a boy he was employed in the printing office of William Lloyd Garrison, editor and publisher of The Liberator. In 1855 he began his journalistic career by writing for the Boston newspapers.

In 1860 he was the editor and publisher of The Boston Sunday Times. When the civil war began Patrick Ford enlisted in the Ninth Massachusetts, and took part in the charge of Fredericksburg. After the war he removed to Charleston, S. C., where he founded The Charleston Gazette. Four years later he issued in New York the first copy of The Irish World.

When the Land League came into existence in 1879 he founded 2,500 branches of it in the United States.

DIES MARTYR TO X-RAY.

Dr. C. L. Leonard Lost Hand, Arm, and His Body Became Infected.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 23.—Dr. Charles Lester Leonard, expert in X-ray work, died yesterday at Atlantic City, a martyr to the science to which he had devoted himself. From constant exposure to the rays he was stricken with a disease that baffled the best surgeons. Nine years ago the hand that guided the light became affected. Medical skill availed nothing, and the hand was amputated. But the ailment had gone further, and a few years ago it was found necessary to remove his entire arm. Then it was believed that the disease was conquered. Dr. Leonard arranged to resume his practice, but before the wounds had healed the disease spread over his body.

At last he decided to go with his family to Atlantic City in the hope that the sea air would restore him to himself, but soon he became bedfast.

Dr. Leonard's father, M. Hayden Leonard, is seriously ill at his home, 4243 Walnut Street, and news of his son's death, it is feared, will further increase the seriousness of his condition.

Harry C. Cox of London, who did so much to develop the X-ray in its early days and who worked with Sir Clive Mc-Kenzie-Davidson, who was knighted for his researches in X-ray work, was infected in the same manner as Dr. Leonard. Although his hand and then his arm were amputated, he died. Dr. Baker, a well-known Connecticut physician, died in a similar manner, as did several other physicians in this country and in Europe.

Dr. Joshua Hering.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 23.—Dr. Joshua Hering, former State Controller, and until recently a member of the State Public Service Commission, died to-day at the age of 80. He had been in failing health for several months.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES L. EHLERT, the oldest employe of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, with which he had been connected since 1854, died Monday. Joseph H. Howard, Superintendent of the Consolidated Stock Exchange; Walter Chisholm, and George Miller will attend the funeral from his home, 124 French Street, New Brunswick, N. J., to-day as a committee representing the employes. Mr. Ehlert is survived by his widow and daughter.

ROBERT NEWSON, one of the oldest ship carpenters of New England, who had worked on the historic Constitution when that ship was rebuilt at the Portsmouth Navy Yard, died Monday at his home, Kittery, Me. He was 91 years old.

Mrs. WEALTHY ELIZA POST DUDLEY, mother of Henry Lewis Dudley, Treasurer of the American Agricultural Chemical Company, at 2 Rector Street, died Sunday in Syracuse, N. Y. She was 98 years old and lived with her son in Park Hill, Yonkers.

ROBERT HAHNE, a brother of Julius Hahne, founder of Hahne & Co. of Newark, N. J., died Saturday morning in Swiftwater, Penn., where he had been spending the Summer. He was 77 years old and until fifteen years ago, when he retired, was engaged in business in Greenwich Village. He is survived by two sons.

CLARENCE STERLING, son of Wesley Sterling, a merchant of this city, died Monday morning in the Bridgeport, Conn. Hospital from pneumonia.

CHARLES BROWN of 124 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, head of the linen importing firm of Charles Brown & Co., of 292 Church Street, Manhattan, died of arterio-sclerosis last Saturday at Vancouver, B. C., where he had gone to visit friends. He was 73 years old. Mr. Brown was born in Dundee, Scotland, and came to this country in 1863, engaging in the linen business, in which he was active for fifty years. He was one of the oldest and best-known merchants in the dry goods wholesale district. He is survived by his widow, four sons and one daughter.

The Rev. W. I. STECHER, at one time rector of St. Timothy's Episcopal Church in Brooklyn, died Monday at Monticello, N. Y., where he had been for several years rector of St. John's Church.

Mrs. CATHERINE CHAPMAN died Monday morning of heart disease at her home, 111 Seventh Street, Hunters Point, L. I. She was 42 years old, and is survived by her husband, two sons and one daughter.

ALEXANDER J. MILLS, a well-known resident of Long Island City, where he had lived for many years, died Monday at his home, 118 Radde Street, Dutch Kills. He is survived by his widow and a daughter, Mrs. Benjamin Drew of Astoria.

Mrs. ELLEN CALLAHAN, wife of John Callahan, died Monday at her home, 869 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. She is survived by her husband, three daughters, Sister M. Gregoria, Eleanor, and Katherine, and a son, Joseph.

ALLYN STILLMAN, an

RAILROADS' GREAT GAINS.

Increase in Revenues Far Ahead of Increase in Expenses.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day made public statistics showing the operating revenues and expenses of steam railroads in the United States for the month of June, 1913, and complete figures for the fiscal year which ended on June 30. The bulletin shows that the Western railroads made greater gains over the previous fiscal year than did the Southern and Eastern roads.

The total operating revenues for the roads during the year aggregated $3,057,165,762, as compared with $2,788,968,853 of operating revenues during the previous fiscal year or 1912. This meant a gain of $288,194,909 in operating revenue over the previous year. The total operating expenses during the year ended June 30 aggregated $2,118,585,806, as compared with total operating expenses of $1,914,960,350 during the fiscal year of 1912. This means an increase of $203,265,456 in operating expense over the previous year. The gain in total operating revenue was about $85,000,000 greater than the total gain in operating expenses.

The net operating revenue for the fiscal year 1913, given for some of the principal lines in the New York Central System, follows:

New York Central proper	$31,244,853
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern	19,900,470
Michigan Central	10,490,546
C., C., C. & St. L.	7,110,933
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	812,995

The net operating revenue for 1913, given for some of the principal constituent lines of the Pennsylvania system follows:

Pennsylvania Railroad Co.	$48,075,825
Pennsylvania Co	17,264,667
P., B. & W. Railroad Co.	4,050,758
Northern Central	1,972,357
Long Island Railroad Co.	3,978,722
Vandalia Railroad Co.	2,489,027
West Jersey & Seashore R. R. Co.	1,352,271
P., C. C. & St. L.	9,529,102
New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk	1,930,986

The net operating revnue for the principal lines of the New York, New Haven & Hartford system for 1913 is given as:

New York, New Haven & Hartford	$21,386,164
Boston & Maine	3,412,082
Maine Central	3,084,407
New York, Ontario & Western	2,955,308
Central New England Railway	1,739,341

The net operating revenue in 1913 for some of the other principal railroads serving New York and Philadelphia is given as:

Baltimore & Ohio	$27,776,493
Erie	18,278,128
Philadelphia & Reading	20,426,808
Central of New Jersey	11,902,285
Lehigh Valley	13,655,342
Lackawanna	15,817,188
Delaware & Hudson	9,270,242
Hocking Valley	2,835,580

The net operating revenue in 1913 given for some of the other big roads of the country follows:

Southern Pacific	$42,166,006
Santa Fe, (main line)	34,260,071
Burlington, (main line)	31,403,903
Great Northern	32,947,473
Northern Pacific	28,311,600
Union Pacific	23,130,273
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	31,374,835
Rock Island	17,408,975
Chicago & Northwestern	24,794,457
Southern Railway	20,336,102
Illinois Central	14,154,396
Atlantic Coast Line	11,487,759
Norfolk & Western	15,196,499
Chesapeake & Ohio	10,679,797
Seaboard Air Line	7,775,937
Louisville & Nashville	14,675,240

The net operating revenue of the roads for the entire country—only roads whose total annual operating revenue exceeding $1,000,000 being considered in the bulletin—during the fiscal year 1913 was $938,577,886, as compared with $854,003,-502 in 1912, and this represented a gain of $84,574,504 in net operating revenue over the previous year. The net operating revenue in 1913 for the roads in the Eastern districts was $390,132,234, compared with $365,900,652 in 1912, a gain of $24,231,582 in net operating revenue for the Eastern roads. The roads in the Western districts showed a gain of $54,848,778, their net operating revenue for 1913 being given as $420,497,311, as compared with $365,648,533 in 1912.

NEW COLUMBIA TRUSTEE.

Dr. Mendelson Likely to Succeed Late J. P. Morgan.

A nominating convention to select a Trustee of Columbia University to fill the place left vacant by the death of J. Pierpont Morgan, will be held at the university to-day. Alumni from all over the country will be present, and will add to the general interest of the day which opens the new academic year. There is a strong sentiment that a graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the medical division of Columbia, should be named for the vacancy, and there seems every likelihood that Dr. Walter Mendelson, '79, will be chosen. If he is elected, Dr. Mendelson will be the fourth member of the board chosen from the alumni from among their number. The others are Benjamin Nowden Lawrence, William Fellowes Morgan, and James Duane Livingston.

Enrollment for the undergraduate and professional departments of the university was supposed to have been completed last night, but it will be several days before the final lists will be made up in those divisions, and another week at least before the students of the various graduate courses are all registered. Estimates, however, based on the enrollment last week, make the total registration about 1,000 more than last year, when there were 9,000 students on Morningside Heights, not including 2,600 in evening courses.

Both formal and informal opening exercises are scheduled for the undergraduates. President Nicholas Murray Butler will make his annual address of welcome. At noon the freshmen will receive their first taste of college, when they will clash with the sophomores in the annual tug of war. Classes in all of the departments will begin tomorrow.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina and Georgia—Fair, slightly warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Florida—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; warmer Wednesday in northwest portion; light to moderate northeast to east winds.

Alabama—Fair, slightly warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair; light to moderate south winds.

Mississippi—Fair Wednesday; marmer in south portion; sohwers and cooler at night or Thursday in north portion; fair in south; moderate south winds on the coast.

Louisiana—Fair Wednesday; warmer in east portion; showers and cooler at night or Thursday in northwest portion; fair in east and south; moderate south winds on the coast.

Eastern Texas—Fair in south, showers and cooler Wednesday or Wednesday night in north portion. Thursday local rains and cooler; moderate to brisk southeast to south winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Local rains and cooler Wednesday in north and Wednesday or Wednesday night in south and west portions. Thursday, unsettled, probably local rains.

Utah—Fair, warmer Wednesday and Thursday.

Oklahoma—Local rains and colder Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Arkansas—Fair Wednesday, rain and colder at night or Thursday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled, rain in west and central portions.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled, probably local rains and somewhat colder; moderate south to southwest winds.

Indiana—Increased cloudiness and warmer Wednesday; local rains at night or Thursday; moderate south winds, shifting to northwest Thursday.

Illinois—Increasing cloudiness Wednesday, rain and colder at night or Thursday; moderate south winds, becoming northwest Thursday.

Lower Michigan—Local rains and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled and colder, probably rain; moderate east to south winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Rain Wednesday. Thursday, rain or snow; moderate east to north winds.

Wisconsin—Rain Wednesday; colder in southwest portion. Thursday colder, probably local rains; moderate south winds, shifting to northwest.

Minnesota—Rain Wednesday; colder in south portion. Thursday generally fair; slightly warmer in west and south portions; moderate east to north winds.

Iowa—Rain and colder Wednesday. Thursday generally fair in west, probably local rains in east portion.

Missouri—Local rains and colder Wednesday in west and Wednesday night in east portion. Thursday fair in west, local rains and colder in east portion.

North Dakota—Snow or rain Wednesday. Thursday fair and probably warmer.

South Dakota—Local rains or snow and colder Wednesday. Thursday fair, slightly warmer.

Nebraska—Rain or snow in west, rain in east portion Wednesday; colder. Thursday fair, somewhat warmer.

Kansas—Rain and colder Wednesday. Thursday fair, warmer in west portion.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The slight movement of the Western storm since Monday night has caused a still further rise in temperature in the Missouri, upper Mississippi, and the lower Ohio Valleys, but elsewhere temperatures are generally below the seasonal average, especially in the Rocky Mountain and the plateau regions, where they are from 15 to 35 degrees below September normals with general snows and rains falling. Over other parts of the country the weather was generally fair, but frosts were common over middle and north districts east of the Mississippi River on Tuesday morning. There will be snow or rain Wednesday in the Rocky Mountain region and the Plains States and rains in the lower Missouri Valley that will extend Wednesday night and Thursday into the Mississippi Valley, and probably Thursday into the Ohio Valley. In the Atlantic and East Gulf States and the extreme West the weather will be generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Temperatures will rise somewhat in the Atlantic and East Gulf States during Wednesday. In the Northwest and extreme West it will be warmer Thursday.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate west and northwest, becoming variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable, becoming east and southeast; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate northeast and east.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Wednesday; slightly warmer west portion. Thursday, increasing cloudiness and warmer; light to moderate winds, becoming east and south.

New Jersey—Fair Wednesday, slightly warmer in interior. Thursday, fair, warmer, light to moderate winds, becoming southeast and south.

New England—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, fair, slightly warmer, light to moderate variable winds.

Western New York—Fair, slightly warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled, probably local rains; moderate winds, becoming south and southwest.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, slightly warmer Wednesday. Thursday, fair, warmer, light to moderate east to south winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	58	55	4 P. M.	62	67
6 A. M.	59	48	6 P. M.	62	64
9 A. M.	62	56	9 P. M.	60	61
12 M.	63	61	11 P. M.	61	57

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 57; for the corresponding date last year it was 62; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 64.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 53; at 8 P. M. it was 62. Maximum temperature, 69 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 47 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 62 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 47 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.24 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.26 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
12:35—4,031 Third Av.; S. Rosegang.....$50
6:20—786 E. 132d St.; Abraham Knipit Trifling
7:00—126 Franklin St.; F. F. Leggett & Co.....Not Given
8:30—114 E. 4th St.; Joseph Math.....$15
9:10—73 Manhattan St.; Aaron Bushbaum.....Trifling

P. M.
12:05—501 W. 124th St.; J. C. Merron.Trifling
1:15—33 Water St.; S. Brady.....Trifling
1:55—245 Second St.; Abraham Lacks.....Trifling
2:40—1,925 2d Av.; Joseph Flominsky.Trifling
4:40—416 E. 67th St.; M. Gibnoy.....Trifling
5:45—28 W. 4th St.; B. Laskn.....Trifling
6:00—30 Barrow St.; Charles Hatter...$2,000
7:45—16 Minnetta Lane; John Tomasso Company.....Trifling
9:10—2,061 Mohegan Av.; Hudson Wood Company.....Trifling
11:50—1,273 2d Av.; M. Budnick.....Trifling
11:55—293 Elizabeth St.; Nicholas Brudisha.....$500
11:45—544-560 East 180th St.; Rosner & Kretzler and others.....$5,000

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BRADY, JOHN, (died Dec. 13;) net estate in New York, $14,234.05; stock of saloon at 498 Seventh Avenue, $637.20; furniture, $989; equity of $5,000 in 67-9 East 177th Street valued at $14,000; equity of $5,400 in 377 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn; equity of $4,850 in four lots on Walnut Street, Long Beach, N. Y.

BUXTON, MERCY S., (died Jan. 27, 1911;) net New York estate, $2,396.55; 20 shares American Telephone and Telegraph Company, $2,870.

KANE, MARY, (died July 11, 1912;) net estate, $2,036.55; bank accounts, $2,499.02.

KAUGHRAN, THOMAS F., (died Feb. 18, 1912;) net estate, $25,473.53; gross estate, $45,782.36; bank accounts, $31,404.36; personal effects, $1,355; realty, $16,000; 230 West Twenty-eighth Street, $20,000, less mortgage of $11,000; 62 Hamilton Terrace, $16,000 less mortgage of $15,000.

McCONNELL, SARAH, (died June 14;) net estate, $15,030.89; bank accounts, $4,119.86; realty, $11,500; premises, 38 Barrow Street.

MARX, GUSTAV, (died April 18;) net estate, $32,236.93; bank accounts, $5,157.67; mortgage of $11,000 on 168 St. Ann's Avenue; mortgage of $6,000 on 201-3 Elm Street, Astoria; equity of $12,000 in 308 West Forty-seventh Street, valued at $22,000.

WING, MARIA E., (died Dec. 10;) net estate, $84,412.84; gross estate, $89,483.17; bank accounts, $1,470.17; book account against Lord & Taylor, $17,868.35; personal effects, $357.35; 110 shares St. Joseph's Railroad Company, $7,590; 110 shares Michigan Light Company preferred, $10,780; 50 shares United States Steel Corporation preferred, $5,362.50; 60 shares Commonwealth Power, Railway & Light Company preferred, $525; 9 shares common, $585; 24 shares Central States Electric Company preferred, $2,202; 6 shares Central States Electric Company common, $186; 60 shares Union Railway, Gas & Electric Company preferred, $5,280; 69 shares Puget Sound Traction, Light & Power Company preferred, $7,590; 6 shares common, $450; $5,000 bonds Saginaw Bay City Railroad; $1,000 bond St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad; $5,000 bonds Pocahontas Coal Colleries; $10,000 bonds West Kentucky Coal Company; $12,000 bonds Syracuse Light and Power Company; $600 bonds City of Syracuse.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Letter from the Board of Water Supply forwarding letter from Matthew Stacom, with the request that the commission give him another opportunity to qualify in a non-competitive examination for Inspector, Board of Water Supply. He was ill on the day he took the non-competitive examination for which he was notified.

Notification from the Deputy Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity of the reassignment to duty of Ignatius C. Fox, assistant engineer, after a leave of absence without pay for two months from May 8.

Notification from the President of the Bronx of the reassignment to duty of Dennis J. Mulligan, foreman.

Request of James J. Donovan for a physical re-examination for patrolman.

Request of James A. Fox, 1,045 Carrol Street, Brooklyn, for a physical re-examination for patrolman.

Request of John L. Travers, 304 West Twelfth Street, for another hearing in connection with his application for fireman. At the meeting of July 9 it was ordered that his name be removed from the list.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for apprentice fish culturist, for men only, on Oct. 8, to fill vacancies as laborer at the following places: Cold Springs, Ga.; Leadville, Col.; Mammoth Spring, Ark.; Manchester, Iowa; Orangeburg, S. C.; Puget Sound, Wash., and Yes Bay, Alaska, and other vacancies as they may occur in the Bureau of Fisheries, Department of Commerce, in the following places at the salaries named: Laborer, $600 to $900 a year; laborer, car service, $720 a year, and skilled laborer, $720 to $960 a year.

Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plan copy, practical questions in fish culture, and training and experience.

Applicants must have reached their twentieth year but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J. 58—Waterman v. Smith. 47—Barber v. Barber. 51—Devine v. Patterson. 57—Feller v. Van Sickles. 77½—Lawrence Bros, Inc. v. Cowles. 80—Yang Tent v. Speckel. 81—Holton v. American Ry Co. 82—Holton v. American Ry Co. —Staub v. Village of Mamaroneck. 85—Mason v. Mason. 8—Barret v. Rodgers. 22—Utz v. Garrett. 36—Ensinger v. City of New Rochelle. 62—Kellner v. Roe. 72—Tarnowski v. Pilholaki. 73—Sriffin v. Oakland Beach Realty Co. 37—Brockhurst v. Nash. 75—Billings Co v. Nyutray. 77—Billings Co v. Witt. 79—Billings Co v. Miller. 39—Palmer v. Palmer. 63—Ryttenberg v. Porstol.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. Frank W Smith. People v. Harry Kane. People v. Sam Fried. People v. Raffaele Spizaro.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Motion calendar. Court opens in Room 66, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. 1—Bielchrodl v. Hartford Machine Co. 2—Chappell Co v. Fields. 3—P Lorillard Co v. SS River Meander & Co. 4—Liggett & Myers v. same. 5—Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co v. same. 6—Hill Bros v. same. 7—American Tobacco Co v. same. 8—Matter of Schlesinger. 9—U S Electro-Galv Co v. Russell Burdsell N & B Co. 10—Karth T Walsh v. American Process Co. 11—Alwyn Ball v. Improved Property Holding Co. 12—Same v. same. 13—Equitable Trust Co v. same. 14—Straut Farms Agency v. Rural Publishing Co. 15—Lehigh Stoker Co v. American Stoker Co. 16—Baltimore & Ohio R R v. Phenix Sand & Gravel Co. 17—Russell F Eldwell v. Elwell Rubber Mfg Co. 18—Edward Gross v. J W Rochlitz. 19—W Harvey v. Barge Tip Top. 20—H Lehman v. C W Morse. 21—Mergenthaler Lino Co v. International Typesetting Co. 22—United Copper Co v. Amalgamated Copper Sec Co. 23—Same v. same. 24—J Manheimer v. SS Germania. 25—Regina Co v. Western Elec Co. 26—Arthur Burnham v. Indrian Refining Co. 27—Town of Deerpark v. C L Maxson. 28—Smyrna Fig Packers v. E D Day. 29—H White v. J C & A M Stewart. 30—A B Dick Co v. L E Fuller. 31—Solar Light Co v. H Stein. 32—Greenwald Bros v. J Cox. 36—M Chapman v. Erie R R Co, &c. 37—Kurt M Linn v. M M Levy & Co. 38—Wogan Bros v. American Sugar Co. 39—F A T v. Isotta Motors Co. 41—Matter of Cesare. 42—J Kesner v. Max L Kesner Co. 43—Equitable Trust Co v. Improved Property Holding Co. 44—Matter of Schechter. 45—O S Henry Co v. H Michaels. 46—Gold Film Film Co v. Feinberg & Selden. 47—Matter of Pittarelli. 48—Jackson v. Wolverine Copper M Co. 49—Matter of SS Titanic. 50—Empire Trust Co v. Improved Property Holding Co.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bijur, J. Litigated motions. 1—Neptune Bathing Co v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 2—Heyn v. N Y Times Co. 3—Ellis v. Penn. N Y & L I R R Co. 4—Matter of City of N Y (Garfield St) 5—Van Duyn v. Chautauqua Inst. 6—Smith v. Heaton. 7—D'Utassy v. Mallory S S Co. 8—Kithcart v. Kithcart. 9—Mayer v. Byrd. 10—Friedgen v. Ernst. 11—Same v. same. 12—Matter of Nathan (Bergen v. Gr Eastern Casualty Co.). 13—Zuzzer v. Zuzzer. 14—Fox Lien Co v. Carroll. 15—Golden v. Wagenhals. 16—Wray v. Kraft. 17—King v. U S Express Realty Co. 18—People ex rel Well v. City of N Y. 19—Bilenberg v. Singer Co v. Simpson Crawford Co. 20—Vingut v. Sire. 21—Veit v. Cheek. 22—People v. Zerillo. 23—City of N Y v. Tibbals. 24—Winters v. Bernheim. 25—Same v. same. 26—City of N Y v. Public Service Sec Co. 27—Bernstein v. Bernstein. 28—Liebling v. Farber. 29—Palm, Fechtelar & Co v. Fechtelar. 30—Pinnegan v. Mercereau. 31—Fox v. Peacock. 32—Zotti v. Zotti. 33—Palm, Fechteler & Co v. Fechteler. 34—Davis v. L I Elec Ry Co. 35—Stern v. N Y Rtway Co. 36—Rix v. same. 37—Coffey v. same. 38—Stitzer v. same. 39—Gold v. same. 40—Chodos v. same. 41—Goldsteith v. same. 42—Hector v. same. 43—Greenspan v. same. 44—Coffey v. same. 45—Harrett v. Gallagher. 46—Hlavitz v. Van Post. 47—Perfection Vacuum Clothes Washer v. Nat Metal Spinning & Stamping Co. 48—Redes v. Runyon. 49—Castarino v. Foster. 50—Same v. same. 51—Same v. same. 52—Howley v. Rogers. 52—Springer v. Duneen. 53—Same v. same. 54—Mitteldeutsch Privatbank v. Bosselman. 55—Boyer v. Dodge. 56—Matter of Canal St Bowery & Chrystie Sts.) 57—Koplik v. Beckman. 58—Matter of United Silk Goods Assn. 59—Wanamaker v. Pearlman. 60—Allison v. N Y Rway Co. 61—Sahm v. same. 62—McQuaid v. same. 63—Palmer v. same. 64—Harris v. same. 65—Ashton v. same. 66—King v. same. 67—King v. same. 68—Meyers v. same. 69—Brosnan v. Keator. 70—Thornton Bros Co v. Wittenberg. 71—Devlin v. Hanover Comfg Co. 72—Weil v. Kommel. 73—Ullo v. Ullo. 74—Allshouse v. Palmer. 75—Haney v. Lehigh Valley Struc Steel Co. 76—Cohen v. New Idea Light Co. 77—Wilder & Hancock v. Flowers. 78—Lustic v. Met Life Ins Co. 79—Daly v. Hudson & Mann R R Co. 80—Simmons v. Simmons. 81—Kandel v. Kandel. 82—Pascecchi v. Natl Chain Co. 83—Drazen v. Huber. 84—Matter of Bronx Boulevard (Old Boston Post Road.) 85—Mater of Lauron. 86—Matter of Moore. 87—Unione Tra Produttori Barbetta v. Lauron. 88—D'Alessio v. D'Allessio. 89—Moghabyhab v. Sherman & Sons Co. 90—Bearman v. Joline. 91—Guaranty Trust Co v. O'Beirne. 92—Matter of Murtagh. 93—Corcoran & Co v. Rhinelander. 94—Williamson v. Hawk & Wetherbee. 95—Phillips v. Dworksey; 96—Rothstein v. Rosenfield. 97—Liquori v. Liquori. 98—Connolly v. Hebnar. 99—Ignition Starter Co v. Aristos Co. 100—Matter of Kaddy. 101—Gordon v. Harstn & Co. 102—Reichenthal v. Reichenthal. 103—Geyer v. Willard. 104—Kecskes v. Kecskes. 105—Smith v. Heaton. 106—Williams v. Williams. 107—Bruno. v. Bruno. 108—Kritzer v. Kritzer. 109—Geyer v. Willard.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Guy, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate: Mary Kearney, Joseph Goldwater, James E. Lordly, Walter Harriman, Lewis Lawrence.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Ladd v. Bordwell—Theodore Riehle. Schwarz v. Brown, (2)—Harry N. French. Matter of Hoagland—M. Spencer Bevins. Lerch v. Hart—Matthew P. Doyle.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J. Devlin v. Hanover R. & C. Co.—Theodore H. Ward. Matter of Gillroy—Arthur R. Walsh.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J. Philip Sugerman v. Gustav M. L. Sacks—William H. Quinn. Walter S. Gurnea v. Sargold Realty Co.—George Collins.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Timothy Sullivan v. Wm. Davis, Jr.—Bernard Rabino.

CITY COURT—La Fetra, J. East River Ice Co v. Max Jarwitz—Milton S. Guiterman. East River Natl Bank v. Sonnia Roth—Joseph Kelly.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. Litigated motions. 1—Lyman, Annie, vs. Lyman, Arthur. 2—Wurster v. L I R R Co. 3—Schmidt v. L I R R Co. 4—Kasimirow v. L I R R Co. 5—Mapes v. L I R R Co. 6—Layton v. Golden. 7—Patterson v. Lott. 8—Behringer v. Behringer. 9—Costello v. J C Orr Co. 10—Matter of Buckley, Woodhull & Burns. 11—Forbell v. Springsteed. 12—Rothnagle v. Consol Gas Co of N Y. 13—Chatwin v. Chatwin. 14—Parker and another v. Parker et al. 15—Hudson Mortgage Co v. Levy et al. 16—Matter of Lenox Road. 17—Greenberg v. Loesser et al. 18—Schwehr v. Schwehr. 19—Stainton v. Mente et al. 20—L I R R Co v. Adikes et al. 21—Matter of Shirk. 22—Emanouel v. Antoniou. 23—Benevy v. Benevy. 24—Matter of Mount Olivet Av. (Crawford.) 25—Foster v. Morris. 26—Waldron v. Sullivan et al. 27—Trommer, Lazarus, v. Trommer, Gertrude. 28—Nettling v. I B Kleinert Rubber Co. 29—Rhall v. Associated Operating Co. 30—Anderson v. Anderson. 31—Matter of Kircher. 32—Bogart v. Reiley et al. 33—Daykalo v. Nat Sugar Refining Co of N J. 34—Matter of mortgage, (184 13th Av.) 35—People ex rel Riker Homestead Co v. Purdy et al. 36—Ansorge v. Israelowitz et al. 37—Murphy v. Foster. 38—Matter of Kingston Av. 39—Brown v. Fischel. 40—Donigan v. Levesque. 41—Ingraham v. Norton et al. 42—Lucia Mining Co v. Evans and another.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Jaycox, J. Isaac Shapiro, Louis Merkert, Paul Goodman, Joseph Malina, Harry Reed, Arthur Reilly, Thomas J Dennehy, Paul Van Rapp, and Carmella Pisani.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Blackmar, J. William Anderson, Charles Steiger, Louis Rosenbaum, George Bounds, Gennaro Pantaleone, and William Rapp, Jr.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Cochran, J. Will of Mary Richardson, Sarah Trobridge, Bertha Schroeder, Maria Clausen, Rita L Leary, Mary Kenney, and Louis Borsig. Administration of Joseph Kreyszczak. Accountings in the estate of Theresa Cosgrove, Giuseppe Richette, J Krummerer, George Kastner, Maria Jennings, L Vega, Mary McNamee, Bridget Breen, George Vonderleith, Nathan Edelman, Amelia Schener, Harry S Wilson, John Mead, Bridget Mead, and Adelia Hedenrich. Estates of G Fringo, Catherine McCann, Susie Lupy, and Kate Gass. Contested calendar. Will of Mary Jefferson.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Tiernan, J. Tony Morris, Salvatore Cupolo, Emilio Morelli, John Costango, Yashka Ivonitsky, Samuel Manso, Walter Heaney, Roland Walker, Tony Morris, and James Aquavella.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part III.—McNameen, J. Michael Sinzone, Patsy Mascia, Louis Fox, Jr., Pauline Cuozzo, John Carroll, Charles Chambers, and William Werner.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Kelly, J. Matter of Windmuller, an alleged incompetent person. 164—Callahan v. Hueg. 166—Silverman, as administrator, v. Jamieson & Bond Co. 167—Long v. Cauldwell v. Winsate Co. 168—Rho, an Infant, v. Ryan. 170—Lefko v. Neptune Meter Co. 171—Hohmann v. Stobaugh Contracting Co. 172—Cox v. The Brooklyn Daily Times. 173—Dankulich v. Armour Fertilizer Works. 174—Pink v. Lampert and another. 175—Wells and another v. Potter and another. 176—Bachman v. Brooklyn, Queens Co & S R Co. 178—Leavy v. New York & Queens Co Railway. 179—Kelly v. Queens Borough Gas & Electric Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call. 181—Streppone v. Bruhns. 182—Same v. same. 183—Cahill, as administratrix, v. Benz Auto Importing Co of America. 184—O'Brien v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R Co. 140—Lamb v. Steeplechase Park Co. 114—Hanatsek v. Wilson. 85—Kerwin, an infant, v. Long Island R R. Co. 186—Herman v. Coulston. 187—Graham et al v. Kelly. 188—Best Amusement Co v. Bangert and another. 189—Mangold v. Heidelberger. 190—Ferrall v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. Highest number reached on the general calendar is 190.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 215.

Pension, to take effect 12 P. M. Sept. 20.—Capt. John L. Zimmerman, 167th Precinct, on his own application, at $1,375 per annum. Appointed July 9, 1886.

Promotions.—Lieutenant to Captain, to take effect 12 P. M. Sept. 20. Jacob H. Van Wagner, transferred from C. O. Squad to 167th Precinct; Sergeant to Lieutenant to take effect at noon Sept. 20, Michael T. Ahearn, C. O. Squad.

Assignments (Temporary.)—Lieuts. Thomas J. Daly, 146th Precinct, to command 157th, from 1 P. M. Sept. 20, to 12:01 A. M. Sept. 25; Charles E. Northup, 153d, to command 159th for five days, from 12:01 A. M. Sept. 25. Patrolmen W. Ryan, 29th, to Detective Division, five days, from noon Sept. 20; J. V. Healey, 40th, and N. Capobianco, 42d, to Detective Division, five days, from 4 P. M. Sept. 20; L. R. Furey, 171st, to Board of Elections, Brooklyn, five days, from noon Sept. 22. To office of chief counsel, Excise Department, as indicated: For two days, from 9 A. M. Sept. 22—L. Rappolt, 43d; W. T. Reynolds, 43d; J. J. Noonan, 43d; L. Waxman, C. O.; J. S. Thorpe, C. O.; W. H. Cowley, 36th; W. T. Menke, 43d; N. P. Phersson, 43d; J. W. Sutter, C. O. For one day, from 9 A. M. Sept. 23—W. R. Wittenberg, 15th; B. J. Kilbride, C. O.; J. Kiernan, 10th. (Discontinued)—Sergt. J. J. Waters, 152d, to 283d, from noon Sept. 17.

Leaves of absence without pay: Patrolman I. Shepherd, 150th, 1 day from 8 A. M. Sept. 1. Probationary patrolman—J. Russert, School for Recruits, 3 days from 9 A. M. Sept. 24.

Application for full pay approved: Patrolman—Leo Lowenthal, 165th, 8:50 P. M., Aug. 22, to 1:26 P. M., Aug. 27, while under suspension.

Fines: Sergeant—James Keenan, 37th, July 19, (2) disobedience of orders, 30 days; not guilty of Specification 1, improper conduct; not guilty of Specification 3, failed to report. Patrolmen—Henry J. Haggerty, 5th, Aug. 26, absence without leave, 1 day; James Gillooly, 15th, Aug. 23, absent from special post, 10 days; Charles W. McSorley, 17th, Sept. 2, absent without leave, 10 days; Anthony F. Labau, 29th, Sept. 4, absent from fixed post, 5 days; Nathaniel Snydecker, 31st, Aug. 28, late for reserve rollcall, 2 days; Ferdinand Flick, 32, Aug. 20, failed to take proper police action, 20 days; John J. F. Hayden, 35th, Sept. 3, in liquor saloon in uniform drinking beer, 15 days; James E. Nolan, 37th, Aug. 30, conversation, 1 day; John Oberhan and George Michel, 37th, Aug. 30, sitting during tour of patrol, 3 days each; George F. Chiquette, 39th, Aug. 30, improper patrolling, sitting, 2 days; Otto J. Westphal, 39th, Aug. 30, sitting while on fixed post, 3 days; Michael F. Cotter, 39th, Aug. 30, sitting while on fixed post, 3 days; Emery Jones, 40th, Aug. 30, conversation, 1 day; Frank Maulick, 40th, Aug. 30, conversation, 2 days; Frederick J. Barth, 42d, Aug. 30, conversation, 2 days; Joseph W. Brennan, 42d Aug. 30, conversation, 2 days; Peter F. Gilligan, 81st, Aug. 30, (1) improper police action, (2) improper conduct. (3) improper conduct, 30 days; John T. McCarthy, 74th, Aug. 23, failed to present revolver at inspection, (2 days) not guilty of making false statement; Harry J. Welsh, 148d, Aug. 1, absent from reserve duty, 2 days; William F. Russell, 145th, Aug. 7, (1) failed to patrol, (2) failed to relieve on fixed post, (3) absent from post, (4) failed to make entry, 15 days; Joseph J. Murphy, 146th, Aug. 13, (1) quit post, (2) failed to obtain permission, 5 days; Daniel D. Scannel, 147th, Aug. 2, absent from fixed post, 10 days; Edward A. O'Connor, 147th, Aug. 10, absent from special post, in conversation, 2 days; John J. McManus, 151st, Aug. 8, standing at side door of liquor saloon drinking beer, 10 days; Albert G. Swansen, 151st, Aug. 8, absent from post, 10 days; Jefferson Carney, 161st, June 26, rode on auto while in uniform, 2 days; Bernard Starkey and John Rogers, 164th, July 28, failed to discover or report burglary, 5 days each; James S. Grant, 167th, Aug. 24, absent from outgoing rollcall, 1 day; Hugh B. Sullivan and William F. O'Connell, 172d, Aug. 17, coming from liquor saloon in uniform, 10 days each; William A. Biggs 282d, Aug. 4, absent from post, 5 days. Probationary patrolman—Benjamin Kaplan, 29th, Sept. 3, absent from fixed post, reading newspaper, 3 days.

Reprimanded: Lieut. John Leonard, 33d, Aug. 21, failed to make proper entries; Improper police action. Patrolmen Michael Joyce, 37th, Aug. 30, sitting during tour of patrol; Thomas J. Craddock, 161st, July 25, (4) failed to make entry. Not guilty as to first specification, left post; second specification, used threatening language, or third specification, used violence to citizen.

Charges dismissed: Patrolmen William Myer, C. O. Squad, June 11, (1) failed to arraign prisoner before a Magistrate; (2) assaulted citizen. Jerome Murphy, C. O. Squad, Aug. 28, neglected to perform duty properly; Frank J. Szuminsky, C. O. Squad, Aug. 28, neglected to perform duty properly; Harry V. Hanley, 18th, Aug. 27, struck prisoner; Michael J. Cogan, 22d, Sept. 4, absent from post; William F. Connell, 25th, Aug. 15, struck prisoner; John H. Dent, 29th, Sept. 4, absent from fixed post; James V. Fitzpatrick, 31st, Sept. 4, absent from fixed post; Thomas J. Leonard, 36th, Aug. 30, conversation; Charles Comolli, 39th, Aug. 30, absent from fixed post; William C. Culberton, 168th, Aug. 22, struck woman; Propationary Patrolman Joseph Toomey, 36th, Aug. 30, conversation.

Fire Department.

Special Orders 183.—Ordered to report to Fireman T. S. Richards at the Seventh Regiment Armory for practice Sept. 25, 1913, at times specified: 9 A. M.—Brown, Hose 9; R. Bormholz, Engine 36, and M. Ferguson, Engine 224. 10 A. M.—John T. Foote, Engine 18; W. S. Bensel, Engine 58; W. Clancy Engine 76; C. A. Roe, 7s, Engine 18; E. A. Dannemyer, Engine 82; E. A. Woolley, Engine 287, (second section;) E. Bernsen, Engine 230; W. A. Walsh, Engine 230; F. Ergenzinger, Engine 207; Mann, Engine 244; J. J. O'Keefe, Engine 250; T. S. Richards, Engine 250; J. Stack, Engine 250; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Engine 250; W. F. Gallagher, Engine 213; I. W. Chattaway, Engine 271; A. J. Vaun, H. & L. 3; C. Clements, H. & L. 35; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 35; A. M. Forster, H. & L. 108; W. H. Breuer, H. & L. 115; J. Miller, H. & L. 115; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128, and A. Cole, H. & L. 118.

FAST RUN BY AUTO ACROSS CONTINENT

Henry Wagner Averaged 24 Miles an Hour Coming from San Francisco to New York.

Something of a record for transcontinental motor touring appears to have been established by Henry Wagner and his son, Henry W. Wagner, who reached the Hotel Vanderbilt yesterday from Portland, Ore., by way of San Francisco. Although they did not attempt to come across in rapid time, as far as the number of days in the trip was concerned, stopping sometimes for several days in the larger cities or more interesting bits of country, their actual running time, according to their log books, was remarkably fast.

From San Francisco on to New York, a distance over the route chosen of 3,861 miles, the running time was 159 hours. This would give an average from the Golden Gate to Broadway of about 24.2 miles an hour, remarkable speed over the varying road conditions of a transcontinental journey.

Young Mr. Wagner, who did all the driving, said that they found road conditions on the whole much better than expected. The route followed was practically that of the proposed Lincoln Highway, running to the north of the Midland Trail. Over the low desert, he said, conditions were ideal and fast time could be made with comfort across the hard alkali plains with never a stone or a gulley to mar the surface. In the high desert and near the sink holes, it was another matter, and dry washouts proved difficult to negotiate. The temperature was most trying at times on the desert, reaching 120 degrees in the sun, Mr. Wagner said, and causing blowouts even of spare tires carried on the back of the car, until he learned the trick of completely deflating and covering them. The tourists found the roads between Denver and Chicago in much better condition than those between Chicago and New York.

Their longest day's run was 356 miles.

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There have been a number of changes along "Automobile Row." Carl H. Page & Co., Chalmers dealers, have practically doubled the floor space of their exhibition rooms. E. H. Horton and Tom O. Jones have joined the J. L. Handley Company., the first as Sales Manager of the Marion, the second as General Publicity Manager. The International Motor Company has inaugurated the installment policy in selling Mack trucks. Albert J. Ditman has become Assistant Manager of the local locomobile branch. A new automobile advertising agency has been formed by T. B. Pratt and T. S. Trebell, with offices at 1,790 Broadway.

VIRGINIA IRON FELL OFF.

First Six Months Promising, but Last Poorer—Demand Better Now.

The Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company earned gross income in the fiscal year ended on June 30 of $4,948,158, including $616,896 from operations outside the direct production of the company. Operating expenses amounted to $3,749,432, while fixed charges, taxes, salaries, &c., required $756,028, leaving net earnings of $442,698. This was the equivalent of nearly 5 per cent. on the stock outstanding.

"Although the fiscal year started out full of encouragement," said President Newton in the annual report, "by the expiration of the first six months the demand for iron had fallen off, prices had dropped and continued to drop until in May the low level of 1911 was reached. The market remained very weak through the months of June and July, and, while to-day it is by no means strong, there is a better feeling, and indications point toward more demand and better prices."

The coal business, however, grew both in volume and profit, said Mr. Newton, the mines producing in the year 1,840,213 tons, at a profit of $353,655, as compared with 1,563,284 tons in the preceding year, which netted $309,419.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 16½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 11½c; loins, No. 1, 16½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 11½c; rounds, No. 1, 12½c; No. 2, 11½c; No. 3, 11c; chucks, No. 1, 12½c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 9½c.

SUGAR.—There was no change in the refined sugar market yesterday. The local raw market was steady and unchanged on a basis of $3.67 for centrifugal. The London beet sugar market was quoted at 9s 7½d for September, 9s 4½d for October, and 9s 9d for May.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The molasses market was steady and unchanged, and a fair demand for grocery grades was noted. Syrups were steady and offerings were light.

RICE.—The local market was firm and unchanged, with a fair demand from local distributors.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The market was somewhat weakened by the drop in wheat, and lower prices were named on some of the better grades of Spring wheat flour.

OILS.—Refined petroleum and linseed oil were steady and unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—The turpentine market was about steady, with a moderate demand from local jobbers. No changes were reported in resin, although some concessions were reported. Tar was firm, with the demand moderate.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Hale & Norcross	.06
Alpha Con	.02	Mexican	.02
Andes	.03	Occidental Con	.10
Belcher	.21	Ophir	.23
Best & Belcher	.05	Overman	.10
Caledonia	1.47½	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con	.07	Savage	.11
Chollar	.03	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	.09	Sierra Nevada	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	.11
Crown Point	.19	Utah Con	.03
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.31

TONOPAH.

Jim Butler	.68	D'field Daisy	.02
McNamara	.11	D'field Bi. B	.01
Midway	.45	Florence	.02
Mizpah Exten	.40	GOLDFIELD.	
Montana	1.22½	G'field Con. M.	1.92½
North Star	.52	Goldfield Merger	.14
Rescue Eula	.13	Great Bend	.02
Tonopah Merger	.68	Jumbo Exten	.12
West End	1.65	Silver Pick	.04
Atlanta	.15	Nevada Hills	.89
Booth	.02	Round Mountain	.41
C. O. D	.03	MANHATTAN.	
Comb. Frac	.04	Manhattan Con	.05
		Man. Big Four	.26

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	5¾	6	Isabella	10¾	11¼
Elkton	55½	56¼	Jackpot	4¼	5½
El Paso	.378	385	McKinney	59½	60
Findlay	2¾	3	R. B. H.	4¾	5
Gold Dol.	10¾	10¾			

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Cash Position, Sept. 20, 1913.

CITY TREASURY.		
Balance Sept. 13, 1913		$19,190,701.27
Receipts—		
Taxes and other revenues	$741,966.64	
Sale of revenue bonds	7,500,000.00	
Miscellaneous	80,131.04	
Sale of revenue bills	2,966,552.87	
Sale of corporate stock notes	3,840,923.46	15,168,574.01
		$34,359,275.28
Payments—		
General Administration	$2,465,606.09	
Repayment of revenue bonds and bills	1,376,545.10	
Redemption of city debt	2,000.00	
Interest on the city debt	12,026.72	
Redemption of corporate stock notes	1,500,000.00	$5,356,178.42
Balance Sept. 20, 1913		$29,003,096.86
SINKING FUNDS.		
Balance Sept. 13, 1913		$12,818,213.33
Receipts		330,601.49
Payments		$13,148,814.82
Balance Sept. 20, 1913		$13,148,814.82
Aggregate balances Sept. 20, 1913		$42,151,911.68

Temporary Financing, Sept. 14 to 20, Inclusive.

	Corporate Stock Notes.	Revenue Bds. and Bills.	Special Rev. Bonds.
Outstanding Sept. 13	$23,485,753.50	$58,801,718.26	$4,201,287.50
Issued week ended Sept. 20	3,840,923.46	10,466,552.87	
Total	$29,326,676.76	$69,388,271.13	$4,201,287.50
Redeemed week ended Sept. 20	1,500,000.00		
Outstanding Sept. 20	$27,826,676.76	$69,388,271.13	$4,201,287.50

The city's net borrowings last week were nearly $13,000,000, due to preparations for paying amounts awarded for property taken for the site of the new court house. About $5,000,000 was paid out yesterday for this purpose and will appear in the City Chamberlain's statement for the current week. The city's cash receipts, aside from its borrowings, are at a low ebb—only $821,000 last week—as it has got about all it will out of the May taxes and the balance of this year's levy is not payable until Nov. 1. Beginning at that time, cash will come in sufficient to repeat even the revenue bonds and bills outstanding and part of those that will be issued in the mean time.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR—	1913.	1912.	Increase.
2d week Sept	$45,751	$42,702	$2,752
July 1-Sept. 14	507,043	21,344	
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
1st week Sept	737,424	35,297	
July 1-Sept. 14	7,849,458	28,134	
HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT AND POWER—			
3d week Sept	53,379	4,686	
Jan. 1-Sept. 21	2,051,220	201,388	
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
2d week Sept	425,141	16,034	
July 1-Sept. 14	4,481,006	114,057	
BALTIMORE & OHIO for August—	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	$9,443,000	$8,878,271	$8,290,515
Net	3,048,778	2,867,251	2,808,200
2 mos. gross	18,281,964	16,931,156	15,611,672
Net	5,741,587	5,259,662	5,053,899
BOSTON & MAINE reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	2,262	2,244	2,225
Freight rev	2,341,530	2,290,131	1,960,673
Passenger rev	1,615,877	1,589,331	1,555,698
Total op. rev	4,276,433	4,207,883	3,817,240
Maint. way	566,686	484,066	607,417
Maint. equip	660,803	584,045	485,933
Tran. exp	1,844,984	1,775,501	1,671,283
Total op. exp	3,219,873	2,973,721	2,890,544
Taxes	166,229	173,350	172,235
Oper. inc	918,752	1,082,732	776,463
CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	1,747	1,744	1,744
Freight rev	828,783	745,580	641,099
Passenger rev	481,457	440,050	423,957
Total op. rev	1,421,107	1,275,708	1,150,936
Main. of way	286,385	195,201	236,499
Main. of eqp	184,642	186,354	151,277
Transp. exp	519,735	497,661	457,274
Total op. exp	1,050,433	923,941	906,751
Taxes	71,704	66,296	60,728
Oper. income	302,066	289,448	184,812
DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	959	959	930
Freight rev	2,461,231	2,375,048	2,104,687
Passenger rev	854,281	731,148	748,439
Total op. rev	3,549,593	3,334,455	3,062,893
Main. of way	564,965	513,354	487,689
Main. of eqp	558,211	488,941	462,016
Transp. exp	1,024,082	954,811	868,492
Total op. exp	2,287,172	2,060,314	1,950,232
Taxes	165,000	168,940	143,500
Oper. income	1,127,982	1,081,588	986,041
DENVER & RIO GRANDE reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	2,582	2,556	2,566
Freight rev	1,399,061	1,462,040	1,371,778
Passenger rev	554,342	502,269	520,240
Total op. rev	2,044,403	2,067,188	1,977,619
Main. of way	499,177	403,572	275,938
Main of eqp	369,085	379,212	341,241
Transp. exp	586,626	622,007	662,677
Total op. exp	1,580,365	1,512,628	1,390,795
Taxes	87,500	70,000	70,000
Oper. income	382,679	481,163	521,443
GREAT NORTHERN reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	7,844	7,844	7,844
Freight rev	5,463,431	4,621,940	3,973,819
Passenger rev	1,580,054	1,401,698	1,410,258
Total op. rev	7,515,726	6,468,921	5,746,918
Main. of way	1,262,502	1,284,174	960,420
Main. of equip	771,096	756,334	641,009
Trans. exp	1,750,731	1,583,424	1,418,306
Total op. exp	4,019,336	3,822,131	3,205,738
Taxes	405,000	405,000	290,674
Op. income	3,124,640	2,378,763	2,254,870
LEHIGH VALLEY for August—			
Gross	3,672,296	3,999,840	3,423,485
Net aft. taxes	1,189,182	1,337,511	1,102,100
Gross, 2 mos.	7,119,997	7,533,547	6,515,142
Net aft. taxes	2,156,780	2,591,381	2,087,855
MONONGAHELA VALLEY TRACTION for August—			
Gross	87,561	76,981	64,242
Net	56,038	47,254	41,141
Sur. aft. chgs.	30,481	23,612	24,120
Gross, 8 mos.	610,624	543,209	468,899
Net	398,344	323,140	304,687
Sur. aft. chgs.	208,599	161,059	175,531
NORFOLK & WESTERN reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	2,035	2,018	2,004
Freight rev	3,264,757	3,039,269	2,550,652
Passenger rev	445,528	427,120	399,494
Total op. rev	3,845,726	3,579,849	3,053,712
Mt. of way	481,195	403,022	401,117
Mt. of equip	762,797	659,980	584,288
Trans. exp	1,182,910	989,702	863,651
Total op. exp	2,558,049	2,286,199	1,958,540
Taxes	125,000	120,000	113,000
Oper. income	1,160,561	1,190,266	977,911
NORTHERN PACIFIC reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission for July—			
Mileage	6,027	6,027	6,027
Freight rev	3,929,059	3,768,764	3,220,044
Pass. rev	1,740,716	1,591,692	1,667,235
Total op. rev	6,072,500	5,750,856	5,232,852
Mt. of way	1,257,098	1,007,915	845,417
Mt. of equip	732,968	773,943	716,666
Trans. exp	1,793,978	1,713,773	1,581,404
Total op. exp	3,995,518	3,652,834	3,329,498
Taxes	237,000	211,662	201,642
Oper. income	1,842,936	1,830,575	1,683,390

Miscellaneous Earnings.

MOBILE ELECTRIC CO., a subsidiary of Standard Gas and Electric Co., reports earnings for the 12 months ended Aug. 31—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross earnings	378,327	372,673	5,654
Net after taxes	180,424	174,964	5,460
Sur. after chgs	95,624	86,907	8,717
Bal. aft. pf. divs	35,949	27,232	8,717

KERR LAKE MINING CO. (operating company) for the year ended Aug. 31—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Ore sales and misc. inc	1,182,494	1,044,417	1,231,246
Expenses	345,178	275,242	293,866
Net profits	837,315	769,175	937,379
Profit and loss account:			
Profit and loss surplus Aug. 31, 1912			$716,992
Net profits year ended Aug. 31, 1913			837,315
Total			1,554,398
Dividends paid during year			600,000
Profit and loss surplus Aug. 31, 1913			954,308

KERR LAKE MINING CO. of New York, the holding company, for the year ended Aug. 31—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Divs. f'm Kerr Lake Mining	$600,000	$762,000	$1,338,000
Div. f'm Wetherlor., S.M., &c.	652	679	6,545
Total	600,652	762,679	1,344,545
Exp. & tax	19,137	21,645	33,036
Divs. paid	600,000	600,000	1,200,000
Written off	15,000	45,000	
Deficit	33,485	*6,032	*111,488

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 23.—These companies were incorporated to-day:

Stein L. Ashenfarb Company of Manhattan; glass and mirrors; $25,000. Jerome A. Meyers, Irving M. Meyers, Sam Ashenfarb; 11 East 108th Street, New York.

National Developing Company, Incorporated, Manhattan; to promote exhibitions, celebrations, and entertainments; $15,000. C. G. Oliver, J. S. Chambers, Louis A. Risse; 331 Madison Avenue, New York.

Judd Engineering Works, Incorporated, of Buffalo; general construction and building; $50,000. Paul Harris, George M. Stout, Jr., Fred V. Degnan; 344 Clinton Street, Lockport, N. Y.

The Handy Wire Goods Company, Incorporated, of Brooklyn; mining and smelting of iron; $30,000. John T. Rosengren, Thomas N. Burke, Edward T. Curran; 16 Court Street, Brooklyn.

Oxygono Disinfecting Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; disinfectants; $10,000. Joseph Silverstein, Isador Weinbaum, Matthew Swerling; 141 Broadway, New York.

Phoenix Fuel Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; combustible materials; $25,000. Raymond Havemeyer, William F. Englis, J. A. Smith, 165 Broadway, New York.

Increase in capital stock were certified by these corporations:

Hedden Construction Company of New York, from $200,000 to $250,000.

Monroe Calculating Machine Company of New York, from $100,000 to $300,000.

The Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company of Jersey City, $6,500,000, was authorized to do business in this State. Representative, Judson C. Carroll, 24 Broad Street, New York.

Voluntary dissolutions of corporations were filed to-day:

Taxicab and Cab Company of America of Manhattan, incorporated April 30, 1907, with $1,250,000 capital. Robert G. Morris, President; John W. Ockford, Secretary.

Excelsior Reduction and Refining Company of New York, incorporated Sept. 24, 1912, with $20,000 capital. John McCarren, E. J. Forhan, B. Gilbert Whitson, Incorporators.

James A. De Groat Company of Jone's Point, incorporated May 18, 1909, with $35,000 capital. Henry Steers, James Rich Steers, Harry R. Wheeler, Directors.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

U. S. Commerce Chamber for Brazil.

Efforts are being made by Dr. M. de Moreira, head of the American Manufacturers' Export Association, to establish an American Chamber of Commerce in Brazil. Dr. de Moreira is now in Rio de Janeiro on an extended visit, and, if his efforts are successful, the proposed chamber will doubtless have its headquarters in that city. There is a feeling in the association that Dr. de Moreira will be able to bring the project to a head. He is well known to the Brazilian officials and public, and the constant increase of American export business with Brazil is said to more than warrant the organization he proposes. Added importance is given the project by Government statistics showing that in 1912 imports into Brazil from the United States showed a larger relative gain than those from any other country.

***

Crude Rubber Prices Decline.

Lower prices marked the regular fortnightly auction of crude rubber at London yesterday. Buying was not overactive and late cables reported that only 425 of the 1,100 tons offered had been sold. Smoked sheets opened at 2s 5d, and remained at that figure throughout the day. Pale crêpe opened at 2s, ¾d, but at the close had advanced to 2s 1d. Against these prices the figures received at the last previous sale were somewhat higher, they being 2s 9d and 2s 6¼d, respectively. Trading in the general English market was reported dull and without feature, which condition was largely reflected on this side of the Atlantic. Upriver fine was held here at 87 and 88 cents, with pale crepe quoted at 66 and 67 cents.

***

Coal Trade Steady.

"The anthracite trade is on a basis approximating normal activity for this time of the year." The Coal Trade Journal will say to-day: "Business is good, but not particularly rushing. The demand takes its inspiration largely from weather conditions, and, locally at least, these have not been of a nature during the past week to develop an urgent call for the prepared sizes, either at wholesale or retail.

"Within the past few days sales of demurrage soft coal have been made at prices which seem low when compared with the figures that prevailed throughout the greater part of the Summer. A mere statement of the fact, however, would give an exaggerated idea of the weakness which has developed in some parts of the market in recent weeks. The trouble is with the poorer grades, which were sustained during the Summer by the scarcity of all kinds of coal, particularly the high grades."

***

New Imported Negligees.

The materials of the imported negligée costumes featured for Fall are more elaborate than in past seasons. Brocaded velvets, metallic chiffon broche, charmeuse, plush, duvetyn, peau de pêche, and crêpe de chine are the prominent fabrics for those garments. Feather and fur bandings are important items, and skunk and marabou are especially in vogue. Many models are shown with the lace overdress, the lines being similar to those in draped evening cloaks. Often the negligées themselves are suitable for dinner or evening wear, as they are elaborate and cut low in corsage effects. Other models are of metallic chiffon, cut along the lines of classic draperies, trimmed with bandings of silver and gold and finished with large tassels weighting the sleeves, backs, and fronts of the draperies. Breakfast jackets are made of the same materials, with a coatee effect of lace. Featured colors are pink, blue, apricot, cerise, and yellow. The garments are lined with soft silks in contrasting colors.

***

Contest in Guessing Values.

A haberdasher in an up-State city filled his window with an assortment of cravats and attached a price mark on only one of each style. In the centre of the window was placed a handsome meerchaum pipe and near it a card which read: "A Meerschaum Pipe for a Guess." The placard explained further that the prices had been marked on one of each of the styles to give a general basis for guessing the total valuation of the window's contents. The total value was written on a slip, sealed, and placed in the proprietor's safe, to be opend on a specific date, at which time the pipe would be given to the person who had guessed nearest the correct value. There were no restrictions placed upon the contest, except that a person could have but a single guess.

***

Record Season for Worsteds.

Commenting upon the predominence of worsteds in the buying of men's wear fabrics for the Spring, 1914 season, The Textile Manufacturers' Journal says that fancy worsteds are still sought more than fancy woolens where the former are cheap enough to be on a competitive basis. Where a fancy worsted at $1 a yard, or near it, will serve the uses of the buyer as well as a fancy woolen from 10 to 15 cents a yard lower, it is stated by sellers handling both worsted and woolens that the fancy worsted usually gets the preference. If tailors-to-the-trade and duplicate orders from clothing manufacturers follow the same line of buying it is predicted that there will be more fancy worsteds worn next Spring and Summer than have been seen for many years. Serges have been strong, and promise to continue so.

COLORADO COAL STRIKE ON.

Union, Seeking Recognition, Says It Will Spread—Operators Defiant.

TRINIDAD, Col., Sept. 23.—Several thousand miners in the southern coal fields of District 15, Col., United Mine Workers of America, entered to-day on a strike which had for its chief purpose recognition of the union. Labor leaders asserted a great majority of the men now working the coal mines would obey the strike call issued a week ago. Operators announced not enough workers would leave their employment to cripple mine operations. They said there would be no compromise on recognition. The other demands—for the men's own checkweighmen, and the privilege to live and trade where they pleased, and to employ such physicians as they preferred, were not discussed much.

Reports from camps tended to show the walkout would be general.

In Colorado Springs, a negro miner was said to have been attacked by fellow workmen.

DENVER, Sept. 23.—Ethelbert Stewart, representative of the Federal Department of Labor, is here investigating the coal strike situation. He hopes to bring about an agreement. Mr. Ammons said this evening that reports from all sections indicated less than 50 per cent. of the miners obeyed the strike order.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The future of the trade in American lumber at ports along the lower China coast is a matter of considerable dougbt, owing to the high freight rates prevailing during the past year. A recent reduction in rates from the Pacific Coast to Hongkong made some business possible, but the trade is still hampered by the charges on such cargo from Puget Sound to all Eastern points. Similar conditions exist in the trade in teakwood from Siam to Hongkong and from Hongkong to the United States.

Exports from Malta to the United States and its dependencies in the years 1911 and 1912 were valued at $404 and $6,377 respectively. The exports to the United States in the latter year were made up of $2,735 worth of cumin seed, $258 worth of cigarettes, and $98 worth of miscellaneous manufactures.

The exports of wheat from Chile during the past five years were as follows: 4,989,068 bushels for 1908, 4,002,892 bushels for 1909, 2,225,118 bushels for 1910, 507,537 bushels for 1911, and 2,405,170 bushels for 1912, with good prospects for 1913.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LEE (also known as LEIGH) MORRISON, theatrical manager, of 1,476 Broadway, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, individually and as a partner in the late firm of Morrison & Ward, which has been dissolved. His liabilities are $23,279, contracted between 1909 and 1912, and no assets. He owes Elinor Glyn, author of "Three Weeks," $3,778, secured by rights of the play "Three Weeks," and owes the Ackerman-Quigley Letter Company, of Kansas City, Mo., $4,490, secured by stock and repertoire of the play "Three Weeks." Among the other creditors are the National Printing and Engraving Company, Chicago, $2,123; H. C. Miner Lithograph Company, $847; Liebler & Co., $1,538, royalties on the play "White Sister"; Maurice Jencks, Sioux City, Iowa, $1,280; Rustic Scenic Studio, Jersey City, $840. He owes thirty-three actors and actresses for salary and services, among whom are Jeanne Fowler, $1,200; Margaret Nelson, $65; Margaret Meredith, $50; Grace Porrette, $56; Adele Leonard, $51; W. H. Barnwald, $350; Raymond Harris, $795; Edward Roth, $150; Frank Charlton, $150; Ernest C. Wards, $150, and Joseph Frankel, $150.

LOUIS BAUER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Louis Bauer, manufacturer of paper boxes at 343 West twenty-sixth Street, by these creditors: Louis Dejonge & Co., $4,107; Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons, $475, and George A. Jaeger, $804. It is alleged he is insolvent, and has made preferential payments of $200 to the landlord and $285 to John F. Boyle Company of Jersey City. Judge Hough appointed C. T. McLaughlin receiver, bond $2,000, with power to continue business ten days. He is Chairman of the committee of creditors. Liabilities are $9,000 and assets $8,000. Bauer began business in 1877.

GENERAL CONFECTIONERS' MACHINE COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the General Confectioners' Machine Company, manufacturer of candy-coating machinery, of 25 Broad Street, by these creditors: Morris W. Mundy, $1,000; Donald G. Graham, $1,000, and Briesen & Knauth, $114. It is alleged that the company admitted in writing inability to pay its debts. The company was incorporated on April 9, 1910, with capital stock of $65,000. Albert Aston is President. Liabilities are said to be over $10,000 and assets $3,360.

DORA PULMANN, milliner, of 310 Lenox Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,367 and assets of $1,400 in stock and $1 cash in bank. Judge Hough appointed Charles H. Broas receiver; bond, $500.

J. ROMEYN BROADHEAD of 816 West 102d Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,317 and no assets.

JOSEPH J. THEIL.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Joseph J. Theil, dealer in meat furnishing goods at 1,924 Third Avenue, show liabilities of $4,814 and assets of $850, consisting of stock, $500, and fixtures, $350.

TRACY RICKARDS COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed L. H. Rogers receiver for Tracy Rickards Company, dealer in clothing at 430 Sixth Avenue; bond, $750. Assets are $4,065, consisting of stock, $2,700; fixtures, $1,000, and accounts, $365.

LOUIS SURAN.—Judge Hough has appointed W. Hewitt receiver for Louis Suran, dealer in human hair goods at 2,130 Third Avenue; bond, $500.

THE SHERMAN LEATHER GOODS COMPANY, manufacturer of dress suit cases at 356 West Broadway, has made an assignment to Samuel M. Levy. The company was incorporated in May, 1913, with capital stock of $20,000. Jacob Sherman was President. He began business in 1901.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Ashley, Robert W.—S. R. Semlear, $228.
Anderson, Robert—Coleman, Cohen & Co., $697.
Albers, Ann, or Mrs. A. Albers—E. W. Dunstan Co., $262.
Bostick, John W.—R. A. Vernon, $129.
Bonomo, Vito, and Francesca La Via—B. Goldstein, $485.
Bloom, Hyman—H. Sokolowsky, $586.
Bardin, Benjamin T.—W. G. Happy, $1,276.
Bertrand, Charles, and Charles Bertrand Co. —Fox & Co., Pittsburgh, $854.
Cohen, Samuel—E. McAndrews, $10,044.
Chapman, William E.—Regent Realty Co., $226.
Calcidar, Thomas F.—E. P. Martin, $317.
Dinein, Herman—Sayles Zahn Co., $306.
Deutsch, Henry—C. J. Kraemer et al., $116.
Dincin, Herman—Sayles Zahn Co. $307
Fasio, Vincent—Simpfield Selling, $170.
Glassow, Abram V. R.—International Magazine Co., $124.
Gross, Isaac—A. Bernhard et al., $482.
Grimm, Arthur—A. B. Holstein, $1,050.
Greenberg, Morris—Kantor, Meyer & Co., $102.
Greer, Pauline N.—E. P. Kellogg, $1,004.
Goldberg, Lawrence—E. H. Bernhelmer, $399.
Harris, Hopper and Ashley Nixon Keener—Carnegie Trust Co., $1,289.
Hugo Ruben—A. Kaufman, $132.
Kappelsohn, Emanuel—L. G. Johnson, $517.
Katz, Sam, and Morris Fenewerker—B. L. Pulyer, $105.
Keeley, Urban G.—Elvidge & Palmer, $241.
Lowenstein, Jacob—W. Thompson, $445.
Lipkowitz, Joseph—R. Gangemi et al., $106.
Lehman, Edgar—M. Kaswin, $464.
McCollig, James G.—American Pressing Iron Co., $806.
Mayer, Charles—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, $165.
Nathanson, Morris—H. Skolowsky, $186.
Parisenau, Tannredl—M. Schwarz et al., $204.
Peshkin, Harry—W. Drosihn, $757.
Pflum, H. Duane, and Annie, or Anna A.—T. G. Field, $688.
Ray, Charles W.—H. Lowenstein, $389.
Robinson, Bird M.—A. Maynard, $151.
Solomonick, Jacob and Selig—Manhattan Leasing Co., $107.
Stoddard, Charles M.—T. Kick, $254.
Schmitt, Philip—G. Abed et al., $198.
Salerno, Eugenio—Cary Safe Co., $187.
Traynor, Thomas—Robert Appleton Co., $102.
Tedeschi, John—Hudson Wood Working Co., $101.
Weissglass, Julius—B. Hess, $249.
Weil, William—J. H. Cowperthwaite et al., $157.
Wilson, William, Jr.—S. Schiff et al., $202.
A. & W. Gray & Co.—Dunbar Box Lumber Co., $219.
Andrew Kutchen Realty Co., Inc.—Francis X. Kell Co., $282.
American Auto Top Mfg. Co.—J. A. Gifford, $178.
Bores Realty Co.—Lecouver Press Co., $228.
Brooklyn Lodge, Inc.—M. R Alexander, $284.
Granite Spring Water Co.—C. L. Hunt et al., $165.
Harris, Hooper, and Ashley Nixon Keener—Carnegie Trust Co., $1,289.
Hebberd & Wenz, Inc.—H. M. Brown, $873.
Kramer Contracting Co.—S. Vaccarata, $419.
People's Theatre Co.—White Studio, Inc., $378.
Paul B. Pugh & Co.—S. B. Balcom, $290.
Victor Auto Storage Co.—Standard Oil Co. of New York, $878.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Goodman, Joseph—A. Gerstenzang et al., June 1, 1905, $359.
Melnick, Louis J.—W. Farley, Dec. 26, 1912, $1,820.
Rapp, Gottfried H.—H. Semken et al., Sept. 9, 1913, $151.
Schindler, Charles—L. M. Weller, Jan. 18, 1905, $582.
Same—Same, Jan. 18, 1905, $970.
Steinhardt, Max—A. R. Lean et al., Sept. 11, 1902, $120.
Stansfield, Samuel—W. Henderson, June 20, 1913, $477.
Sosinsky, Samuel—A. M. Scoville, March 5, 1913, (released,) $4,606.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The American Manufacturers' Export Association will hold its fourth annual convention at the Hotel Astor to-morrow. The election of officers for the coming year will take place at the morning session. A dinner will be given in the evening, at which John Barrett, Director of the Bureau of the State Department, will be the principal speaker.

The plans for the drug trade exhibition and conference to be held at Grand Central Palace Oct. 2 to 9 are nearing completion. Several thousand square feet of space have been set aside for the educational exhibits. Illustrated lectures will be given to the public daily.

Aitken, Son & Co. have announced their retirement from the retail field. The firm's wholesale business will be continued at the uptown office, 417 Fifth Avenue.

Wheat exports from this port last week totaled 547,436 bushels, a gain of 178,841 bushels over the previous week. Beef exports for the week totaled 533 barrels and 362 tierces, against 512 and 394, respectively, for the week before. Exports, exclusive of specie, from the Port of New York for the week ended Sept. 20 totaled $14,561,782, against $15,333,386 during the previous week and $17,750,394 for the corresponding week of 1912. The total valuation of the present year's exports to date amounts to $647,260,077, against $600,577,466 for the corresponding period of last year.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

An imported women's suit model is of white matelasse, with a short waist which is fastened with white embroidered buttons and loops. The matelasse skirt is slashed to the knees. The collar and sleeves are trimmed with stitch and muskrat and the costume is set off with a wide brown satin waistband terminating in a large bow at the back.

A high collar of white net is shown by a leading neckwear house. Its points are outlined with a silk fold, and the collar is finished by a jabot of shadow lace and net.

Crystals are much in vogue as trimmings for the Fall costumes. Other varieties of trimmings featured are gold, silver, green, mahogany, rhinestones and both dull and bright jet.

Dainty cluster chenille effects are fairly successful this season among the better class yellings. The prospects for colored veils is considered unusually good and in some of the more extreme effects twp or more colors or shades are often combined. Many attractive novelties in butterfly effects are also shown.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Children's Books Pay as Assessed as Copied Statue Comes In Free.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday held that children's paper books imported by Little, Brown & Co. were properly assessed by the Collector at Boston 6 cents a pound under Paragraph 412, Tariff act of 1909. The importers sought to pay 25 per cent. ad valorem, under Paragraph 416, as books not specially provided for.

The Olympic Club of San Francisco won free entry under the present tariff for a copy of ancient statuary by Canova, which had been taxed 15 per cent. under the provision for statuary. The claim for exemption was that it was a work of art imported for exhibition in the club's quarters and showed that it was a present to the club from L. M. Hoefler.

Gallagher & Ascher imported power-driven grinders for facing, grinding, and polishing knives. Duty was assessed at 45 per cent. ad valorem, under the present law, as manufactures of metal. The importers established them dutiable at 30 per cent. under Paragraph 197, as machine tools.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Filene's, W., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss Kaleski, ladies' neckwear; F. M. Spear, misses' suits; Miss Horan, aprons; 116 W. 32d.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. H. Sisman, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; S. J. Watts, housefurnishing goods; 334 4th Av.

Neal & Hyde, Syracuse, N. Y.; H. R. Hall, notions, fancy goods; 72 Leonard.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; E. J. Dawson, men's furnishing goods; A. M. Marks, hosiery

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New Issue

MUNICIPAL BONDS

DUE SEPT. 1, 1914

Assessed valuation, $20,000,000.

Population, 100,000.

Net debt, 3½%

To Yield **5%**

Description on request.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York Chicago
115 Broadway First Wis'l Bank Bldg.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices React After Firmness in Early Trading—Germany Gets Gold.

There was no reason for looking yesterday for gold imports or for an announcement regarding a Union Pacific distribution, but both seemed to have been expected by traders. At all events they professed disappointment that London yielded no gold, nor the Union Pacific treasury a special disbursement to the road's shareholders, for when it appeared that neither thing would happen yesterday prices which had been strong yielded, and before the day was over the general level of quotations had declined a substantial fraction. There were, however, other matters which were immediate market factors. Thus current discussion of the possible effect of the new tariff upon the earnings of steel companies reflected in a decline in United States Steel, although the management of that company has on more occasions than one indicated that it did not expect that it would be seriously affected by tariff reductions. One of the interesting phases of the trading was the sharp upturn in the Rock Island securities, which the previous day, when the general course of prices was upward, declined sharply, while yesterday they rose in the face of a reactionary market. The financial community had no more definite information than it previously had regarding the affairs of this company, but views which had been somewhat hastily formed underwent some modification in the light of yesterday's movements in the stocks and bonds of this system. Traders were inclined to suspect that they had given too ready ear to inferences which had been drawn from the recent movement in these securities.

The bulk of the large consignment of gold which reached London yesterday went where it was very natural for it to go at this season, namely, to Germany. In another week the special demand from that quarter will likely have come to an end if it has not already done so. The recent German gold takings should perhaps be considered in the light of the reserve-upbuilding policy which the Imperial Bank has been pursuing this year, but the more immediate occasion for the recent imports of gold by Germany has no doubt been the preparation for the end of September settlements. By next week they will be out of the way, and if previous experience is repeated German discount rates may be expected to ease considerably after the first of October. They were, in fact, slightly easier yesterday, which may, perhaps, be taken as an indication that preparations for the settlement have been practically completed. The tone in our own money market yesterday was again easier, the increasing Government deposits in the national banks in the interior having further effect in the way of reducing money demands at this centre.

While the money market continues in comfortable position partly as a result of the large deposits which the Treasury is making with banks, the market for Government bonds continues to decline. It had been thought that they would be upheld by purchases in connection with the special deposits which the Government announced last month, but they received relatively little support from that source. The 2 per cent. bonds at the close on the Stock Exchange yesterday were offered at 98⅝, with no better bid price than 98½. The latter is within a fraction of the lowest price at which these bonds sold on the Stock Exchange during the decline from which they recovered some weeks ago. This further decline emphasizes the problem presented in the provisions of the currency bill dealing with the gradual retirement of the existing national bank circulation. The Secretary of the Treasury has ample power to purchase bonds of the Government out of surplus Treasury funds and to cancel the bonds so purchased. In some quarters of the financial district the view is being expressed that that would be the most effective way which could be adopted to restore the market for these 2 per cent. bonds to something like its old status.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. The renewal rate was 3 per cent.

Time money rates were 4¼@4½ per cent. for sixty days, 4¼@4¾ per cent. for ninety days, 4¾@5 per cent. for four, five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5¾@6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House Exchanges, $320,972,850; balances, $14,352,831; Sub-Treasury debt balance, $3,603.

The local banks have lost $1,155,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London 3¾ per cent. for short bills and 3 15-16@4 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3¾ per cent. and Berlin, 5¾@6% per cent. Money was 4½@5 per cent. in Berlin and 2½ per cent. in London.

The Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 41 pfennigs. The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 25½c.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, High, $4.8615; Low, $4.8610; Last, $4.8610; demand, High, $4.8855; Low, $4.8870; Last, $4.8854.

Paris—Cable, 5.19⅝ less 1-64; check, 5.20 plus 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95¼; check, 95 1-16 plus 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.20; check, 5.20 less 3-32.

Holland—Cable, 40.13; check, 40.10.

Belgium—Cable, 5.22½ less 1-32; check, 5.25⅛.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8210; 90 days, $4.8020.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.81⅞; 90 days, $4.79⅞.

Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.23⅛ plus 1-32; 90 days, 5.23 less 1-16.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.23⅛ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.25 less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94 5-16; 90 days, 94.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 1-16; 90 days, 93 11-16 plus 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 10c premium; Atlanta, 50c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, 15¾c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ½d lower in London at 28 9-16d., and ¼c lower in New York at 61¼c.

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

Following is the combined reports of State banks and trust companies outside of Greater New York for the week ended Sept. 20, 1913, as compiled by the State Banking Department:

STATE BANKS.

		Increase.
Loans and discounts	$121,425,500	$441,100
Total deposits	127,752,400	1,325,200
Total reserve	24,072,400	188,900

Average reserve, 20.1 per cent.; reserve required, 15 per cent.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$175,720,700	$218,000
Total deposits	183,106,200	*276,200
Total reserve	23,547,800	*741,900

Average reserve, 13.9 per cent; reserve required, 10 per cent.

*Decrease.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada has sold $4,500,000 5 per cent. mortgage bonds, bringing the outstanding amount of the issue up to $11,380,000.

Gilbert Elliott & Co. have issued a circular dealing with stocks of the principal pipe line companies which used to be affiliated with the Standard Oil Company of New York.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market in Slow Retreat.

Partisans of the constructive side of stock market quotations found little comfort in yesterday's business, even though there were displays of firmness, now and then, which seemed to indicate underlying vigor, and the broad result of the session was an irregular lot of price changes containing some substantial advances. The trouble was that the improving tendency was not in evidence among the shares which were most prominent in shaping the recent rise. While gains extending from 1 to 8 points were being marked up for a number of specialties and sluggish issues of no influence on trading sentiment, such stocks as Reading, steel and the copper shares wobbled and after a while began to ease down from their best figures. This easing tendency gained greater impetus in the afternoon, overcoming bullish resistance by sheer force of their inertia, and yet without taking on sufficient momentum to induce much covering of long contracts. The Street was led to realize when the net results of the day were added to those of recent sessions that in spite of the powerful forward movements of particular issues the market had lost more ground than it had gained. The combined prices of fifty railroads and industrial stocks used in the table in these columns show that in the past eight business days, recessions occurred on six and gains on two. When prices declined they did not go far on several occasions, changes being as small as .02 and .05, but when they advanced they failed to recover as much as they lost. On Sept. 17, the day's decline was .54, being followed next day by a recovery of .23. Then on Sept. 22 there was a turn upward to the extent of .21, to be followed yesterday by a recession of .35.

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Operating Costs of B. & O. Rise.

In spite of much economy in upkeep expenses the Baltimore & Ohio was not able to save more than $181,000 for the net income account in August from a gross gain in excess of $550,000. The company spent $11,600 less than in August, 1912, for maintenance of way and structures and $60,000 less for maintenance of equipment, but an increase of $393,000, or nearly 15 per cent. in total operating costs marred what would otherwise have been an exceptional showing for the road.

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The Orient's Traffic Gains.

The disposition of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway is becoming a matter of speculation in the financial district. Reports from that portion of Texas in which the road has been building an extension under the receivership bring optimistic forecasts of future earnings, backed by statements that traffic had already developed on an unexpectedly large scale. The Orient made a connection with the Southern Pacific not long ago, and is said to be delivering to the Harriman road an encouraging amount of freight picked up along the new line, which runs through farm land recently opened up to settlers in Western Texas. The Southern Pacific and the Atchison have been mentioned as probable bidders for the Orient if the property should come into the market, but talk of this kind was settled yesterday so far as the Atchison was concerned. President Ripley said that his company had no intention of taking over the Orient even if the opportunity were offered.

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Subjects to Ponder Over.

All in all, Wall Street has plenty of possible developments in the railway and industrial field to ponder over as to their effect on security prices. The relation of the Reading Railroad to the Reading Company's coal properties as viewed from Washington is arousing keen interest, not to say excitement, in some quarters of the speculative community, while conjectures as to what the Union Pacific Directors intend to do with the funds received from the Southern Pacific stock sale are being offered in commission houses every hour of the business day. Talk of a melon-cutting and an increased dividend for People's Gas stock occupies numerous traders in their idle moments, and now the question of whether the Pennsylvania Railroad is intending to sell its $22,500,000 stock of the Cambria Steel Company has become a lively item of conversation. It is difficult to see how a sale by the Pennsylvania of its holdings in this concern could affect the general stock market, but the argument is advanced in the Street that if certain midwestern steel interests which are reported as dickering with the Pennsylvania are the buyers there will probably be another merger of steel companies, with the Cambria Company as the central organization. The entrance of a new combination into the steel-making field, the Street thinks, may mean much to the securities of the companies listed on the Exchange.

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Steel Orders Reported Less.

It is reported in the steel trade that the flow of incoming orders thus far into September has not been up to expectations held before the last unfilled tonnage report was issued. In the last week of August it was estimated by competent observers of steel market conditions that new business was appearing for the Steel Corporation at the rate of about 33,000 tons a day, and independent companies were believed to be doing as well. The September tonnage figures were then expected to show little, if any, loss recorded for the month. The rate at which new orders have come in since Sept. 1 is now reported at no more than 30,000 tons daily, and a recession in advance business of approximately 175,000 tons is forecast in some quarters.

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Another Income Tax Bill.

The imposition of an income tax is not being discussed in this country alone just now. In New Zealand the Government is fostering a bill providing for the graduated tax, much on the order of the proposal before the tariff conferees at Washington. The New Zealand bill calls for a tax of 62-3 per cent. on personal incomes running higher than $12,000 a year. Our own Senate amendment to the Underwood set the tax at 5 per cent. on incomes between $250,000 and $500,000, it is understood, with 6 per cent. additional on amounts above $500,000 per annum.

CUTS REPORTED SURPLUS.

Examiners Correct Figures of Fidelity and Guaranty of Baltimore.

Examination of the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company of Baltimore by the New York and Maryland insurance departments jointly has resulted in a reduction of its surplus as of Dec. 31, 1912 by $643,072 from the amount published in its annual report. This was caused principally by increases by the examiners of the reserve for losses and claims by $572,841, the required liability claim reserve by $71,274 and by disallowance, $85,180 of premiums in course of collection.

The report shows that total premiums for 1912 were $5,444,759 and total income $5,886,052. The disbursements included $1,778,635 for losses, $1,125,488 for commissions and $658,470 for salaries and expenses of agents not paid

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Tobacco and Oil Stocks Practically Monopolize Trading—Price Movements Irregular.

The oil and tobacco stocks practically monopolized the trading in the outside security market yesterday. Anglo-American Oil moved up and Standard Oil of New Jersey retained at the close half of an earlier gain of two points.

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Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,700	Ang.-Am. Oil	20½	21½	20½	21¼
10,000	B.-Am. Tob.	26⅞	27¾	26⅞	26⅞
7,500	B.-Am. T. new	27¾	28	27¾	27¾
110	Con. R. Tire	34⅞	34⅞	34½	34½
50	Emerson-B	25	25	25	25
1,000	Mar. of Am.	5	5⅝	5	5⅛
2,000	*Maya Oil	22	28	22	22
550	Puebla S. & R.	2 11-16	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
20	S. Oil of N. J.	369	369	369	369
800	Tob. Prod. pf.	95⅝	96¾	94½	94½
1,000	Un. Cigar S. Co. of Am.	97¼	97⅞	96⅝	96⅝
600	U. S. Lt. & H	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7½
25	U. S. Lt. & H. pf	50	50	50	50
200	Willys Overl'd	68	68	68	68
100	Willys O. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½

MINING STOCKS.

500	Arizona Bel.	24	24	24	24
2,300	*Big Four	27	27	25	25
1,400	Braden Cop.	7⅞	8	7⅞	7⅞
400	B. Col. Cop.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
400	Buffalo Mines	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
4,700	Can. Gold S.	18	19	18	19
300	Con. Ariz. S.	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,000	*Dia. Black B	3	3	3	3
300	El Paso Con.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
100	First National	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
400	Goldfield Con.	2	2 1-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
2,000	Kerr Lake	3⅞	4 1-16	3⅞	4 1-16
400	McKinley-D	1⅝	1½	1 9-16	1 9-16
500	*Nev. Hill	90	91	90	91
1,000	Stewart	1⅝	1⅝	1 9-16	1 9-16
500	Tonopah Ext.	2	2	2	2
1,000	*Ton. Merger	68	68	68	68
100	Ton. Mining	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
800	Tri-Bullion	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
200	Tuloroso	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
500	Tuol. Copper	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
4,000	*Wett. S. M.	17	17	15	16

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

2,200	West E. Ext.	6	6	6	6

BOND.

$11,000	Con. R. T. 4s 66	66¾	66	66¾

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

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INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were

	Sept. 23. Bid.	Asked.	Sept. 22. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper	1	1½	1	1½
Bay State Gas	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Borden's Con. Milk	116½	117¼	116½	117¼
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	106	107	106	107
Cluett-Peabody	58	62	58	62
Cluett-Peabody pf.	97	102	97	102
Con. Rubber T. pf.	93	98	93	98
Emerson-Brant. pf.	79	85	79	85
Havana Tobacco	2¾	4	2¾	4
Havana Tobacco pf.	5	10	5	10
Houston Oil	16	18	16	18
Houston Oil pf.	56	60	50	60
Int. Rubber Tr. ctfs.	8	9	8	9
Lehigh Val. C. & Co.	205	215	205	215
Man. Transit	1 7-16	1 9-16	1 7-16	1 9-16
Maxwell Motors com.	2	8½	2	8½
Maxwell Mot. 1st pf.	29	31	29	31
Maxwell Mot. 2d pf.	5	9	5	5
National Sugar	90	93	90	93
N. Y. Transportation	3	5	3	5
Oil Fields of Mexico	¾	1¼	¾	1¼
Otis Elevator	76	79	76	79
Otis Elevator pf.	95	97	95	97
R. J. Reynolds	240	280	240	260
Tobacco Products	105	125	105	125
U. C. S. Co. of A. pf.	111	116	111	116

MINING STOCKS.

Beaver Consolidated	33	35	33	35
Butte-New York	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
C. O. D. Consol	3½	4	3	5
Davis-Daly Copper	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
Diamond Field Daisy	2½	2¾	2½	2½
Florence	23	25	23	25
Giroux Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Goldfield Midway	3	5	3	5
Greene-Cananea	8½	9	8½	9
Greene-Cananea, new	33	34	33½	34½
Greenwater	4	5	4	5
Halifax Tonopah	1 9-16	1 11-16	1 9-16	1⅝
La Rose Con.	2¾	2 5-16	2¾	2¾
Mason Valley	5½	6	5½	6
Mines of America	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
Nipissing Mines Co.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
North Butte Dev.	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Ohio Copper	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
Pacific Smelters	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
South Utah M. & S.	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Union Mines	6	8	6	8
United Copper	¾	¾	¾	¾
United Copper pf.	5	6	5	5
West End Consol.	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1 11-16
Yukon Gold M.	2 1-16	2 3-16	2 1-16	2 3-16

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

New Jersey Mines Co.	16	17	16	17

BONDS.

Braden Copper 6s	150	160	150	160
Braden Cop., new 7s	150	160	150	160
B. R. T. 5% notes	96¼	96¾	96¼	96⅝
Chicago Elev. 5s	96¼	97	95½	97
Havana Tob. 5s	50	60	50	60
Mason Valley 5s	60	85	60	85
N. Y. City 4½s, 1960	90⅜	90⅝	90⅜	90⅝
N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	90⅜	90⅝	90⅜	90⅝
Western Pacific 5s	79	80	79	80

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am Oil	21¼	22¼	20	21
Atlantic Refining	695	700	695	700
Borne-Scrymser	285	295	285	305
Buckeye Pipe Line	172	175	171	174
Chesebrough Mfg.	665	680	670	680
Colonial Oil	130	140	130	140
Continental Oil	187	192	180	191
Crescent Pipe Line	62	64	62	64
Cumberland Pipe Li.	73	76	73	76
Eureka Pipe Line	365	675	365	375
Galena-Signal Oil	176	180	176	179
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines	135	138	135	138
National Transit	46	48	46	48
New York Transit	330	355	330	355
Northern Pipe Line	113	118	114	118
Ohio Oil	133	134	132½	134
Prairie Oil & Gas	380	385	382	385
Solar Refining	210	220	214	220
Southern Pipe Line	240	248	243	247
South Penn. Oil	217	221	214	217
S. W. Penn. Pipe Li.	155	160	156	161
Standard Oil (Cal.)	191	193	190	192
Standard Oil (Ind.)	381	385	370	382
Standard Oil (Kan.)	390	400	390	400
*Standard Oil (Ky.)	475	490	475	490
Standard Oil (Neb.)	298	305	298	305
Standard Oil (N. J.)	368	370	368¼	370
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	152	154	155	157
Standard Oil (Ohio)	298	302	290	295
Swan & Finch	315	325	270	289
Union Tank Line	81	83	81	83
Vacuum Oil	173	176	172	178
Washington Oil	33	35	33	35
Waters-Pierce Oil	2,200	..	2,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Sept. 23. Bid.	Asked.	Sept. 22. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	144	147	144	147
American Cigar pf.	84½	86½	84½	86¼
British-American	26¾	27½	26¾	27
British-Am., new	27¾	27⅞	27½	27⅝
Conley Foil	280	295	280	295
Dominion Tob. & M.	160	180	160	180
J. S. Young	140	165	140	165
MacAndrews & F.	192	200	192	200
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	230	220	230
P. R.-Am. Cig.	135	145	135	145
R. J. Reynolds	245	255	247	257
Tobacco Products	100	125	100	125
Tobacco Products pf.	94½	95	94½	95¾
United Cigar Stores	90½	96¾	97½	97¾
United Cig. Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	865	880
American Light & Traction pf.	105	107
Adirondack Electric Power	14	17
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	47	50
American Gas & Electric	76	78
American Gas & Electric pf.	45	47
American Power & Light	65	68
American Power & Light pf.	76	78
American Public Utilities	46½	48
American Public Utilities pf.	73	75
Appalachian Power Co.	8	10
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	44	45
Cities Service	84	87
Cities Service pf.	74	77
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	57½	59½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	78	80
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	91	96
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	65	70
Electric Bond & Share Co. pf.	97½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	80	85
Empire District Electric 5s pf.	70	80
Federal Light & Traction	25	27
Federal Light & Traction pf.	74	77
Federal Utilities Co., Inc.	31	32
Federal Utilities Co., Ins., pf.	72	72
Gas & Electric Securities	95	100
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	85	90
Lincoln Gas & Electric	28	30
Montana Power Co.	39½	40¼
Montana Power Co. pf.	94	96
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	58	62
Northern States Power	18	19
Northern States Power pf.	75	76
Ozark Power & Water Co.	40	50
Pacific Gas & Electric	38	40
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	85	87
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	20	22
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	75	76
Southern California Edison	83	85
Southern California Edison pf.	92	95
Standard Gas & Electric	8	9
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	30¼	31
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	16	19
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	69	72
United Light & Rys.	74	76
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	74	75
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	67½	70
United Utilities Co.	28	30
United Utilities Co. pf.	97½	102½
Utah Securities	19	21
Utilities Improvement	45	48
Utilities Improvement pf.	69½	71½
Western Power	18	19

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
28	Balt. Elec. Co. pf.	48½	48½	48½
12	Bank of Baltimore	180½	180½	180½
18	Con. Coal Co.	97½	97½	97½
100	Con. Power	111	111	111
5	Fidelity & Deposit	155	155	155
28	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	57¼	57	57½
20	Maryland Casualty	94	94	94
7	Penn. W. & P.	69	69	69
5	S. A. Line	49½	49½	49½
410	United Ry. & Elec.	26½	26⅜	26⅞
10	U. S. Fidelity	185	185	185

BONDS.

$4,000	Ala. Coal & I. 5s	75	75	75
5,000	A. C. Line cv. 4s	93¾	93	93⅝
2,000	Balt. E. 5s stpd	98¼	98¼	98⅜
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	100	100	100
2,000	Con. Gas 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	Con. Power 4½s	87¾	87¾	87¾
2,000	Norfolk & A. T. 5s	92¾	92¾	92¾
800	U. Ry. & E. ldg. 5s	88¼	88¼	88¼
6,500	U. Ry. & E. notes	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
2,000	U. Ry. & E. inc. 4s	63¾	63¾	63¾

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Adventure	⅜	⅜	⅜
80	Allouez	37	37	37
7,978	Alaska Gold	21¼	20¾	21
1,666	Amalgamated	78¾	77	77⅛
90	American Zinc	21	21	21
1,470	Arizona Com.	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝
200	Boston & Corbin	85c	85c	85c
8,505	Butte & Bal.	4¼	2⅜	4
872	Butte & Superior	37¾	36¾	36⅝
200	Cal. & Arizona	69	68¼	68¼
8	Cal. & Hecla	445	445	445
25	Centennial	14½	14½	14½
80	Chino	43	42	43
20	Copper Range	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
300	East Butte	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
1,080	Granby	75⅞	74½	74½
85	Greene-Cananea	34	33½	33½
25	Island Creek	53	53	53
170	Kerr Lake	3 15-16	3 13-16	3 15-16
197	Lake	9	8¼	8⅞
50	Mass. Con.	2	2	2
50	Miami	23¼	23¼	23¼
10	Mohawk	49¾	48¾	48¾
115	Nevada Con.	17	16⅞	17
70	Nipissing	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞
320	North Butte	29¼	28½	28½
330	Old Colony Mines	5	5	5
215	Old Dominion	53	52⅝	52⅝
670	Pond Creek	22¼	22	22
10	Quincy	63	63	63
80	Ray Consol.	20¼	20	20
160	Santa Fe	2⅞	2	2¼
110	Shannon	7¾	7⅛	7⅛
772	Shattuck	31	30	30
10	St. Mary's Land	84½	84½	84½
150	Superior & Boston	3⅛	3	3
140	Superior	27	26¾	26¾
70	Tamarack	38	32	33
50	Trinity	4¾	4¾	4¾
400	Tuolumne	59c	59c	59c
578	U. S. Smelters	42	41¼	41⅝
101	U. S. Smelters pf.	49	48½	49
25	Utah Apex	2½	2½	2½
10	Utah Con.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
150	Utah Copper	54½	53¾	53¾
100	Victoria	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
10	Wolverine	45	45	45

RAILROADS.

6	Boston & Albany	199½	199½	199½
54	Boston Elevated	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛
68	Boston & Maine	63½	63	63¾
4	Boston & Providence	290	290	290
63	Fitchburg pf.	98¼	98¼	98¼
10	Mass. Electric	14	14	14
149	Mass. Electric pf.	63½	63	63
162	N. Y., N. H. & H.	87¾	87½	87½
1,447	N. Y., N. H. & H. rights	2¼	2 1-16	2¼
62	Old Colony R. R.	165	164	165
100	Rutland pf.	28½	28½	28½
30	Union Pacific	160¾	160¾	160¾
48	West End St. R. R.	70	70	70
3	West End St. R. R. pf.	89	89	89

TELEPHONES.

475	American	131⅛	131⅛	131¼
25	New England	145¼	145¼	145¼

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝
10	Am. Pneu. Service	2½	2½	2½
40	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	18	17½	18
10	American Sugar	112	112	112⅜
11	American Sugar pf.	115	115	115
47	Am. Wool pf.	83¾	83½	83⅞
55	A. G. & W. I.	9½	9½	9½
10	General Electric	147¼	147	147¼
221	Mass. Gas	93½	92¾	92¾
56	Mass. Gas pf.	93	92½	92½
21	Swift & Co.	105½	105½	105½
21	Torrington	27	26½	26½
1107	United Fruit	174½	170	178
280	Un. Shoe Machine	51½

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1913.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Sept. 23, 1913	294,762
Same day last year	632,095
Total year to date	63,140,180
Same period last year	92,317,779
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	71.75 —.35
Same day last year	85.09 +.17

	High.		Low.	
Range year to date	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Same period last year	85.21	Sep. 24	75.24	Feb. 1

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
Sept. 23, 1913	3	2¾	3	$4.8585	$4.8570	$4.8575
Same day last year	5	4½	4¾	4.8565	4.8555	4.8560
Range year to date	7	1	...	4.8790	4.8540	.....
Same period last y'r	5½	1¾	...	4.8785	4.8535	.....

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
20⅞	21⅛	2,800	Alaska Gold Mines	20⅞	21¼	20⅞	21	+ ⅛
17	19	500	A.C.pf.tr.rcts.5th pd	18	19½	18	19	— 2
77⅛	77¼	12,800	Amalgamated Cop	78	78⅝	77	77¼	— ⅞
93	94	10	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	94	94	94	94	...
27¼	28	600	Am. Beet Sugar	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	— ½
133⅞	134¾	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf	133⅞	133⅞	133⅞	133⅞	+ ⅞
34⅝	34¾	5,900	Am. Can	34⅝	35¼	34⅝	34¾	— ⅛
95	95⅞	500	Am. Can pf	96⅜	96⅝	95½	95½	— 1½
46⅝	47	100	Am. Car & Fdry	47	47	47	47	— ¼
36⅛	37½	200	Am. Cities	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
65	66	200	Am. Cities pf	65	65	65	65	...
42	42¼	800	Am. Cotton Oil	42⅜	42⅜	42¼	42¼	—1
94	96	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	95	95	95	95	+ ½
23¼	24	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	23	23½	22⅞	23	...
53½	54⅜	200	Am. Locomotive	54	54	54	54	— ⅝
67½	68	900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	68¼	68½	67½	67½	— ½
101	101¼	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	+ ⅝
163	165	200	Am. Snuff	166	166	165	165	—3
131½	131⅝	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	131½	131¼	131¼	131¼	— ⅛
37⅝	38⅛	500	Anaconda Cop. Co	38¼	38¼	38	38	— ⅜
75	80	400	Assets Realization	77	77	75	75	—3
95⅜	95¾	1,325	Atch., Top. & S. F	95¼	95½	95¼	95⅜	— ¼
121	122	300	Atlantic Coast Line	122¼	122¼	121¼	121¼	—1
95	95¼	2,600	Baltimore & Ohio	96	96	95	95	—1
...	...	153	Bank of Commerce	181	191	181	190	...
35¼	36	200	Bethlehem Steel	36	36	36	36	— ½
72½	73	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	+ ⅝
89½	89⅝	1,900	Brook. Rapid Tran	89⅝	90	89⅝	89⅝	— ⅛
18½	19	2,300	California Petrol'm	18½	19	17½	18¾	— ½
55	57⅝	900	California Pet. pf	55	55¾	55	55	—3
233½	233⅝	7,350	Canadian Pacific	234½	234⅞	232⅝	233⅜	+ ⅛
228⅝	229½	100	C. P. sub.cfs. 4th pd	229½	229½	229½	229½	+1½
93¾	94¼	100	Cent. Leather Co.pf	94	94	94	94	— ¼
58⅞	59¼	900	Chesapeake & Ohio	59¼	59¼	59	59	— ⅛
107¼	109½	1,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	108	108¼	107¼	107¼	—1
132⅛	133¼	500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	134	134	133	133	—1
129	129⅝	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	130	130¼	130	130¼	— ⅝
42¼	42⅝	2,200	Chino Copper	43	43⅛	42¼	42¼	—1
133¼	133¾	400	Consolidated Gas	133¾	133¾	133¼	133¼	...
11	11¼	200	Corn Products Ref	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
160¼	162	216	Del. & Hudson	160¾	160¾	160¼	160¼	—1
409	419	100	Del. Lack. & West	410	410	410	410	—9½
35	35½	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	35	35⅛	35	35¼	— ⅝
72	77	50	Detroit United Ry	73½	73½	73½	73½	...
14⅜	14⅞	400	Distillers' Secur	15	15	15	15	— ⅛
29⅜	29⅞	600	Erie	29¾	29¾	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
47	47½	300	Erie 1st pf	47	47	47	47	— ⅛
146¼	148	200	General Electric	147	147	146¼	146½	—1
37	37½	400	General Motors	37	37	37	37	+1
77	81	100	General Motors pf	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	+ ⅞
28	28¾	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	28¾	28¾	28¾	28½	...
90	90¾	100	Goodrich pf	90	90	90	90	—1½
127¼	128	700	Great Northern pf	128¼	128¾	127¼	128	—1
38½	39	800	G. N. certs.ore prop	39½	39½	39	39	— ½
46⅝	47¼	300	Guggenheim Explor	47	47	46¾	46¾	— ½
15½	16¼	600	Inspiration Copper	16½	16½	16	16	— ½
15⅜	15⅞	1,300	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cfs	16	16¼	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
60⅞	61	4,300	Inter.-Met. pf	62¼	62¼	60⅝	60⅝	— ⅞
108	109¼	1	Int. Harvester, N.J.	109½	109½	109¼	109¼	...
107¼	109½	1	Int. Harvester Corp.	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	...
25½	26	2,100	Kansas City South	26	26	25	25	—1½
158¼	158⅞	1,500	Lehigh Valley	159⅜	159⅝	158½	158⅝	— ⅜
80	81	100	Mackay Cos.	80½	80½	80½	80¾	—2½
130	132	100	Manhattan Elev	131⅞	131⅞	131⅞	131⅞	— ⅛
67	70	200	May Dept. Stores	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	— ⅝
68¼	68½	100	Mexican Petroleum	68	68	68	68	— ¾
23	23¼	1,080	Miami Copper	23⅜	23⅜	23	23¼	— ⅛
21	22	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	22	22	21⅜	21⅜	— ¼
28½	29	1,500	Mo. Pacific	29	29⅛	28⅜	28⅝	— ¼
117	121	10	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	121	121	121	121	...
13¼	14¼	200	Nat. En. & St. Co	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ¾
16⅞	17	900	Nev. Consol. Cop	17	17	17	17	...
95⅝	96	3,900	N. Y. Central	95⅜	96¼	95⅛	95⅞	— ⅛
87¼	87⅝	900	N. Y., N. H. & H	87⅝	87⅞	87⅝	87⅝	— ⅛
105⅞	106	400	Norf. & Western	106¼	106¼	105⅞	105⅞	— ¼
113¾	114	1,100	Northern Pacific	114	114	113⅝	113⅝	...
112⅞	113	1,100	Pennsylvania R.	113	113½	112⅝	112⅞	— ¼
129	129½	5,650	People's Gas, Chi	129¼	129⅝	128¾	129	+ ⅛
20¼	20⅝	200	Pittsburgh Coal	20½	20½	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
87	88½	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf	89	89	88⅝	88¾	+1
26½	27	300	Pressed Steel Car	27¼	27¼	27	27	...
99	100	100	Pressed St. Car pf	100	100	100	100	+3
153	154	100	Pullman Co.	153½	153½	153½	153½	— ¾
28½	29⅛	200	Ry. Steel Spring	29⅛	29⅜	28¾	29⅛	— ⅛
93	97	10	Ry. Steel Spring pf	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	— ⅞
19½	20	1,525	Ray Con. Copper	20	20	19½	19½	— ⅞
169¼	169⅝	68,200	Reading	170⅜	171	168¾	169¼	— ¾
86	88	200	Reading 1st pf	86¾	87	86¾	87	+2
90½	92½	1,200	Reading 2d pf..x. d.	92½	92½	92½	92¼	— ¾
23	24	900	Republic I. & S	24	24	24	24	— ⅝
15⅛	15½	3,700	Rock Island Co.	14⅝	15¼	14¼	15¼	+1⅝
23	23⅛	2,800	Rock Island Co. pf	22¼	23¼	22¼	23⅛	+1⅝
20	20½	300	Rumely, (M.,) Co	21½	21½	20	20	—3
18¼	19¼	200	Seab. Air Line	18	18¾	18	18⅝	— ⅞
49	49½	500	Seab. Air Line pf	49¼	49⅝	49¼	49⅝	+ ⅜
189	190	200	Sears, Roebuck & Co	190	190	190	190	— ¼
34	35	200	Sl.-Sh. S. & I. Co	35	35	35	35	...
92⅜	92⅞	10,000	Southern Pacific	93	93¼	92⅜	92⅞	— ⅛
97	97½	1,400	So. Pacific tr. r	97⅝	97½	97	97	— ⅝
24⅜	24½	400	So. Railway ext	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
80	80⅜	100	So. Railway pf. ext	80	80	80	80	...
22	24	100	Studebaker Co.	22	22	22	22	—1½
79	82	100	Studebaker Co. pf	80	80	80	80	—3
32⅜	33¼	500	Tennessee Copper	33¼	33¼	32¾	32¾	— ½
92	100	100	Tex. Pac. Land Tr	95	95	95	95	+2
42⅜	42¾	10,125	Third Avenue	42⅜	43⅜	42⅜	42½	+ ½
11	12	100	Tol., St. L. & W	11½	11½	11½	11½	— ½
107	108	100	Twin City, R. T	108	108	108	108	+1⅝
107	110	50	Underw. Typew. pf	107	107	107	107	...
160½	160¾	41,100	Union Pacific	160⅝	160⅞	159⅝	160¼	— ⅛
86	86½	465	Union Pacific pf	86½	86¾	86	86	— ⅞
99	100	90	Un. Dry Goods pf	99½	99½	99½	99½	—1
25	30	250	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	28⅜	28⅝	28	28	—1
64	65	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	65	65	65	65	...
64¼	64½	7,650	U. S. Rubber	63⅝	65¼	63⅝	64¼	+ ⅝
107½	108	300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	107⅝	107⅝	107½	107½	— ⅛
64	64¼	50,800	U. S. Steel	65	65¼	63⅞	64	— ⅞
100	100½	446	U. S. Steel pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
53⅝	55⅝	5,000	Utah Copper	54⅝	54⅝	53½	53⅝	— 1⅝
31	32	400	Va.-Car. Chem.	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	...
99	102	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	101	101	101	101	...
4⅛	4⅜	100	Wabash	4½	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
12	12½	500	Wabash pf	12	12	11⅝	12	+ ¼
86	90	115	Wells-Fargo Exp	87	87	87	87	—3
41½	42	500	West. Maryland	41	41	41	41	— ½
67¾	72	200	West. Union Tel	69	69	69	69	— ⅝
100	102	100	Westingh. E. & M	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	— ⅝
114	119	100	Westingh. 1st pf	115	115	115	115	...
96¾	97	700	Woolw. (F. W.,) Co	97	97	96¾	96⅝	+ ⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99¼	99⅜
2s, c, 1930	99¼	99⅜
3s, r, 1918	102¼	103
3s, c, 1918	102¼	103
4s, r, 1925	109½	110½
4s, c, 1925	109½	110⅜
Pan 2s, r, 1936	....	99½
Pan 2s, r, 1938	....	99½
Pan 3s, r, 1961	....	99½
2Pan 3s, r, 1961	....	99¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	125	135
Allis-C, 5th pad	...	8
Am Agr C	40½	47½
A B S pf	68½	80
A B S & F	90	92½
A C & F pf	114½	120½
Am Coal	75	100
Am C Pr	84	86
Do pf	100	105
Am Exp	115	121
A H & L	4½	4½
Do pf	22	24
Am Lin	9¼	9¾
Do pf	25	28½
Am Pub	102	105
Am Malt	7	8
Do pf	46½	47½
A S pf, B	82	84
Am Sn. pf	100	102
Am St Fds	29½	31
Am S Ref	111	113
Do pf	113½	116½
A T & G	57¼	60
Am Tob	237	238
Do pf. n	100	101
A W W pf	38	50
Am Wool	22½	25
Do pf	82	85
A W P pf	10⅜	18
Ann Arbor	10	25
Do pf	35	70
A, T & S	98	98¾
Do pf	44¼	45½
Bald Loc	104	106
B & O pf	80	82
Batop M	1¼	1¼
B Un Gas	128	129
Bruns Ter	7¾	8
B, R & P	103¼	113½
Do pf	115	145
But'k Co	26¾	27¾
Canada So	55	64
Case (J I) pf	93¼	106
C C & C	85	87
Cent Leath	22¾	23½
C R I & P pf	30	80
C & N W pf	170	185
Chi, St P, M & Om	120	125
Do pf	135	140
C, C, C & St L	36	46
Do pf	60	75
Col F & I	32½	33¼
Do pf	100	106
Col & So	27¼	28
Do 1st pf	62	66
Do 2d pf	55	70
Corn P R pf	67½	70
Crex Carp	65	82
Cub-Am S pf	54	84
D & Co pf	20½	30½
D & R G	20	21
D M & Ft D	1½	5
Det & M	85	...
D, S S & A	5½	6½
Do pf	12¾	14
Du P de N	...	...
Pow pf	86	...
Erie 2d pf	36	38
F M & S	11	14
Do pf	103½	106
Gen Ch	178	183
Do pf	103	106
G & S T	112	...
Granby C	74½	76½
H P R, L & P	82½	85½
Do pf	93	96
Helme (G W) Co	150	180
Do pf	100	115
Hock Val	120	150
Homest'ke	105	109
Ill Cent	110½	111⅜
Inger-R	120	...
Do pf	95	...
Int Agric	4	9
Do pf	23	...
Int H new pf	112⅝	116
Int H Cor	113	116
Int Paper	9	10
Do pf	36	37½
Int St P	7	9
Do pf	23½	30
Iowa Cent	7	10
Do pf	15	25
K C, Ft S & M pf	55	65
K C So pf	68	80
Kayser (J) & Co	78½	85
Do 1st pf	106½	108½
K & D M	6½	9½
Do pf	45	...
Kresge (SS) Co	80	88
Do pf	100½	102
Lack Steel	34½	40
Lacl Gas	100	102
L E & W	7½	10
Do pf	20	25
Lgg & M	216	220
Do pf	106	115
Long Isl'd	32	37
L-W Bla	35	36½
Do 1st pf	95½	100
Do 2d pf	88½	...
Lorill Co	161	166½
Do pf	110½	111¾
Louis & N	135½	137
M'kay Cos pf	66½	69½
M D S pf	98	100
Mer Mar	3½	5
Do pf	16	17½
Mex P pf	89	90
Mich Cent	99	100
M & St L	15	16
Do pf	37	43
M, St P & S S M	136	138
Do pf	137	150
M, K & T pf	54	57

	Bid.	Asked.
N, C & St L	135	145
Nat Bis	126½	129½
Nat En pf	82	86
Nat Lead	47¾	49
Do pf	104	108
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	36	45
Do 2d pf	12¾	15¾
N Cent C	40	60
N O, M & C pf	...	25
N Y A E	60	70
N Y, C & St L	56½	59½
Do 1st pf	90	98
Do 2d pf	70	88
N Y Dock	10	20
Do pf	25	40
N Y, O & W	29⅜	30
Norf So	40½	45
N & W pf	83½	86½
North Am	73	76
N Y Q T & L pf	62½	64
N W Tel	120	125
Ont Min	2½	3
Pabst B pf	100	110
Pac Coast	80	87
Do 1st pf	75	95
Do 2d pf	78	100
Pac Mail	22	22½
P T & T	28½	30
Do pf	92	96
Peo & E	9	14
Pett-Mull	25	30
Do 1st pf	90	97½
Phelps-D	188	...
Phila Co	87	90
P, C, C & St L	90	92½
Do pf	100	120
Pitts S pf	93½	96½
Pub S Cor	112	117
Quicksilver pf	2¾	2¾
Do pf	8¾	9½
R R Sec	1	3
C stk c	...	78
Rep I & S pf	88½	88¾
Rumely(M) Co pf	53	54
St L & S F	5¼	6

	Bid.	Asked.
Do 1st pf	15	25
Do 2d pf	9¼	10
St L & S W	5	8
St L S W pf	24	25
Sears-R pf	117⅞	...
S-S S & I pf	89	91½
So P R S	95	96
So Pac pf	...	106
So Pac 1st paid	96¾	97¾
So R, M & O	65½	77
Stand M	62⅜	64
Do pf	64	67
Texas Co	117½	117¾
Tex Pac	15	16
T, St L & W pf	20	23½
T C R T pf	128	145
Und Types	90	96
U B & P	4⅞	5
Do pf	23½	25
Un Cig M	46¾	47
Un Dry G	88	99
U Rys In	20	22½
Do pf	40	45
U S C I P	10	12½
Do pf	40	49½
U S Exp	43	48
U S Ind A pf	87	92
Vand R R	...	85½
Va L C & Coke	46	49½
Va R & P	52	56
Vul Detin	11¼	17
Wis Cent	49	56
W Md pf	67	70
Wstern A	10	...
Weym-B	225	280
Do pf	110	120
W & L E	4	5
Do 1st pf	15	22
Do 2d pf	11	15
Wis Cent	49	50
W'w'th (F W) pf	110¼	113½

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Trading at the Metal Exchange yesterday was again quiet. Copper ruled a shade higher for all deliveries up to November. Tin was quiet and about unchanged.

The close bid and asked prices follow:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard cop.— Spot	15.75	16.00	15.50	16.25
September	15.75	16.00	15.50	16.25
October	15.75	16.00	15.50	16.25
November	15.75	16.00	15.50	16.25
Lead	4.65	4.85	4.65	4.85
Spelter	5.75	5.85	5.75	5.85
Zinc	5.75	5.85	5.75	5.85
Tin	41.55	41.85	41.50	41.87½

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin compared with Monday, follow:

	Tuesday. £ s. d.	£ s. d.	Monday. £ s. d.	£ s. d.
Copper, spot	74 2 6		72 15 0	
Copper, futures	73 17 6		72 12 6	
Pig tin, spot	190 12 6		190 13 0	
Pig tin, futures	191 7 6		191 0 0	

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead, £20 10s., unchanged. Spelter, £20 12s. 6d., down 2s. 6d. Cleveland warrants, 56s., down 1½d.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

The grain markets showed considerable weakness yesterday, the most extensive decline being a fall of 1½c a bushel for September wheat at Chicago. Corn advanced later in the session, but retreated later and closed with a net decline of ½c. Oats kept pace with corn. Cotton moved irregularly, but was able to close on a rally which brought prices forward 16 to 21 points. Provisions and cotton oil were inclined to weakness.

WHEAT.

With the exception of a little upturn during the early forenoon, the wheat market was weak and heavy yesterday, and at the close showed ⅞ to 1⅛c net decline, the greatest loss being in September at Chicago. One of the chief selling motives of the day was the increase of 12,986,000 bushels in world's stocks, as reported by Bradstreet's, of which 10,186,000 bushels was in the United States and Canada. A year ago the total increase was 6,768,000 bushels. In three days the stocks at Minneapolis have increased 500,000 bushels, while at Duluth they have increased 587,000 bushels in two days.

The cable news of the day was a little bearish, as it included declines of ¼d at Liverpool, ⅝c at Budapest, and ⅝ to 1⅛c at Antwerp. The Australian crop prospects, it is said, have been raised 10 per cent., owing to recent rains, while the weekly review as to European crop prospects was generally favorable. The weather all through the West was unsettled, with a promise of rain.

In the local cash market, No. 2 red was quoted at 95c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, and 96¼c, free on board afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 94⅝c, free on board afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	95	94⅜	94⅝	95	$1.01⅞
December	96¾	95 9-16	65⅝	96¾	99⅝
May	98⅛	98⅜	98⅝	$1.00¼	1.03⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	87	85¼	85⅝	87⅛	90¼
December	89¼	87¼	87⅛	88⅝	91½
May	93⅝	92¼	92½	93¼	96⅛

CORN.

The early corn market was a little steadier, owing to predictions for unsettled weather over the West and a reduced movement, but with the subsequent decline in wheat there came a sympathetic selling pressure, which caused prices to sell off nearly a cent from the top, and left them finally ⅛c under the previous night. The cables were ¼d to ⅝c net lower. As a result of Monday night's frost, a number of damage reports were received from Iowa and other parts of the belt, but with the predictions for rain came a promise of warmer weather over the West. At Chicago cash markets were easier in the afternoon, with a light demand. Over Northern Illinois and Indiana replies received from inquiries sent out as to the possible damage by recent frost indicated an average of about 15 per cent.

Export corn in the New York market was quoted at 82c, nominal, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close. Year.	Last
September	75	74⅛	74¼	74⅝	72⅜
December	72½	71⅜	71½	72⅝	53⅜
May	73⅝	72⅜	72⅝	73⅝	53⅛

OATS.

With other markets, oats displayed a little early steadiness, but were heavy in the afternoon and closed ½@¾c net lower and near bottom for the day. Cash oats in New York were easier, as follows: Standard white, 47½@48c; No. 2 white, 48@48½c; No. 3 white, 46¾@47c; No. 4 white, 46@46½c; ordinary clipped white, 46@47½c; fancy clipped white, 48½@49c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	41⅝	40¼	40⅝	41⅛	34⅜
December	43½	42⅜	42⅞	43⅝	32½
May	46¾	45⅞	46	46⅝	34¾

PROVISIONS.

Considerable weakness developed in the provision list yesterday as a result of larger receipts and lower hogs, coupled with selling pressure by commission houses and packers. The market closed at lowest point of the day, and 10@15 points under the previous night. Receipts at the West amounted to 72,000 hogs, including 20,000 at Chicago, 15,000 at Kansas City, and 5,000 at Omaha. Chicago expected 27,000 hogs on Wednesday.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— October	11.15	11.10	11.10	11.22	11.05
January	11.05	10.95	10.97	11.07	11.07½
Ribs— October	11.20	11.07	11.10	11.25	10.72½
January	10.60	10.50	10.52	10.62	10.67½
Pork— January	20.10	19

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:58|Sun sets..5:56|Moon rises.11:57

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook.....	1:31	2:10	7:32	8:41
Governors Island..	1:25	2:20	7:58	9:15
Hell Gate.....	3:15	4:10	9:38	10:55

Arrived—Tuesday, Sept. 23.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen, Sept. 16.
SS Main, Bremen, Sept. 11.
SS Stampalia, Philadelphia, Sept. 22.
SS Marengo, Hull, Sept. 3.
SS Taormina, Naples, Sept. 10.
SS Chicago, Havre, Sept. 13.
SS Countess Warwick, Matanzas, Sept. 17.
SS Dorothy, Savannah, Sept. 13.
SS Seminole, Jacksonville, Sept. 18.
SS San Juan, San Juan, Sept. 17.
SS Kiova, Tuxpan, Sept. 11.
SS Hermod, Cienfuegos, Sept. 15.
SS Carillo, Fort Limon, Sept. 15.
SS Havana, Havana, Sept. 20.
SS Christopher, Barbados, Sept. 16.
SS Berwind, Arroyo, Sept. 16.
SS Herm, Seville, Sept. 5.
SS Comal, Mobile, Sept. 16.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Sept. 20.
SS Cherokee, Georgetown, S. C., Sept. 19.
SS Maru Hata, Baltimore, Sept. 21.
SS Comanche, Galveston, Sept. 16.
SS Jefferson, Norfolk, Sept. 22.
SS Tennyson, Santos, Aug. 30.
SS Dakotan, Puerto Mexico, Sept. 16.

Inbound Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Oceanic	Southampton	Sept. 17
Re d'Italia	Genoa	Sept. 10
Marsala	Venice	Sept. 9
Afghanistan	Havana	Sept. 19
Apache	Jacksonville	Sept. 20
Bremen	Bremen	Sept. 13
Luristan	Matanzas	Sept. 18
Magdalena	Antilla	Sept. 20
El Dia	Galveston	Sept. 18
Etonian	Antwerp	Sept. 10

DUE TO-MORROW.

Francisco	Hull	Sept. 12
Prinzessa Irene	Naples	Sept. 12
Dakotan	Puerta Mex.	Sept. 17
Oceania	Algiers	Sept. 12
Prinz Joachim	Colon	Sept. 18
Caribbean	Bermuda	Sept. 23
Stephano	St. Johns	Sept. 20
Santa Marta	Kingston	Sept. 20
Lucia Moermann	Boulogne	Sept. 11
Antilles	New Orleans	Sept. 15
Ferndene	Denia	Sept. 13

DUE FRIDAY.

Mauretania	Liverpool	Sept. 20
France	Havre	Sept. 20
Baltic	Liverpool	Sept. 19
Montevideo	Havana	Sept. 23
Maracaibo	San Juan	Sept. 20
El Valle	Galveston	Sept. 20
Kanoo	Gibraltar	Sept. 15
Pretoria	Hamburg	Sept. 12
Perugia	Palermo	Sept. 12
Lenape	Jacksonville	Sept. 23

DUE SATURDAY.

Philadelphia	Southampton	Sept. 20
Pannonia	Gibraltar	Sept. 16
Burg. Petersen	Swinemunde	Sept. 16
Bracken Glen	Hamburg	Sept. 16
Broadmayne	Tyne	Sept. 15
Indragamba	Gibraltar	Sept. 14
Narragansett	London	Sept. 15
Wells City	Dublin	Sept. 15
Wotan	Hamburg	Sept. 13

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
*Lusitania, Liverpool		1:00 A.M.
Provence, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Olinda, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.
Colorado, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Santa Clara, Tampico	——	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Friedrich der Grosse Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Ancon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Asiatic Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Steglinde, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
United States, Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
Santa Clara, Havana	——	12:00 M.
Harpanguen, Rio Janeiro	——	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Berwin, Aguadilla	——	12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Commewyne, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Caribbean, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santiago, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrello, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Justin, Para	——	7:00 A.M.
Finland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
California, Glasgow	——	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	——	8:30 A.M.
Chicago, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Taormina, Naples	——	1:00 A.M.
Magdalena, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

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By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., SEPT. 23.

SS Bremen, Bremen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 2:10 P. M.; due 24th, 8 A. M. North German Lloyd Line.
SS Pretoria, Hamburg to New York, was 690 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 25th at 9 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Re d'Italia, Naples to New York, was 650 miles E. at noon; due 25th, 1:30 P. M. Italian Line.
SS Oceanic, Southampton to New York, was 193 miles E. at 6 P. M.; due 24th, 8 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Prinzess Irene, Naples to New York, was 650 miles E. at noon; due 24th, 11 A. M. North German Lloyd Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Carrillo, Kingston to New York, was 270 miles S. at noon.
SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur to New York, was 290 miles S. of Cape Hatteras at 8 A. M.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 220 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Dia, Galveston to Ne wYork, was 141 miles S. at P. M.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was off Fowey at noon.
SS Yaguez, Brunswick to New York, was 618 miles S. at noon.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, passed Sea Buoy at 6:13 P. M.
SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 7:15 P. M.
SS Monterey, Savannah to New York, was 100 miles N. E. of Havana at 7:30 P. M.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota....Sept. 24
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru .....Sept. 25
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan .....Sept. 25
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Marama .....Sept. 26
Hawaii, Guam, Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport .....Sept. 26
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Island (via San Francisco)—Mongolian .....Sept. 26
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Cyclops .....Sept. 26
Japan, Korea, and China (via Vancouver)—Montcalm .....Sept. 26
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport .....Oct. 1
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra..Oct. 2
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Tacoma)—Canada Maru .....Oct. 5
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco—Willochia .....Oct. 10

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Thursday; SS St. Louis.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Monday; SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., and at 5 P. M. Wednesday; SS Friedrich der Grosse.
France—Close at 5 P. M. Thursday; SS St. Louis.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Wednesday; SS Belvedere.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. Friday; SS Finland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Oct. 2; SS Pannonia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Monday; SS Potsdam.
Norway, Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. Thursday; SS United States.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Monday; SS Stampalia, and at 11:30 A. M. Wednesday; SS Belvedere.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, at Cherbourg, Sept. 23.
SS Zeeland, at Antwerp, Sept. 23.
SS Campania, at Liverpool, Sept. 23.
SS Arsterturm, at Delagoa Bay, Sept. 20.
SS Furth, at Durban, Sept. 23.
SS Huberfels, at Suez, Sept. 23.
SS Alice, at Trieste, Sept. 16.
SS Madonna, at Marseilles, Sept. 20.
SS Pennsylvania, at Hamburg, Sept. 23.
SS Oscar II., at Copenhagen, Sept. 23.
SS Berwick Law, at Sydney, N. S. W., Sept. 20.
SS Orange Nassau, at Amsterdam, Sept. 20.
SS Austrian Prince, at River Plate, Sept. 21.
SS Clement, at Para, Sept. 21.
SS Tavary, at Para, Sept. 22.
SS Danube, at Barbados, Sept. 22.
SS Kioto, at Yokohama, Sept. 22.

Sailed.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecelie, from Bremen, Sept. 23
SS Touraine, from Havre, Sept. 20.
SS New York, (tank) from Rotterdam, Sept. 22.
SS Gregory, from Para, Sept. 21.
SS Kyno, from Hull, Sept. 22.
SS Verdie, from Barbados, Sept. 20.
SS Czar, from Libau, Sept. 16.
SS Carmania, from Liverpool, Sept. 23.
SS Europa, from Naples, Sept. 23.

Passed.

SS Savoie, New York to Havre, passed Brow Head.
SS Volturno, New York to Rotterdam, passed Scilly.
SS City of Baroda, New York to Hongkong, passed Perim.
SS Paula, from New York, passed Dunnet Head.
SS Canning, New York for Manchester, passed Kinsale.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Aug. 23; Shanghai, Aug. 27; Yokohama, Sept. 4; Honolulu, Sept. 14—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer "Mongolia," were dispatched east at 7:20 P. M., Sept. 20, and are due in New York on the morning of Thursday, Sept. 25.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Aug. 29; Manilla, Aug. 29; Yokohama, Sept. 6; Honolulu, Sept. 15—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Nippon Maru, were dispatched east at 4 P. M., Sept. 22, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Sept. 27.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Major C. M. Saltzman, Signal Corps, to Fort Monroe, Va., temporary duty pertaining to fire control system and for conference with the artillery engineer.

Major R. S. Smith, Quartermaster Corps, to Dayton, Ohio, on business pertaining to Quartermaster Corps.

First Lieut. J. W. Turner, Medical Corps, National Guard of Missouri, authorized to attend and to pursue course of instruction at Army Medical School, Washington, D. C., reporting to the President of the school Oct. 1.

Capt. H. F. Dalton, Quartermaster Corps, report to Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., for duty as his assistant.

Col. O. B. Mitcham, Ordnance Department, or his commissioned assistant, will make during October, November, and December not to exceed eight visits per month to works of the Crucible Steel Company of America, Harrison, N. J., and not to exceed eight visits per month to works of the Isaac G. Johnson Company, Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y., to inspect material.

First Lieut. A. G. Goodwyn, Ninth Infantry, transferred to Twenty-ninth Infantry.

Capt. J. H. Burns, Ordnance Department, will make not to exceed four visits prior to Dec. 31 to the works of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company, near Gibbstown, N. J., to inspect material.

The Depot Quartermaster, Front Royal, remount depot, Va., or his commissioned assistant will make such visits as may be necessary to points in the Front Royal remount zone to inspect purchase of horses.

Second Lieut. L. H. Brereton, Coast Artillery Corps, return to proper station.

Capt. S. A. Purviance, Second Cavalry, retirement announced.

Leaves: First Lieut. G. L. Qualls, Medical Corps, fifteen days; Lieut. Col. P. E. Trippe, retired, recruiting officer, fifteen days.

Marine Corps.

Capt. R. H. Davis detached Marine Barracks, navy yard, Washington; to headquarters Marine Corps.

First Lieut. C. J. Miller detached Marine Barracks, Mare Island; to Marine Barracks, Honolulu.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Tallahassee, at Washington; North Dakota, at New York yard; Bailey, at Annapolis; Des Moines, at Samana; Michigan, at Tampico; New Hampshire, at Vera Cruz; San Francisco and Patapsco, at Southern drill grounds; Helena, at Shanghai; El Cano, at Nanking; Reid, Preston, Roe, Drayton, McCall, Paulding, Terry, Mayrant, Perkins, Sterrett, Walke, Warrington, Monaghan, Burrows, Patterson, Trippe, Jenkins, Fanning, Jarvis, Jouett, Casein, Ontario, and Sonoma, at Gardiner's Bay.

Sailed—Nanshan, from Topolobampo for Mare Island; Prairie, from Tompkinsville for Hampton Roads; Supply, from Guam for Hongkong.

EDUCATION NOTES.

An examination for applicants for license as medical Inspector of open-air classes will be conducted on Sept. 29 at 9 A. M. at the hall of the Board of Education. Applicants must have graduated from a medical school recognized by the Regents of the University of the State of New York and have had one year of specialized experience in pediatrics and in the treatment of tuberculosis. The written examination will be on the practice of medicine in all its branches with particular reference to disease or disability which may occur during school life. The examination will include such topics as school hygiene and sanitation, the processes of growth and development with particular reference to school life, tests of mental and physical health, and efficiency. An oral examination will be held at the call of the Board of Examiners. This will consist of a quiz, an examination on physical diagnosis and clinical tests which will be held at a clinic to be designated by the Board of Examiners, and, in addition, candidates will be taken to a public school for conference quiz on school hygiene, school sanitation, and hygiene of the pupil and teacher. The license will hold for one year from date of appointment, may be renewed for two successive years without examination in case the work of the holder is satisfactory. At the close of the third year of continuous successful service the City Superintendent may make the license permanent. The eligible list continues in force for three years. The salary is $2,000.

The OUTSIDE Line

TO BOSTON

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TO BOSTON $4.00
LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y., Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Both Steamships on each.
New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.; Pier 36, E. R., ft. D, 23d St., 6:30 P. M.; Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
New Bedford Line, for New Bedford, Woods Hole, Marthas Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion and Cape Cod points. Leave Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, at 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.
New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; ft. E. 23d St., 3 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
Bridgeport Line. Week days, Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK. Str. Bridgeport leaves New York, week days, Pier 28, E. R., 3 P. M.; foot of E. 23d St., 3:30 P. M.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
The New England Steamship Co.

BOSTON $2.40 BAY STATE LINE
Providence Direct, $1.50. Worcester, $2.40
Staterooms, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.
Write for Illustrated Folder.

SIGHT-SEEING YACHT
around Manhattan Island every day, 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Leaves W. 42d St. Tel. 5441 Gramercy.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 5:45 daily except Sunday, 6 P. M. Freight, 24th Street.

Hudson Navigation Co.

PEOPLE'S LINE TO ALBANY
Steel Steamers BERKSHIRE and C. W. MORSE leave Pier 32, N. R. (foot of Canal St.), daily, including Sunday, at 6 P. M.; W. 129th St. at 6:45 P. M. Sundays, land at Yonkers, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.

Citizens' Line to Albany & Troy
Steel Steamers TROJAN and RENSSELAER leave Pier 32, N. R., week-days at 6 P. M.; W. 132d St. at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers at 7 P. M.; Newburgh at 10 P. M.; Poughkeepsie, 11 P. M.
Direct connections on both of the above lines with all rail lines, for points North, East and West.
SUNDAY DAYLIGHT SERVICE UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
Phone 9400 Spring.

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COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.65
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.75
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free.
All Outside Rooms—Finest Service.
Uptown Office—Broadway & 23d St. and all Tyson's ticket offices.
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CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston. From Pier 24, N. R., ft. Franklin St., week days, 4.00 P. M. and *5.00 P. M. West 129th St. 4.30 P. M.
SUNDAYS { From Franklin st., 9.00 a. m. / West 129th st., 9.30 a. m.
*Newburgh and Lower Landings only.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, 5 P. M., for Conn. River landings. Write for Illustrated Folder.

Hudson River by Daylight
Daily Except Sunday. Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. Music. Restaurant.
Str. "Washington Irving"
Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays.
Str. "Robert Fulton"
Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays.
Steamers leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Hudson River Day Line
(ALBANY DAY LINE.)
Desbrosses St. Pier, N.Y.
Tel. Spring 4141.

Afternoon Boat
Steamer MARY POWELL
For West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal afternoon outing to West Point, returning by rail, $1.10. Last trip Str. MARY POWELL Sept. 25.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
OBSERVATION, TOURIST & HALCYON
SEE THE OCEAN Daily Rock Lightable & Ferry Daily. Battery, 1:30 P. M. Around New York. Daily from Battery Pier, 10:30 a. m., 2:30 P. M. Eastern Std. Broad 6875.

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
NEXT SAILINGS
KRONPRINZ WILHELM
Sails Tuesday, September 30, 10 A. M.
GEORGE WASHINGTON
Sails Saturday, October 4, 10 A. M.
KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE
Sails Tuesday, October 7, 10 A. M.
KAISER WILHELM DER GROSSE
Sails Tuesday, October 14, 10 A. M.

Express Sailings		Twin-Screw Sailings	
Kaiser Wilhelm II.	Oct. 21	†Friedrich der Grosse	Sept. 25
Kronprinz Wilhelm	Oct. 28	†Bremen	Oct. 2
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	Nov. 6	Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm	Oct. 16

†Bremen direct.

BALTIMORE-BREMEN DIRECT one cabin (II) Wednesdays

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa — MEDITERRANEAN — †Prinzess Irene Oct. 4, *Barbarossa ...Oct. 18, *Omits Algiers, †Omits Gibraltar.

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South America, via Europe
Independent Trips, starting anywhere, time or place. First class throughout.
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January, February and March, 1914
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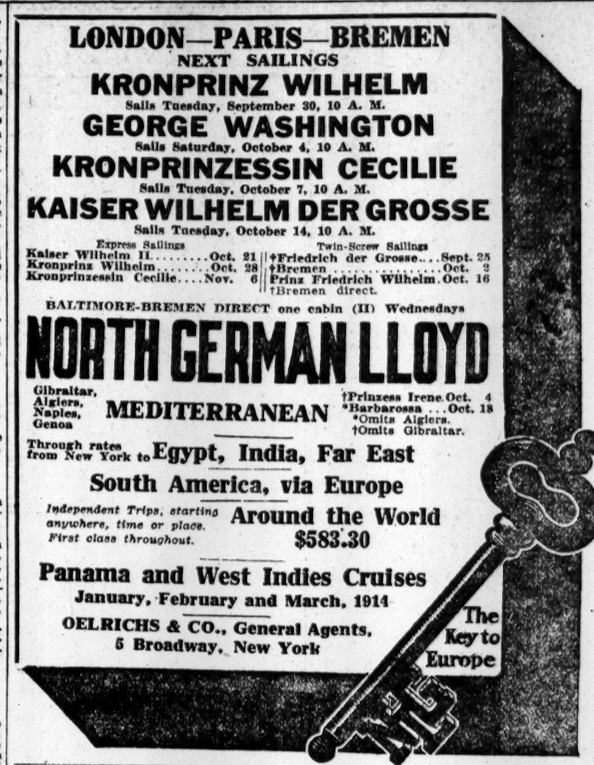

CUNARD
NEXT SAILINGS OF THE Fastest Steamers in the World
MAURETANIA OCT. 1
LUSITANIA OCT. 15
Sailing at 1 A. M.
QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA

*Carmania	Oct. 4, 10 a.m.	Lusitania	Nov. 5 1 A. M.
*Campania	Oct. 8, 1 a.m.	*Caronia	Nov. 15, 10 a.m.
*Caronia	Oct. 18, 10 a.m.	Mauretania	Nov. 19 1 A. M.
Mauretania	Oct. 22 1 A. M.	*Carmania	Nov.29, 10 a.m.
*Carmania	Nov.1, 10 a.m.		

*Calls at Queenstown, East and West Bound.

Mediterranean — Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume. Sailings noon. See Itinerary.

†PANNONIA	Oct. 2	Ivernia	Oct. 23
†Carpathia	Oct. 9	Saxonia	Nov. 8

†Omits Madeira. ‡Omits Genoa.

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White Star Piers 59 & 60 N. R. New
"OLYMPIC"
LONDON—PARIS
via Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
OCTOBER 4 12 NOON
and regularly thereafter.
OTHER SAILINGS

Oceanic, Sept. 27, noon	Oct. 18	Nov. 8
Majestic, Oct. 11, noon	Nov. 1	Nov. 26

N. Y.—Queenstown—Liverpool—12 noon

CEDRIC	Sept. 25	ADRIATIC	Oct. 9
BALTIC	Oct. 2	CELTIC	Oct. 16

Boston—MEDITERRANEAN—Italy.
CRETIC, Oct. 18, 11 A. M.; CANOPIC, Nov. 1

American Pier 62, N. R., 10 A. M.
N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton.
ST. LOUIS...Sept. 26 | NEW YORK...Oct. 10
PHILA'PHIA...Oct. 3 | ST. PAUL...Oct. 17

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pr. 68, N. R.
Minnetonka, Sept. 27, 8:30 a.m. | Minnehaha, Oct. 11
Minneapolis, Oct. 4, 10:30 a.m. | Minnewaska, Oct. 18

Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M.
N. Y.—LONDON—PARIS via Dover—Antwerp
FINLAND...Sept. 27 | VADERLAND...Oct. 18
LAPLAND...Oct. 4 | KROONLAND...Oct. 22
PASSENGER DEPT., 9 B'way, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France.)
Departures Every Wednesday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, ft. of W. 15th St.

*La Provence	Sept. 24	*La Savoie	Oct. 15
‡France (new)	Oct. 1	*La Provence	Oct. 22
*La Lorraine	Oct. 8	‡France (new)	Oct. 29

*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) & Third-class Passengers Only.
*Chicago .....September 27
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

Russian American Line
Regular Fortnightly Sailings
To Rotterdam, $60 & up, 1st cabin; $45 2d
To Libau, $70 & up, 1st cabin; $50 2d

Czar	Oct. 4, 2PM	Russia	Nov. 1
Kursk	Oct. 18, 2 PM	Czar	Nov. 15

A. E. JOHNSON & CO., G.P. Agts., 27 B'way, N. Y.
Pier foot 31st St., South Brooklyn.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Movilla, LONDONDERRY
California, Sept. 27, 3 PM | Columbia, Oct. 11, 2 PM
Caledonia, Oct. 4, 11 AM | Cameronia, Oct. 18, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $30 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $33.50.
For Book of Tours, Rates, etc., apply HENDERSON BROTHERS. 17-19 Broadway.

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Quiet Trips for the Rough Season
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Through bookings to
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Norwegian America Line
TO NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK.
magnificent twin-screw steamers. Next sailing, Oct. 11. Famous Bergen Kristiania Railway included. Ocean Fares, first class, $77.50 and up; second class, $62.50.
General Offices, 8-16 Bridge St., N. Y.

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THE SOUTHERN ROUTE TO THE AZORES, LISBON, ALGIERS, NAPLES, NICE, MARSEILLES.
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BERMUDA BEST RATES, Steamship Tickets. Hotels, Drives, Caves, etc. Individual or Party Tours every sailing. Send for Folder "T," free; or The Standard Guide, Maps, Illustrations, Description, postpaid, 25c. Bermuda Tourist Bureau, 1180 Broadway, New York. Phone 4748 Madison Square.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Taormina, Sept. 27. Mandoga, Oct. 18.
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
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CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE 16th ANN. FEB. 5th
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HAMBURG AMERICAN
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S. S. IMPERATOR
World's Largest Ship
SAILS AGAIN
OCT. 11.... 3 P. M.
NOV. 1.... 11 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
K'n. Aug. Vic...Oct. 2, 10 A. M.
‡†Pretoria ...Oct. 4, 12 noon
*Kron. Prinz...Oct. 9, noon
‡2d cabin only. †Hamburg direct.
*From 39th St. Pier, So. B'klyn.

MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples and Genoa
S. S. Moltke (12,500 Tons)
Oct. 7, 11 A. M.
S. S. Cincinnati (17,000 Tons)
Oct. 28, 12 noon
Steamers leave 83d St. Pier, South Brooklyn.

Last Summer Sailing at Reduced Rates
By Our Atlas Service to
CUBA, JAMAICA AND THE PANAMA CANAL
By the Fast Twin Screw Steamer
"PRINZ" JOACHIM,
SAT., SEPT. 27, 2 P. M.
PANAMA CANAL { Round Trip.... $110
A few accommodations still available.
WINTER RATES IN EFFECT OCT 1ST.
Write for information.
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A select limited tour of six months' leisurely travel de Luxe, visiting the most interesting countries of the East at the best seasons, from New York October 18. Later departures Nov. 8, Jan. 10.
Highest class travel arrangements.
SOUTH AMERICA Tours Nov. 29, Jan. 24.
MEDITERRANEAN and Oriental Tours October to March.
Send for Program desired.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 Fifth Avenue, 553 Fifth Ave., 2081 Broadway, N. Y.
Cook's Travelers' Cheques Are Good All Over the World.

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Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer.
For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2,081 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

BERMUDA
BY "CARIBBEAN"
Next Sailing Sept. 27
WEST INDIES
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES
Next Sailing "MAGDALENA," Sept. 27.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 23 State St., N. Y., or any Steamship Ticket Agent.

Holland America Line
21-24 State St., N. Y.
PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.

†New Amsterdam	Sept. 30	*Noordam	Oct. 7
*Ryndam	Oct. 14	†Rotterdam	Oct. 21

*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.
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SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

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CAFE—RESTAURANTS.
Ciro's Restaurant. 6-8 Rue Daunou.
AMUSEMENTS.
Magic City, Quai d'Orsay. Park of Attractions.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A.B. SOLOMON & BROTHER, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankrupt

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Old Greenwich Village Dwelling in Trade for West Broadway Loft—Tenement Investments—Forty-second Street Transfer Near Times Square—Thirty-five-Story Skyscraper Downtown.

A little more activity was infused into the realty market yesterday than on the preceding day, but while the sales were a trifle more numerous, none was of large import.

The business section of Old Greenwich village furnished one of the few deals of the day, and in this there was an element of trade. The five-story commercial structure at 378 and 380 West Broadway, between Spring and Broome Streets, on a plot 50 by 70 feet, was sold by the St. John's Park Realty Company, composed of James H. Cruikshank and William D. Kilpatrick. The property was taken by the sellers a short time ago in part payment for the loft at 337 to 347 West Twenty-seventh Street, purchased by the Colonial Real Estate Association, of which William P. Dixon is President.

The buyer of the West Broadway plot was Mary Norton Perkins, and she gave in part payment the old three-story dwelling at 356 West Eleventh Street, on a plot 22 by 100 feet, between Washington and West Streets. It is the first time since 1864 that this Eleventh Street plot has changed hands. The brokers in the transaction were the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company.

Buyers for Tenement Property.

The five-story tenement, with stores, occupying a lot 25 by 100 feet, at 72 West 101st Street, has been sold by the First United Presbyterian Church to Joseph F. A. O'Donnell.

George V. N. Baldwin has sold to an investor 209 Tenth Avenue, a four-story building, on a lot 12.4 by 100 feet, located between Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets. The balance of the block front, with the exception of the parcel just sold and No. 211, is owned by Jacob Appell.

A Recent Buyer.

Margaret I Hoyt is the purchaser of the apartment house on the Northwest corner of 114th Street and Seventh Avenue, sold recently by the 114th Street and Seventh Avenue Construction Company.

42d and 43d Street Transfer.

The transfer was received yesterday from Edwin N. Duffy to Fred G. Keighley of Summit, N. J., of the property from 126 to 130 West Forty-third Street, with the twenty-foot plot in rear at 129 West Forty-second Street, for a nominal consideration subject to a $45,000 mortgage. The Forty-third Street frontage is 64.4 feet. This is the property purchased a short time ago by Felix Isman from Mrs. Sarah E. Gardner, and the Forty-third Street houses have since been vacant. Mr. Isman owns the old house adjoining to the East.

35 Story Downtown Building.

Plans were filed yesterday in the Building Department by the architects Howells & Stokes for a thirty-five story building for the American Bank Note Company proposed for the site at 78 to 86 Trinity Place and 100 to 123 Greenwich Street the old offices of the company, but which have been vacant since the opening of the new factory in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx. No time has been set for beginning work on this downtown skyscraper, and it is evident that the plans have been filed at this time in order to forestall any possible change in building height regulations.

The cost of the proposed skyscraper is placed at $3,500,000. The frontage on Greenwich Street is 177.8 feet and 124.10 on Trinity Place, the depth being 181.4.

Bronx Borough.

W. E. & W. I. Brown have sold for John Hagmayer the plot on the east side of Fulton Avenue about 206 feet north of East 169th Street occupied by a one family dwelling. The plot is 100 by 208. The purchaser is a builder who will immediately improve the property with apartment houses.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny have sold the two story brick moving picture theatre, on plot 37 by 125 at 1016 and 1018 Fulton Street, for Edwin C. Christensen to a client for investment.

Long Island.

Joseph P. Day has sold to Joseph Banner, a plot 40 by 100 feet on the east side of Thadford Avenue, 100 feet south of Grimm Avenue, at Howard Estates.

Suburban.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have sold a large tract on Vuplanck Avenue, at Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn., to Mrs. Edmund D. Smith of Stamford, Conn., who will immediately erect a residence.

At Southfield Point, Stamford, Conn., Badgley, Jones & Good have sold to Ella Irene Kastner a large plot overlooking the Sound, on which she will build a Colonial house.

Commercial Leases.

The Times Square Improvement Company state that the space contracted for by Karpan Brothers in the new building at the northeast corner of Broadway and Thirty-seventh Street is a store 80 by 90 on the Thirty-seventh Street side of the structure.

Thomas Diamond and Thomas P. Fitzsimons, Trustees for the estate of Margaret Diamond, have leased to the W. P. Nelson Company, interior decorators of Chicago, Ill., the premises at 209 and 211 West Thirty-third Street, opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad station. Butterly & Hynds were the brokers.

Pease & Elliman have leased to David Lachenbruch, proprietor of Bell & Co., for a term of years, in conjunction with F. & G. Pflomm, the store and basement at 240 Broadway. The tenant will make extensive alterations.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for Mrs. A. A. Fraser, Jr., 935 Madison Avenue, a four-story high-stoop house adjoining the notheast corner of Seventy-fourth Street to Barent Lefferts.

Fish & Marvin report the following leases in Bronxville: The Moore House at Bronxville Terrace to Lemuel Stewart Wells; the South Prescott Cottage at Lawrence Park to Glenn Hall of this city.

Pease & Elliman have leased the American basement dwelling at 131 East Sixty-ninth Street for Mrs. Ralph Sanger to Dr. B. Raymond Hoobler.

Sale of Shults Estate To-day.

The John H. Shults estate on King Street, Greenwich, Conn., will be sold at public auction in the Vesey Street salesroom to-day by Bryan L. Kennelly. The property consists of about seventy-three acres, with a mansion and outhouses. Another parcel, nineteen acres, includes the manor house, and the remaining parcel contains nine acres of vacant land.

$24,000 Bronx Mortgage.

Smith & Phelps have placed a first mortgage loan of $24,000 on a plot 177 by 130 by irregular, situate at the northwest corner of Grand Boulevard and Concourse and 184th Street, running through to Creston Avenue.

Auction Offering Withdrawn.

There was only one auction offering yesterday in the Vesey Street salesroom, and that was withdrawn. It was a vacant plot 90.2 by 100.2 and irregular, on the southwest corner of Audubon Avenue and 191st Street, in foreclosure, with D. F. Ingraham & Co. as auctioneers.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

COLUMBUS AV, 590, n s, 25.2x100; Amsterdam Av, 2,096, w s, 28x100; Philip Ebling to Ebling Realty Co., 271 West 125th St, Sept. 9; attorneys, Dulon & Roe, 41 Park Row $100

GRAND ST, 50, s s, 22x67; Herman Harris to East Broadway Exchange, Inc., 58 East Broadway, (mtg $16,000,) April 30..... $1

JACOB ST, n s, 22.3 ft s of Frankfort St, 52.2x49.6; Fream L. Smith to Sinclair Smith and another, 602 5th St, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, (mtg $35,000,) Sept. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..... $1

JAMES ST, 68, n e s, 51 ft n w of Oak St, 23.1x100.6x22.6x100.3; Antonio Mariscano to Carminie Tieda, on premises, (mtg $26,800,) June 20 ..... $100

LEXINGTON AV, s e corner of 129th St, 20x60; Rachel G. McGrath, executrix of Michael J. McGrath, to Herman Goetz, 492 2d Av, Sept. 16; attorney, Charles G. Hupfel, 59 Wall St..... $1

SAME PROPERTY; same to same; quitclaim, Sept. 16; attorney, same..... $1

PLEASANT AV, w s, 50.10 ft s of 122d St, 16.8x100; John Gregovitz and others to Elizabeth Inselmann, 1,134 Union Av, mtg $7,000, Sept. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 164th St, 133.4x124.10x125x171.5; Albion Construction Co. to Charles Buek Construction Co., 5 East 42d St, (mtg $40,000,) Sept. 22; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 164th St, 133.4x124.10x125x171.5; Charles Buek Construction Co. to One Sixty-four Building Co., Inc., 7 East 42d St, all liens, Sept. 23; attorney, Jacob A. Wolf, 120 Broadway..$100

2D AV, 462, n e corner of 26th St, 301 East, 24.9x70.6; Henry Meyer to Freidrich Willenbruch, 128 East 93d St, (mtg $16,000,) May 22; attorney, A. H. Meyer, 142 East 59th St. $1

SAME PROPERTY; Freidrich Willenbruch to Henry Meyer, 2,854 Bainbridge Av, (mtg $16,000,) May 23; same attorney..... $1

5TH AV, 1,348, w s, 25x100; Charles King and others to Navajo Realty Co., Inc., 102 East 14th St, (mtg $26,000,) Sept. 22; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 277 Broadway...$1

32D ST, n s, 175 ft w of 5th Av, 25x98.9; Isidor Reis to Belle Hazen Realty Co., 516 5th Av, (mtg $60,000,) Sept. 19; attorneys, Goldberg & E., 37 Liberty St..... $1

43D ST, 120 to 130 West, s s, runs w 64.4x s 100.5x e 23x s 100.5 to n s of 42d St, (129 West,) at point 287 ft e of Broadway x e 20x n 100.5x e 19.4x n 100.5 to beginning; Edwin N. Duffy to Fred G. Reighley, Summit, N. J., (mtg $450,000,) all liens, Sept. 18; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..... $100

79TH ST, s s, 235 ft w of West End Av, 65x102.2; Carvert Holding Co., Inc., to Jacob S. Carvalho, Lawrence, L. I., Sept. 22, (mtg $280,000;) attorney, L. Lauterstein, 43 Exchange Place $100

92D ST, s s, 120 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.8; Leopold & Carrie Goodman to James Bishop, 22 West 8th St, Sept. 23; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

123D ST, 351 East, n s, 18x100.11; John J. Sullivan to Margaret L. Callahan, 1,330 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $5,500,) Sept. 5; attorneys, Pressinger & U., 60 Wall St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Margaret L. Callahan to Julia A. Sullivan, 331 East 123d St, (mtg $5,500,) Sept. 20; attorneys, same..... $1

123TH ST, s s, 227 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 17x100.11; John H. Rogan, referee, to Kate M. Ladd, at Far Hills, N. J., Sept. 19; attorneys, W. B. & G. F. Chamberlin, 31 Nassau St..... $24,500

Bronx.

BECKER AV, e s, 50 ft w of Matilda St, 50x100; John Rotando to Charles F. Halsted, 1744 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, Sept. 20, (mtg $5,600;) attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..... $1

HUGHES AV, 4,538, e s, 14.5x87.6; Adelaide B. Hillwell to Bronx Investment Co., 100 Broadway, Sept. 23; attorneys, Merrill & R., 100 Broadway..... $100

LOTS 18B, 19, and 5, Block 6S, map of Morris Park; Louis Chasanoff to Fassy Chasanoff, 123 Glenmore Av, Brooklyn, Sept. 11; attorney, N. B. Finkelstein, 61 Park Row $1

LOT 20, Block 26, map of Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to Bettina B. Wells, 309 West 121st St, Aug. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..... $1

LOT 35, Block 25, map of Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to John S. Juno, 342 State St, Schenectady, N. Y., Sept. 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..... $1

LOTS 19 to 21, Block 67A, Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to Charles M. McGuire and another, at Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $1

LOTS 4 and 55, Block 14, Morris Park; Morris Park Estates to Philip Jawitz, 962 Aldus St, Aug. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $1

LOTS 43 and 44, map of Siems estate; John C. Heintz to John C. Heintz, as administrator of John A. Ott, 1,025 7th Av, Aug. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $8,000

MARIAN ST, e s, Lot 177, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Louisa A. Benfield to Paulina Smith, 4,573 Matilda Av, Dec. 23, 1898; attorney, A. J. Herrick, 99 Nassau St....$1

MEADE ST, 617, being Lot 519, map of Van Nest Park; Leonard J. Langbein to Catherine Callaghan, 535 East 135th St, Aug. 29; attorney, C. W. Hall, 299 Broadway $1

SHERIDAN AV, s e corner of 165th St, 54x201.10; Frederick A. De Peyster and others to Lillian B. Rogers, 817 West 121st St, Sept. 10; attorney, Oliver E. Davis, 3,210 3d Av $100

TIEBOUT AV, e s, 165.3 n of 180th St, 31x100; also Tiebout Av, e s, 227.3 ft n of 180th St, 31x100; Nearby Realty Corporation to Ora M. Felsing and another, Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., Sept. 22, (mtg $30,000;) attorney, Francis B. Wood, 233 Broadway $100

UNION AV, e s, 20 ft s of 150th St, 18.4x90; Frank A. Wahlig Co. to Bertha Schetz, 572 Union Av, (mtg $4,500,) Sept. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

4TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Avenue D, Unionport, 50x103; Joseph Koenig to Otto A. Koenig, 2,122 Quimby Av, Sept. 19...$1,080

176TH ST, 109 East, n s, 25x125; 176th St, 69 East, n s, 50x125; Warren Leslie, referee, to David Kraus, 246 West 129th St, Sept. 23, (mtg $9,000;) attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St..... $1,000

218TH ST, s s, e ½ of Lot 649, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Luigi Farano to Antonio Marino, 271 East 104th St, (mtg $2,500,) Sept. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..... $100

227TH ST, n s, 180 ft e of Barnes Av, 25x114; Carmine Vallecnil to Theresa Aquilino, 2,239 Adams Place, (mtg $5,425,) March 7; attorney, E. Aquilino, 819 East 227th St..$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

42D ST, 505 West, n s, 25x100.5; Peter Schmack to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 5th Av, Sept. 12, 1 year; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St..... $5,000

9TH ST, 228 East, s s, 20.7x irregular; Bella Burns and others to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, Sept. 23, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..... $12,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Edwin M. Burns, 578 West 111th St, prior mtg $12,000, Sept. 23, 3 years; attorney, same....$4,000

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,096, w s, 28x100; Ebling Realty Co. to Philip Ebling, 306 West 102d St, Sept. 9, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row $5,000

COLUMBUS AV, 590, w s, 25.2x100; Ebling Realty Co. to Philip Ebling, 306 West 102d St, Sept. 9, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row $28,000

92D ST, n s, 120 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.8; James Bishop to Leopold Goodman, 6 East 92d St, Sept. 23, 5 years, 4 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..... $42,000

BROADWAY, n w corner of 168th St, 90x150; James Livingston Construction Co. to Pembroke Realty Co., 15 East 40th St, Sept. 20, due March 23, 1915, p. c.; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row.....$25,000

SUTTON PLACE, (or Av,) w s, 20.5 ft w of 58th St, 20x86.5; 1st Av, 1,108, e s, 20x100; John D. Brave to Adolphus Clark, Clifton Springs, N. Y., July 22, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Roe & H., 44 Pine St.....$10,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, Sept. 9, demand, 6 p. c..... $5,000

LEXINGTON AV, n w corner of 58th St, 100x41.8; Harriet S. Goldsmith to Aimee Oppenheimer, 23 Morningside Av, Feb. 14, installments, 6 p. c.; H. H. Oppenheimer, 170 Broadway $3,300

75TH ST, 303 West, 25x65; Frank Bradley to John O'Connor, 251 West 89th St, Sept. 22, due as per bond; attorney, James A. Lynch, 51 Chambers St..... $20,000

Bronx.

LOTS 32 to 34, 45 to 50, s ½ of Lot 31, Block 30, map of Section C, Edenwald; Bengt Nelson to Johanna Tennery, 100 West 90th St, Jan. 2, 1912, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Fred Ingraham, 192 Broadway.....$1,000

MORRIS AV, 2,427, w s, 25x84.3; Cornelia F. Tripler to Louis Fink, 4,057 3d Av, Sept. 3, due as per bond; attorney, Charles Frost, 27 Cedar St..... $400

KELLY ST, e s, 45.3 ft s of Intervale Av, 25x122.3x25.1x124.11; Christine Horth to Charles Schneider, 1,125 Tinton Av, prior mtg $5,000, Sept. 22, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

3D AV, n w corner of 150th St, 64.5x irregular to Melrose Av; Ebling Realty Co. to William Ebling, 194 Riverside Drive, Sept. 9, due Sept. 15, 1925, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Dulon & R., 41 Park Row.....$55,000

GLEASON Av, n e corner of St. Lawrence Av, 100x25; also St. Lawrence Av, e s, 75 ft w of Gleason Av, 25x100; Jacob Cohen to William F. Stubmiller, 158 Lafayette St, Buffalo, N. Y., prior mtg $12,200, Sept. 11, due as per bond; attorneys, Foster & C., 80 Maiden Lane..... $5,800

4TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Avenue D, 50x103, Unionport; Otto Koenig to Sebastian Weiss, 13 Gouverneur Place, Sept. 19, 3 years.$1,000

LOTS 19, 20, 21, Block 67A, map of Morris Park; Charles M. McGuire and another to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, Sept. 12, due July 9, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..... $19,775

LOTS 4 and 55, Block 14, same map; Philip Jawitz to same, Aug. 1, due July 9, 1916..... $1,295

LOT 35, Block 25, same map; John S. Juno to same, Sept. 11, due July 9, 1916....$770

TELLER AV, s e corner of 167th St, 105.5x158.8; G. & S. Amusement Co. to Alois L. Ernst, 241 West 118th St, Sept. 22, prior mtg $9,500, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway..... $10,000

179TH ST, s s, 99.7 ft e of Webster Av, 18.6x100; Helen T. Eberard to Benjamin Gordon, 101 Amity St, Flushing, L. I., prior mtg $5,000, Sept. 16, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. B. Finkelstein, 63 Park Row..... $600

SHERIDAN AV, s e corner of 165th St, 54x201.10; Lillian B. Rogers to Frederic A. De Peyster, 13 East 86th St, Sept. 23, 5 years; attorney, H. L. Morris, 37 Liberty St.$7,500

BAY AV, e s, 398 ft w of North St, 63x100; William E. Lowndes to Samuel J. Wood, 107 Point St, City Island, Sept. 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,400

167TH ST, n e corner of Simpson St, 25x90; Kaplan Building Co. to Adeline Cahn, 2,540 Grand Av, Sept. 22, due as per bond; attorney, A. O. Ernst, 170 Broadway.....$1,000

LOT 519, map of Van Nest Park, 25x100; Catharine Callaghan to Annie McConville, 2,073 8th Av, Sept. 23, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 9,982 East 180th St. $3,600

PLOT begins 990 ft e of White Plains Road and 1,020 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Francisco Lamponi to George C. Kellock, 2,483 2d Av, Sept. 23, 3 years; attorneys, Foster & Co., 80 Maiden Lane $3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

BAINBRIDGE AV, s e corner of 198th St, corner store and four rooms on fourth floor; Mount Hope Building Co. to Paul David, 950 Aldus St, 5 years from Jan. 1, 1914.$1,200

ELIZABETH ST, 49 and 51, store floor and basement; Otto Lorence & Co. to Flora Wethberg, 110 Bay 17th St, Brooklyn, firm Grand Union Folding Box Co., Inc., 3 4-12 years from Oct. 1, 1913, to Feb. 1, 1917; attorneys, Engel Brothers, 132 Nassau St $2,750

ESSEX ST, 82, store and basement; E. W. Realty Co. to Charles Levy, 82 Essex St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, Maurice Cooper, 27 Cedar St..... $800

2D AV, 2,438, corner store; Louis H. Harris to William Siegmeister, 300 East 126th St, 4 years from Nov. 1, 1913; attorney, Charles A. Affenkraut, 41 Park Row..$1,000 & $1,050

138TH ST, 533 East, four-story building, all; Louis Reichardt to Patrick McAneny, 234 Willis Av, 3 7-12 years from Oct. 1, 1913; attorney, Edward M. Binghard, 111 Broadway ..... $1,200 and $1,320

MECHANICS' LIENS.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 164th St, 133.4x171.5; George Roberts Co. against Albion Construction Co., owner and contractor $11,220

SAME PROPERTY; Webster Iron Works, Inc., against same $5,350

SAME PROPERTY; Vincent Valentine Co., contracting Co. against same $1,000

SAME PROPERTY; A. C. Horn against same $450

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 94.4 ft s of Liberty St, 25x100; Isidor Ginsberg against William H. Blewett, owner; Tobias Schwartz, contractor $70

RICHARDSON AV, 598; Anthony Pozella against Annette Lagiusa, owner and contractor; Nicola Lagiusa, contractor....$115

225TH ST, 671 East; Antonio Bonagur against Fred and Ella Miller, owners and contractors $457

40TH ST, 110 and 112 West; Joseph Hilbring against Edw. W. Browning, owner; James Barry, contractor and owner $218

MADISON AV, s w corner of 42d St, 25x25; R. C. Routledge, Inc., against Forty-second Street Co., owner; Monroe M. Golding, contractor $43

DALY AV, w s, 250 ft n of 176th St, 200x200; John Kolenik, Jr., & Co., Inc., against Roman Catholic Church of St. Thomas Aquinas, owner; Bartopocuis Star Iron Works, Inc., sub-contractor; Eugene C. O'Toole, contractor $724

2D AV, 133; Benjamin W. Levitan against Alice T. Ketaltas, Edith M. K. Wetmore, George P. Wetmore, Edith M. K. Wetmore, Maude A. K. Wetmore, and Rogers K. Wetmore, owners; Samuel Augenblick Co., lessee and contractor $375

108TH ST, 124 East; Alex M. Berman and others against Herman J. Senneberg, owner and contractor $1,700

HOFFMAN ST, n w corner of 187th St, 100x96.11; Wilkinson Contracting Co. against Beatrice Tuott and Giuseppina Santangelo, owners; Baribaldi Realty and Construction Co., contractor, (renewal) $330

HENRY ST, 184; Louis Ehrlich and others against Congregation Nusach Hoari, owner; Frank Meyer, contractor $1,000

111TH ST, 165 East; Samuel Lucker against Theresa C. McGuire, owner and contractor $242

EAST HOUSTON ST, n e corner of Avenue D, 44.9x70; Abraham Pencowsky against Nomen Realty Co., owner; Simon Steiner, contractor $68

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BATHGATE AV, 1,601 to 1,605; Henry Krakower against Joseph G. Kaufman and others, Sept. 9, 1913..... $1,425

SAME PROPERTY; Max Greenberg against same, Sept. 9, 1913..... $50

SAME PROPERTY; Harry Zudeck against same, Sept. 9, 1913..... $325

SAME PROPERTY; Louis S. Rosen against same, Sept. 9, 1913..... $50

179TH AV, 453; Rose & Sisti Inc., against estate of Peter McGirr and others, Aug. 6, 1913, (by bond)..... $2,231

25TH ST, 11 West; Claremont Iron Works against 11 West 25th Street Co. and others, Sept. 16, 1913, (by bond)..... $473

PEARL ST, 434; Louis Martines against Augusta Schieck and others, Oct. 11, 1911.. $476

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 164th St; Hay-Walker Brick Co. against Albion Construction Co. and others, Sept. 2, 1913..

SAME PROPERTY; John Liddle Cut Stone Co. against same, Sept. 8, 1913.....$1,230

3D AV, 2,914; Leandro Casario against Louis A. Lehmaier and others, Aug. 14, 1913 ..... $95

226TH ST, s s, 230.2 ft e of Barnes Av; Bronx Sash and Door Co., Inc., against C. Guidone, Inc., and others, Aug. 18, 1913.. $1,088

LIS PENDENS.

BROOK AV, n e corner of 170th St, 45.7x100; Thomas P. Howley against Ysidro Pendas and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, V. S. Lippe.

CATHARINE ST, w s, 54.8 ft n of Madison St, 18.1x98.9; Frank Davis and others against George J. McCafferty and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. B. Hopkins.

FOWLER AV, w s, between Rhinelander and Bell Ave, Lot 37; American Tax Lien Co. against Mary J. King and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, J. J. Schwebel.

GLOBE AV, s e corner of Union Av; American Tax Lien Co. against Jacob Sorin and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, J. J. Schwebel.

PELHAM AV, s e corner of Bethgate Av, 82.5x200.5; Charles F. Brown against Nannie S. McLaughlin and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. S. Harde.

STANTON ST, 200, and Ridge St, 141 to 143; Louis Simon against George Laubentrach and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. F. Silverstone.

TREMONT AV, s s, 50 ft w of Marmion Av, 50x100; Clement H. Smith against Moses Lowenstein and others, (action to recover ¼ part;) attorney, G. Hahn.

116TH ST, 109 and 111 East; Herman B. Grossman against David Seidman and others, (actinon to reduce mortgage;) attorneys, Lind & Pfeiffer.

120TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; John Moller and others against Solomon Simon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

130TH ST, 29 West; Anne D. Thomson against Anna Siedler and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Everett, Clarke & Benedict.

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The Prasada
50 Central Park West, Cor. 65th St.
Modern Fireproof Building, Extensive View of Central Park, Refrigeration, Filtered Water, etc.
8-9-10 Rooms, 2-3 baths, $2,000-$3,800

26 East 82d Street
Corner Madison Avenue.
A magnificent residence altered into two Duplex Apartments.
One of 11 Rooms and 3 Baths.....$4,000
One of 12 Rooms and 3 Baths.....$3,500
Elevator and all modern improvements.

★Indicates New Buildings Ready for Occupancy October 1st.

For floor plans and further particulars of the above and other houses under our management, consult the Pease & Elliman Real Estate Indicator (Aug. 23d issue), which will be mailed to you on request.

SLAWSON & HOBBS

Telephone 7240 Columbus — 162 West 72d St., Near Broadway — Telephone 7240 Columbus

List of West Side Apartment Houses in Which Apartments Are Offered for Rent from Oct 1. In Numerous Instances Possession May Be Had Prior to This Date.

Wendolyn 322 West 100th St. Cor. Riverside Drive. 9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,000. 10 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,800	**Dorlexa,** 318 West 100th St., Near Riverside Drive. 7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,400. 8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1,600-$1,900.	**Cliff Haven,** 417 Riverside Drive, South corner 114th St. Duplex Apartment, 7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,700.	**The Rexor,** 600 West 116th St. Northwest corner Broadway. 7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,700.
"Terrace Court" 202 Riverside Drive Corner 93d St. 9 Rooms and 2 Baths, $1,500 to $1,800 10 Rooms & 3 Baths, $2,000-$2,300.	**"The Oregon"** 162 West 54th St., Corner 7th Av. 3 & 4 Rooms & Bath, $900 & $1,400. 5 & 6 Rooms & Bath, $1,200 to $1,700.	**"Greyton Court"** S. E. Cor. 141st St. & Riverside Drive 5 Rooms and Bath, $900 and $960. 6 Rooms & 2 Baths, $1,100-$1,250.	**"Georgean Court"** 58 Central Park West Corner 66th St. 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,000. 12 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,500 & $3,800.
El Dorado 300-302 Central Park West, 90th to 91st St. 9 and 10 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths, $2,100 to $3,000.	**Hamilton,** 420 Riverside Drive, North corner 114th St. 9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,300.	**Cortlandt,** 210 West 110th St., Near Broadway. 8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1,800 to $2,000.	**Indiana** 117 West 79th St., Between Col. and Amsterdam Avs. 8 Rooms and 2 Baths, $1,400.
La Rochelle 57 West 75th St. A Fireproof Building. 7 Rooms and Bath, $1,200 to $2,000.	**Yorkshire,** 562 West 113th St., S. E. cor. Broadway. 7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,600 to $1,800. 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,400 to $1,600.	**The Woodmere** 561 West 141st St., Corner Broadway. 4 Rooms and Bath, $540 to $780. 5 Rooms and Bath, $720 to $840. 6 Rooms and Bath, $960.	**Florham** 256 West 97th St. Near West End Av. 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,000 to $1,300.
Catherine 1 West 69th St. Corner Central Park West. 6 Rooms and Bath, $1,200 to $1,400.	**Devonshire,** 325 West 83d St., Near West End Av. 7 Rooms and Bath, $780 and $1,000.	**New Windsor** 294 Central Park West, Near 89th St. 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,200 to $1,350.	**349 West 85th,** Near West End Av. 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,400.
The Bonair 601 West 142d St., Corner Broadway. 5 Rooms and Bath, $660. 7 Rooms and Bath, $720 to $1,000.	**Idlewild,** 1,854 7th Av. Near 112th St. 8 Rooms and Bath, $800 and $900.	**Mathilda Court** 310 West 95th St., Near West End Av. 8 Rooms and Bath, $900 and $1,020 5 Rooms and Bath, $540.	**3 & 5 West 82d St.,** Near Central Park West. 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,000 to $1,400
Rosary, 306 West 99th St., Near Riverside Drive. 9 Rooms and Bath, $1,400 and $1,500.	**La Grange,** 1 West 83d St., Corner Central Park West. 6 Rooms and Bath, $1,000. 7 Rooms and Bath, $1,200 and $1,300.	**375 Central Park West** Near 97th St. 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,100 and $1,200.	**4 & 14 West 92d St.,** Near Central Park West. 7 Rooms and Bath, $900 to $1,200.
Pamlico, 97 Central Park West, Near 69th St. 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,300 and $1,700.	**Antlers,** 603 West 111th St., Near Broadway. 7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,400.	**Emahrel,** 317 West 99th St. Near Riverside Drive. 5 Rooms and Bath, $960. 6 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,250.	**Raleigh,** 816 West End Av., Near 99th St. 7 Rooms and Bath, $1,200. 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,400.

The Adlon | The Aljomor
7th Ave. & 54th St.
Two High Class Fireproof Apartment Houses
Suites of 3, 4, 5 & 6 Rooms & Bath
WITH LARGE FOYER AND RECEPTION ROOM
At Very Moderate Rental.
Every known appointment can be found in these spacious apartments.
MAID AND VALET SERVICE.
References Absolutely Indispensable.
Houses Open for Inspection Evenings.
APPLY SUPT. ON PREMISES.

The Van Dyck & Severn
72d St.—Broadway—73d St.
Subway Station at 72d St.
Unusually attractive apartments of
6 to 11 Rooms, with 2 & 3 Baths.
Rentals $1,800 to $3,800.
Desirable Doctor's Apartment in the Van Dyck.
The houses are modern fireproof construction; all rooms are large and light; spacious closets. Refrigeration. Solid porcelain bathtubs, with shower appliances.
There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and service elevator.
Under the direct supervision of the owners, assuring careful selection of tenants and first-class service.
MANAGER ON PREMISES. TELEPHONE 3547 COLUMBUS.
MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY, 71 Broadway.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Open-air garden, for recreation and repose after the active business day or social round, is but *one* of the features for making city living more comfortable, luxurious and convenient. Every possible consideration that could enter into the *perfect home*—environment, location, accessibility, appointments and modern home-making facilities—are typified, to the highest degree, in

The Belnord
Broadway, 86th to 87th Street
Apartments from 7 to 11 rooms, (all outside rooms,) with 2 to 4 baths.
Ask us for full information and prices.
F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co.,
Agents, Broadway at 80th St., N. Y.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Only
Few Suites Left
In this High Class House
Inspect them to-day

THE PATERNO
440 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, North Corner 116th St.
A few apartments of
4 Rooms, $660 to $780
6 Rooms, $1100 to $1300
7 Rooms, $1600
8 Rooms, $1800 to $2000
TO RENT AND SUBLET.
Special!
Corner Apartment of
8 Rooms & 3 Baths
To Sublet.
All rooms outside
Large and sunny overlooking Drive and Hudson.
Rent Very Reasonable.
OPEN EVENINGS.

BE SURE TO SEE THESE BEFORE LEASING ELSEWHERE

BOWNETTE
11 West 81st Street
FACING MANHATTAN SQUARE PARK.
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK
11 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
ALL OUTSIDE SUNNY ROOMS

COURTENAY
55 Central Park West
BETWEEN 65TH AND 66TH STS.
FACING CENTRAL PARK.
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS
ALL OUTSIDE SUNNY ROOMS

Each Apartment Occupies an Entire Floor, affording absolute privacy.
Apply to Superintendents on premises, or
A. P. COBURN, 11 WEST 81ST ST. 'PHONE 9832 SCHUYLER

The Halsworth
S. W. Cor. West End Av. & 92d St.
New 12 Story Fireproof Apartment House.
Large Rooms and Closets.
Every Modern Improvement
5 Rooms and 2 Baths.....$1,100 to $1,400
6 Rooms and 3 Baths.....$1,500 to $1,600
7 Rooms and 3 Baths } $2,100
8 Rooms and 3 Baths }
Renting Agent, on Premises, or
Slawson & Hobbs
Agents, 162 West 72d St., Near B'way.

MORRIS HALL
N. W. Cor. Cathedral Parkway (110th St.) and Amsterdam Ave.
10-story fireproof apartment house.
Absolutely Up to Date in Every Respect
Apartments of
6-7-8 Rooms and 2 Baths

STRATHMORE
S. E. Cor. 113th Street and Riverside Drive
Apartment of
10 LARGE ROOMS,
Foyer, Pantry and
THREE BATHS
Delightful Duplex of
11 LARGE ROOMS

Most Attractive and Best Located Houses on West Side
Managed as permanent investments. Renting Agents on premises, or
HAWKES & MORRIS
Telephone 5567 John — 32 Nassau Street

THE LUXOR
S. W. Cor. Broadway & 115th Street.
Exclusive Housekeeping Apartments in Modern Fireproof Building.
5 and 6 Rooms.
Large Reception Foyer and an abundance of extra large closets.
Rents Moderate.
Apply to Resident Manager.

COLONIAL and EDGECOMBE
375-377 Edgecombe Ave.
Near 153d St. and 6th & 9th Ave. "L."
Splendidly Kept Houses
Most beautiful location on Washington Heights. All latest improvements—Hall Service—Electricity—Showers—Exceptionally Large Closets—Fine Woodwork.
4 and 6 Light, Airy Rooms, $38 to $58.

The Madrid
552 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
(north of 127th St.)
6, 7, 8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS,
Large light rooms.
Rentals $75 to $90.
One minute walk to Manhattan Subway station, 125th St.; crosstown cars and 5th Ave. buses.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

SONOMA
55TH ST. AND BROADWAY
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS
Of 4, 5 and 8 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths
IDEAL CENTRAL LOCATION
Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated

HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS
5 AND 6 ROOMS
$30 TO $40
625 West 138th St.
Bet. Riverside and Broadway.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
7 and 8 large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry, 2 elevators, night and day, passenger and service; steam dryers; convenient to all traction lines; $1,000-$1,200. Superintendent on premises.

7 Rooms, $55 to $60
Elevator, Hall and Telephone Service
N.W. Cor. 129th St. and 5th Ave
PORTER & CO.
159 W. 125th St.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th St.
Private bath; telephone; hall attendance. $30 to $45. 'Phone 3164 Chelsea.

To Sublet At
Greatly Reduced Rent
Wellsmore
S. E. Cor. B'way & 77th St.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.
Corner Apartment, All Light Rooms.
See Superintendent on Premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE LORING,
202 WEST 74TH ST.
Homelike Homes for Home-liking People.
OPEN FIREPLACES.
PROMPT AND EXCELLENT SERVICE
DAY AND NIGHT.
SIX AND SEVEN ROOMS AND BATH.
FROM OCTOBER 1.
Apply by letter or on premises, or to
J. E. WHITAKER, 2108 Broadway (73d St.)

THE GOVERNOR
67 West 12th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Avs.
FIRST APARTMENT.
9 Rooms, tile bath, etc. Rent $70.
Also one 7-room. Apply to Janitor.

9 WEST 46TH STREET
Apartment Two Rooms, Bath and Kitchen. Very Desirable.
MOOYER & MARSTON,
677 Fifth Ave., Cor. 51st St.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Strafford
S. W. Cor. West End Av. & 98th St.
One ten-room Apartment, completely furnished, to sublet at $3,600.
MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY,
Broadway, at 89th Street.

49 WEST 57TH ST.,
Between 5th and 6th Aves.
APARTMENT, 8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, RENT $2,200.
Electric light, hardwood floors, modern plumbing; possession any time. Superintendent.
HENRY D. WINANS & MAY,
749 Fifth Av., near 58th St.

342-346 West 56th St.
Four and Eight Rooms and Bath.
Elevator, parquet floors, electric light. Moderate rent to desirable tenants. Superintendent on premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

31 WEST 11TH ST.
Near 5th Av.
Eight story highest type fireproof elevator housekeeping Apartment, for rent October 1.
Four room and bath suite, $67.50.
6 room and bath suite, $85.

45 WEST 11TH ST.
Eight story fireproof housekeeping Apartments; mail chute; elevator.
Four room bath suites, $55 and $70.

J. IRVING WALSH,
73 West 11th St.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

39 W. 55TH
Housekeeping Apartments, 3, 4, 5 rooms, 2 baths. Cuisine service if desired. Extra servants' quarters. Rental $1,400 to $2,500. Also Physician's Office. New building.

CHESTERFIELD
Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 98th St.
New 10-story fire and sound proof elevator apartment. Suites of six, seven, eight and nine rooms; two and three baths; exceptionally large, light rooms
MOST MODERATE RENTALS.
and foyer.
Management under the personal supervision of the owners.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

3694 BROADWAY
AT 153D STREET
$29 | 4-5 ROOMS AND BATH. | $37
Steam heat, hot water supply and telephone service.
J. E. Whitaker, 2108 Broadway at 74th St.

274 WEST 19TH ST.,
RALPH COURT,
NEAR 8TH AVE.
Elevator apartments, 5 and 6 rooms, electric light, parquet floors, shower baths; rents $540 to $780. Superintendent on premises.

BRYANT PARK STUDIOS
80 WEST 40TH ST.
Very desirable north light Studios and Apartments, 3, 4, 5, and 8 rooms and bath; as others espouse, hall, elevator services. Supt. on premises.

358 West 58th St.
2 Exceptionally Light Apartments
SUITABLE FOR ROOMING PURPOSES
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
312-16 West 20th St.
THE ADRIAN.
All improvements; elevator service; apartments 5 rooms; rent $600-$660.
Apply on premises, or
CUSHMAN, 240 West 23d St.

Modern Elevator Apartments
At Moderate Rentals

Every house is under our exclusive management and inspected daily by a competent representative. A call at our office before starting on a tour of inspection will save you much time and annoyance.

2 ROOMS
EDMUND FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th. $50
SENIOR ARMS, 535 West 113th St. ..... $40 to $50

3 ROOMS
ED. FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th. $50 to $58
HERODIAN COURT, 414 W. 120th St. $40 to $42.50

4 ROOMS
ALVERNIE, 502 West 122d St. $40
ED. FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th. $60 to $75
SENIOR ARMS, 535 West 113th St. ..... $50 to $70

5 ROOMS
THE ALVERNIE, 502 West 122d St. ..... $40 to $50
THE BEVERLY, 245 West 116th St. ..... $30 to $35
THE CRAGSMOOR, 419 West 115th St. ..... $40 to $45
THE DELAWARE, 520 West 122d St. $45
ED. FRANCIS CT., N. E. Cor. Ams. & 120th. $70 to $80
THE GARFIELD, 200 Claremont Av. $50
PONCHARTRAIN, 312 W. 109th St. $66.67 to $70
SENIOR ARMS, 535 West 113th St. .... $72.50 to $80

6 ROOMS
THE ALVERNIE, 502 West 122d St. ..... $45 to $55
THE ANNISTON, 281 Edgecombe Av. ..... $60 to $65
BELLE HAVEN, 515 West 124th St. ..... $40 to $50
EDMUND FRANCIS COURT, N. E. Cor. Amsterdam Av. and 120th St. ..... $100 to $105
THE GARFIELD, 200 Claremont Av. ..... $55 to $65
THE OPELIKA, 523 West 143d St. ..... $45 to $60
PARK COURT, 403 West 115th St. $60
THE PORTLAND, 612 West 115th St. ..... $65 to $75

7 ROOMS
THE CLARENCE, 312 West 93d St. .. $91.67 to $100
THE DELAWARE, 520 West 122d St. ..... $70 to $75
PARK COURT, 403 West 115th St. ..... $70 to $75
PONCHARTRAIN, 312 W. 109th St., $91.67 to $100
THE UMATILLA, 237 West 74th St. .... $150 to $160

Positive assurance is given that particular attention will be paid to the comfort of all tenants, as well as a most rigid scrutiny of all references. If these apartments do not interest you, kindly write to this office stating fully what you want, and we will send you particulars of other apartments under our management.

BRAISTED, GOODMAN & HERSHFIELD
2,901 BROADWAY, NORTHWEST CORNER 113TH STREET

ESTABLISHED 1866. TELEPHONE 7920—MORNINGSIDE.

The Luxonia
305 West 72nd Street
Adjacent to West End Av.

New 12-Story Fireproof Building.
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.

EXCLUSIVENESS,
ELEGANCE AND
CHARACTER

are the predominating features of the apartments in the Luxonia.

The unique floor plan, extra large rooms, large and numerous clothes and linen closets cannot be duplicated elsewhere, and the location is right in the heart of New York's Smart Set.

4, 5 & 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
Rents $1,100 upward

Also small suite on ground floor suitable for Doctor.

PATERNO BROS., INC., Managers.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES, 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Telephone 1590 Columbus.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents, 162 West 72d St.

The Mentone
Southwest Corner
104th St. & West End Av.
New 12-Story Fireproof Building
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

Unusually Large Rooms, with unobstructed sunlight on all sides; exceptionally attractive floor plan.

7 Rooms & 3 Baths
Rents $1,900-$2,400.

Open for Inspection 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Renting Agent on Premises. Tel. 8214 River.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

BERT G. FAULHABER & CO.
NORTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 156th St.
At Subway Station. Tel. Audubon 870.

The highest type of residential apartments in the most desirable and convenient sections of Washington Heights.

WE AIM TO MAINTAIN THE HIGHEST OBTAINABLE STANDARD OF SERVICE.

DONALD COURT
700 WEST 179TH ST.,
Southwest Corner Broadway.
NEW, 10-story. Absolutely fireproof and soundproof. NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
This class of building is an innovation in this section, and will appeal strongly to the discriminating apartment dweller.
Reduced Prices.
4 ROOMS, BATH ..... $44 TO $52
5 ROOMS, BATH ..... $60 TO $62
6 ROOMS & 2 BATHS ..... $65 TO $75
All Outside Rooms. White Attendants.
Unusually large rooms. Spacious foyers. Ample closet room. All compactly arranged.

CAMBRIDGE HALL
544 WEST 157TH ST.,
adjoining Broadway, at Subway Station.
EIGHT-STORY. ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Compactly arranged.
5-6-7 Rooms, Bath, $50 to $84.

HISPANIA HALL
601 WEST 156TH ST.,
Cor. Broadway, Opposite Hispanic Museum.
4-5-6-7-8 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths, $42 to $100.

ROBERT FULTON COURT
559 WEST 156TH ST.,
Northwest Corner Broadway, At Subway Station.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS.
4-6-7 Rooms and Bath, $42.50 to $75.

THE BROCKTON
661 WEST 156TH ST.,
Cor. Broadway.
Exceptionally large rooms.
4-5 Rooms, Bath, $40 to $60.

THE SWAMPSCOTT
660 WEST 156TH ST.,
Cor. Broadway.
Very Attractive.
4-5-6-7 Rooms, Bath, $40 to $65.

THE CLAYMONT
548 WEST 164TH ST.,
Extremely large rooms.
BEST VALUE IN THIS SECTION.
First-class service. Night and day telephone operator. Continuous hall and elevator service.
4-5-6 Rooms, Bath, $32 to $50.

BONNY CASTLE
601 WEST 191ST ST.,
at Subway Station, Cor. St. Nicholas Av.
Well-planned Elevator Apartments.
4-5-6-8 Rooms, $35 to $70.
1 & 2 Baths.

The GENERAL WASHINGTON
601 WEST 180TH ST.,
Northwest Cor. St. Nicholas Av., At Subway Station.
Very Attractive Elevator Apartments.
All large rooms—Ample Closets.
4-5-6-7 Rooms, $35 to $60.
1 & 2 Baths.

DURING SEPTEMBER OUR RENTING DEPARTMENT WILL BE OPEN SUNDAYS AND EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

Fred'k Zittel & Sons
Broadway and 79th Street
Broadway and 140th Street

Offer the following Elevator Apartments for Rent:—

801 West End Av.,
N. W. COR. OF 99TH ST.
Absolutely fireproof building, conveniently located, close to 96th St. Subway express station and surface lines; large, airy rooms; every modern improvement.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rents $1,000 to $2,200.

48 W. 73d St.,
CORNER APARTMENT.
Fireproof building, located in absolutely residential block.
7 Rooms and Bath.
Service and passenger elevators, exceptionally large rooms, southern exposure. Every modern improvement.
Rents $1,000 to $1,200.

New Amsterdam,
N. W. Cor. 75th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Fireproof elevator apartment house; elevator service; every modern improvement.
6-7-8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $720 to $1,500.

44 West 96th St.,
near Central Park West.
Located in street under supervision of Park Department and in the midst of private dwellings. Every modern improvement.
6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $900 to $1,000.

The Royal Grand,
160 Claremont Av.
2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms.
Every modern improvement; elevator service; beautiful view of the Hudson River and Riverside Drive.
Rents $420 to $780.

St. Charles,
101 West 72d St.
Eight Large Rooms and Two Baths.
Must be seen to be appreciated; elevator service, &c.
Rents $1,200 and $1,300.

JUST COMPLETED.
Only four apartments left out of fifty.
2 6 Room Apartments, 3 Baths.
2 9-Room Apartments, 3 Baths.
in the
Dallieu,
S. E. Cor. West End Av. & 161st St.
This illustrates the desirability of these apartments. Every up-to-date improvement.

The Runoia,
267 West 89th St.
New 8-story fireproof building; extra large rooms and closets; modern in every respect; one apartment.
7 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rent $1,800.

Cayuga,
S. E. Corner of Central Park West and 90th St.
A modern, six-story elevator apartment house overlooking Central Park.
All modern improvements.
Eight Rooms and Two Baths.
Rents $1,600 to $1,800.

The Rolyat,
Southwest Corner Broadway and 140th St.
Large rooms, pantries and closets.
Suites of 8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $1,000 to $1,200.

Rafford Hall,
Northwest Corner Broadway and 144th St.
The rear apartments afford a splendid view of the Hudson River. All improvements; elevator service, &c.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath.
Rents $600 to $1,000.

St. Evona,
N. E. Cor. 138th St. & B'way.
New six-story fireproof elevator apartment house. Large sunny rooms. Southern exposure.
5, 6 and 7 Rooms.
Rents $540 to $1,200.

If any of these apartments do not meet with your approval, we have others that do not appear in this advertisement. A call at our office will save you much time and annoyance. We will mail you our booklet containing full descriptions of our houses on request.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Only
Few Suites Left
In this High Class House
Inspect them to-day

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK
200 W. 58th St.
Southwest Cor. 7th Av.
JUST COMPLETED.

AN apartment house de luxe, containing every modern improvement, including open fireplaces, refrigeration, and many other new and exclusive features. Suites of
3-4-5 and 6 Rooms
or larger to suit.
Rentals, $1,100 to $2,800.
Open Evenings until 10 P. M.
Superintendent on premises, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
Agents,
340 Madison Av.
Telephone, 6200—Murray Hill.

NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
4-5-6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
All Rooms Face Street and Are Flooded with Sunlight.
New Fire and Sound Proof Apartment House, with Every Convenience.
4 Rooms and 1 Bath ..... $1,100 to $1,200
5 Rooms and 2 Baths ..... 1,200 to 1,500
6 Rooms and 2 Baths ..... 1,500 to 1,600
Northeast Corner West End Av. and 98th St.
Renting agent on premises.
Telephone 6208 Riverside.

The RUNOIA
267 WEST 89TH ST.
An unusually cheerful apartment is here offered with 7 Rooms and 2 Baths, located on the 8th floor.
Rent $1,800.
Dining room, living and main bedroom facing the south. An attractive apartment in many respects situated in a most modern fireproof building.
Every modern improvement.
Apply to
FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS,
79th Street & Broadway.

Attractive Apartments.
THE MARKENFIELD,
605-611 West 111th St.
4-5-6 rooms and bath.
Rents $600 to $1,020.

THE ANNEMERE,
609 West 115th St.
7 and 8 rooms, $840 to $1,200.

THE LUCETINE,
35 West 96th St.
7 rooms and bath.
Rent $900 to $1,200.

Leroy Coventry, Agent,
156 W. 72d St. Tel. 4989—Col.

"West End Avenue's Finest Dwelling House"
525 West End Avenue
N. W. Cor. 85th Street
JUST COMPLETED

A multiple family dwelling house, having the largest and most liberally day-lighted rooms to be found in town.

Adequate and isolated private dwellings under one roof, without the usual apartment house atmosphere.

Constructed in two independent wings, with suites of from six to ten rooms without courts.

37 Apartments leased from plans.
A few remain to be let.
White Attendants.
6 to 10 Rooms, Rentals from $2,400 to $4,500

MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY
Broadway at 89th St. Telephone 4980 Riverside.
527 Fifth Ave., at 44th St. Telephone 5220 Murray Hill.
RENTAL AGENTS ON PREMISES

MANHATTAN—West Side.

3 & 4 ROOM
APARTMENTS
Living Rooms ABOUT 19 Feet Square,
$62.50 to $90
One 3-room studio, large skylight, $80.
STANWOOD
Absolutely fireproof.
321 West 55th St.
Apply on premises,
or Bing & Bing,
505 5th Av.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Harperley Hall
New 12-Story Fireproof Building.
N. W. Cor. Central Park West and 64th St.
SERVICE EXCEPTIONAL.
Two Housekeeping Apts.
Large, light Outside Rooms, overlooking Central Park; plenty closet room, private store rooms.
8 Rooms, $2,800. 11 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,800
Kitchenette Apts.
2 Rooms and bath to 3 Rooms and bath. Rents $850 to $1,400.
OPEN FIREPLACES FOR LOGS.
Refrigeration and any ice required; filtered water; restaurant, valet and maid service; vacuum cleaner; separate laundry, perfectly equipped and ventilated. fuel included. Rooms can be obtained for guests of tenants at $2 per day. Extra maids' rooms to rent.
Superintendent on premises.

---

202 WEST 78TH ST.
7 and 8 rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water, hall service, 'phone; $45-$60.

MARION
2,612 B'way (98th;) 6 rooms, bath, $72.50 to $85; fireproof house; all-night elevators, all improvements; express Subway station 96th St.

IRVINGTON
407 Central Park West, facing Park, (100th St.)—8 large rooms and bath, 2 toilets, all improvements. Elevator, telephone; $77.50 to $95.

CARROLLTON
601 W. 168th St., opposite Subway station; 5, 6, 7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; light rooms, large closets, elevator, phone; resident agent; southern exposure; corner apartments; $570-$1,050.

COURTWOOD
600 West 169th St., cor. B'way—Modern elevator house, all improvements, 5-6-7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, 24-hour service. $600-$1,050.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street
PHONE 1500 RIVERSIDE.

West 94th Street
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High-class elevator apts.; all improvements.
All Large, Light Rooms
No. 314
7 rooms & bath; separate maid's toilet...$1050
6 rooms & bath; also separate maid's toilet ..... $600 to $840
No. 315
6 rooms & bath ..... $46 to $52.50
5 rooms & bath ..... $42.50 to $45.00
No. 321
5 rooms & bath ..... $62.50 to $65
4 rooms & bath, (also extra foyer) $45 to $50
Concessions to Responsible Parties.

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8 Large Rooms
3 Baths.
DORLEXA
318 West 100th St.
Fireproof Building—new and up-to-date in all appointments. Magnificent view up the Hudson River.
Only 2 apartments to each floor.
Rents $1,800-$2,000.
Apply on premises, or to
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72nd St.

IVY COURTS
210-220-230 W. 107th St.,
Adjoining Broadway and West End Av.
5, 6 AND 7 ROOMS
Continuous, efficient and polite service, including hall, elevator and telephone. ELECTRICITY INCLUDED IN RENT. NO INTERIOR ROOMS; all LARGE and EXCEPTIONALLY BRIGHT; CLOSETS are a particular feature; a home for refined people who demand the BEST SERVICE.
Rents $660 to $960 Per Year.
Superintendent on premises.

THE OAKDALE
36-38 West 35th Street.
Non-Housekeeping Apartments
2 & 3 ROOMS & BATH
HOTEL SERVICE
MEALS IF DESIRED
RENTALS $800 TO $1,000
Superintendent on premises.

302-306 W. 79th St.
Bet. West End Av. & Riverside Drive.
2, 5, 6 & 7 ROOMS
Modern FIREPROOF building, located on the West Side's most FASHIONABLE street. Rooms large and bright; hardwood floors. Most desirable home for refined families who demand the best of service.
Rents $480 to $1,200 per Year.
Superintendent on premises.

WINFIELD
207 West 56th St.
Between Broadway & Seventh Av.
Modern Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, with 2 Baths
Extra Servants' Rooms, Day and Night Hallboy & Elevator Service.
$1300 to $1650
MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 5th Avenue
Corner 45th St. Phone, 1263—Bryant

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360 West 58th St.
SEVEN AND EIGHT ROOM
Apartments, $50 & $55
FORMERLY $70.00 & $75.00
THOROUGHLY RENOVATED.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

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512 Fifth Ave
Southwest Corner 43d St.
APARTMENTS

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7 Rooms
2 Baths
$1,200
High Class Fireproof Elevator Apartment House.
241 West 108th St., near B'way

---

490 WEST END AVENUE
NORTHEAST CORNER 83RD ST.
12-STORY NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE.
NOW COMPLETELY FINISHED.
ONLY 1 APARTMENT FOR RENT
8 Rooms & 3 Baths (Corner) $2500
UNUSUALLY LARGE FOYER HALLS.
All rooms outside and very light.
Renting representative on premises.
GIBBS & KIRBY, Ag'ts, Broadway & 103d St.

THE PLYMOUTH,
A Street of Private Dwellings. Southern Exposure.
(537-541 West 149th St.)
Six rooms and bath; electric light, elevator, and telephone service; convenient to Subway and all surface cars. Service unexcelled. Select apartments for particular people only.
Rents $552-$636
Superintendent, or
DU BOIS & TAYLOR,
3,551 BROADWAY, (145th St.)

Ga nsborough S udios
222 West 59th St.
Apartments of 3 rooms and bath. Ideal for bachelor or couple.
$1,100 to $1,600.
J. E. BULL, Manager.

THE HYPERION
320 West 84th St.
Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive. Choice elevator apartments of 8 rooms and 2 baths; all modern improvements; rents, $1,100 to $1,200; Physician's Apartment, 7 rooms and 2 baths, $1,000. LOUIS KEMPNER & SON, Agents, Broadway & 90th St.

REXMERE
328-330 West 87th Street, near Riverside.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
Electricity, Steam Dryer.
7, 8 rooms, $1100 to $1400.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Stanley Court
West End Ave. & 106th St.
NORTHWEST CORNER.
Corner Apartments of
9 ROOMS & 3 BATHS
FROM $2,500 DOWN.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Exceptional floor plan.
Very Large Outside Rooms.
Only two families on a floor.
White Hall Service.
Vasa K. Bracher,
Agent on premises,
or 2,010 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 361.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights

610 WEST 136TH ST.
6-Room Apartments ..... $45 to $50
7-Room Apartment $48
615 WEST 136TH ST.
7-Room Apartment $55
619 WEST 136TH ST.
4-Room Apartments ..... $32 and $33
5-Room Apartment $35
6-Room Apartment $45
7-Room Apartments ..... $48 and $50
Ranald H. Macdonald & Co.
29 WEST 34TH ST.

FLORENTINE COURT
166 WEST 129TH ST.
COR. 7TH AV.

A modern Apartment, seven and eight rooms, with all appointments.
Night and day hall and elevator service. Steam heat and telephone switchboard.
All rooms are light and livable size.
9th Ave. express 130th St. Subway 125th St.
Rents $800—$1,000.
Superintendent on premises.
A. H. MATHEWS, Agent,
82 Nassau St.

THE MILLARD
14 to 20 West 107th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments
4-5-6-7 and 8 Rooms
EXTRA LARGE AND LIGHT
Rents $35 to $75
Best in New York at Prices.

THE BRITTANY
241 West 102nd St.,
1 Block From Subway Express Station.
ONE APARTMENT
8 EXTRA LARGE ROOMS & BATH $1,300
MODERN IN EVERY RESPECT.
Apply on premises or
G. SCHWEGLER,
3507 BROADWAY, Cor. 143rd St.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
234 W. 21st St.
HUNTINGTON.
All improvements; elevator service; 4-5 room Apartments, $540-$800.
Apply on premises or
CUSHMAN, 240 W. 23d St.

207-209 WEST 87TH ST.
Just off Broadway.
Seven rooms and bath, $45-$50 per month.
Will Decorate to Suit.
Apply to Superintendent on premises.

FACING MORNINGSIDE PARK. THE ROSEMOUNT.
Morningside Ave., No. 65, near 121st St. 7 large light rooms, parquet floors; hall and telephone service. Rent $43 to $50. 4 rooms, rent $28. Apply on premises or agent, 507 5th Ave. Telephone 4520 Murray Hill.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.

STRICTLY **MILANO** FIREPROOF.
123-127 West 58th.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, extra maid's room and bath; continuous hall and elevator service; all improvements; completely renovated, and immediate possession; $1,800.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72nd St.
Eight large, light rooms; bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors; electric light; elevator service, day and night; convenient Subway, elevated stations, and all surface lines; $1,100-$1,800. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

---

36 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH
New 14-story high class fireproof apartment house; finest location on the Park; a few remaining attractive apartments, $1,200 up; concession for immediate occupancy.

NEW
University Court,
Near Columbia University,
70 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, COR. 117TH ST.
Every convenience known provided; view 50 miles from parlor windows; entrance with the splash of its fountains unsurpassed; undesirable tenants excluded; no dogs allowed.
5 Rooms $720
6 Corner Rooms 900
8 Rooms, 2 Baths .. 1,000
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER, 503 5TH AV.

THE ENDYMION
352 WEST 117TH ST.,
close to transit and park; a refined, select house for refined small families; six and seven light, sunny rooms; modern appointments; telephone extensions. Diagrams of Superintendent, or
Wilcox & Shelton,
2,107 7th Av., at 125th St.

THE CHESKNOLL,
160th St., 560 West. New modern apartment, with every convenience; unexcelled value.
3 Rooms (doctor's chance) $30.00
5 Rooms 35.00
6 Rooms 45.00
Apply on premises or agents.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
507 Fifth Ave. Tel. 4520 Murray Hill.

LIBERAL CONCESSIONS
To secure desirable tenants on three-year leases, owner is willing to make a very attractive proposition on apartments in
The Riverside Dwellings,
619 West 114th St.
Apartments consist of eight large rooms and two baths, parquet floors, French doors and every improvement. Rents—$1,200 to $1,500.
LEROY COVENTRY,
156 West 72d St.

The Hillcrest
430 West 116th St.
Facing Columbia University Grounds.
Modern Elevator Apartments
8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths
RENTS $1,500 to $1,800
Direct Sunlight in All Rooms
Parlors 18x28
Dining Rooms .. 14x19
Bedrooms. 14x16

NEW
VERSAILLES PALACE
605-607 WEST 113TH ST
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
6 ROOMS AND BATH, $1,000.
7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,450.
8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,600.
All rooms large and light, elevator and all modern improvements; unexcelled service.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE LANCASTER
605 W. 141, near Riverside Drive.
Near Subway. Modern elevator building. Select locality. Large, light room. Southern exposure. All night service.
7 Rooms—$65.
Liberal Concessions.

966-968 ST. NICHOLAS AVE.
NEAR 158TH ST.,
2 blocks from Subway station; high class, modern apartments, all improvements; 7 and 8 rooms, $37 to $45. Apply janitor, on premises.

Sublet Unfurnished, 6 Rooms
all outside, modern elevator house; regular rent $66; will sublet for $55; my lease expires Sept. 30, 1914. Gielta, 110 Morningside Drive, near 121st.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

Bargains
IN
Elevator Apartments
LOCATED ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS AND COLUMBIA COLLEGE DISTRICTS.

Two 4-room Apts., former rent $50,
Reduced to $35
Three 5-room Apts., former rent $60,
Reduced to $40
One 6-room Apt., former rent $80,
Reduced to $60
One 6-room Apt., former rent $70,
Reduced to $55
One 6-room Apt., former rent $65,
Reduced to $50
One 7-room Apt., former rent $75,
Reduced to $60
One 8-room Apt., former rent $90,
Reduced to $70

All outside, sunny rooms, high grade houses. Best of locations. Reduction is made to have houses fully rented.
Address Owner, N 872 Times Downtown.

The Columbus
10-story Fireproof Apartment
AT SUBWAY
Cor. 157th St. & B'way
2 Elevators
All Night Service
Fireproof protection for the same rent as non-fireproof Apartments

3	4	6	7 Rooms
$40	$45	$65	$75 Rents

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.
3787 Broadway, near 157th St.

HAGUE COURT
Near Columbia University,
400 West 118th, facing Morningside Park. View for 50 miles from parlor windows. Undesirable tenants excluded. No dogs allowed.
7 Large Rooms, 2 Toilets. $900
7 Large Rooms, 2 Toilets. 1,050
Immediate possession for two desirable families. Apply Superintendent, or
W. Alanson Alexander,
503 5th Av. Tele. 2718 Murray Hill.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
253 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

New Elevator Apartments of the highest type.
Now Ready for Inspection.

CHADEAU D'ARMS
46-52 Fort Washington Ave.
S. E. Corner 161st Street.
Exclusive residential section, overlooking the Hudson and Riverside Drive. Four short blocks from Broadway Subway station and two blocks from Amsterdam Av. surface cars.
Suites of 6 unusually large rooms with 2 baths and spacious foyer hall, ample closet space, every homelike convenience and comfort.
Rents $65-$67.
Friedman Construction Co.,
Owners and Builders, on Premises.

THE RIDGEFIELD
629-631 WEST 135TH ST.,
One door from Riverside Drive.
4-5-6 Large Rooms and Bath.
Elevator, 'phone and all latest improvements.
$35.00 to $55.00.
Representative on premises.

The RIGA COURT
534-536 West 152d St.
Near Broadway.
4-5-7 LARGE ROOMS AND BATH.
Elevator, Phone, Mail Chute and all latest improvements.
7-room apart., suitable for dentist or doctor.
$35.00 to $65.00
Representative on Premises.

RAVENWOOD
700 W. 180th St., S. W. Cor. B'way.
2 blocks from 181st Subway; highest elevation in City; Elevator Apts., every improvement; spacious closet room.
6 Extra Large Light Rooms.
$50-$60
Knap & Wasson Co., Agents,
4249 Broadway, at 181st St.

Michigan, Illinois, Louisiana.
507-517 WEST 113TH ST.
Absolutely Fireproof High-Class Buildings.
2-4-5-6 Rooms, $450 to $900.

FINLEY MANOR
St. Nicholas Ave., Edgecombe Ave., and 139th St.
Just completed. Highest Type Elevator House.
2-3-4-5 Rooms, $600 to $780.

Select West Side Apartments

West Point Court
S. E. Cor. Riverside Drive and 135th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms
each having a view of the River; plenty of air and sunshine; all modern improvements.
Rents $65 to $90

7-9 W. 108th St.
near Central Park West; convenient to "L," Subway and all surface lines.
4 and 5 Rooms
Rents $30 to $48
A high class house, having elevator, telephone, electric light, and all modern improvements.

Galanthea
510 WEST 113TH ST.
Between Broadway & Amsterdam Av.
5 Rooms and Bath
Rents $45 to $50
All improvements, electric lights, telephone, &c.; hall service.

Barryholm
S. E. Cor. B'way & 164th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
5, 6, 7 Rooms and 2 Baths
Rents $55 to $70

The Phaeton
537 West 112th St., near Broadway.
Modern Fireproof Building.
Exceptionally Desirable Apartments.
6-7 Rooms and 2 Baths
Rents $100 to $125

The Quidnet
526 W. 113th St., near Broadway.
8-story fireproof Apartment House.
6 Rooms and Bath
Rent $87.50

Fairholm
503 West 121st St. Near Amsterdam Avenue.
Facing Columbia College Grounds.
6 Rooms and Bath
Rents $50 to $55

THOS. J. O'REILLY
Broadway and 109th Street — Telephone 9700 River.

Choice Elevator Apartments
AT VERY MODERATE RENTALS.

3 RMS	Special for physician or dentist: THE WELLWYN,	260 West 72d St., 1st fl. front.	$1200
4 RMS	DARTMOUTH,	509 West 110th Street.....	$750
5 ROOMS	WELLWYN,	260 West 72nd Street....	$1400 up
	VICTORIA,	Riverside Dr., Cor. 97th St.	$720
	BROADVIEW,	606 West 116th Street....	$900
6 ROOMS	VICTORIA,	Riverside Dr., cor. 97th St.	$1050
	DARTMOUTH,	509 West 110th Street....	$1200
	ST. ALBANS,	515 West 110th Street....	$1100
	FIORA VILLE,	616 West 116th Street...	$780 up
	BARNARD COURT,	15 Claremont Avenue.....	$1250
7 ROOMS	VICTORIA,	Riverside Dr., Cor. 97th St.	$1000 up
	COLUMBIA COURT,	431 Riverside Drive	$1350 up
	BROADVIEW,	606 West 116th Street...	$1250 up
	FIORA VILLE,	616 West 116th Street...	$1000
	BARNARD COURT,	15 Claremont Avenue....	$1350
8 ROOMS	OSBORNE,	174 West 79th Street.....	$1500
	DARTMOUTH,	509 West 110th Street...	$1500 up
	ST. ALBANS,	515 West 110th Street....	$1600
	COLUMBIA COURT,	431 Riverside Drive	$1000 up
9 RMS	THE WELLWYN,	260 West 72nd Street....	$2800 up

Superintendent on premises will show apartments, or apply to
EARLE & CA HOUN
Phone 5116 Columbus — S. W. Cor. B'way and 72nd Street

43 Fifth Av.,
N. E. Corner 11th St.
One 9 Room Apartment and 3 Baths
One 10 Room Apartment and 3 Baths
Mark Rafalsky & Company
527 Fifth Avenue at 44th Street

In the Heart of the City
43 to 51 East 58th Street
Housekeeping Apartments of
7 Rooms & 2 Baths
$1260 to $1650
Modern Steel Fireproof Buildings
8 Stories; Standard Service
REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT CO.
Broadway at 98th Street
or Agent on premises

555 Park Ave.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 62D ST.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
10 to 13 Rooms
3 & 4 Baths
$3,750 to $6,000
An apartment furnished by Huber & Co. open for inspection.
Pease & Elliman, Agents, 340 Madison Av. Tel., 6200—Murray Hill.

TEL. MURRAY HILL—6960. **EDGAR A. LEVY,** 505 FIFTH AV.

THE CLARK
1,211 Madison Av.
High Class Apartments of
9 Rooms & 2 Baths
Rents $1,800

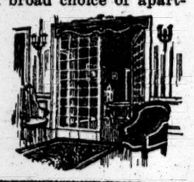
THE METEOR
77 East 89th St.
Apartments of
9 Rooms & 2 Baths
Rental $1,600

BEACONSFIELD
S. E. Cor. Riverside Drive & 136th St.
Magnificent View of Hudson River.
5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
$780

HUDSON-FULTON
S. E. Cor. Broadway and 136th St.
One Block from Subway Station.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
$840 to $1,080

375 PARK Ave
Fifty-second to Fifty-third Streets
Apartments Now Being Leased to Approved Tenants.

THE private ballroom for entertainments too elaborate for tenants' individual apartments is one of the many features of No. 375 Park Avenue. A broad choice of apartment arrangement. Both Simplex and Duplex Suites. No expense has been spared toward making this New York's finest apartment house.



8 to 12 Rooms, 3 to 4 Baths.
Rentals $2,300 to $6,000.
Restaurant "Voysin" on the premises will open October 1st.

801 WEST END AVE.
Northwest Corner 99th St.
Recently Completed.
Formerly Bennington Corners South.
6, 7, 8 rooms with 2 baths. Principal rooms have southern exposure.
Rents $1,100 to $2,200.
Absolutely fire and sound proof. Every improvement.
Renting Agent on premises, or
Fred'k Zittel & Sons, Broadway and 79th St.

ADMASTON
N. W. Corner Broadway at 89th St.
Apartments of
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms; 2 and 3 Baths.
Rentals $1,200 to $2,200.

EVANSTON
West End Ave. and 90th St.
Doctor's Apartments, private entrance.
These apartments are under the direct supervision of the owners, assuring careful selection of tenants and first-class service.
MANAGER ON PREMISES. TELEPHONE RIVERSIDE 7793.
MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY,
71 Broadway.

42 E. 66th St.
6 or 7 Rooms and 3 Baths
Entire floor, one apartment
$2,300—$3,000
New Building
Important Special Features
For further information inquire on premises, or at our office
10 East 45th St.
Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co

105 E. 53rd St.
Simplex and Duplex
New Building
4, 5, 6, 8 Rooms and 2 Baths
$1,200 to $2,600
For further information inquire on premises, or at our office
10 East 45th St.
Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

THE MARKEEN
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
570 WEST 156TH ST., at B'way
NEAR 157TH ST. SUBWAY.
ELEGANT LIGHT
4 & 5 Rooms and Bath, $40 to $55.
EXQUISITE SERVICE—TEL. 5870 AUD'B'N.

THE HILIERS
227 W. 141ST ST., 140th St. L Station.
Large, Light 5 & 6 Rooms.
Can be leased on the most reasonable terms. Tel. 1540 Audubon.

Latham --- Rodna
Morningside Ave., East
122d to 123d Sts.
Overlooking Park, Convenient to "L" and all Surface Lines
4 to 7 Rooms
Rents $40 to $70
Elevator, Hall and Telephone Service
PORTER & CO.
159 W. 125th St.

526-532 W. 112th St.
Near Broadway.
5 Rooms,
Rents $35 to $42.
Steam heat, hot water, electric light, private telephone and hall service day and night. Apply on premises.

REED HOUSE
Broadway at 121st Street
7 rooms $900-$1,140
This house is managed by owner living on premises.

The Sevillia
Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Unfurnished apartment of 5 rooms and bath; also one of 2 rooms and bath, from Oct. 1.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

19 East 57th Street.
2 and 3 rooms and bath.....$1,000 to $1,800
4 rooms, kitchenette and bath.....$2,500
Doctor's office, 2 rooms & bath, ground floor..$1,100.
Elevator service, all improvements. Apply on premises or Alvan W. Perry, 30 Nassau St. Phone John 560.

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
201 E. 30th St., Corner.
4 Rooms.....$30 to $38
5 Rooms.....$40 to $42

"DEVONSHIRE,"
542 West 112th St.,
S. E. Cor. Broadway.
Ten-story fireproof building; personal attention of management; high class service guaranteed; six large rooms, foyer, reception hall; seven large rooms, foyer, reception hall, two and three baths.
$1,200 to $1,600.

"KATAHDIN,"
567 West 113th St.,
N. E. Cor. Broadway.
Eight very large rooms; finest appointments; extensive view; very large chambers; one top floor to rent.
$1,600 Per Annum.

"GROSVENOR,"
548 Riverside Drive,
Opp. Claremont Casino.
Six and seven large rooms; beautiful river view; very convenient to transit lines; most reasonable prices on the Drive; perfect appointments; refined decorations.
$720 to $1,000.

"BORDEAUX,"
549 Riverside Drive,
S. E. Cor. 127th St.
Seven and eight very large rooms; perfect river view in all directions; every modern convenience; convenient to all transit lines; high class in every respect. Manager on premises.
Seven Rooms, $1,000 Yearly.
Eight Rooms, $1,200 Yearly.

"CRESCENT COURT,"
195 Claremont Av.,
S. W. Corner 127th St.
Very convenient location; house equipped with every convenience.
Four Rooms....$420 to $480
Five Rooms.....540 to 600
Six Rooms.....660 to 780
Seven Rooms....780 to 840

"THE ROXBURY,"
540 West 122d St.,
S. E. Cor. Broadway.
Five Rooms, $600 Yearly.
Six Rooms, $780 Yearly
Splendid location; exceptional value.

Representatives at above premises, or
Wm. P. Sheridan,
434—Morningside. 549 Riverside Drive.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Non-Housekeeping Apartments
2 and 3 large outside rooms, with bath; modern in detail; day and night elevator attendance; vacuum cleaning, maid service, mail chute, open fireplaces, ample closet room; special restaurant feature, with meals served in apartments.
Rents from $720 to $1,500.
507 Madison Av.
Corner 53d Street.
Superintendent always on premises.
'Phone, Plaza—6070.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Ave.
THE MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
ATTRACTIVE APARMENTS, 8 ROOMS AND BATH, MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. ELEVATOR SERVICE FOR MAIDS.
VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION.
$1,600 and $1,650.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

LARGE STUDIO
Exceptionally Good North Light.
Large bedroom and bath; outside rooms; special storage space; maid service; special restaurant feature, with meals served in rooms.
507 Madison Ave.
S. E. Corner 53d St. (new art centre).
Superintendent always on premises.
'Phone, Plaza—6070.

THE KING
56 to 60 East 87th St.
A high-class elevator apartment; night service; up-to-date improvements; one suitable for physician.
6 beautiful large light rooms, $750 to $900

PROSPECT HILL,
1,270 Madison Av. (91st).—7-8 large, sunny rooms; elevator; immediate possession; $85-$75.
Broadway REMCO 95th Street

Choice Apartment.
Fifth Avenue
No. 636
Corner of 51st St.
ONE APARTMENT ON EACH FLOOR.
ALL LARGE AND AIRY OUTSIDE ROOMS.
Apply to own Broker, or Superintendent on premises.

120 EAST 31st ST.
HIGHEST CLASS FIREPROOF APARTMENT, 8 ROOMS, BATH, ETC.; CONTINUOUS ELEVATOR SERVICE; CENTRAL LOCATION; CONVENIENT TO ALL RAILROAD STATIONS, SUBWAY AND TRANSIT LINES. RENT $1,500. APPLY ON PREMISES, OR McVICKAR GAILLARD REALTY CO., 489 FIFTH AV., AT 42D ST.

20 EAST 60TH ST.
We are remodeling this fine old house into apartments; one on a floor. For anyone leasing now, we could alter to suit.
$1,000 TO $1,800.
F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co., 373 FIFTH AVENUE.

Lenox Hill
937 Madison Av., S. E. Cor. 77th St.
7 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rent $1,800.
Fireproof Building.
See Superintendent.

The Carlton
157 EAST 81ST ST.
New fireproof elevator apartments, (two only,) six extra large rooms, spacious bathroom, showers, separate maids' conveniences; $900-$1,100; also one apartment, three extra large rooms, spacious bath; $600. Supt.

THE WITHINGTON,
16 EAST 60TH STREET.
Bachelor Apartments with Service, $600 to $900 per annum.
FREDERICK T. BARRY CO., 646 Madison Avenue.

KINGS COURT APARTMENT,
MADISON AVENUE, 87TH STREET.
Attractive corners, 7, 9 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, elevator, electric light; cheapest apartments on Manhattan, location, improvements considered. Premises of KAVANAGH, 998 MADISON AV.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service.
RENTALS $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

Bachelor Apartments, 142 East 22d St.
Newly constructed, high class, Apartments of two rooms and bath, four rooms and two baths. Decorated to suit.
Very desirable studio, northern exposure. Moderate rents.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Hollywood
S. E. Corner 94th St. and Madison Av.
BEAUTIFUL CORNER APARTMENTS, eight large rooms and two baths; modern improvements; all night elevator service; park view; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

THE SUSSEX
55 EAST 68TH ST.
Choicest residential section. Private house block; apartment 7 or 8 rooms, with southerly and westerly exposures. All sunny; $1,750. Extra maids' rooms.
Immediate possession. Ownership management.

Gramercy Court,
152 EAST 22D ST.
3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 room elevator apartments; all latest improvements; central location; rents, $35 to $75. Apply on premises.

BRONX.

Lenox Hill
937 Madison Av., S. E. Cor. 77th St.
7 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rent $1,800.
Fireproof Building.
See Superintendent.

The Hunts Point
163rd and Simpson St.
Southern Boulevard
3 Elevators
All Night Service
Private Park for Tenants
3 4 5 6 7 8 Rooms
$30 $40 $50 $55 $60 $75 Rents
Plenty of Closet Space
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson Street Station
A. ARENT CO.,
1010 East 163rd Street

Watson A-RE-CO Apartments
5 Rooms—$26-$30.
Take Bronx Park Subway to Simpson Street Station and then walk or ride (three minutes) on Westchester Avenue to Boynton, Elder, Wheeler, or Evergreen Avenues.

BROOKLYN.

"The Rosemuir"
New Buildings Ready October 1st
Caton Av., E. 17th to E. 18th St.
Finest of All Modern Apartments, in Beautiful Flatbush, near Prospect Park.
3 to 6 Rooms and Bath
and corner apartment suitable for doctor.
RENTS $27 to $55
Brighton Beach "L," Church Av. Station at Corner. 20 Minutes to Manhattan.
Apply on premises every day, including Sunday, or
ARLES REALTY CO., INC., OWNERS.
ARTHUR PINOVER, President.
16 Court St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 895.

1585-1601 BEDFORD AVE.
One block south of Eastern Parkway, near Prospect Park.
4 and 5 rooms and bath, with all improvements; parquet floors, electric lights; exceptionally handsome panelled dining rooms and hardwood trim; steam heat and hot water; resident janitor.
RENTS $26 to $32.
See Superintendent on premises, or
ARTHUR H. WATERMAN
185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

BRONX.

THE MORRIS AND BURNSIDE ARMS
179th St. and Morris Ave.
block from 180th Crosstown Cars.
Quiet residential section.
3, 4 and 5 Rooms
New Modern
Elevator Apartments
Rentals $288 to $552
Insurpassed Day and Night Hall and Elevator Service.
Under direct management of the owners.

BROOKLYN. BROOKLYN.

"THE WOODHULL"
62-66 PIERREPONT STREET.
"THE GRAYDON"
68-74 MONTAGUE STREET.
Accessible to Manhattan and within ten minutes of Wall Street.
NEW 8-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDINGS. ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
4, 5 and 6 rooms and bath, with ample closet space; every known modern improvement; liberal house attendance. Rents $45 to $90.
Apply on premises or
ARTHUR H. WATERMAN,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Real Estate

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

MOUNT KISCO, N. Y.
Fine residence on high ground; three minutes from station; 10 rooms, bath, electric light, hot water heat, hardwood floors; sewer; convenient to school, churches, stores; one acre ground; large barn and carriage room; fruit trees. Owner, 200 Times.

Farm, 110 acres, fine home, 60 miles from New York; one mile to market; vineyard, orchard; good soil. K 108 Times.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

Winter home for sale, $14,000; 9 rooms, 3 baths; all improvements; large plot; right of way to pier and bathing beach; 50 minutes Grand Central; golf, tennis, and yacht clubs near; excellent neighborhood and environment. Badgley, Jones & Good, 505 5th Av. 710 Murray Hill.

Real Estate—Out of City.

For Sale.—Few thousand acres magnificent Mississippi land near New Orleans at $5 per acre; biggest bargain in the South. Address Owner, K 128 Times.

Real Estate Wanted.

$20,000 to loan at 6 per cent., Rockaway or Arverne, in sums of $5,000. George Meyer, 1,102 Lexington Av.

Wanted in Spuyten Duyvil, home or home site in more desirable section; moderate price. M 161 Times.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY AT 5%, 5½%, and 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Building Material

AMERICAN ROOFING AND PAINT CO., Tel. 4698 John. 79 Maiden Lane.
Roofing, steam, boiler, and pipe coverings; all repairs guaranteed.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

48th St., 20 West.—Private family only; four-story and basement house; 18 rooms, 4 baths; three-story extension; electric light; hardwood floors; immediate possession. Caretaker, or Charles C. Bull, 27 William St. 'Phone 587 Broad.

213 WEST 122D ST., NEAR 7TH AV.
8-story and basement dwelling; 8 rooms, 2 baths large hall, living room; newly renovated; in perfect order; rent, $840. Caretaker on premises. Remco, Broadway and 98th St. Telephone 1300 Riverside.

55th St., 127 East.—For sale or rent, furnished or unfurnished, 19-foot modern house, 13 rooms, 5 baths, back parlor extension; fine private street; free rent to Oct. 1. Herbert A. Sherman, 114 Liberty St.

152D ST., 516 WEST.—Ten-room private house; big reduction in rent to good tenant on long lease. Jewish, 36 East 29th St.

Country Property

For Sale or To Let.

Larchmont.—9 rooms, 2 baths, furnished or unfurnished, up-to-date stucco house; sun parlor; rent or sell. Box 482 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

DESIRABLE SITES.
WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER.
VACANT LOTS WELL LOCATED;
LARGE LOFTS—FACING EAST RIVER.
APPLY BROOKMAN ESTATES, 52 EXCHANGE PLACE.

27th St., between Broadway and 6th Av., adjoining corner, 20-foot dwelling to lease for a long term on a net rental.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

NEW STORE AND BASEMENT,
41 East 41st St.
Near Subway and in Terminal Zone.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN, 114 Liberty St.

17-19-21-23 WEST 31ST ST.
Several large stores at rentals from $720 and up.
WM. HARVEY, Superintendent.

5 WEST 16TH STREET.
Store, 20x70, $80; Parlor Story, $60.
Phone 3106 Chelsea.
Brokers full commission.

Store, 45x23, for rent in Chelsea Hotel Building; two large show windows. Apply Chelsea Hotel, West 23d St.

40th St., 66 West.—Small front parlor, suitable studio, office; private house; references.

5 W. 16th St.—Bachelor apartments and skylight studios; rent $30-$45. Tel. 3196 Chel.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

A LITTLE GEM.
Examine 453 Convent Avenue, (149th St.) four-story American basement dwelling, eleven rooms, electric light, parquet floors; little cash necessary; fine condition. Caretaker.
PRICE ONLY $13,000.

Builder, hard up for cash, will sell new first-class income property in Manhattan or Bronx at a sacrifice. Builder, 506 Times Downtown.

Private house, Broadway and 105th St., $21,000. Crane, 383 West 116th St.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

100 acres in Bronx; estate will sell at bargain and make liberal terms. Frank L. Fisher Co., 148 West 72d St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

531 9TH ST.,
near Prospect Park West, Brooklyn; beautiful limestone front, two-story and basement, 2-family house; 12 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements; possession; price, $11,000. Eltoma Realty Company, owner, 180 Montague St.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

A real estate corporation, owning valuable unimproved property in the heart of thriving city of 25,000 inhabitants, forty minutes from New York, desires to sell its entire holdings; amount required about $15,000; owners are unable to give property deserved attention, therefore would sell; an unusual opportunity; satisfactory terms can be arranged. Address "D. C.," 108 Times Downtown.

Twelve-room house; two baths; fine condition; every modern improvement; on corner plot, 125x100 feet, at Mount Vernon, for rent, $100 a month.
FIRST MORTGAGE & REAL ESTATE CO., 30 East 42d St., New York.

Bronxville.—Attractive suburban homes for rent and sale; rental, $30 a month to $250 a month; exceptional building plots. Grantan Realty and Construction Co., Inc., Bronxville, N. Y.

FOR RENT OR SALE.
A new 7-room cottage; all improvements; half hour from New York on Putnam Road; easy terms. Address E. Van Keuren, Hastings-on-Hudson.

Absolute Sacrifice.—30 acres, 9 rooms, 2 baths; excellent location. Angell, 507 5th Av.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Freeport, Near the Bay.—New house, eight rooms, bath, built for all year; crackling fireplace and steam heat in Winter, and half block from Summer boating and bathing; rents in Summer for $400; will rent now for one year $400, or sell for $4,200; easy terms; fine neighborhood. M 135 Times.

Babylon, Long Island.—Prettiest town, 55 minutes out from 33d St. and 7th Av.; new house; six rooms and bath; piazzas front and side; 50x150 plot laid out in lawn, flower garden, vegetable garden, greenery; price, $2,500; easy terms. M 133 Times.

Forced to sell bungalow; needs some repairs; 7 rooms and bath; gas, electricity; large plot; fine bathing beach; all-year home; 28 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; will sell cheap to right party. B. Edwards, 60 Times.

Westbury.—Large, new house, eight rooms and bath; all improvements; delightful location; plot 100x101; price, $6,200; easy terms. M 132 Times.

$6,500 buys beautiful new home; 9 big rooms; large plot; near by; all year; thirty minutes; choicest section. Builder, 123 Times Downtown.

Choice 100-foot corner plot, best section of Long Beach, near ocean; bargain price. Address Owner, 170 West 88th St., N. Y.

House, five rooms and bath, less than an hour out; can be secured for (full price) $1,000; terms. M 136 Times.

Best located plot, 2½ lots, in Forest Hills Gardens, for sale; easy terms; monthly payments. K 3 Times.

Plot 105x300; only 55 minutes out; houses all around; $675; sacrifice. M 134 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

SACRIFICE, $5,000, VERY EASY TERMS —Modern concrete country house of seven rooms, tiled bath, big, fully equipped pantry, laundry in cellar; spacious verandas. All conveniences, electricity, steam heat, parquet floors; dining room walls are paneled in oak; beamed ceilings; best hardware. Fine restricted neighborhood; high and dry; one-half acre tree-shaded grounds, with actual ownership on mountain lake with over eight miles of shore front; 800 ft. elevn.; no fogs or mosquitos. See this house; compare it with any $7,500 house in the market. I have photographs and particulars. Send, call, or phone for them. M. KELLEY, P. O. Box 502, New York City. Tel. 1022 Cort.

AT RUTHERFORD, N. J.—Beautiful town, 9½ miles, 29 minutes from City Hall; A FINE HOUSE, 8 rooms, 20-foot living room, slate roof, copper leaders, all improvements; on DEEP LOT, 60x140, with chicken yard, excellent fruit, and shade; on HIGH HILL; fine view; only 6 minutes to station; $4,500; terms, $500 cash, balance easy, more ground can be had. VAN MATER, Shafer Building, Rutherford.

HILLSDALE HOUSES, $3,000 UP.
In hills Northern Jersey, charming new 6 and 8-room houses and 6-room bungalows; all improvements; 4 minutes to station; 42 minutes Hudson Tubes; exceptional terms; would rent to prospective buyers. Hillsdale Estates, 802 Singer Building.

CRANFORD HOUSES AND BUNGALOWS, $3,000 to $5,000, on large plots; terms as rent; sewer, every improvement; near station; commutation 10½c; special inducement to immediate possession; lots accepted in part payment. Shaheen, Cranford, N. J.

Bungalows, 6 and 7 rooms; every improvement; five minutes station and country club; magnificent view; $4,500; easy terms; would rent to intending buyer. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Exceptionally fine old country home, with modern improvements; large grounds, barn, garden, fruit; fine neighborhood. Youngs, 674 Springfield Av.

For Rent.—Little farm, one acre, near station, hour out; house 5 rooms; modern bath; steam heat; $25 monthly. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Furnished house in beautiful mountain lakes city; conveniences; one hour from Herald Square, (Lackawanna.) Phone 6130 Columbus particulars.

Charming bungalow; 3 rooms; rustic porch; brick fireplace; shaded plot; $645; terms; commutation 13c. Owner, 59 Times Downtown.

"NUTLEY IN A NUTSHELL."
All about "The Ideal Home Town."
Secretary, Box 314, Nutley, N. J.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

HIGH CLASS, $55 TO $75.
Four or six rooms, completely furnished; elevator, telephone; fine location. 5 W. 104th.

Completely furnished 7 rooms and bath; central location; moderate rent; very desirable and attractive. G. Gresham, 316 Hudson St.

Very desirable single rooms, with bath; also choice 2 and 3 room suites at most attractive rates. HOTEL WALLICK, 43d & B'way.

For two gentlemen, four rooms and kitchenette, furnished, about $45; references exchanged. Address "J," 225 West End Av.

120 West 86th St.—Attractive apartment to rent for one year, furnished; seven rooms and three baths. Apply Apartment 11A.

86TH ST., 204 WEST.—Sublet beautifully furnished eight rooms, elevator apartment; excellent location. Hanford.

Two-room apartment, near Columbia University; newly furnished; $65. Answer, Z 290 Times.

100th, 253 West.—Furnished apartment in modern private house; charming and exclusive.

Three-room apartment, near Columbia University; newly furnished; $35. Z 291 Times.

Eight-room apartment, on Riverside Drive; elegantly furnished; $225. Z 293 Times.

Five-room apartment; nicely furnished; near Columbia University. Z 292 Times.

East Side.

Eight rooms, two baths; 981 Park Av., corner 83d; $1,650, six months; references required. C. M. Wood.

An elegantly furnished 7-8 room apartment, Park Av. corner. 75 East 81st St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

THE CHESTERSHIRE,
368-370 West 183d Street.
1½ blocks from Subway Station; modern six-story elevator apartment; 6 rooms and bath, $47.50; 7 rooms, 2 bay windows and bath, $60 and $65. Superintendent on premises.

THE SAVILLE, CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS, 420 West 118th St.—Five and six rooms and bath; all improvements; elevator; vacuum cleaner; roof chairs; free fiction library; private or public dining room; owner on premises; $45 to $55; choicest location in city.

THE LINCOLN,
306-310 West 91st St.
Attractive apartment, four and five large, light rooms, bath, elevator, all modern improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON,
318-328 West 51st St.
Attractive apartments, six, seven, eight large, light rooms, bath, elevator; all improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

504 West 22d St., adjoining cor. of 10th Av.; lower part private house; 6 large rooms with direct light and air; all improvements; in perfect order; rent $27.50; possession. Firm L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St.

113th St., 226 West, (The Kensington.)—6-7 large, light rooms; elevator; every modern convenience; select neighborhood; near Park. Don't fail to see these most desirable apartments; moderate rental.

NEAR BROADWAY.
109th St., 204 West; five rooms and bath; beautiful apartment; electricity, telephone, hall service; hardwood floors, &c.; beautiful entrance; management owner; rent $33 to $45.

THE HOWELL,
510 West 124th St., between Amsterdam and Broadway; high-class elevator apartments; 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms; latest improvements; $30 to $50; all night elevator and telephone service.

93d St., 44 West.—Quiet, well managed house; one apartment to each floor; eight rooms with private hall and tiled bath; beautifully decorated; perfect light; excellent rear; rent $60.

118th St., 421 West.—Night and day hall service; telephone each apartment; near Columbia University and Morningside Drive; six front rooms; $45; decorate to suit.

118th, 203 West.—Six rooms, $27-$32; newly decorated, all improvements; near Central and Morningside Parks, Subway, "L." Janitor.

109th, 245-247 West.—Four rooms, new decorating, steam heated halls and closets; near Broadway, Riverside Drive; $22. Janitor.

Wadsworth Av., 86-88.—Cheapest rents Washington Heights; all imp'v'ts; 5-6 rooms; $28-$42; Broadway Subway to 181st. Janitor.

104th, 218 West.—6 extra large rooms, near B'way Sub., "L." Riverside and Central Parks; all imp'v'ts; 2d floor; $45. Janitor.

8 rooms, 237 West 135th St.; large, light rooms; every modern improvement; convenient to Subway, elevated; reasonable rent.

98th, 108 West.—8 rooms, just decorated; all improvements; near Subway, Central, Riverside Parks; 2d-4th floors, $45. Janitor.

Apartments of 1-2-3 rooms and bath; 26 West 43d St. and others. Apply D. R. Jamieson, Supt., 500 5th Av.

Apartment 7 large rooms and bath, first floor, 251 West 100th St., between Broadway and West End Av.

26 West 48th St.—Doctor's offices, unfurnished; long lease; electricity; hardwood floors.

317 West 124th St., (Near 8th Av.)—Six large rooms and bath; steam heat; $28-$30. Janitor.

Corner Apartment, 75 West 71st.—Seven large rooms, bath, $55; modern improvements.

Washington Place, 88.—Seven large rooms; steam, hot water; parquet floors, electricity.

116th, 364 West, (near Morningside Park.)—Six rooms, bath; $22. Janitor, premises.

Seven large rooms; decorated to suit; steam; &c. 74 West 89th.

East Side.

Studio apartment, with all conveniences; studio with alcove, bedroom, bathroom, and good closet space; exceptional, $660 per annum. 146 East 39th St.

48 EAST 89TH ST.
Southeast corner Madison Av.; apartment of 8 large rooms, $75; also inside apartment of 7 rooms, $50; modern improvements.

28 EAST 35TH STREET.—Southwest cor. Madison Av., new apartments, 2 and 3 rooms & bath, $660 to $1,020. Apply on premises or Alvan W. Perry, 29 Nassau St.; phone John 800.

Choice two-room apartment, bath, heat, electric light, parquet floors, service; $35. Premises, 137 East 34th St., near Lexington.

57TH ST., 137 EAST.
Two and three rooms and bath; newly remodeled; rents moderate. Inquire on premises.

82D, 115 EAST.—Large, light 7-room apartment; all modern improvements; running water in bedrooms; choice location; $40.

57th St., 25 East.—Handsome unfurnished apartments; excellent location; telephone, private bath, electricity.

Corner apartment of 7 rooms, all improvements, electric light. 101 E. 75th St., corner Park Av.

For Rent.—Studio apartment; very large room; all improvements; from Oct. 1. 22 East 10th St.

123d St, 103 East.—Seven, eight large rooms; newly renovated; steam, hot water; $30, $35.

Brooklyn.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR AN UP-TO-DATE HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT WHY NOT LOOK AT 1,283-89 DEAN ST.? Seven and eight large, light, airy rooms and bath; ample closet space; all improvements; parquet floors, steam heat, hot water, electric light; rents, $45 to $52.50. See Superintendent, on premises or
ARTHUR H. WATERMAN,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Just finished, elegant six and seven room apartments, all improvements; best section of Eastern Parkway. 709 Eastern Parkway.

Bronx.

Boston Road, 1,024, (near 165th St.)—High-class 5, 6, and 7 rooms; electric light; parquet floors; bath; phone; well kept house.

Boston Road, 1,125.—Block above 166th St. "L" station; new house; highest class; four and five rooms.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-606 West 48th Telephone 2067 Bryant

Schools.

CATHEDRAL SCHOOL OF SAINT MARY.
Garden City, Long Island, N. Y.
A school for girls; 19 miles from New York. Healthful location; spacious buildings. Excellent advantages in music and art. General and college preparatory courses.
MISS MIRIAM A. BYTEL, Principal.

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT by expert; will increase your chest 3 inches; upper arm 1 inch, in 25 lessons. Gymnasium, 3 East 40th St. Robert Sohlmann.

PRIVATE SHORTHAND and Secretarial Courses. Terms reasonable. Mrs. Grace Nieman, 646 West End Av., (91st St.) Riverside 8067.

The Prunera Studios of Spanish.—Conversation and correspondence carefully taught; day and ev'gs. 99 Wall St. and 204 W. 96th St.

Parents and guardians may always safely consult the advertising columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES for schools of merit. THE TIMES publishes a large list of such schools just now. Consult it.—Adv.

Pianos and Organs.

Player piano, standard make, latest improvements; 88-note; sell at sacrifice. 310 W. 42d.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

APARTMENTS, Furnished or Unfurnished.
1 Room, bath and Kitchenette..... $20
2 Rooms, bath and Kitchenette..... $30
3 Rooms, bath and Kitchenette..... $50
4 Rooms, bath and Kitchenette..... $80
Parlor Floor for Business..... $125
Also 3 and 4 Rooms and bath in Apartment Hotel, from $1,400 per year up. Apply Renting Agency,
32 East 58th St., Cor. Madison Ave.

FURNISHED APARTMENT OVERLOOKING MORNINGSIDE PARK; SEVEN ROOMS, ALL SOUTHERN AND EASTERN EXPOSURE; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE; COMPLETELY FURNISHED IN GENUINE MAHOGANY, WITH LINEN, DISHES, SILVER, ETC.; WILL SUB-LET FOR NINE OR TWELVE MONTHS. HARMAN, 100 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, PHONE 3118 MORNINGSIDE.

Attention! Cosily furnished six large rooms, second floor front, near Riverside Drive, within two blocks Broadway Subway express station and all surface cars; elevator, bath, steam heat, hot water, telephone, electricity, hall service, player piano, china, glass ware, &c.; $125. Mr. Townsend, Supt., 310 West 97th St., or 'phone J. Rae, 4395 Murray Hill.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.
6, 8, 9 rooms and two baths, newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3547.

330TH ST., 52 WEST.
Apartment, two rooms and bath, seven windows, rear suite; southerly, easterly, westerly exposure; beautifully furnished in old mahogany; electricity; telephone with continuous switchboard service.

BEAUTIFUL 5 ROOMS, ELEVATOR, SUNSHINE EVERY ROOM; MAHOGANY; FIREPROOF; SUBWAY AT CORNER; $135 MONTH FOR SEASON OR YEAR; ADULTS ONLY. 515 WEST 110TH.

86th St., (near 5th Av.)—Eight rooms, three baths; new building; beautifully and completely furnished; long or short lease; $350 month. W. M. Ostrander, Inc., real estate, 12 West 31st St.

Lost

LOST—Union Pacific Railroad Company Common Stock Certificate No. 280,962 for 100 shares in the name of "Charles D. Smith." Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicate should not be issued. Reward offered for return. Charles D. Smith, 83 Cedar St.

LOST.—Sept. 23, at Gimbel's or Macy's, or on Broadway, black jet bracelet, set with pearls; intrinsic value small, but heirloom. Suitable reward will be paid on its return to Mrs. Curtis, Knickerbocker Hotel, and no questions asked.

LOST.—Sept. 23, 11th st. or 5th Av. to 13th St., lady's black silk bag, containing glasses, case, money, and papers. Reward for return to Room 501, 165 Broadway.

LOST.—Gold ring, set with three diamonds, in ladies' dressing room Waldorf-Astoria, Sept. 9; $200 reward for return. Address G 26 Times.

LOST—Gold circle pin, four small stones, neighborhood Broadway, 113th St.; valued associations only; reward. Moore, 517 West 113th.

LOST—Between Wall St. and Park Row, a jeweled Alpha Delta Phi pin. Reward if returned to Room 163, 90 Broadway.

LOST.—Small Masonic watch fob, Tuesday morning; reward. Room 515, 111 Broadway.

LOST—Gold bracelet watch; reward. Fleischman, 46 East 83d St.

LOST—Purse, containing money, key, watch, Central Park; reward. 64 West 96th.

LOST.—Between 48th and East 34th, topaz pin with pearls; reward. 38 West 48th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Public Notices

MR. MAX MAYER, FORMERLY WITH Stern-Mayer Commercial Company, announces herewith that he has not been connected with said concern since January, 1913, and will not be responsible for any dealings or transactions under said name. MAX MAYER, Importer of Turkish Tobaccos, 93-99 Nassau St., New York City.

Business Opportunities.

$10,000 OR $5,000 MAY BE INVESTED FOR 5 YEARS AT 10%, SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS ON A PLANT WITH A FORCED SALE VALUATION OF $25,000. FULLEST OPPORTUNITY GIVEN FOR MOST RIGID INVESTIGATION. APPLY Z 285 TIMES.

PARTNERS
YOU AND YOUR DOLLARS
Our selling plan offers you an opportunity to own and control an independent sales business over as much open territory as you can cover; a commercial and household service for cheaper refrigeration; sells readily to hotels, restaurants, meat, and provision stores and households.
COLD RADIATOR COMPANY,
1,828 Broadway.

Have United States patent for machine to sterilize water; prices already a complete commercial success in European countries; want limited capital to put machine on the market; a genuine opportunity for a shrewd investor; no heat used. Address for details, tests, &c., S. Ginsberg, 1,062 Park Avenue, New York City.

PRINTER'S PARTNERSHIP
OPPORTUNITY.
Superintendent has chance to acquire desirable up-to-date plant on easy terms, as owner has other interests; practical man wanted with moderate capital as partner. Address Results, K 125 Times.

For Sale.—Great bargain; good-will and lease in furnishing retail ladies' wear and novelty store; best spot in Harlem; cause, disagreement of partners. Call, 2 to 10 P. M., The Novelty Shop, 2,128 7th Av.

We need a man or business woman of capability and good address; commercial manufacturing; salary, expenses, and share of profits; limited investment required as evidence of good faith. Box H 161 Times.

Am from San Francisco; looking for a good agency or to represent a reliable manufacturer in Pacific Coast territory; mean business. What have you? Address George A. Dwelle, 411 West 128th St., New York.

Printers.—I want practical man with moderate capital to join me in securing up-to-date plant worth $15,000; big opportunity if picked up quickly; $12,000 worth of orders now on hand. Address Printer, K 124 Times.

Profitable established financial and mail-order business needs partner; investment about $5,000; experience unnecessary. Opportunity, P 247 Times Downtown.

$5,000 wanted on second mortgage on 3-story mercantile building, 50x87, valued $22,000; first mortgage, $7,500. Apply 117 Westchester Square, Bronx.

Man earning $2,500 per annum may participate in a most worthy saving and profit sharing offer. Secretary, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

Excellent saloon for sale, Washington, D. C.; long lease; low rent; particulars and photographs in New York until Oct. 1. K 119 Times.

For Sale.—Three live cafes; also one cafe and restaurant. For particulars address Owner, H. F. Drewes, 98 Monticello Av., Jersey City, N. J.

Wanted—Partner, established manufacturing business; required, $20,000; references; principals only. H 171 Times.

Book store; good stock; 10,000 volumes, more or less; good trade; price, $2,000. 504 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Wanted, capital to invest in a scientific necessity; pleasant business. Manufacturer, 76 Times.

Wanted by young man, working interest in established lighting business. K 95 Times.

Corrugated box business for sale, 15 to 20 M. S. G., Box 94 Times.

Business Notices.

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT.
DIAMONDS, PEARLS, GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM. Bank references. Open evenings. Private Office. Estates appraised and purchased. BENJAMIN FERGUSON, 460 6th Av., between 28th and 29th Sts. Established 18 years. Tel. 1254 Madison Square.

DEPENDABLE multigraph typewritten letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; addressing, filling in, mailing; called for; delivered; very large capacity; deliveries when promised. Telephone 1832 Cortland. William Gray, 93 Nassau.

PERFECT FAC-SIMILE Typewritten Letters—500, $1.25; 1,000, $1.60; 10,000, $7.45. Addressing; best workmanship; delivered when promised. Harkson Company, 143 West 40th. 'Phone Bryant 6907.

QUICK SERVICE MULTIGRAPH LETTER CO.—100, 65c.; 300, 95c.; 500, $1.25; reduction on short letters. Addressing, $2.50 per 1,000. 150 Nassau. 'Phone 5300 Beekman. Efficient work.

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Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,018.

INVENTIONS developed; models, experimental work and light manufacturing. PAUL HOENACK, 10 Park Row.

Expert dictograph operators, female detectives, furnished. McLellan's Detective Agency, 285 West 23d St.

Authorized bonded detectives; highest recommendations. H. H. Morton, 110 West 96th St; telephone.

Country Board.

New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY—
IN NEW YORK CITY.
It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL,
PARK HILL, YONKERS, N. Y.
Elevation, 400 ft.; 45 minutes Times Square; open all year. Tel. 2161 Yonkers. W. E. Robinson, Manager. Engagements now made for Fall and Winter.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
42-45 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.
Make your Fall and Winter arrangements now; $20 per week and up for two people includes elegantly furnished, electric lighted rooms, with private tiled bathroom and first-class meals; palm room, smoking room, and billiard room; house vacuum cleaned; electric lamps on dining tables give homelike effect; 35 minutes from Broadway, 5 minutes from Lackawanna station; take McAdoo tube from Broadway and Cortlandt Sts., or Broadway and 33d St. 'Phone 2083—Orange.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; private bath; steam; references.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Rooms with bath; steam; excellent table; references.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

47TH, 19 EAST.—Desirable large rooms and suite for the Winter; references.

63D, 25 AND 30 EAST.—Large rooms, with excellent table; prices reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Beautiful connecting large and small rooms, single. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 342, (39TH.)
Cheerful, homelike; suitable two; substantial meals.

MADISON AV., 1,067, (at 79th.)—Attractively furnished rooms, single, en suite; private bath; parlor dining; excellent cuisine; table guests; phone.

West Side.

39TH ST., 49-53 WEST.—Furnished, 1-2 rooms; bath, elevator; excellent board.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Rooms, newly decorated; unexcelled board; telephone.

48TH, 46 WEST.—Floor to let, unfurnished; long lease; also table board.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Newly decorated southern rooms; private baths; superior table; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; superior table board; references.

57TH, 361 WEST.—Desirable large front room; every convenience; superior board; moderate.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private baths; electricity; excellent home cooking; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; 'phone; near Subway.

72D, 263 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; second floor; suitable family; French cuisine; references.

72D, 242 WEST.—Handsome large, single rooms; private baths; well-appointed house.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; Subway express; conveniences; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; sunny exposure; all improvements; references exchanged.

74TH, 102 WEST. — Hotel accommodations; rooms with bath, electricity; private 'phone.

75TH ST., 155 WEST,
EXCEPTIONAL TABLE BOARD,
SUITES WITH BATH.
SINGLE ROOMS.

76TH, 237-239.—Large and small rooms; refined location; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large and small, well-furnished rooms; choice table.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private bath; references exchanged; table guests.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Desirable rooms, conveniences; bath each floor; gentlemen; private house.

78TH, 155 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; excellent board; private bath; telephone; references.

78TH, 208 WEST.—Light, attractive front room for couple; also hall room.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room. Booklet on request.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board, single or double; private bath or public; high grade.

79TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Rooms, with or without private bath; absolutely first-class.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive rooms; home environment; generous table; electricity; telephone; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with, without private bath; "L," Subway; extremely moderate; board optional. 3098 Schuyler.

82D, 55 WEST.—2 large, handsome front rooms; private bath; desirable home; small family

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, private baths; electricity; table. Schuyler 8397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; every convenience; excellent home cooking; references.

84TH, 56 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; newly decorated; excellent table references.

84TH, 59 WEST.—Beautiful double, single room; private baths; excellent table; references.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive large, sunny rooms; one small room; references.

88TH, 261 WEST.—Pleasant large room; all conveniences; medium-sized room; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private bath; table a specialty.

91ST, 25 WEST.—Large second floor rooms; private bath; excellent table; telephone.

91ST, 50 WEST.—Large second floor rooms; private baths; shower; telephone; references

92D, 54 WEST.—(New management.) Desirable rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

93D, 21 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; "L"; substantial French cooking; table guests.

93D, 50 WEST.—Newly decorated suite, two rooms; other rooms; steam heat.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Large room; suitable two; excellent board; homelike surroundings. Strauss.

94TH, 14 WEST.—Single, double rooms; conveniences; parlor dining. Telephone 3371 Riverside.

94TH, 136-138 WEST, (Lagrand.)—Large single room; business people; excellent board.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Second floor front; water; next bath; Southern cooking. Moses.

94TH, 73-75 WEST, (Melrose.)—Large and small rooms; view Central Park.

95TH ST., 65 WEST, Roselle.—Handsome rooms; cuisine, service exceptional; attractive dining; references.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Back parlor; other large, small rooms; excellent board, reasonable.

103D ST., (Corner West End, 879,) Near Riverside Drive; Subway.—Delightful rooms; conveniences; splendid meals and service; moderate rates.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Two large, well-furnished rooms with running water between; together or separately; board optional; private family; duplex apartment. Apt. 1 East.

113TH, 625 WEST, near Columbia.—Unsurpassed table board; appointments of the best.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large, small, rooms, with, without private bath; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private bath; beautiful view; exceptional table.

115TH ST., 606 WEST. — Newly furnished medium, large, elevator apartment; every convenience; between Broadway and Drive; one block Subway express; Southern cooking. Rothwell.

122D, 156 WEST.—Large, small, well-furnished rooms; excellent table; references; table guests.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Well furnished, comfortable large rooms; excellent table; telephone; reference.

122D, 520 WEST.—Large and small rooms; good table; all conveniences. Kerker.

123D ST., 111 WEST.
A house for particular people; exceptional accommodations for table boarders; inspection invited.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished back parlor to let with good board.

130TH ST., 627 WEST.—Bachelor has vacancy in apartment, two friends, $7. Nelbock.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; electricity; exceptional board. Audubon 7217.

Charming Permanent Home.
Away from city dust and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room excellent chef and service; separate tables. Quiet; everything sweet and clean, very attractive Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. 71 Central Ave., Tompkinsville, S. I.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407.—Superior accommodation; gentleman; private family; German cooking. Sander.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Couple to share elegant rooms; ideal location; excellent board.

GENTLEMAN may obtain desirable room; unexcelled board; private house. Phone 6262 Riverside.

HAMILTON PLACE, 51.—Lady having large apartment, all conveniences, would take two or three boarders; references; Subway 137th. Answer Apartment 6s.

LADY owning beautifully furnished apartment, Riverside Drive, near Subway, not wishing to live alone, will take refined married couple who are accustomed to the best and are willing to pay a reasonable sum for such environment; unquestionable references exchanged; unusual opportunity. K 75 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 807, (157th St. Subway Station.)—Attractive house; overlooking Hudson; large room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen, couple; steam; electricity; roof garden; references.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

THE HOUSE RICHARDS,
80th St., 106, 108, 110 West, Manhattan Square, Central Park; cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor dining room; all transportation; table guests; reasonable.

THE WOODBURY,
Riverside Drive, 855.—Two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

Board Wanted

Wanted—Good board and nicely furnished front room, with bath, for man and wife; west side, between 70th and 110th St.; will- per month. Address, giving full particulars,

BOYD, 95 Liberty St.

Front room, with board, five days a week, by high school teacher, within 20 minutes' walk of the Morris High School, Bronx. Write only to Miss Lanz, Morris High School.

BUSINESS WOMEN.—Refined surroundings; below 110th St., West; comfortable room. P 241 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Room and board, by girl student in Columbia professor's or instructor's family in New York City. Z 339 Times.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

15TH ST., 105 EAST.—Attractively furnished, sunny suite; elevator apartment; gentlemen; Subway. Hardy.

17TH, 130 East.—Pleasant, well furnished rooms; large, small; private house; reasonable.

17TH, 110 EAST.—Furnished rooms; large closets; steam heat; Subway one block.

17TH ST., 118 EAST.—Attractive room; running water; in private family; third floor.

24TH ST., 120 EAST.—Two-room suite, private bath, also large room; moderate.

28TH, 109 EAST.—Subway; appreciative business men; quiet home; private baths; telephone.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Bedroom, sitting room, for couple who appreciate refinement; most convenient; also large double room; telephone.

55TH, 83 EAST.—Excellent rooms; running water; southern exposure; bath; phone; references.

59TH ST., 129 EAST.—$2 week; steam-heated rooms; quiet, respectable gentlemen. Stevens.

60TH, 110 EAST.—Two large rooms, with bath; also smaller room; references.

68TH, 239 EAST.—Beautiful room, scrupulously clean, with modern improvements; private house.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Desirable rooms, suitable two; excellent table; private house; physician's house.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 626.—Scrupulously clean house, handsomely furnished; double, single; modern conveniences; those who appreciate refined surroundings; moderate.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike room; bath; breakfast; scrupulously clean; references; select.

FORTY EAST FORTIETH STREET.

AN OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED PERSONS OF REFINEMENT TO SECURE BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, EITHER SINGLY OR EN SUITE, IN ONE OF THE MOST ELEGANTLY APPOINTED PRIVATE HOUSES SITUATED IN THE HEART OF THE EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL SECTION. REFERENCES REQUIRED.

West Side.

5TH AV. 25.—Refined surroundings; nice small room; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms; gentlemen; conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 81 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; permanent tenants; Subway and "L"; convenient.

9TH, 37 WEST.—Single, double rooms; conveniences; refined surroundings; also small, $2.

13TH, 104, (west of 6th Av.)—Desirable hall and square rooms, adjoining bath; gentlemen.

18TH ST.—Two furnished front adjoining rooms; independent entrance; good neighborhood; no other lodgers; convenient L and Subway; breakfast optional; telephone; $5 per week each. Address "E. R.," Box 15, 1,304 Broadway.

34TH ST., 885 WEST.
Large furnished Rooms, adjoining bath; REFERENCES.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable, large, small rooms; bath; running water; $8.50, $4.

40TH ST., 46 WEST.—Private house; large, sunny room; bath adjoining; bachelors; references.

46TH ST., 313 WEST.—Large and small rooms; telephone; all conveniences; block from Broadway; private house.

49TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms, singly, en suite, by week, month, year.

53D ST., 30 WEST.—Doctor or dentist; second floor alcove; with or without bath.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large room, with bath; also small room; quiet home.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Large room, near bath; newly furnished, decorated; gentlemen; references.

55TH, 841 WEST.—Large front parlor; southern exposure; piano; running water; suitable two bachelors. Phone 4947 Columbus.

56TH ST., 64 WEST.—Doctor's three rooms furnished office suite, with surgery in physician's house; attendance. Telephone Plaza 442.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Large furnished room; private bath; small rooms; gentlemen; reference.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large furnished room; private bath; small rooms; gentlemen; references.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Large, attractive room, private bath; electric light; telephone; references.

63TH, 59 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL OUTSIDE ROOMS, SUITES; RUNNING WATER, ELECTRICITY, 'PHONE, ELEVATOR; MODERATE. HANCE.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Unexcelled appointment; single and double rooms; running water; telephone.

69TH ST., 145 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Furnished rooms; first-class apartment; gentlemen preferred. Manning.

70TH AND BROADWAY, (Nevada.)—Private family will rent handsome room; private bath; suitable for two; board optional. Apartment 1C.

70TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath, steam heat; private home; gentleman.

71ST ST., 165 WEST, (off Broadway.)—Front parlor and room adjoining bath, containing running water; immaculately clean house; telephone.

71ST, 282 WEST.—Attractive suites; private bath; also single rooms; running water; all newly furnished; corner house; phone.

71ST, 350 WEST.—Good home, one or two gentlemen; newly-furnished room. Sly.

72D ST., 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room; select bachelors only; furnished rooms to suit; "L," Subway.

73D ST., 179 WEST.
Physician's office; exceptional location; also other large, elegantly appointed, sunny rooms. Telephone 3760 Columbus.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful, large, medium rooms; gentlemen; telephone; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Double or single rooms; private baths; telephone; reasonable; references.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Salon floor, private house; single room; electricity, hot water heating, tiled baths; references exchanged.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Boston lady's residence; attractive room; private bath; moderate; references.

76TH, 100 WEST.—Attractive large, sunny, suitable two; brass twin beds; running water, telephone; elevator apartment; references. Hilton.

76TH, 126 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; excellent neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; electric light; everything first class; references.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.
Single, double rooms; elevator; references. Dutton.

78TH ST., 173 WEST.—Desirable large, light rooms; running water; refined surroundings. Welch.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room; scrupulously clean

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful front room; running water; Subway; small room; references.

79TH St., 225 WEST.—Large, handsome room; three windows; electricity; southern exposure; also small room.

80TH ST., 153 WEST.—Attractively furnished; light; electricity; running water; telephone; references. Whitehead.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; choice rooms; modern conveniences; quiet surroundings; references.

80TH, 162 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; improvements; board optional; phone; Spanish family.

81ST ST, 169 WEST, (The Ingleside.)—Housekeeping suite, beautifully furnished; guaranteed clean; $8; newly decorated single room, $3. Fuller.

81ST ST., 169 WEST.—Well-furnished, light room, second floor; private family; telephone.

120 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, suitable couple; private bath; excellent table.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

82D, 115 WEST.—Attractively furnished, newly decorated large and small rooms; conveniences.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Large, small outside rooms; electricity; breakfast optional; telephone. Haskins.

82D, 134 WEST.—Spacious south rooms, second floor; private bath; twin beds.

83D ST., 65 WEST.—Newly decorated, elegantly furnished three rooms and bath; bachelors or couple; also large front room, suitable one or two; telephone; references.

84TH ST. 16 WEST.—Newly decorated, furnished, large, small rooms; telephone; reference.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished back parlor; private bath; private house; references.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private house; "L," Subway; telephone.

86TH ST., 341 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large second floor room, with private bath; exclusive neighborhood, near Riverside Drive, Subway, and elevated; also smaller rooms.

86TH, (537 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms, single, en suite; private bath; references.

86TH, 106 WEST.—Attractive light, clean, airy rooms; gentlemen only; references.

88TH, 183 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny double room; also single; breakfast optional.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms, private bath; southern exposure; refined house; telephone.

92D, 255 WEST.—Single, double, well-furnished elevator apartment; 91st Subway; references. Spencer.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, cheerful, desirable rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; owner; reference.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, small rooms; gentlemen preferred; reference; telephone.

96TH, 149 WEST.—Delightful large, light rooms; running water; also small; clean, refined; breakfast optional; business women, gentlemen.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Single room; attractive, homelike, airy; convenient location; reasonable. Muir.

96TH, 304 WEST.—Large, attractive room; elevator apartment; near Riverside; running water; gentleman. Tomlinson.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms; single or en suite; private bath; modern residence.

101ST ST., 205 WEST.—Finest uptown; beautifully furnished single, double rooms; electricity; maids, elevator; kitchen and laundry included; $3-$7. The Ludington. 1763 River.

103D, 145 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable for business gentleman; private house; references.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Attractive, large, front room; elevator apartment; private family. Judson.

109TH, near Broadway.—Refined American couple offers beautiful front room, bath adjoining; southern exposure; electricity; elevator; no other roomers. Phone 1374 Riverside, Apartment 31.

110TH, 220 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity bachelors or doctor to secure comfortable quarters.

111TH, 605 WEST.—Delightful, sunny room, adjoining bath; scrupulously clean; refinement; gentlemen. Phone 4740 Morningside. Apt. 1G.

111TH, 605 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; large, small; light; conveniences. Morningside—4740. Apt. 15.

112TH, 505 WEST.—Sunny parlor suite; well heated; telephone; very reasonable. Wilford.

113TH ST., 541 WEST.—Attractive, medium sized room; private entrance; homelike; gentleman. Apartment 3.

114TH ST., 618 WEST.—Attractive room for gentleman; no others; apartment married couple; absolute privacy; telephone, &c. H. Gregory.

114TH ST., (1,084 Amsterdam Ave.)—Large, light room; steam heat, telephone, electricity; breakfast optional; $5.00. Howland.

116TH ST., (Near Riverside.)—Pleasant front rooms; single, double; gentlemen. Phone 3596 Morningside.

118TH, 401 WEST.—Southeast corner rooms, overlooking Morningside Heights; block Columbia University; 2 baths, running water, deep closets, meals (exceptional) optional; references. Apartment 51.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Newly furnished, desirable rooms, overlooking Columbia campus; electric, electricity, telephone; restaurant. Apt. 7A.

118TH ST. 400 WEST.—Comfortable room with piano; elevator; telephone; shower. Apt. 41.

119TH, 430 WEST.—Handsome outside rooms, overlooking Morningside Park; single, double, $3.50 to $10. Apt. 6T.

121ST ST., 501 WEST, Apartment 6.—Near Columbia University; large and small furnished rooms in select elevator apartment; all conveniences; modest prices. Lyon.

121ST, 211 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room; gentlemen; reasonable; private home.

122D ST., 506 WEST.—Comfortable room for lady or two; elevator; private family; reasonable; reference. Apartment 64.

122D, 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive outside rooms; elevator, telephone; references. Apartment 51.

122D, 416 WEST.—Elegant rooms overlooking Park; college family. Apartment 31.

123D, 512 WEST, (Apt. 6A.)—Large, bright room; use kitchen; elevator; no men.

124TH ST., 538 WEST.—Well-furnished room; exclusive, bath; light; breakfast optional; references. Apartment 21.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; attractive single, double rooms; board optional; references and terms of commission, salary or interest. Key-plot P, O. Box 521, New York.

150TH, 525 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished front room; southern exposure; with or without board; telephone; private family; references.

611 WEST END.—Delightful large front room; gentlemen only; running water; bath; near 91st Subway; private family; references.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; breakfast optional; private house; elevated; Park; moderate. 9 West 90th.

CLAREMONT AV., 130, (Apartment 22.)—Women only; light, comfortable rooms; conveniences; telephone; elevator.

GENTLEMAN HAVING modern apartment near Columbia University; three rooms, bath, electric light, telephone, elevators; desires congenial companion, literary or musical tastes; special inducements to cultured Frenchman or Italian. K 10 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 44, (Apartment 33.)—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 96th St. Subway.—Bachelor having large apartment will rent room, private bath if desired, reasonable; one, two gentlemen; references; breakfast optional. H 110 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 532.—Handsome, large room, two windows, facing Drive; block Subway express; strictly modern; very reasonable. Button.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (127th.)—Parlor suite, four windows; single room; breakfasts. Wells.

THE WOODBURY,
Riverside Drive, 855.—Two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

WEST END AV., 741.—Double, single, $3.50 to $10; phone; Subway, 96th.

Brooklyn.

HALSEY ST., 49.—Two desirable large rooms; also small room; singly or en suite, every convenience; near four car lines and Fulton St. "L"; good table board near; references required.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

BUSINESS MAN seeks airy, comfortable room in apartment with private family, within walking distance of Times Square; best references. Address, giving telephone number, rates, &c., M 119 Times.

JAPANESE STUDENT wishes furnished, sunny room in private family between 100th and 200th Sts., west side; price not more than $3. Anata, 47 Prospect Place, City.

COMFORTABLY furnished room, between Washington Place and 30th St.; permanent; state price. Address Box D Times, 2 Rector St.

JAPANESE gentleman wants nice room and breakfast in private family; high-class apartment preferred. M 159 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

80th St., 179 East.—Top floor in private residence; three large rooms and bath; furnace heat.

48TH, 46 WEST.—Doctor's offices, unfurnished; long lease; electricity; hardwood floors.

40th, 66 West.—Unfurnished room, adjoining bath, for bachelor; private house; references.

Purchase and Exchange.

MME. NAFTAL buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes; diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th. Phone 670 Bryant.

Highest prices paid furniture, pianos, bric-a-brac, works of art, silver, linens, carpets, Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 1879.

OLD GOLD, SILVER, and platinum bought for cash; liberal allowances for silverware in good condition. Howard & Co., 10 John St.

Absolutely highest prices paid for old sealskin, Persian lamb, and other high-grade furs. M. Naftal, 69 West 45th St.

I pay the highest cash price for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 118 University Place. 2295—Stuyvesant.

Help Wanted Female

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
HANDKERCHIEF DEPARTMENT.—Require several thoroughly experienced saleswomen for our Handkerchief Department. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

BEST & CO.,
Fifth Av. at 35th St.,
require tall, active girls as stockkeepers.

FUR OPERATOR.

ONE WHO IS CAPABLE OF FINISHING; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN RETAIL WORK. APPLY BONWIT, TELLER & CO., 5TH AV. and 38TH ST. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 38TH ST. ENTRANCE.

COMPETENT girl for general housework; small apartment; two in family; German or English preferred; call mornings or evenings. Phone Morningside 742. Address, 15 Claremont Av., Apartment 81.

GOVERNESS.—Wanted, a young, refined woman, who has met reverses, to enter cultured home in country, act as governess for a two-year-old boy. Apply Womrath, 72 Madison Av., New York.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN
For Their
BOYS' FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. side.

GOVERNESS.—Wanted, in a suburban school for girls, a lady as governess for young children; one who speaks fluently French and Spanish. Z 341 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Good cook; white; care of boy 2 years; two in family; three-room apartment; $6 a week. Call, 11 to 3, The Dearborn, 350 West 55th, Apartment 8I.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl for housework; must understand cooking. Apply 130 East 78th St.

LIBRARIAN.—Wanted, in school, a graduate librarian of broad social experience. Z 248 Times.

MILLINERY COPYISTS FOR TAILORED HAT DEPARTMENT. HIGH-CLASS WORK ONLY. JUDKINS & McCORMICK CO., 10 WEST 20TH ST.

OPERATORS wanted on power machines; learners taken; steady work and best pay. Apply all week, Slater, Apple & Co., 25 East 22d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Not under 24 years; permanent position; quick at figures; accurate, reliable, thoroughly trustworthy; none others need apply. Call before 10 A. M., after 4 P. M., American Lace, 200 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Girl, under twenty-five; good appearance. Call Room 816 Marbridge Building.

TYPIST.—Young lady capable of running Elliott Fisher billing machine and also assist with office work; salary to start, $8. Reply, stating age and experience, P 312 Times Downtown.

WILL HAVE opening for two, and probably three, bright, educated ladies Oct. 1. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, solicit for charity; experienced preferred; good salary. 276 West 120th.

Instruction.

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ADVERTISING SOLICITORS for trade journals; commission. Apply McDuff, Room 205, 253 Broadway.

A water front terminal near Manhattan with at least 3 trunk line railroads connecting, needs a merchant, salesman or office assistant who can promptly secure one or two tenants having large traffic in raw materials such as clays, ores, minerals, metals, phosphates or other bulky materials to be forwarded, stored, packed or manufactured as a nucleus of a community of industrial interests. Owner might co-operate. Address, giving qualifications, experience, references and ideas of commission, salary or interest. Key-plot P, O. Box 521, New York.

BUSHELMEN.—HACKETT, CARHART & CO., INC., RETAIL, REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF BUSHELMEN EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING MEN'S HIGH-GRADE CLOTHING. APPLY 8:30 A. M., 841 BROADWAY.

CARETAKER for country place during Winter months; single man; best references; do work on premises; wife live on place if satisfactory, will employ during Summer as gardener and useful man. Reliable, K 112 Times.

CARETAKERS.—Wanted, man and wife to take entire charge of house in country; French or Swiss preferred. K 117 Times.

CATALOGUER.—Wanted, a man to work on catalogue. Womans' Exchange, 334 Madison Av.

CLERK.—Young man wanted, about 21, for clerical position; must be good penman, salary, $30 per month. Address F. R. L., P. O. Box 1,048, New York City.

COLLECTOR.—Young man in real estate office; old established firm; state experience, age, and salary expected. Address Collector, 132 Times Harlem.

DESIGNER on ladies' coats wanted; thorough experience and best references required. Wm. Fischman, 15 East 26th St.

ENGINEER.—A first-class licensed engineer wanted in gentleman's private residence to run low pressure boilers, make small electrical repairs, &c., and make himself generally useful; first-class reference necessary, and experience in similar position; good wages paid. Address Reliable, K 126 Times.

EXPERT FIELD REPRESENTATIVE wanted for school; gentleman preferred; high salary to man or woman of successful experience. Z 342 Times.

OFFICE BOY between the ages of 17 and 19 wanted in a law office. In replying please state qualifications in detail. P 290 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted in real estate office; wages, $5 per week to begin. Call Room 1,100, 23 East 26th St.

OFFICE BOY wanted; bright, clean, neat boy for office. A. P. Babcock Co., 116 West 14th St.

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SALESMAN.
We are open to negotiate with several A1 salary men to visit the Coast and other States; we offer exceptional opportunities to experienced hustlers. Applications to receive any consideration must be made in writing and contain fullest particulars as to experience in the same line.
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SALESMEN. — Wanted, intelligent, wide-awake representatives to introduce new reference and educational work; an epoch-making publication by the greatest and most

KLINE WON'T RESIGN SEAT AS ALDERMAN

Sure He Is Actually Mayor, but Accepts Citizens' Union View to Avoid Trouble.

SEAT VACANT, SAYS WATSON

Asserts That Board Can Legally Proceed to Elect Vice Chairman —Downing First Pro Tem.

While Mayor Kline holds personally that he is the actual and not the acting Mayor of the city, he has decided to avoid controversy, to accept the view put forward by the Citizens' Union and retain his membership in the Board of Aldermen.

Corporation Counsel Watson, however, holds that Col. Kline has succeded to all the rights and privileges of the Mayor, and by this succession has vacated his seat in the Board of Aldermen, and that the Board of Aldermen therefore can legally proceed to the election of his successor as Vice Chairman of that body. Mr. Watson expressed this opinion yesterday in a communication addressed to Controller Prendergast.

Mayor Kline said that he had no intention of resigning as Alderman or as Vice Chairman of the board. He seemed to think that this would result in the board being able only to elect a temporary Vice Chairman for each meeting, and that consequently there would remain a vacancy in the Board of Estimate and in the Sinking Fund Commission.

Under this situation it would be impossible during the rest of the year to authorize any special revenue bonds or to pass upon other resolutions which called for the casting of sixteen votes in the Board of Estimate.

Democrats Put Downing In.

When the Board of Aldermen met yesterday afternoon it was decided not to elect a permanent Vice Chairman, but merely a Vice Chairman pro tem for each meeting of the board. The Fusion forces thereupon nominated Esterbrook, a Republican. To their surprise, the Democrats nominated another Republican, Robert E. Downing of Brooklyn, who was defeated for renomination. Tammany Leader Frank L. Dowling put him in nomination, and he was elected by a vote of 37 to 27. There was much speculation as to the meaning of this move. It was understood that it was meant to win Alderman Downing over to the aid of Tammany when other matters of importance came up.

In his opinion on the Mayoralty situation, Corporation Counsel Watson quotes the Charter provision on the matter, and then says that three interpretations have been placed upon it. First, it has been suggested that the Vice Chairman of the board, in consequence of permanent vacancies having arisen in the Presidency of the board and in the Mayoralty, is merely Acting Mayor and Acting President, and consequently will now fill simuneously the offices of Mayor, President, and Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen; second, it has been held that as there is no express provision for the succession of the Vice Chairman to the Mayoralty there is a vacancy in the office of Mayor, which the Governor must fill; and, third, it has been argued that the Vice Chairman of the Board of Aldermen has become automatically Mayor of the city, and that consequently there is a vacancy in the Board of Aldermen.

Mr. Watson is quite certain that the third of these alternatives is the correct one. It is impossible, he argues, that one man should draw the pay and exercise the functions at the same time of the Mayor and the President of the Board of Alderman, for that would give him six votes in the Board of Estimate and two in the Sinking Fund Commission.

Watson's View of What Should be Done.

Moreover, if it were held that there was a vacancy in the office of Mayor, it would follow that it would be impossible to perform certain important administrative functions, such as the issuance of special revenue bonds, and, in Mr. Watson's opinion, it would be quite contrary to the spirit of the Constitution to permit the Governor to appoint a Mayor under the Public Officers act. Consequently the Corporation Counsel holds that Col. Kline is truly Mayor, and that he has ceased to be either Vice Chairman or member of the Board of Aldermen.

"This view," he goes on to say, "will permit the Aldermen now to elect a new Vice Chairman, who will exercise the powers and duties of the President of the Board of Aldermen. There will then be no vacancy in the Board of Estimate, no vacancy in the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, and each may proceed to the performance of the functions devolved upon it by law, the membership in such boards being made complete by the election of a local officer by the proper local board."

When Mayor Kline was asked about the situation before Mr. Watson had rendered his opinion, he said:

"I am convinced that I am Mayor of the city, and it will take a great deal of argument to change that opinion. I do not propose to resign as Alderman of the Fifty-first District, Brooklyn; neither do I intend resigning the Vice Chairmanship. I have an opinion from Corporation Counsel Watson in which he holds that I am Mayor of New York City and that I am entitled to exercise all powers of that office and to receive its emoluments. Furthermore, when I was sworn in by Supreme Court Justice Delaney I was sworn as Mayor and not as Acting Mayor.

Cites Roosevelt Succession.

"I suppose that all the Aldermen can do to solve their problem is elect a Vice Chairman pro tem. at each meeting. When Theodore Roosevelt became President through the death of Mr. McKinley he did not resign the Vice Presidency."

"Is it true," Mr. Kline was asked, "that the Board of Estimate will not be able to pass on certain proposals which, under the charter, require sixteen votes in the Board of Estimate to be cast in the affirmative?"

"That is my impression," he replied. "Then special revenue bonds cannot be voted during the rest of the year?"

"That is my belief."

"In view of your statement that you will not resign as a member of the Board of Aldermen, will you sit as a member of that body?"

"No."

"As Vice-Chairman?"

"No."

The Tenth Assembly District Committee of the National Progressive Party of Kings County sent a letter to Mayor Kline yesterday stating that Dr. Hart, the Progressive candidate for Alderman from the Fifty-first Aldermanic District, had agreed to withdraw his candidacy on the condition that the vacancy thus created would be filled by the indorsement of Mayor Kline. The letter concluded with a formal tender of the nomination.

Mayor Kline's first message to the Aldermen yesterday was a veto of the resolution to license news stands next to Subway kiosks. He stated in his message that Mayor Gaynor had opposed the measure. Alderman Dowling said Mr. Kline was in error, that Mayor Gaynor had approved it after it had been altered to suit him.

MRS. BLATCH HITS BACK.

She Classifies the Antis' Attack as an Absurd Rodomontade.

Mrs. Stanton Blatch, President of the Women's Political Union, sent out a statement yesterday in regard to the recent attack of the anti-suffragists upon the suffragists as the supporters of vicious conditions in dress and other evils.

"The latest accusation made by the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, that the suffragists create an imaginary evil with set purpose in order to show that they can cure it with the vote—the whole attack," says Mrs. Blatch, "smacks of the press agent.

"I cannot believe that the antis really credit us with such great power. They surely cannot for a moment believe that we are behind the Chicago Vice Commission report, and that the Rockefeller Grand Jury was composed of woman suffragists. They surely know that we did not instigate the murder of Rosenthal, and certainly they cannot hold that it was because District Attorney Whitman is a suffragist that he pushed the Becker case to its final issue. I have not heard and do not believe that suffragists were behind the Caminetti case in California. Do the anti-suffragists mean to imply that Dr. Parkhurst is merely masquerading as an anti-suffragist while he is really but a catspaw of the suffragists in all the work he does in exposing evil conditions?

"It would seem as if the anti-suffragists are indeed hard pressed to make out a case against their opponents when they most seriously put forward such an absurd rodomontade as the one they issued on Sept. 21."

LANSTON SUIT WITHDRAWN.

Separation with $300 Monthly Alimony Instead of Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Concerned and humiliated over the publicity given to her suit for limited divorce, filed yesterday against Aubrey Lanston, author and son of the late Talbert Lanston, inventor of the monotype typesetting machine, Mrs. Ethel V. Lanston agreed to-day to compromise the differences between her husband and herself.

In her petition for a limited divorce Mrs. Lanston alleged that her husband had asked her to agree to permit him to adopt, as his "soul mate," a Belgian girl known as "Margot, the Beautiful," whom Mr. Lanston met abroad this Summer. Under the terms of the agreement the petition for a limited divorce will be withdrawn and Mrs. Lanston will sign separation papers under which she will receive $300 a month for the support of herself and two children.

Mr. Lanston arrived in Washington last night from New York, where he and his wife had landed Saturday from a European steamer. Shortly after his arrival he was taken into custody on a court order and detained at a hotel. It was arranged to-day that when the separation papers were filed he should be released from arrest on $2,000 bail.

LUSITANIA TO MAKE TIME.

Sailed Early To-day and Hopes to be at Fishguard Monday Forenoon.

The Cunarder Lusitania sailed at 1 o'clock this morning for Liverpool via Fishguard with more than 200 first cabin passengers, and is expected to arrive in Fishguard about 11 o'clock next Monday morning. On her last eastward trip she arrived there at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, with one hundred green hands in her stoke hole. This voyage the Lusitania has a crew of seasoned hands down below, and with the cooler weather Capt. J. T. W. Charles is confident that the ship will make much better time.

Among her passengers are Edward Bell, Secretary to the United States Embassy in London; Mme. A. de Carpeiro, wife of the Russian Minister of Finance; Sir Alfred and Lady Gelder, Sir John O. Miller, Lieut. Col. A. Mitchell of the Royal Horse Artillery, Lord Eustace Percy, Secretary to the British Embassy at Washington; H. Maitland Kersey, D. S. O., General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Steamship Service, and W. S. Norman, Surgeon General of the British Navy, who has been attending the international conference in Denver of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States.

To Push Grand Trunk Extension.

MONTREAL, Sept. 23.—Fulfilling the promise that work on the Southern New England Railway, which is to connect the Grand Trunk with the seacoast at Providence, should be resumed as soon as finances permitted, it was announced by President Chamberlin of the Grand Trunk to-day that contractors had been ordered to the spot where construction was stopped ten months ago and that from now on work should be pushed to completion.

Charles H. Hyde Improving.

Charles H. Hyde, former City Chamberlain, who was operated upon at the Post-Graduate Hospital for kidney disease Saturday morning, is rapidly improving, according to the report of the hospital authorities last night. Mrs. Hyde called at the hospital early in the afternoon, and remained with her husband until early in the evening.

SCHMIDT AND MURET INDICTED AS COINERS

Federal Grand Jury Makes Four Charges Against Each, Based on Counterfeiting Finds.

STATE DOCTORS ACT TO-DAY

Their Report on Priest's Sanity Will Determine the Course of the Prosecution.

Hans Schmidt, the priest who murdered Anna Aumuller, and his friend, Ernest Arthur Muret, the self-styled dentist, of 301 St. Nicholas Avenue, were indicted by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday on four counts each for counterfeiting, as a result of the raid on the den the two had equipped in a flat at 516 West 134th Street.

Capt. J. J. Henry of the local Secret Service Bureau, Detectives McKenna and Cassassa, and a number of others appeared before the Grand Jury. The first three charges against the two men are those of having in their possession a plate for making counterfeits, of having partly made counterfeit bills, and of having possession of the partly made counterfeit bill. The fourth charge is that of having conspired to commit the first three crimes. The maximum sentence on each of the first three counts is fifteen years' imprisonment and a fine of $5,000. The maximum on the last count is two years in jail and a fine of $10,000.

Schmidt, who will be tried for murder, will probably not have to face any of the charges of counterfeiting. He may, however, be summoned as a witness against Muret. Schmidt has confessed that he was a counterfeiter, and has tried to take all the guilt upon himself. Muret insists that he knows nothing about the plant for making bad money. Capt. Henry of the Secret Service, however, has bills to show that Muret, under the names of Muret and Miller, purchased all the apparatus and materials for counterfeiting.

The two alienists named yesterday by District Attorney Whitman to examine Schmidt for the prosecution are Dr. William Mabon, Director and Medical Examiner of the Manhattan State Hospital, and Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, one of the foremost alienists of the country, and dean of the corps of doctors for the State who testified that Harry Thaw was sane when he killed Stanford White. He was also the State's witness in 1906 against Josephine Terranova, who killed her uncle and aunt in the Bronx.

Dr. Mabon and Dr. MacDonald will examine Schmidt to-day. The results of their observation will determine the course to be pursued by the District Attorney. If they find that Schmidt is legally insane, he may be committed to an asylum without trial for murder. It is probable that the State's alienists will make more than one examination of Schmidt before reporting their conclusions.

Two physicians who called on Schmidt at the Tombs yesterday said that they had come to the conclusion, after a long talk with him, that he was not unbalanced. The physicians were Dr. Michael Erlwein of 12 Convent Avenue, a member of St. Joseph's Church, and Dr. John H. Branth of 183 West Eighty-seventh Street.

"I knew Schmidt well as a priest," said Dr. Erlwein, "and I was anxious to see him in his present condition. He recognized me, and spoke to me when I entered his cell. I told him he was in a fine fix, and he replied that he realized it. I asked him if he was sorry for what he had done. He answered:

"'No, I am not sorry. That is a matter between myself and God. Only God understands what I did. All that I want now is to die as quickly as possible.'

"I don't believe the man is insane," continued Dr. Erlwein. "He looked exactly as he did while he was a priest. No change has come over him, as far as I can discern. It is my belief that he is shamming. He is like a cornered rat."

Dr. Branth, who is a student of insanity, was also of the opinion that Schmidt was sane, but was trying to give the impression of insanity.

"His brain seems to work perfectly," said Dr. Branth. "The statements that he made to Dr. Erlwein he repeated to me word for word five minutes later."

Dr. Charles W. F. Horn, a phrenologist, also saw Schmidt yesterday. He said he found no traces of insanity in the priest, and described him as a cunning criminal.

"Father Schmidt has not the head or the face of a born criminal," said Dr. Horn. "From an examination of his skull I found that his predominating qualities were secretiveness, cautiousness, combativeness, and constructiveness."

A basket of fruit was sent up to Schmidt yesterday by a well-dressed woman, who said she was engaged in missionary work. She refused to tell her name or the mission she was connected with. She told the Tombs keeper to tell the priest that the present was from a friend.

John Trodthandl, a waiter at Schuetzen Park, Astoria, came to the Tombs yesterday and said that a man wearing red false whiskers had visited Schuetzen Park on Aug. 27 with a woman who resembled the pictures of Anna Aumuller.

"The man with the false whiskers said that he was a priest from St. Boniface's," said Trodthandl. "He and the girl had several glasses of beer, and the man complained that they were too small and that the beer was not what it was in Germany. He called the girl Anna, and they talked about a ticket which she had for a trip back to Germany on the Imperator."

Coroner Israel Feinburg said yesterday that the inquest into the death of Anna Aumuller would be called at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning in the courtroom of Part I., General Sessions. It is intended that Schmidt shall be called to the witness stand and interrogated, if the defense makes no objection.

Coroner Feinburg said yesterday that subpoenas had been issued for a panel of fifty prominent men, from whom the jury is to be selected. The inquest will probably last no longer than one day, according to the Coroner.

CHICAGO 'MURDER MYSTERY'

Expressman Tells Police He Hauled Live Body In Trunk.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Police of this city are trying to solve a strange "trunk mystery," one of the most baffling problems they have been confronted with in months.

Expressman Louis Bram has given the authorities a weird description of having been engaged by two mysterious strangers, wearing false mustaches, to transfer a trunk from the alley at the rear of 828 South Racine Avenue to a waiting auto truck at Van Buren Street and Ashland Avenue. Bram declares there issued from the trunk sounds of human coughs and groans of sufficient intensity to make his hair stand on end. When he expostulated with the men who engaged him to transport the trunk Bram says he was roughly told to keep his mouth shut and drive on. As soon as Bram had transferred his gruesome load to a waiting automobile at Van Buren Street he drove to the nearest police station and told his experiences.

In the alley back of 828 South Racine Avenue the police found to-day a brown soft hat, containing a paper bearing twenty Turkish names and a playing card, the seven of hearts. All were taken to the police station, but furnished little assistance in clearing up the mystery.

Bram told detectives he was certain that a human being was locked in the trunk. He says he heard a voice—in a pleading tone—as he was assisting in loading and unloading the trunk.

"I do not know whether it was the voice of a man or a woman," said the expressman. Investigation led the police to believe that Bram was sincere in his statements, and that he firmly believed some living person was locked in the trunk by the two men who hired him.

Detectives were sent out late to-day to investigate a report that one of the prominent witnesses in the "arson trust" investigation was missing. Records were searched to ascertain names of the witnesses, and the detectives planned to check up with their homes to learn if any were unaccounted for.

LICHTENSTEIN WILL FILED.

Widow of Merchant Divides Estate Among Her Children.

The will of Sarah Lichtenstein, the widow of Benjamin Lichtenstein, a merchant, was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. Mrs. Lichtenstein died on May 26. Besides her husband's jewelry and an equal share with her other children in the residuary estate, Mrs. Lichtenstein bequeathed to her son, Henry Everett Lichtenstein $12,500 to become his property on his reaching the age of 21 years and entering business, or upon his reaching the age of 24 years and marrying. If he does not fulfill those conditions the sum is divided among her children.

A trust fund of $12,500 to provide an annuity of $500 was also left by Mrs. Lichtenstein for her brother, Alexander Katten, this fund, upon his death, becoming part of the residuary estate, which passes in equal shares to her children, Mrs. Eleanor Mayer, Mrs. Stella Stern, Solomon, Alexander, Melvin, and Henry E. Lichtenstein. Mrs. Lichtenstein also bequeathed $1,000 to her friend, Mary Degnan. The amount of the estate was not given.

GIVES UP LEGACY TO WED.

Mrs. Wolfe Will Lose $250,000 When She Marries New Yorker.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—There was much excitement to-day in the home of Mrs. Emma Luise Wolfe, widow of a rich mining man of South Pasadena, when the news was wired from here that she and Frederick Pitney of New York had taken out a marriage license.

The mother of Mrs. Wolfe declared she did not believe her daughter would marry again, as in that case she would lose $250,000 left her by her husband. Mrs. Wolfe has a twelve-year-old boy.

When seen to-night Frederick Pitney said Mrs. Wolfe would not reach here before to-morrow, when the wedding would probably take place. His home in New York is at 18 East Thirtieth Street.

DECAPITATED BY CAR.

Girl Thought to Have Fallen While Running Beside It.

Seven-year-old Esthel Natile of 53 Spring Street was killed last evening by one of the wheels of a storage battery street car as it passed in front of her home. Motorman Demlo halted the car as he felt the jar of something under the wheels. He fainted when he saw that the car had cut off the girl's head.

The police could find no eye-witnesses of the accident, but it was guessed that the child had been running alongside the car and had fallen. She was not struck by the fender. The police could recall no previous fatality here with a storage battery car.

Old Actor Dies In Bellevue.

Harry Gwynette, 76 years old, an actor, died in Bellevue Hospital early this morning from hardening of the arteries and pneumonia. He had been a patient at Bellevue since Monday, when he arrived in a Polyclinic Hospital ambulance from his home, at 703 Eighth Avenue. He gave as his friend John A. Semon of 884 Eighth Avenue. An actors' organization promised to take care of the body.

ON TRAIL OF THIEF, FIND MURDERED MAN

Merchant Dead in Indianapolis Hotel, Robbed as Others Had Been.

SLAYER PROBABLY INSANE

Invited Dealers to His Hotel Room to Buy Clothing and Then Bound and Robbed Them.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 23.—Yesterday morning a young man, believed by the police to be Joseph Ellis, son of a manufacturer of Richmond, Va., appeared at the clothing store of Joseph Shalansky and offered to sell him a large amount of clothing. Shalansky agreed to visit the man at his room at the Oneida Hotel, but when he did not appear at the hour designated, the stranger again came to his store, chided him for being late, and the two left together. This morning the body of Shalansky was found in Ellis's room at the hotel, horribly mutilated.

The police believe Shalansky was struck on the head with a revolver, felled to the floor, and a stout cord then drawn around his neck and he was strangled to death. Twenty dollars that he was known to have had in his pocket and a gold watch, valued at $85, were missing. The room was in confusion and blood spots were on the floor and a bloody collar, evidently worn by the murderer, was on the bed.

At the moment that Shalansky was murdered and robbed the police were searching the hotels of the city for a man, answering to Ellis's description, who had decoyed a clothier into a hotel and robbed him at Louisville, a dispatch saying that the robber had possibly come to this city.

Following up this clue, the police wired Ellis's father at Richmond and received an answer to the effect that the son was insane and that he was in Louisville at the time the crime there was committed. The officers reached the Oneida Hotel a few moments after 4 o'clock in the afternoon and learned that the man they were looking for had handed in his key at the desk an hour before. It is believed he left the city on one of the trains for the East at about that hour. Late at night, when Shalansky did not return home, the police were notified, and his body was found in the room at the hotel.

From information gathered by the police, Ellis, known also as Brokaw and Robert Duncan, committed similar robberies in Louisville last week. Previous to the Louisville robberies the man is supposed to have attacked clothing merchants in Cleveland, Toledo, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh.

In each town where the man operated his scheme was the same. He would register at a hotel under an assumed name, call on either one of the smaller clothing merchants or a second-hand dealer, and, explaining that he had some samples he must get out of his possession at once, ask the dealer to go to his room. Once in the man's room the procedure nearly always was the same. The victim was either struck down or forced at the point of a revolver to submit to being bound and gagged. Then his valuables were stolen and the robber, leaving the merchant to be discovered by hotel employes, departed.

In every case that was called to the attention of the police it was said that the boldness with which the robber worked had thwarted suspicion until his victim was found. Ellis did not attempt to use any disguises and always walked from the merchant's store to his hotel, where in most cases he passed through the lobby, chatting with his intended victim.

That the murderer of Schlansky is Joseph Ellis the police say they feel certain. He was identified at Louisville by photographs sent from his home and also from photographs sent out by the Pittsburgh police, who wanted the man under the name of Brokaw for an attack on a merchant there.

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'WAY & 45TH ST. TEL. 287 BRYANT. Evs. at 8:20 sharp. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:20. Popular 50c to $1.50 Mat. To-day. Seats 8 Weeks Ahead

"THE BIGGEST SUCCESS COHAN HAS EVER WRITTEN" —EVERYBODY.

THE GREAT MYSTERY FARCE SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE FROM EARL DERR BIGGERS' NOVEL

"WILDEST FUN THAT HAS RUN RIOT IN AGES." —Eve. World.
"WILL LEAD ALL HIS OTHERS IN POPULARITY." Herald
"EASILY THE BEST WRITING THAT COHAN HAS DONE." —Morn. World.
"THRILLS, MYSTERY AND FUN." —Tribune.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8. ENCORED FROM LOFOTEN TO LABRADOR. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Engines. A—M—E—R—I—C—A 200 Horses. 50 Indians. Plunging Auto. First Steamer Through the Panama Canal.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway and 50th St. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. 2D EDITION. THE PASSING SHOW OF 1913 With ANNE DANCREY "Queen of Waltz Song." OTHER NEW PEOPLE AND FAVORITES. MATINEE TO-MORROW, 50c. TO $1.50.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE FOR FIVE WEEKS. Evs. 8 Sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2 sharp. E. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE H. All this week except Mat. To-day, "Much Ado About Nothing"; Wed. Mat., "If I Were King." (Miss Marlowe will appear in all plays except "If I Were King.") Prices 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

48TH STREET THEATRE, Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow, 2:15. THE SMOULDERING FLAME A new drama by William Legrand Howland.

LYRIC Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TO-DAY BEST SEATS, $1.50. PAUL ARMSTRONG'S THE ESCAPE

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Theatre. Evs. 8:15. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THE LURE Mat. To-day. Best Seats $1.50.

CASINO Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TO-DAY BEST SEATS, $1.50. De Wolf Hopper in LIEBER Augustin with GEORGE MACFARLANE May de Sousa Grace Field Viola Gillette Rosalba Dolly BROADWAY'S MOST STUNNING CHORUS.

COMEDY 41st St. E. of B'way. Bryant 5194. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat., 2:30. Her Own Money By Mark Swan. The Woman's Play That Every Man Should See.

39th STREET THEATRE. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day, 2:30. BELIEVE ME, XANTIPPE with John Barrymore and Mary Young.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. MATINEE TO-DAY. BEST SEATS $1.50. THE Family Cupboard

LEW FIELDS 44th STREET MUSIC HALL Evs. 8:15. Pop. Prices. Nights, $1.50; Mat. To-day & Sat., $1. JOSEPH SANTLEY in WHEN DREAMS COME TRUE with MAY YOKES.

PRINCESS Theatre of Thrills OPENS SAT. NIGHT, SEPT. 27 ENTIRE NEW PROGRAM OF PLAYS OF LAUGHTER AND THRILLS.

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat. only 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."

ROYAL 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. Evs. 8:15 to $1. Mat. To-day, 25 and 50c. The Blindness of Virtue.

WEST END. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day & Sat., 2:15. The World's Greatest Melodrama THE WHIP

CENTURY OPERA HOUSE. CENTRAL PARK WEST, 62 ST. Mat. To-day at 2. PRICES 25c. to $1.00. This week, "LA GIOCONDA" in English. Next Mon., "LA GIOCONDA" in Italian.

HAMMERSTEIN'S. Daily Mat. 25c to 75c. Eve. 25c-$1.50. Last Week of EVELYN NESBIT THAW Together with ALL NEW BILL.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION" Browning B K C King & Co CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

A First Showing

The first cool days start men to looking. When they have made up their minds, the wise ones come here.

Our Fall Suits and Overcoats have been ready now for some time for you to try on. Why not look at them? It will cost you nothing and perhaps teach you a lot.

They are the most stylish and best made garments that we have ever produced.

Look about wherever else you will, but, when you are ready to buy, your taste and judgment must bring you here again.

"What we say is so, IS so."

The particular suggestion for to-day is our "Leighton" Overcoat, the finest model on Chesterfieldian lines that we know.

$15 to $60

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Closed this week for Rehearsals. NEXT MONDAY 8:10. Seats Now. JOHN DREW IN A DOUBLE BILL J. M. BARRIE'S "THE WILL." & C. HADDON CHAMBERS' "The TYRANNY OF TEARS."

CRITERION B'way & 44 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:15. "HIS BEST FARCE IN YEARS."—HERALD. WILLIAM COLLIER in RICHARD HARDING DAVIS' WHO'S WHO?

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8 Sharp. Mat. To-day & Sat., 2. First Matinee To-day. DONALD BRIAN in The London Musical Comedy Success THE MARRIAGE MARKET

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. To-day Mat., Popular, 50c, to $1.50. "Would make a Sphinx laugh."—New American. Fannie Ward—Madam President

GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. To-day Mat. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:15. To-day Mat. Popular 50c.-$1.50. "Complete success."—Sun. Richard Carle—Hattie Williams in Season's Best Musical Comedy The Doll Girl

HUDSON 44 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:30. THE FIGHT By BAYARD VEILLER. HAS MORE LAUGHS THAN ANY COMEDY IN TOWN. MORE THRILLS THAN ANY DRAMA.

FULTON 46th St., west of B'way. Evs. 8:30. First Matinee Saturday, 2:30. TO-NIGHT AT 8:25. SHADOWED a New Melodrama by Dion Clayton Calthrop & Cosmo Gordon Lennox.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Ev., 8:10. First Matinee Sat. at 2:10. To-morrow Night at 8:10. Seats Now. GRACE GEORGE in J. M. Barrie's "HALF AN HOUR," and Stanley Houghton's 3-act Comedy, "THE YOUNGER GENERATION."

New Amsterdam West 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day & Sat., 2:15. CHRISTIE MACDONALD in Victor Herbert's masterpiece SWEETHEARTS

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mat. To-day (Pop.) & Sat., 2:15. The De Koven Opera Company presenting BESSIE ABOTT in The Bonnie Opera ROB ROY Grand Opera Cast. and Jefferson De Angelis

GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat., 2:30. ANOTHER JOHN & HARRIS HIT. NEARLY MARRIED with BRUCE McRAE.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Popular 50c. to $1.50 Mat. To-day. POTASH & PERLMUTTER

Grand 23d St., 8th Av. 25c to $1. Mat. To-day. "WHAT HAPPENED TO MARY?"

BELASCO West 44 St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. at 2:20. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE NEXT WEEK REPUBLIC THEATRE. The Temperamental Journey with LEO DITRICHSTEIN and Notable Cast. TUES., SEPT. 30 Seat Sale Opens 9 A. M. Thurs. DAVID WARFIELD in THE AUCTIONEER.

REPUBLIC WEST 42 ST. Next Mon. SEATS NOW. Direct from the Belasco Theatre. The Temperamental Journey

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat., 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW With JANE COWL as MARY TURNER.

LONG ACRE 48th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. To-day Mat., 50c. to $1.50. THE BIGGEST MUSICAL HIT ADELE

BRONX OPERA HOUSE, 149th St., Brook Av. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tdy. & Sat. 2:15. GEO. M. COHAN in BROADWAY JONES.

Ad. Philipp Thea., 57 St., 3d Av. Tel. Pl. 812. & Grete v. Mayhof in The Midnight Girl

Palace B'way and 47th St. Evg. 25, 50, 75, $1.00. Daily Mat. 25,50&75c. David Bispham, Wm. A. Brady's "Beauty Is Only Skin Deep," Gus Edwards and his 1913 Song Review, Sam and Kitty Morton, & others.

COLONIAL DAILY MAT. 25c. Maurice & Walton, Belle Baker, "Neptune's Garden," "Just Half Way," others.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mats. 25c. JACK WILSON TRIO, H. L. Goldberg, The Dessaus, Mascart & Bradford & 6 Big Acts.

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES 5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c, $1. Gus. Edwards' Bingville Cabaret, Edwin Stevens & Co., Lynn Overman & Co., Bert Melrose, Kelly & Pollock, 3 other features.

23D ST., nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH St., 1st Av. THE BEST IN VAUDEVILLE & PHOTO PLAYS, 11 TO 11. A GREAT SHOW, 4 TIMES DAILY FROM 11 TO 11. 12 BIG ACTS.

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